

ABOUT THE THEME

To honor the 10th anniversary of the BOK Center, this Fiscal Year 2017 budget is dedicated to the multi-purpose arena that was funded through Vision 2025.

When city leaders asked for visionary projects from Tulsa citizens, an arena that could book top national talent and basketball tournaments was the first priority. The BOK Center anchored the Vision 2025 program, and stabilized downtown where it is now the center of the arena district and a catalyst for other private and public investments to take place.

Music has always had a rich history in Tulsa, from blues to jazz to the Tulsa Sound created by native Leon Russell and a host of other musicians who wandered in and out of the city playing gigs locally and nationally. The opening of the BOK Center added a new dimension to the music scene, attracting some of the country's largest acts and becoming a three-time "Venue of the Year" candidate after only a few months of operation. Some of those notable acts include Madonna, Paul McCartney, Elton John, Garth Brooks, the Eagles, Justin Timberlake, as well as major national events including the Bass Master Classic and Professional Bull Riding. The arena is home to the Tulsa Oilers hockey team. At 19,199 seats, the size of the arena made it possible to attract the NCAA regional finals.

Vision 2025 funding of \$178 million was enhanced by challenge grants of \$18 million from the private sector. Tulsans wanted an arena that would stand out in its iconic design. International architect Cesar Pelli was chosen to head the design team, working with local architectural and engineering firms. Pelli was well known for the design of the Petronas Tower in Malaysia. The BOK Center design embodies Tulsa's indomitable spirit. Its vast, swirling ribbons of glass and steel serve as a shining tribute to Oklahoma's landscape and history. Mr. Pelli took his inspiration from our Arkansas River, our art deco buildings and our Native American heritage. The iconic glass wall, made of 1,600 individual pieces of glass, sets this arena apart and makes it instantly recognizable.

The BOK Center has been a vital tool in creating a better quality of life for Tulsa, as well as an engine for economic impact, bringing in more than \$900 million during its first decade of operation. The BOK Center is just the beginning. Through the Vision Tulsa program, continued improvements to the Cox Business Center and the Arkansas River will bring a new enthusiasm for the Tulsa market, and continue to propel Tulsa's competitive edge.



CITY OF TULSA

ANNUAL BUDGET

AND

CAPITAL PLAN

FISCAL YEAR 2017 - 2018



G. T. Bynum Mayor

Councilors:

Vanessa Hall-Harper, District 1
Jeannie Cue, District 2
David Patrick, District 3
Blake Ewing, District 4
Karen Gilbert, District 5

Connie Dodson, District 6 Anna America, District 7 Phil Lakin, Jr., District 8 Ben Kimbro, District 9

Jack Blair Chief of Staff Cathy Criswell
City Auditor

Michael P. Kier, CPFO Director of Finance

Keith Eldridge Manager, Budget & Planning Division

ANNUAL OPERATING & CAPITAL BUDGETS FISCAL YEAR 2017 - 2018

CAPITAL
IMPROVEMENTS PLAN
FISCAL YEARS 2018 - 2022



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July 1, 2016

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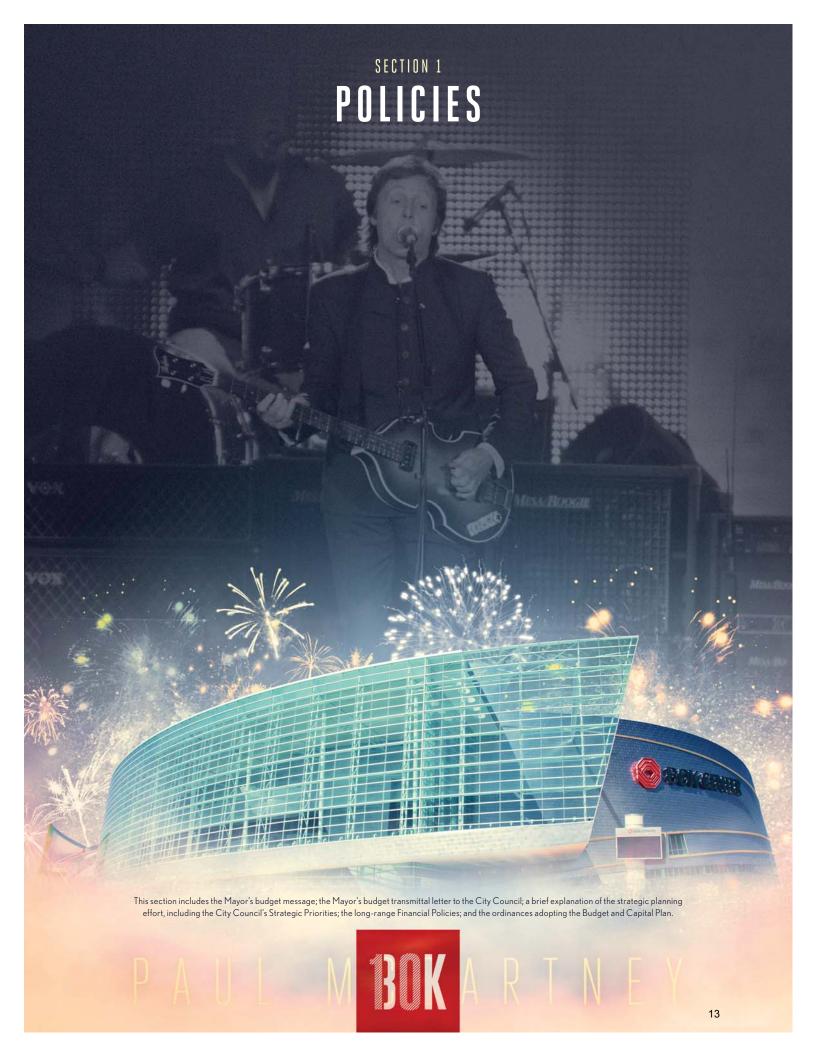
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Before I begin, I want to thank our team in the Mayor's Office – led by Jack Blair – and in the Finance Department – including Mike Kier, Keith Eldridge, Matt Cooper, Alan Rowland, Gary Hamer – and so many other people who have worked hard to assemble this budget.

I think it is important that we acknowledge the difficult circumstances faced by our city when this Council and I were sworn in on December 5. Our population growth has been stagnant for two decades. Our revenue growth at the City has been stagnant for years. Based on historic sources of revenue, our General Fund would be down over \$5 million this year. Two-thirds of our City employees report low morale in the workplace, our Police Department is severely understaffed, health care cost increases last year were shunted onto employees and their pension system was not being funded at the level necessary for its long-term sustainability. Medians and rights of way were overgrown with weeds and tall grass, our highways had gone dark, and innovative solutions to problems died on the vine due to inattention and lack of action. In short: our employees were demoralized after years of feeling treated as an afterthought, and our citizens had grown comfortable with low expectations.

But I believe you and I were elected to fix these things, to prove that Tulsa can do better.

So when we met in December for our Mayor-Council retreat, we unanimously agreed to set our sights higher: to make Tulsa once again a globally competitive city. And we acknowledged the best way for us to do that as elected officials is to create a platform on which Tulsans can succeed. That means a city that is safe, that is known for innovation, that expects excellence in its core responsibilities. And we recognized that we don't just serve the citizens – we serve our City employees. Happy employees deliver better service to the citizens, and they attract other high-caliber recruits to our team.

So how do we balance the two? How can we deliver better service when our traditional sources of revenue are down? The conventional wisdom was that we couldn't.

But again, you and I were not elected to settle for conventional wisdom. We were elected to prove we can do better.

So we worked together and we worked hard. And I want to thank you for working with me to produce this budget. If we were divided, we couldn't have done it. But because we are working together, I believe we've developed a budget that will set a new course for Tulsa.

We started by agreeing to restrict growth, except in the priority areas we identified. With a few exceptions, we have frozen the City's non-sworn employee count where it stands. When times are better, we may be able to address shortfalls in those

areas. But for now, we have to ask our team at the City to do more with less. I believe they are up to that challenge.

This budget reflects modest adjustments to a handful of fees, such as our right-of-way maintenance fee, to better reflect cost of service. We recognized new revenue, such as the Service Line Warranty program, and we benefited from additional tenants in One Technology Center which correspondingly lowered the City's rent.

This budget also reflects our commitment to covering the cost of service for our utilities – and not a penny more. You will see a 9% increase for sewer and stormwater, while the water rate increase – initially projected to be 6% – is actually 4%. As we discussed in committee, the latter is due to truly impressive data-driven management by the team in our Water & Sewer Department and at the Tulsa Metropolitan Utility Authority. It is important for the citizens to understand that we would not have to ask them for rate increases like this if we weren't cleaning up the mess left behind after a decade of political decisions were made to avoid rate increases. We are doing the responsible thing by bringing our rates back in line with the cost of service, instead of relying on more and more debt to maintain our water supply.

Our overall change in philosophy is that the City cannot continue to defer difficult decisions, or be in the subsidy business when we aren't properly funding our core responsibilities.

I also want to thank Governor Mary Fallin and Secretary of Finance Preston Doerflinger. Without their work to address the lack of compliance with tax payments on internet sales, we would not have the funds needed to address our goals.

So that is how we got here. What does the year ahead look like?

The budget before you contains a number of significant changes that will make a substantial positive impact on our city.

We recognize that City employees have gone for years without being rewarded for good work, have had the increase of health care costs shunted onto them, and have had a pension system that wasn't keeping pace with the actuarial demands on its funding.

Today, I am presenting a budget to you that addresses each of these concerns.

Under this budget, every employee at the City who is eligible for a satisfactory performance increase will receive one. We appreciate hard-working City employees who take care of business in the sun, in the rain, in the sleet and the snow. We want them to build careers here at the City, and we want to reward those employees who

serve the citizens with a standard of excellence Tulsans should expect. These performance increases are one way of doing that.

It's impossible to predict what will happen with health insurance policy at the national level, but we are projecting an increase of 10% in health care costs. Every dime of that is covered by the City in this budget. We want our City employees and their families to be healthy, because healthy employees deliver better service to the citizens. The coverage of this increase reflects our commitment to the health of our team members here at the City, and it ensures they don't take a step backward in overall compensation by being asked to pay for the increase themselves.

But we recognize this is a short-term solution. Council Chair America and my Chief of Staff Jack Blair have been leading a task force of City employees to develop better approaches to employee health, and we hope to begin implementing those in 2018.

One of the most common causes of municipal bankruptcies around the country is underfunded pensions. Cities kick the can down the road for too many years, only to wake up when it is too late. Our pension system in Tulsa needs a significant increase in funding to meet its long-term commitments. This budget reflects a significant increase in the City's contribution rate in order to guarantee our commitment to retired employees will be honored and our City's fiscal strength will be enhanced.

We also have a Spirit Ambassadors program to improve employee morale, but it has gone without any funding for years. This budget provides them with a modest contribution of funds to do more through that program to build the team spirit amongst employees.

My hope is that by making these top priorities, we will be showing our employees – current and future – that the City of Tulsa is a great place for people with a heart for service to work. We have a long way to go, but this is a step forward in showing our desire to be the QuikTrip of public service.

Yet, our challenges reach far beyond the walls of City Hall.

Last year, Tulsa broke its previous record for the number of homicides. For a city that values the life and liberty of our neighbors, this trend can not go unchecked. In our Mayor-Council retreat we established as one of our top goals the reduction of violent crime in Tulsa. And as many of you will recall from our discussion with national crime experts during the Public Safety Task Force process, a certain number of police officers in a community are necessary to reduce and prevent violent crime - and Tulsa is far below that line.

Our Community Policing Commission completed its work in March, and presented a broad range of opportunities for us to be a national model for citizen-police

engagement. But we need officers to have time for proactive policing to truly implement this approach.

We continue to be challenged with overtime costs due to our lack of manpower to cover normal shifts. We do not have enough officers to fill every beat.

I got to see the practical impact of this during a ride-along last month. The officer I was with responded to a call reporting a suspicious vehicle behind a retail store. As we pulled into the dark alley, we could see several people unloading things from the back of a truck. The officer called for back-up and got out of his cruiser to investigate. As he did, several men approached him. A few of them appeared to be intoxicated and they kept getting up in his face and pointing, trying to surround him. The whole time this was happening, I just kept saying to myself "Where is his back-up?" But it never came, because all of the officers on duty at that time were responding to other calls. Fortunately, this officer did an outstanding job of handling the situation – de-escalating their initially aggressive posture to the point that they shook his hand and wished him well when we left.

That incident didn't phase the officer one bit, but it was a reminder to me that every night we ask our Police officers to go into dark places and deal with potentially dangerous situations – and all too often we ask them to do it alone.

All of this points to a need for more officers, and soon. Thanks to the work of this Council and the citizens of Tulsa who approved the Vision Public Safety program, we are in a position to act.

In this budget, we fund the largest one-year infusion of new Police officers in the history of the City of Tulsa.

Three academies of thirty recruits each, for a total of 90 new officers over the course of the fiscal year. To put this in context, in the 21st Century our average annual number of new cadets has been 32.

This massive influx of new officers puts us on the path to being a safer city, where no beat goes unfilled, where no dark alley is safe for criminals, and where everyday citizens work more closely with officers they know to protect the people they love.

But we also recognize we need to embrace innovative approaches to deliver better outcomes.

Today, the time Tulsa Police officers spend dealing with cases of public intoxication is the equivalent of 14 full-time officers. To put that in perspective, the typical shift at one of our 3 divisions has 17 officers. So we are dedicating nearly any entire shift from a division on public intoxication cases. These are the top municipal arrest that we make, account for most of the municipal prisoners in the jail, and take up substantial man hours in our municipal court. All of this equals a great amount of

cost, with poor outcomes for the people being arrested and for our community. But we know of a smarter way to handle this.

Last year, several of us on the Council learned from Oklahoma Commissioner for Mental Health Terri White about a program called the public inebriate alternative. In Oklahoma City, their Police Chief will tell you one of the best things they've done in recent years is establish a public inebriate alternative. The program is very straightforward: when someone is arrested for public intoxication (not DUI – that is a far more serious crime) they are offered the opportunity to go to the public inebriate alternative center, sleep it off, receive some information about treatment, and be released – OR they can be booked into jail. It should come as no surprise, that even while intoxicated the vast majority of people select the public inebriate alternative.

They go to the facility, sober up, and are then offered information on drug and alcohol counseling. They are offered the opportunity to enter that kind of counseling. Some in need accept it the first time, others require a few visits before doing so. But the outcome is that people in need of treatment have access to it. And for those who just happened to make a once-in-a-lifetime bad choice, they do not end up with a criminal record.

This approach is more cost effective than jail, it requires less officer time (15 minutes to drop someone off at the Center versus an hour and a half to book someone at the jail), and it yields better outcomes for the individual.

So, the budget before you would fund the operation of a public inebriate alternative in Tulsa. In classic Tulsa fashion, the non-profit community has offered to cover the capital expense for its construction if the city is willing to fund its operation. By doing so, I believe we can save lives and improve service delivery in Tulsa.

Each of us has also heard concerns from our constituents over the years regarding panhandling. Last year, after the election, a number of people posted a story on my Facebook page about an innovative program in Albuquerque called the "Better Way". So many people mentioned it that I decided to go to Albuquerque with representatives from the Zarrow Foundations and the Mental Health Association of Oklahoma and see it for myself. We met with people participating in the program, and I later met with their mayor. This is a brief video I'd like to show you that explains how it works:

https://vimeo.com/146947306

The budget before you funds a pilot of the Better Way program in Tulsa. I want us to test it out and see how it works in our city. Being innovative means testing new ideas, and Tulsa would be among the first cities in the nation to test this one.

In that video, you saw them doing a lot of work to clean up public spaces. And the reality is that in Tulsa over the last several years we haven't done such a great job of that ourselves. We will fine people for letting their grass grow too high, yet we knowingly allow it to happen in public rights of way. This represents a disappointing fall for the place once known as America's Most Beautiful City.

So, the budget before you funds the fully recommended number of mowing cycles in our medians and rights of way. This represents a 77% increase in funding for the proper level of mowing. When Reader's Digest christened Tulsa as America's Most Beautiful City, they did so because the City government did such a great job keeping public spaces looking beautiful. By getting back to keeping grass and weeds down in our public spaces, we are doing our part to renew the standard previous generations held for the beauty of our city.

And this isn't just good for reflecting civic pride. My friend and colleague Oklahoma City Mayor Mick Cornett spoke at the Downtown Tulsa Rotary a few weeks ago, and he said something that has stuck with me ever since: "You're not going to have businesses with high standards in a city with low standards." Having a well-maintained city is every bit as important for our economic growth as it is for our civic pride.

But back to public safety...

Easily the most common complaint I receive from firefighters is the age of our fleet. The newest Tulsa Fire Department apparatus is over a decade old. After decades of hard use, they spend too much time in the shop being repaired. In this budget, we fund the replacement of old trucks – and 35 new firefighters for our Department. We have also applied for a grant that would fund 60 additional firefighters at stations thoughout the city, but that is not reflected in this budget because we won't know the outcome until late summer or early fall.

We have also heard concerns for years about 9-1-1 call waiting times. The City Council last year did a lot of work to properly fund 9-1-1 call center positions and we included additional positions in the Vision Public Safety program. Yet, today there are still 14 vacancies in the 9-1-1 call center – and that does not include the 16 positions coming on line through the Vision public safety program over the next 5 years.

The reality is that we need a full-time HR analyst to process the background checks and other work necessary to get recruits into training, and we need a training supervisor to work full-time with those recruits so they can get established in these vital roles. The budget before you provides funding for both of those jobs, which we will keep in place until the Center is properly staffed.

I also know that the City Council has worked hard over the last several years to properly fund our public transit system. The budget before you funds – for the first time in MTTA's 49-year history – Sunday bus service.

The budget before you also funds 5 additional street maintenance workers and 7 additional traffic safety engineers and signal technicians – finally addressing chronic short staffing in these critical areas, which will provide for safer, better maintained infrastructure throughout the city.

This budget also includes contract funding for more aggressive street striping, so we can address a long-term citizen concern.

We also want to continue to grow our innovative capacity, and we are doing that through the Office of Performance Strategy and Innovation. They managed our planning retreat, have developed dashboards to track our progress, and have initiated a stat program that will use real-time data to focus on goal achievement in major City departments. I would ask that you note in the budget that the funding for this office has been drawn from other departments – where its employees were previously housed or where its resources were previously based – and located in the Mayor's Office. This accounts for the Mayor's Office budget increase that you see in the budget.

This budget funds new playgrounds at Crawford, Helmerich, Hunter, and Lacy Parks – as well as a new pool at Whiteside Park. It funds major street projects like Utica between Pine and Admiral, Union between 51st and 61st, Sheridan between Apache and Pine, Mingo between 46th Street North and 36th Street North, 15th Street between Lewis and Harvard, Peoria between 11th and 21st, Memorial between 21 and 31st, and 51st between Pittsburg and Yale.

It funds – 3 years ahead of schedule – the acquisition of buses and stations for the Peoria Bus Rapid Transit Line.

It funds the new Community Health Connection Clinic in East Tulsa, Tulsa Community College's Career Placement & Student Success Center in South Tulsa, the Discovery Lab Children's Museum next to the Gathering Place, rehabilitation of the South Mingo Corridor, improvements to the Mohawk Sports Complex, implementation of the GO Plan throughout the City, and funding for teacher recruitment and retention that is unique to Tulsa.

When I was sworn in a few months ago, I said that what I thought past elected leaders had done to move Tulsa forward came down to three ingredients: a willingness to aim high, to work together and to work hard. This budget reflects those ingredients in its development – but I think it says even more about the kind of city we are intent on building in the year ahead.

We're not <u>talking</u> about making Tulsa safer through community policing, we're doing it this year. We're not <u>talking</u> about making Tulsa a more beautiful place with better streets, we're doing it this year. We're not <u>talking</u> about making this city government more innovative and efficient - a place where public servants dream of working - we're doing those things this year.

This budget represents action rather than talk. I again want to thank you for your partnership in putting it together. I hope over the next few months we can improve upon it, and work together over the coming year to implement it in a way that will send a message that Tulsa is on the move again.

Thank you.



MEMORANDUM OFFICE OF THE MAYOR

DATE:

April 26, 2017

TO:

Councilor Vanessa Hall-Harper Councilor Blake Ewing

Councilor Anna America

Councilor Jeannie Cue

Councilor Karen Gilbert

Councilor Phil Lakin, Jr.

Councilor David Patrick

Councilor Connie Dodson Councilor Ben Kimbro

FROM:

Mayor G. T. Bynum

SUBJECT:

FY 2017-2018 Budget and Capital Improvement Plan along with a financial

plan for FY 2018-2019

I am transmitting the proposed operating and capital budget for Fiscal Year 2017-18 along with corresponding financial plans for the following year. This document also includes a capital improvements plan for FY 2018 through FY 2022. This transmittal fulfills the Mayor's City Charter responsibilities contained in Article III, Section 1.4 C. More importantly it sets the City's direction for the future and it incorporates both the limitations and aspirations of the City.

The total budget is \$824 million. This is an increase of \$56 million or 7.3% over FY 2016-17. The operating budget is \$667 million, a \$25 million increase, or 3.9 %. The Capital Budget is \$157 million, a \$31 million increase, or 25%.

New Resources

The budget presented to you today has been developed with careful consideration of today's economic conditions, the City's revenues and the goal to maintain sound financial policies and reserves. Confronted with limited resources over the past few years, the elected officials worked to present to voters an opportunity to add resources to improve services and create economic development opportunities. The voters approved a permanent public safety sales tax to add police officers and firefighters. They approved a permanent street and transit sales tax to add street repair crews, traffic engineering work, and expand transit services. They approved a 15 year economic development program to add facilities and programs to improve Tulsa's economy.

Absent these new resources the ongoing revenues of the City remain very flat, and the City's ability to maintain or improve services is highly challenged. In December, as we began new terms of office, we met to review our mission, vision and goals. The importance of elected officials developing a consensus on these items establishes a policy basis for the budget and other endeavors.

We set a difficult goal to address general compensation issues even though we expect flat revenues. We acknowledged the need to increase funding for the Municipal Employees Retirement Plan (MERP) to meet actuarial recommendations for proper funding of the plan to eliminate its unfunded liability over time. We committed to trying to raise the City's contribution to health insurance and benefits programs by 10%. We committed to funding satisfactory performance increases in pay for all employees. In order to understand the difficulty of the mission, you need to look at the economy.

Economy

Oil and gas is a significant industry within five states including the state of Oklahoma. Tulsa was once widely recognized as the oil capital of the world. It remains an important part of the Tulsa economy even though diversification has occurred over the last 30 years. The level of drilling activity tells something about the current state of the industry in Oklahoma. After declining from over 180 active drilling rigs during the prior two years to 61 last year the number has now increased to 101 active rigs in the latest report. Oil prices had dropped from a high of \$107 to \$45 per barrel in the same period although the price briefly fell to \$ 30 for a while. In the last year, the price improved from \$45 to around \$50 currently. Oil and gas production in the state directly contributes to state tax revenues with the gross production tax, but it is also an indirect contributor to city economies. It is a notable contributor to employment, and influences Tulsa's local economy. It is the most significant factor in the continuing sluggish economy.

The employment levels for the Tulsa Metropolitan Statistical Area are showing an increase in employment of some 1,500 jobs over the last year. Most employment declines experienced

previously were in the oil and gas, and manufacturing sectors, while other sectors have grown. Even though employment has grown the labor force has grown more. With the growth in the labor force the unemployment rate has increased to 5.0%.

In Tulsa, residential construction permits increased from 960 units in calendar year 2015to 1,016 units for a 6% increase. The value of commercial construction permits declined to \$ 91.4 million from \$ 116.8 million in calendar year 2015. All these factors point to limited economic expansion in the upcoming year.

The sales tax is expected to produce \$274.4 million in FY 2017-18 from a tax rate of 3.65 %. The General Fund receives tax based on a 2% tax rate, and the 2014 Sales Tax Capital Fund from receipts based on the existing 1.1% sales tax. This year an additional sales tax of 0.55% began on January 1, 2017 from voter approved initiatives. The sales tax projection is based on technical models with adjustments for new retail incentive areas.

General Fund

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the City. The original FY 2016-17 resources for the fund totaled \$267.3 million, but is now expected to total \$262.3 million. Sales tax is expected to drop by about 1% from the prior year. Paving cut billings will be about \$2.1 million less because fewer line breaks are occurring resulting in lower cost for street repairs and lower revenue for the repairs.

Revenues for FY 2017-18 are expected to be \$268.9 million or approximately 0.5 % more than the original budget for FY 2016-17, but 2.4% more than the revised estimate for FY 2016-17. Sales and uses tax account for two-thirds (2/3) of the total and are expected to be slightly better than the original estimate for FY 2016-17. The projection for the upcoming year is about 2% more than the revised expectation aided by the new participation of Amazon in the collection of use taxes for internet purchases. The FY 2017-18 budget balances revenues with ongoing expenses for operations.

The General Fund Emergency Operating Reserve is set at a level of 6.39 % of the budget. The long term target is to place the reserve at a 10% level. The City Charter established Economic Stabilization Reserve (rainy day fund) is maintained at \$2 million that was reserved three years ago and would be available under the charter provision to offset revenue declines.

The budget for the General Fund is \$268.9 million, an increase of \$1.4 million or 0.5% from last year's original budget and 1.7% more than the revised estimate of expenditures for the current year. Public safety receives the largest allocation of resources at 61% of the budget. 50 police officers, supported by this fund, will go through the academy. A fire academy of 15 is also planned. Both departments would also have academies under the newly passed public safety tax.

The largest category of expenditure is for payroll, which represents 76% of the budget. Incorporating compensation goals is a high priority in this fund and category. The City will bargain SPI's and other compensation items with labor units. The pension rate for the various non-sworn groups will change to 15.5% in the upcoming budget.

Small cost items that are also included are an alternate treatment program for public inebriates and improved mowing of rights of ways.

Utilities

Utility authorities have reviewed utility revenues, and the funding needed to support operations, maintenance, capital, and debt service costs. They have carefully looked at the maintenance of water and sewer plants, and the need for line replacements. A planned water rate increase of 6% has been reduced to a 4% increase as the result of the asset management system to optimize the timing of infrastructure work with active risk assessment. The operating cost is a little lower in the proposed budget in part as a result of lower paving cut costs from fewer line breaks. Sewer rates increase by 9% to address capital needs and debt service of the systems. Stormwater rates are increased by 9% to begin higher maintenance work and inspections of the system of pipes.

There are no plans to change the rates for trash service or emergency medical services. An average residential utility bill of \$ 102.61 per month would increase by \$ 5.59.

The transfer rate from the utility funds to the General Fund has fluctuated between rates of 5.5% to 7.5% over the years. During the recessions of the last decade or two, it increased and then gradually worked back down. Ideally, the rate should be the average of the sales tax and franchise taxes that are paid by other utilities. The average is 6.175% and the budget is based on that rate with an expectation that this calculation will be placed in the utility rate ordinances.

The Public Safety Tax Fund will fund and equip 40 officers, and with the 50 funded in the General Fund, some 90 additional police officers will be hired. Fire is scheduled to start an academy of 20 firefighters from this funding source, and with the 15 funded by the General Fund; they will add 35 firefighters this year.

The Street and Transit Fund will fund a new maintenance crew of five and add seven positions in Traffic Operations. Transit will launch Sunday Service shortly after the beginning of the fiscal year.

Capital Budget

The Capital Budget totals \$ 157 million in directly funded projects. This budget includes \$83.4 million in sales tax from the 2014 Improve Our Tulsa program. This program includes a wide variety of projects ranging from streets to Police, Fire, Parks, and Gilcrease Museum. All have funding in the proposed budget. This year also includes the Peoria – Bus Rapid Transit (BRT) project.

The Capital Budget includes higher levels of direct funding for water and sewer capital projects from the utility funds. It provides \$40.5 million for water treatment plant work, dam gate rehabilitation, storage facility repairs, water line replacement, and water line extension projects. Additionally, \$17.4 million will be used primarily for sewer treatment plants, pipe replacement

and other system work. Stormwater will receive \$5.1 million for stormwater pipe extensions, drainage improvements associated with roadway projects and small critical drainage projects.

The City began receiving a 0.305% sales tax from the economic development package approved by voters on April 5, 2016. The tax began on January 1, 2017. A group developed a project scheduling and financing plan for the 31 project program totaling \$510 million which will last 15 years. Some projects will be directly funded and some will be funded through revenue bonds. Directly funded projects total \$23.2 million and will be used for projects including the Children's Museum Discovery Lab, the Community Health East Tulsa Clinic, the Public Schools Teacher Retention, Recruitment and Training project, and for Citywide Commercial Revitalization.

Capital Plan

The capital plan reflects planned bond issues for the next year as well as high priority capital projects that should be funded over the next five years. During the upcoming fiscal year, the City anticipates undertaking a \$75 million issuance of general obligation bonds. All funds will go towards streets projects authorized in the 2014 Improve Our Tulsa program. Water revenue bonds totaling \$15 million will be issued to fund Cherokee waterlines and water main replacements. Sewer loans and revenue bonds totaling \$26 million will fund treatment plant work, sewer line rehabilitation and unserved area projects. A planned \$115 million Vision Economic Development bond sale is currently in progress and will fund a portion of 19 projects including the new Zink Dam and pedestrian bridge, Gilcrease Museum expansion, Convention Center rehabilitation, Tulsa fairgrounds improvements, BMX National Headquarters, Airport infrastructure and Tulsa Community College's Career Placement Center.

Funds will be appropriated by budget amendment upon completion of each bond sale. Taken together these bond sales will add \$231 million, in addition to the capital budget, bringing the amended total to \$388 million. This will increase the combined operating and capital budget to over \$1.0 billion.

The Capital Plan for FY 2018-2022 reflects planned bond issuances of \$1.7 million for water projects - primarily line replacements. Some \$35.9 million in bonds will finance sewer projects that include work at three wastewater treatment plants, and \$15.5 million will go to sewer rehabilitation and replacement. The budget will be amended when the bond sales are complete and the funds have been received.

The City has an inventory of capital projects totaling \$4.7 billion that are needed over the next 20 years. The projects have been sorted into four tiers of prioritization. The Capital Plan focuses on those projects that should be considered for funding in the next 5 years totaling \$0.7 billion. Two thirds (2/3) of the projects are renewal of existing infrastructure with the balance supporting growth. Most of the plan is for utility and street projects. The current authorization, for both the sales tax capital improvements program and the general obligation bond program, was extended in a November 2013 voter approved package totaling \$0.9 billion. A limited general obligation bond capacity will be available starting in FY 2019-20, and a limited amount of sales tax capital funding will be available beginning in FY 2021-22.

Summary

The overall budget will fund many important services, but the revenue picture for the next two years indicates that substantial changes in services are very unlikely, except for the new initiatives approved by voters. We need to continue the pursuit of efficiencies. The strengthened use of data for monitoring services and making decisions is vital to dealing with otherwise soft growth of revenue.

Employees continue to show growing enthusiasm and willingness to embrace change and improve our operations. Substantial efforts are under way to replace our police and courts records systems. Planning and Development is progressing towards an updated permit and licensing system that will better serve our citizens. Finance and Human Resources are engaged in the first major update of their systems in a quarter century.

The effort to develop joint goals of the Mayor and City Council has been very successful.

We worked to develop and pass an Improve Our Tulsa capital package that was well received by the citizens in 2013. A year ago the citizens approved three propositions to improve public safety, streets and transit, as well as an economic development package. It will be our challenge to build the expected services and projects over the next several years.

We still need to continue to examine our revenue sources and challenges for the longer term to assure that we can meet the essential services that we agree on. Sole reliance on sales tax with its current structure to finance local government remains problematic.

The major priority for the Mayor and City Council was to address compensation for our employees who continue to work so hard to provide service to our citizens. I am pleased that we have accomplished so much in this area with very limited resources.

I welcome the Council's review of the proposed budget and I thank the Council for your suggestions and advice in developing the proposed budget. I look forward to agreeing on a budget as we strive to deliver the citizens the high level of service that they expect and deserve.



TULSA CITY COUNCIL

Dear Citizens of Tulsa,

On behalf of the entire City Council, we are delighted to present the City of Tulsa Fiscal Year 2017-18 Annual Budget and Capital Plan.

Despite projections of flat General Fund revenue, we are proud that this budget maintains all current service levels plus makes significant new investments in employees and several key programs. Thanks to your support of Vision Tulsa, we will have the largest one-year infusion of police officer in the history of the City of Tulsa. Three academies of 30 recruits will result in 90 new police officers to further enhance community policing efforts in Tulsa. We will also have at least one new fire academy of 35 cadets funded, and the funding includes replacement of fire apparatus and safety equipment that is more than 10 years old. An additional 60 more firefighters could be funded through a pending SAFER grant, if it is successful.

Two new programs were added by Mayor G.T. Bynum, the "Better Way' program, which will allow an option for panhandlers to work on beautification projects, such as graffiti removal and litter clean up, in exchange for wages. It will also allow assistance agencies to meet with and talk with these individuals about what resources are available to help them get back on their feet. The second program is the Public Inebriate Alternative, a substance abuse alternative which will free up valuable public safety officers' time, decrease Municipal Court's caseloads and jail intake, and help citizens with substance abuse issues.

We also allocated funding to remove three dilapidated swimming pools that have been closed for years, and restored funding to complete eight mowing cycles instead of the five we have had in previous years. This simple addition is a huge step towards the beautification of our city for citizens and visitors.

We were also pleased to be able to make a much-needed investment in our workers, funding satisfactory pay increases for all qualified City employees and increasing funding for health insurance and pension programs. Our employees are our greatest resource and work tirelessly to maintain water and sewer lines, to keep our City safe, and to do the day-to-day operations necessary to run our City. For too long, we have not been able to support them the way we would like. This is a step in the right direction.

This year's budget and budget process was also landmark in the cooperative effort demonstrated by the Mayor's Office and the City Council. Ongoing discussions over the months-long process allowed Mayor Bynum to address Council concerns and priorities as the budget was being created, making for an unusually smooth approval process once the budget was formally presented.

Like you, City Councilors have chosen Tulsa as the place we want to live, work, play and raise our families. We are committed to being good stewards of your tax dollars and to using those resources strategically to keep Tulsa the place we all are proud to call home.

Sincerely,

Anna America Council Chair

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David Patrick Council Vice-Chair

Dan Olike

Strategic Planning Framework and Outcomes



Mission: To create a platform for economic prosperity, health and quality of life for residents and businesses.

Vision: To become a globally competitive, world-class city.

On December 14, 2016, Mayor Bynum and all nine City Councilors came together for a Strategic Planning Session to discuss what type of organization and community they want to strive for. All agreed on four high level goals.

- Well Being Ensuring that all citizens have access to world-class resources that promote financial, physical and mental health
- Opportunity Ensuring that all citizens have access to world-class education and jobs
- The City Experience Ensuring that people living in or visiting Tulsa have world-class entertainment options and feel save enjoying them
- Inside City Hall Ensuring that the local government is a good steward of taxpayer funds by developing a strong workforce that delivers world-class customer service to its citizens

The vision and agreed upon Key Performance Indicators have allowed City departments and agencies to worked together to identify the existing strategies for achieving these goals and will work through FY 17-18 to assess whether existing strategies are working. Additionally, departments and agencies will collaborate on alternative strategies that might be more effective.

City departments and agencies are also working on evaluating their own internal strategies and programs to determine if they are the best use of resources to achieve the stated goals and move Tulsa closer to being a world-class city. By focusing on outcomes, it gives departments the flexibility to create strategies that orient toward the end result instead of focusing only on outputs.

Measuring Our Progress

TulStat meetings began in FY 16-17 and will continue in FY 17-18. These meetings are centered on public facing departments and how they, along with support departments and City leadership, can make strategic decisions and allocate resources to deliver quality services to the public.

The Office of Performance Strategy and Innovation is working with City departments to create dashboards that make operational data more accessible on a daily basis. Dashboards will put the data in the hands of not only senior level management, but also ground level employees. This should allow employees throughout the organization to make real-time informed decisions with meaningful data.

First Year Focus Areas

In 2017, the focus will be on improving outcomes in these eight areas. Departments will develop strategies that target making progress on improving these metrics.

Well-Being

Measures:		Baseline:	Benchmark:
*	Life expectancy gap between North and South Tulsa	11.04	n/a
9	Average per capita income	\$27,816	\$28,930

Opportunity

Measures:		Baseline:	Benchmark:
_	High school graduation rate	67%	83%
	Population growth rate	2.96%	4.70%

The City Experience

Measures:		Baseline:	Benchmark:
À.	Number of violent crimes per 100,000 population	904	718
*	Number of traffic fatalities per 100,000 population	10.9	10.3
A	Pavement condition index on arterial streets	67	n/a

Inside City Hall

Measure		Baseline:	Benchmark:
14	Percentage of employees reporting good morale	37%	n/a

Well-Being

Goal: Improve Tulsans' overall health, with a focus on reducing health disparities.

Measures:		Baseline:	Benchmark:
Ŷ	Percentage of Tulsa residents who are overweight or obese	62.9%	70.7%
\$	Life expectancy gap between North and South Tulsa	11.04	n/a
÷	Percentage of babies born with low birthweight	8.2%	8.0%

Goal: Support financial stability for Tulsa's residents.

Measures:		Baseline:	Benchmark:
0	Average per capita income	\$27,816	\$28,930
A	Percentage of income spent on housing and transportation	51%	54%

Goal: Address mental health issues for Tulsa's residents.

Measures:		Baseline:	Benchmark:
4	Suicide rate per 100,000 population		12.6
*	Number of homeless per 100,000 population	Measuring	Measuring

Opportunity

Goal: Increase the graduation rate in Tulsa's high schools.

Measure	s:	Baseline:	Benchmark:
	High school graduation rate	67%	83%

Goal: Increase the rate of adults with bachelor's degrees.

Measures:	Baseline:	Benchmark:
Rate of adults with bachelor's degree	20.2%	29.8%

Goal: Add new jobs to the local economy.

Measure	s:	Baseline:	Benchmark:
2	New jobs added to the local economy	3,480	n/a

Goal: Provide access to jobs through public transportation.

Measures:	Baseline:	Benchmark:
Percentage of population with 30 minute transit access	24.8%	n/a

Goal: Grow Tulsa's workforce. ω

ىر	Measure	es:	Baseline:	Benchmark:
	o ^o	Labor force participation rate	75.9%	62.7%

Opportunity (continued)

Goal: Grow Tulsa's population.

Measure		Baseline:	Benchmark:
	Population growth rate	2.96%	4.70%

The City Experience

Goal: Increase tourism.

Measures:	Baseline:	Benchmark:
Annual occupancy tax	\$7,574,459	n/a

Goal: Decrease traffic fatalities and violent crime.

Measures:		Baseline:	Benchmark:	
À	Number of violent crimes per 100,000 population	904	718	
₩ .	Number of traffic fatalities per 100,000 population	10.9	10.3	

Goal: Create and facilitate quality entertainment options.

Measure	es:	Baseline:	Benchmark:
*	Number of special events permitted by the City	677	n/a

Goal: Provide a quality transportation network of streets and sidewalks.

Measures:		Baseline:	Benchmark:
A	Percentage of respondents satisfied with the maintenance of streets		n/a
A	Pavement condition index on arterial streets	67	n/a

Inside City Hall

Goal: Foster a culture that promotes positive morale for employees.

Measures:	Baseline:	Benchmark:
Percentage of employees reporting good morale	37%	n/a

Goal: Ensure employees have up-to-date training to do their jobs excellently.

Measures:	Baseline:	Benchmark:`
Percentage of employees who say they have adequate training	45%	n/a

The baseline is based on the most recent data available for Tulsa. Where applicable, benchmarks reflect either a national average or an average of peer cities.

First Year Focus Areas

CITY OF TULSA FINANCIAL POLICIES

1. STRATEGIC PLANNING

- a. All planning activities, strategies and studies should be comprehensive and integrated on a City-wide basis.
- b. Plans, strategies and studies shall encompass multi-year time frames and be updated annually.

2. OPERATING BUDGET

- a. The City of Tulsa shall comply with the provisions of the *Oklahoma Municipal Budget Act, 11 O.S. Supp. 1979, Sections 17-201 through 17-216.* It shall be the responsibility of the Mayor through the Department of Finance to ensure compliance and the timely preparation of the City of Tulsa's annual budget.
- b. The budget will provide for adequate maintenance of the capital plant and equipment and for their orderly replacement.
- c. The City will maintain a budgetary control system to help it adhere to the budget.
- d. The City administration will prepare regular reports comparing actual revenues and expenditures to budgeted amounts.
- e. Each year the City will update revenue and expenditure projections for the next five years. Projections will include estimated operating costs of future capital improvements that are included in the capital budget.
- f. The City will integrate key performance measurement and productivity indicators within the budget.
- g. The City will project its equipment replacement and maintenance needs for the next several years and will update this projection each year. From this projection a maintenance and replacement schedule will be developed and followed.
- h. It shall be the goal of the City that current operating revenues will be sufficient to support current operating expenses and in no case shall more than five percent (5%) of the operating budget be supported by the use of prior year's fund balances.
- i. Adjustments to Water, Sewer, Stormwater and Solid Waste Disposal service rates and fees shall be examined on an annual basis as an integral part of the City's budgetary process.

3. RISK MANAGEMENT

- a. The City will operate a risk management program to provide for protection against loss and a reduction in exposure to liability. Such program shall include an employee safety training program to minimize financial losses to the City.
- b. The City will establish a self-insurance program to provide for protection against major losses and will purchase excess coverage insurance to cover catastrophic losses where appropriate.

4. PROCUREMENT AND PURCHASING

- a. The City of Tulsa shall operate a consolidated Purchasing and Procurement System.
- b. The City's Purchasing and Procurement System shall encourage full and open competition on all purchases and sales.
- c. The operation of the City's Purchasing and Procurement System and Surplus Property Disposal System shall be based upon competitive bidding whenever possible.

5. REVENUES

- a. The City will estimate its annual revenues by an objective and analytical process.
- b. It shall be the goal of the City that all Enterprise Funds shall be self-supporting.
- c. The City will establish all user charges and fees at a level related to the cost of providing the services.
- d. Credit and Collection
 - 1. The City of Tulsa will neither begin business activity nor continue to engage in business activity with an entity that owes the City funds from a delinquent debt.
 - 2. Extended credit may be granted by the City for certain obligations. If payment is not timely, the City reserves the right to refuse future credit as well as take necessary legal action to obtain payment of the debt and collection costs.
- e. The City will try to maintain a diversified and stable revenue system to shelter it from short-run fluctuations in any one revenue source.
- f. Categorical federal and state grant revenues shall only be used to finance limited-time-period operations and/or one-time capital.
- g. Five and one-half percent (5½%) of Enterprise Fund revenues will be transferred annually to the General Fund for in-lieu tax payments (policy exception has been in place since 2003).

6. CAPITAL BUDGET AND IMPROVEMENTS

- a. The City of Tulsa's Capital Improvements Program shall be a five-year program and shall be updated annually. All departments' needs shall be considered in the plan.
- b. The City shall maintain a balanced mix of financing for funding capital projects, including pay-as-you-go, grants and debt, without excessive reliance on any one source.
- c. No capital project shall be funded which does not comply with the provisions of and is not contained in the currently approved Capital Improvements Program.
- d. The City will coordinate development of the capital improvement budget with development of the operating budget. Future operating costs associated with new capital improvements will be projected and included in operating budget forecasts.
- e. Capital projects will be scheduled based on the following criteria:
 - 1. The project has been certified by the Planning Commission as being in accordance with City plans.
 - 2. The project will alleviate a service deficiency or replace a deteriorated and/or non-functioning facility.
 - 3. Federal or state law requires it to be done.
 - 4. Federal or state matching funds are available for the project.
 - 5. A Federal or state agency will construct the facility at no cost to the City.
 - 6. The project will encourage economic development.
 - 7. The project is needed to solve an emergency situation.
 - 8. The project will improve the quality of life in the City's neighborhoods.
- f. Public hearings will be held before deciding what projects to include in any multi-year capital program which requires approval by the electorate.
- g. The CIP has been developed based on Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) recommended best practices. http://www.gfoa.ort/capital-planning-policies
- h. The CIP has been coordinated with the Planning and Development Department to assess the CIP for conformance with the Comprehensive Plan and to prioritize projects which support Land Use Policies 5.5 and 13.3 in particular.

7. LONG TERM BORROWING

- a. General Obligation and Revenue Bonds shall only be issued for capital improvements and maintenance or expenditures related thereto. Revenue bonds shall be used to finance capital improvements wherever possible. No operating expenses shall be funded using any form of long-term financing.
- b. Bond borrowing shall be planned and the details of the plan shall be incorporated into the five-year Capital Improvements Program.
- c. The outstanding indebtedness of the City of Tulsa shall in total not exceed such levels as to cause the City's credit rating to be impaired and in all cases the City shall take such actions and adopt such policies and procedures as necessary to maintain a rating equal to at least AA for general obligation debt. In no event shall the net general obligation debt exceed twenty-five percent (25%) of the net assessed market valuation of the taxable property of the City of Tulsa as established by the County Assessor.
- d. Projects financed through the issuance of debt shall not be financed for a period that exceeds the expected useful life of the project and in no event shall the term of any debt exceed twenty-five (25) years.
- e. Refunding of outstanding debt shall only be considered when present value savings of at least four percent (4%) of the principal amount of the refunded bonds are produced, unless a restructuring or bond covenant revisions are necessary in order to facilitate the ability to provide services or issue additional debt in accordance with established debt policy and limitations.
- f. Bond sales shall be structured to achieve level debt service payments to the extent possible taking into consideration the costs of such financings. Either variable or fixed rate financing may be used, subject to applicable laws, depending on the cost benefit to the City of each option.
- g. Interest earnings from general obligation bond proceeds shall be deposited in the General Fund.
- h. Competitive sale shall be used for all general obligation debt issuances of the City of Tulsa. Negotiated or competitive sale may be used for revenue bonds.

8. INVESTMENTS AND DEPOSITS

- a. It shall be the objective of the City of Tulsa to pool and invest public funds in accordance with current legislation and the Charter of the City of Tulsa. Criteria for investing shall adhere to the following order of priority: (1) Safety, (2) Liquidity, (3) Yield.
- b. Responsibility for the investment program of the City shall be vested with the Director of Finance who shall establish an investment program consistent with an adopted investment policy.
- c. The City will establish a cash flow management system which includes the preparation of a cash flow analysis of all funds on a regular basis. Disbursement, collections and deposit of all funds will be scheduled to ensure maximum investment return and cash availability subject to the City's investment policies. The cash flow management system shall ensure the City can offset significant downturns in revenues which could not have been reasonably foreseen and provide sufficient working capital and cash for daily financial needs.
- d. The City will make arrangements with banks on a contractual basis for a specified period of time with specified fees for each service rendered.

9. RESERVES

a. The City shall establish and maintain an operating reserve in the General Fund to provide for unanticipated expenditures of a non-recurring nature or to meet unexpected increases in service delivery costs. The reserve will be budgeted at approximately six and thirty-nine (6.39) percent of the General Fund expenditures estimated for the fiscal year. Prior to allocating funds from this reserve, the Mayor shall prepare an analysis of the proposed expenditure and present it to the City Council.

b. The City may establish and maintain operating reserves in its enterprise funds to pay for expenses caused by unforeseen emergencies or shortfalls caused by revenue declines.

10. ACCOUNTING

- a. The City of Tulsa's accounting systems shall be operated and maintained in accordance with generally accepted principles and standards as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.
- b. The City's accounting and financial transactions shall be audited annually by a recognized independent certified public accounting firm and such audit results shall include a management letter detailing areas where improvement is needed. A firm to perform such audit shall be chosen not more than once every five (5) years.
- c. The City shall prepare and issue an official Comprehensive Annual Financial Report no later than six (6) months following the fiscal year-end in accordance with Government Finance Officer's Association and Governmental Accounting Standards Board principles and standards.
- d. The City of Tulsa shall establish and maintain an accounting control environment to help ensure proper authorization for financial transactions and proper procedures for safeguarding assets.
- e. The City will comply with bonded debt covenants requiring yield restrictions on certain investments and accounts in compliance with *Internal Revenue Code*, *Section 148 Arbitrage*.

11. TRUSTS AND AUTHORITIES

Unless otherwise provided by the operation of law, all Trusts and Public Authorities which receive funding from the City of Tulsa shall conform to the City's Financial Policies and procedures where applicable.

12. PENSION FUNDS

- a. The pension funds of the Municipal Employees' Retirement Plan shall be managed by the Pension Board as set forth in City Ordinance and Oklahoma Statute.
- b. The City's annual budget will provide for adequate funding for the Municipal Employees' Retirement System.
- c. Investments shall be made in conformance with an investment policy adopted by the Municipal Employees' Pension Board.

(Published in the Tulsa World June 16 2017)

ORDINANCE NO. 23698

AN ORDINANCE ADOPTING THE ANNUAL BUDGET OF THE CITY OF TULSA FOR THE FISCAL YEAR 2017-2018; ORDERING THE TRANSFER OF ENTERPRISE INCOME TO THE GENERAL FUND; APPROPRIATING UNEXPENDED BALANCES FOR GRANT FUNDS AND CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2017-2018; ORDERING AND DIRECTING THE COMPUTATION AND FILING REQUIREMENTS FOR THE 2017-2018 SINKING FUND OF THE CITY OF TULSA, OKLAHOMA; RESERVING FUND BALANCE OF SIX AND THIRTY-NINE ONE HUNDRETHS PERCENT (6.39%) EMERGENCY OPERATING CONTINGENCY IN THE GENERAL FUND; LEAVING THE ECONOMIC STABILIZATION RESERVE AT \$2 MILLION; APPROVING AN EMERGENCY TELEPHONE FEE OF FIVE PERCENT (5%) FOR CALENDAR YEAR 2018; ORDERING THE FILING OF THE CITY OF TULSA BUDGET, FISCAL YEAR 2017-2018 WITH THE STATE AUDITOR AND INSPECTOR OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA; AND ORDERING THIS ORDINANCE TO TAKE EFFECT IMMEDIATELY FROM AND AFTER ITS ADOPTION AND APPROVAL.

BE IT ORDAINED BY THE CITY OF TULSA:

- Section 1. That the annual budget of the City of Tulsa, Oklahoma, for Fiscal Year 2017-2018 be and is hereby adopted under the Municipal Budget Act, 11 O.S. 2001, §§ 17-201, et seq., as amended.
- Section 2. That the transfer of six and one hundred seventy-five thousandths percent (6.175%) of Water, Sewer, Stormwater, and TARE/Solid Waste rate income to the General Fund of the City of Tulsa, Oklahoma, be and is hereby approved and ordered.
- Section 3. That the unexpended appropriation balances and encumbrances for grant funds and capital project funds for Fiscal Year 2016-2017 be and the same are hereby appropriated to the same funds, accounts and for the same purposes for Fiscal Year 2017-2018 unless the project is designated to be closed.

DEO/jm

7-6

Section 4. That the Mayor shall compute the levy requirements for the 2017-2018 Sinking Fund of the City of Tulsa, Oklahoma, utilizing a reserve of ten percent (10%) for delinquent taxes and cause the same to be filed with the Excise Board of Tulsa County, Oklahoma.

Section 5. That the Mayor and City Council shall reserve fund balance for Fiscal Year 2017-2018 in an amount equivalent to six and thirty-nine hundredths percent (6.39%) of projected revenues as an emergency operating contingency in the General Fund that can only be spent with Council approval.

Section 6. That the economic stabilization reserve will remain at \$2 million from unassigned fund balance in accordance with the provisions of the 1989 Amended Charter, Article II, Section 7.5.

Section 7. That an Emergency Telephone Fee (E-911) of five percent (5%) of the tariff rate be and the same is hereby approved and ordered for calendar year 2018 in the City of Tulsa, Oklahoma.

Section 8. That one (1) copy of the adopted budget, being marked and designated as "City of Tulsa Budget, Fiscal Year 2017-2018" be and the same are herewith ordered to be filed in the Office of the City Clerk of the City of Tulsa, Oklahoma, on the 12th day of June, 2017, and one (1) copy with the State Auditor and Inspector of the State of Oklahoma.

Section 9. That this ordinance shall take effect immediately after its adoption and approval.

ADOPTED by the Council JUN 0 7 2017

Date

Chairman of the Council

OFFICE OF THE MAYOR

Received by the Mayor:	7	at
	Date	Time
	G. T. Bynum, Mayo	r
	Ву:	
	Secretary	
APPROVED by the Mayor of the Cit	y of Tulsa, Oklahoma:	JUN 12 2017 Date
at Time	ACT	
(Seal) ATTEST: City Clerk	Mayor Nayor Nayor	
APPROVED: City Attorney		

DEO/jm

7-D

(Published in the Tulsa World <u>Jure 16</u> 2017)

ORDINANCE NO. <u>23699</u>

AN ORDINANCE APPROVING AND ADOPTING THE CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS PLAN OF THE CITY OF TULSA, OKLAHOMA, FOR THE FISCAL YEARS 2018-2022; ORDERING THE FILING OF DOCUMENTS WITH THE CITY CLERK; AND DECLARING AN EMERGENCY.

BE IT ORDAINED BY THE CITY OF TULSA:

Section 1. That the Capital Improvements Plan of the City of Tulsa, Oklahoma, for Fiscal Years 2018-2022 be and is hereby approved and adopted in accordance with Title 4, Chapter 4, City of Tulsa, Oklahoma, Revised Ordinances.

Section 3. That an emergency is hereby declared to exist for the preservation of the public peace, health, and safety, by reason whereof this Ordinance shall take effect immediately upon its adoption and approval.

ADOPTED by the CouncilJUN	0 7 2017
	Date awa and
	Chairman of the Council
ADOPTED as an emergency measure	JUN 0 7 2017
	ana ara
	Chairman of the Council

DEO/jm

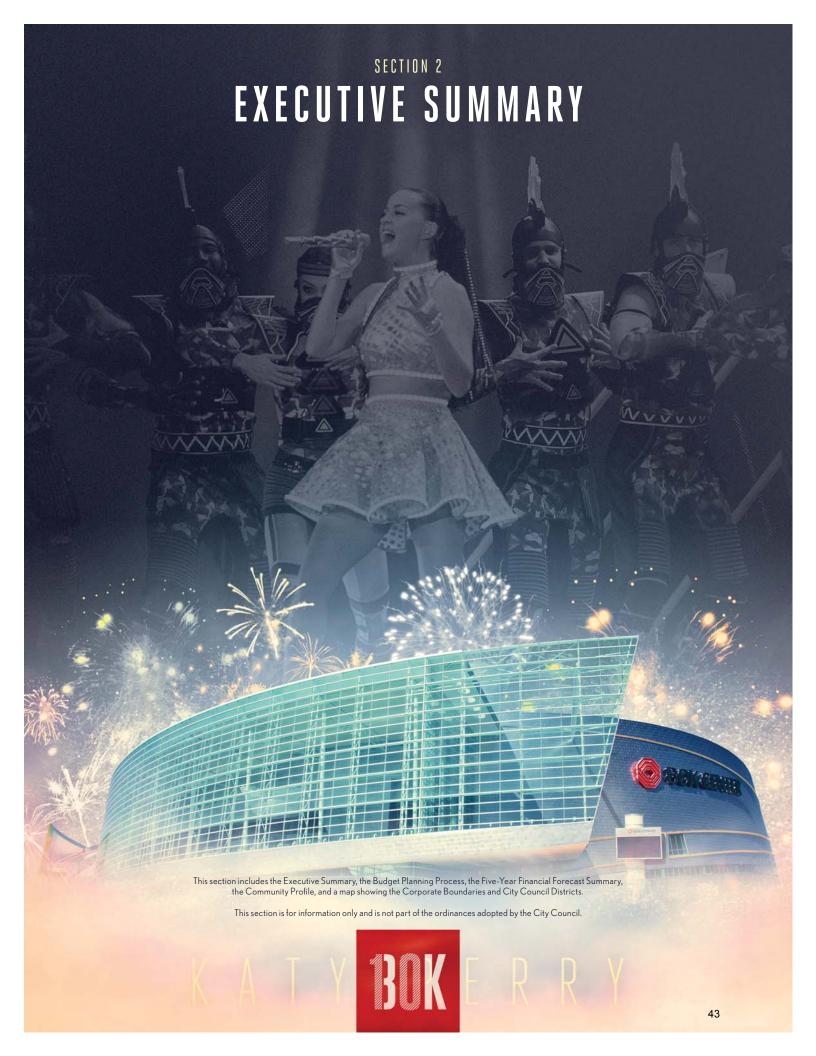
OFFICE OF THE MAYOR

Received by the Mayor:	, at	
	Date	Time
	G.T. Bynum, Mayor	
	Ву:	
	Secretary	
APPROVED by the Mayor of the City	of Tulsa, Oklahoma:	JUN 1 2 2017 Date
at Time	467	Date
(Seal)	Mayor	
ATTEST:	C The second sec	
City Clerk	VISA ON	

APPROVED:

City Attorney

DEO/jm



City of Tulsa 2017-2018 Budget and Capital Plan Executive Summary

The FY18 total budget is \$826,828,000 – a 7.7 percent increase from the original FY17 amount, as restated. The operating budget is \$669,952,000 and the Capital Improvements budget totals \$156,876,000. The operating budget is increasing by 4.3 percent and the capital budget is increasing 25.1 percent from FY17. FY18 revenue projections total \$790,448,000 and Figure 1 shows amounts by the major categories.

Total expenditure by major program categories are shown on Figure 2. Public Safety consumes 24 percent of total appropriations. Public Works and Transportation make up 42 percent of the proposed budget and includes the bus system, street maintenance, the water, sanitary sewer systems, storm water management, and the trash pickup and disposal functions. Cultural and Recreational programs consume 4 percent of the budget, Social and Economic Development programs make up 3 percent, and Administration 11 percent. Debt service is 16 percent of the budget.

Figure 1 Major Revenue Categories (in millions)

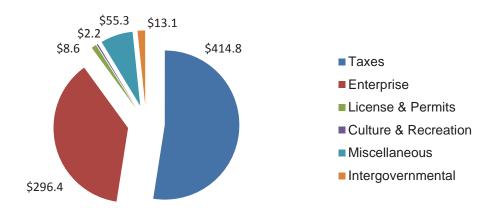
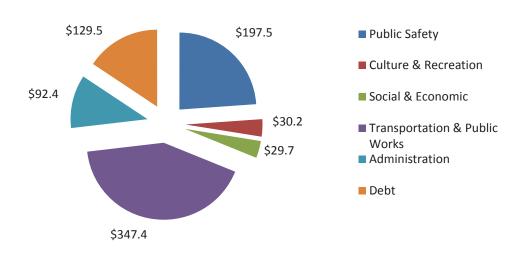


Figure 2 Major Expenditure Categories (in millions)



ECONOMIC CONDITION

All labor figures have now regained losses sustained in the previous recession, and are currently maintaining at historic highs. The area labor force remained mostly stable, gaining 1,000 new participants in 2016. This was an increase of 0.21 percent over the previous year. Wage and Salary employment reported its sixth consecutive year of growth, increasing 0.3 percent over CY15, and ended the fiscal year at a seasonally adjusted total of 444,500. Both the greatest nominal and relative growth was sustained in the Service sector, which increased 1.2 percent over the previous fiscal year, and has grown a median annual rate of 1.04 percent over the previous ten years. The larger Total Employment survey reported a decrease of 0.5 percent over the previous year to total a seasonally adjusted 451,600 in CY16. As Total Employment fell while the labor force grew, the metro jobless rate rose in CY16 to 5.0 percent, an increase of 0.2 points from CY15 (4.8 percent). After five years of growth, retail sales in the TMSA remained essentially flat in CY16. However, the Oklahoma State University Center for Applied Economic Research (CAER) has forecast retail sales to grow at an annualized rate of 2.9 percent, employment at 1.3 percent and per capita personal income at 4.7 percent; over the coming 4 years.

Gross Metro Product (GMP) for the area was estimated to have grown 0.6 percent over the previous year; and is forecast to strengthen in the near future. CAER has forecast an annual growth rate of 2.8 percent through CY20. Barge freight improved a great deal in 2016, growing 46 percent over the previous year. The infrastructure project which closed several channels in 2015, is now complete and all channels are open. Air freight reported steady activity in 2016, missing 2015's record setting total by only 4,000 tons. Considering the conservative growth forecast in both employment and GMP, it is expected that although the pace may be slowing, the local economy will continue to experience modest improvement and continued stability for the near future.

POPULATION

POPULATION (in thousands)

The TMSA population grew 0.7 percent in 2016 to 982,500, up from 975,700 in 2015. At the same time, the City of Tulsa's population grew by 0.1 percent to total 403,100. The median age in Tulsa is 34.9 years old, although the fastest growing demographic continues to be the 65-74 age group; which increased 14 percent between 2010 and 2015. The City may expect increasing service demands related to an aging population; such as transit, targeted recreation, and ADA infrastructure.

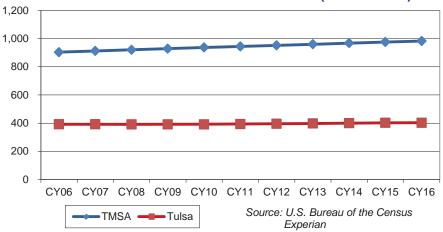


Figure 4
LABOR FORCE (in thousands)

480 475 470 465 460 455 450 445 440 435 430 CY06 CY07 CY08 CY09 CY10 CY11 CY12 CY13 CY14 CY15 CY16

Source: Oklahoma Department of Commerce

LABOR FORCE

After falling in 2014, labor force in the metro has continued its growth through 2016. Job seekers in the TMSA grew from 446,400 in 2014 to 475,700 in 2016, an increase of 29,300. This total continues to be historically high. The CAER forecasts the TMSA labor force to grow at an annual rate of 1 percent in CY17 through CY20. This would bring the Total Labor Force up to 480,100 by the end of CY17.

WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYEMENT

Monthly TMSA Wage and Salary employment continued the growth which began in CY11. By the end of the CY16, the twelve month moving average increased by 1,500 jobs from a year earlier. The service sector reported the greatest relative gains, growing 1.2 percent in CY16, adding 2,600 jobs over the year. Current trends indicate that the Service Sector may continue to report the strongest growth in the coming year, as both its real and relative growth outpaced all other sectors the previous twelve continuous months. The CAER forecasts total wage and salary employment growth of 1.3 percent in CY17. This would bring the figure to 445,900 by the end of CY17. With hiring occurring primarily in the largest subsector, Service, wage and salary employment should continue its recovery in the upcoming year. Wage and Salary has been a good indicator of revenue trends in future years.

Figure 5 WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

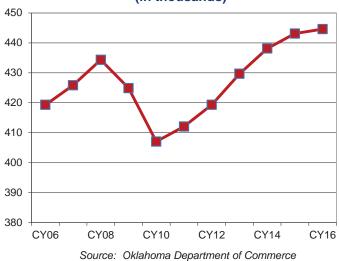
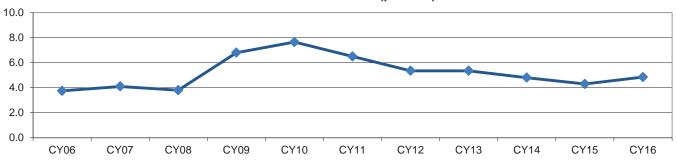


Figure 6
UNEMPLOYMENT RATE (percent)

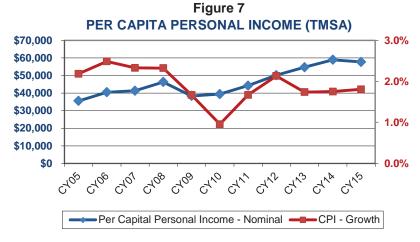


Source: Oklahoma Department of Commerce

PERSONAL INCOME

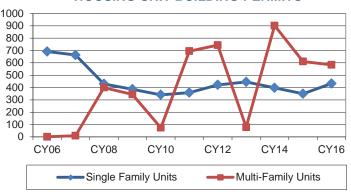
After dropping 17.1 percent in late 2009, per capita personal income has regained these losses and continues to grow. Per capita personal income grew by 2.8 percent in 2010, an even stronger 12.2 percent in 2011, and 13.4 percent in 2012. As energy prices continued to rebound and the local job market improved, per capita personal income had returned to its expected trend in 2013, and increased another 9.0 percent to \$54,746. After some

slowing in 2013, personal income continued its momentum in 2014 and 2015, increasing another 5.4 percent over the previous year in 2016. The CAER forecasts that per capita personal income will increase by 0.5 percent in CY16. This would increase per capita personal income to approximately \$58,016 by the end of 2016. Annual growth in per capita personal income has averaged 5.9 percent over the previous 15 years, with the median annual gain being 7.7 percent. Assuming stable savings rate trends in the future and annual growth of 4 percent or more forecasted, the City should expect to see greater activity in sales tax collections in the future.



Source: Bureau of Economic Analysis

Figure 8 HOUSING UNIT BUILDING PERMITS



Source: City of Tulsa

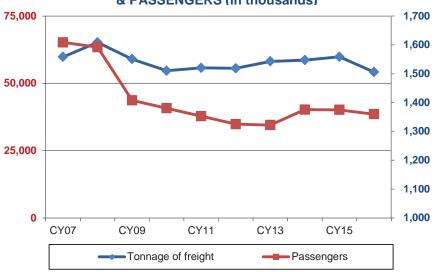
AIRPORT

Freight tonnage at the Airport fell by 9.4 percent in 2016. However, passenger traffic remained more stable, decreasing only by 15,000 passengers (1.1 percent) over 2015. After bankruptcy proceedings in 2012, American Airlines (a predominant client at the airport) has since merged with US Airways improving both service and stabilizing employment. Additionally, Airport the has implemented several marketing enhancements to successfully draw more non-stop flights. Airport officials are optimistic traffic counts improve in 2017, due to these, and other, improvements.

BUILDING PERMITS

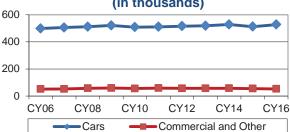
Residential construction regained some momentum in 2016. The year ended with 432 single family units built and 584 multi-family units built. Combined, this was an increase of 5.8 percent from 2015. Regarding commercial activity, only the Industrial sector saw positive growth in 2016, growing 4.8 percent over 2015. However, total commercial activity as a whole, fell 21.7 percent over the previous year. Although commercial construction did not perform to expectations in 2016, its decrease is not yet significant.

Figure 9
AIRPORT FREIGHT (in tons)
& PASSENGERS (in thousands)



Source: Tulsa Airport Authority

Figure 10 MOTOR VEHICLE REGISTRATION (in thousands)



Source: Oklahoma Tax Commission

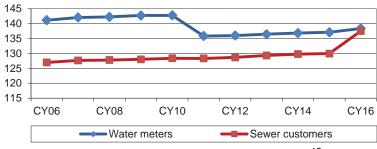
MOTOR VEHICLE REGISTRATION

After falling in 2015, vehicle registration in Tulsa County again grew in CY16; ending the period with an annual increase of 3 percent in car registrations; and slight decrease of 3.3 percent in all other categories. There were 528,000 cars and 53,000 commercial trucks and other vehicles registered in CY16.

UTILITIES

The combined water and sewer customer counts reported positive growth in CY16, increasing approximately 3.3 percent over the previous year. Water meters increased 0.9 percent; ending CY16 with 138,400 active meters. Sewer customers increased 5.8 percent to a total of 137,500.

Figure 11
ACTIVE WATER METER AND SEWER CUSTOMERS
(in thousands)



Source: City of Tulsa

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REVENUES

WHERE THE MONEY COMES FROM

The Operating and Capital Budgets are financed by the revenue sources identified in the following figures. Total projected revenue for FY18 is \$790,448,000, a 7.2 percent increase from the FY17 original budget. There are several reasons for the growth forecast. Last year voters passed the renewal of the Vision 2025 sales tax. The online retailer, Amazon announced that it will begin to collect sales taxes on Oklahoma purchases. Economic development projects are expected to generate revenue in FY18. City debt refinancing is planned which will result in lower interest expense, and subsequent savings.

Several methods are used to project the individual revenue sources used to finance Tulsa's government. The sources producing the most revenue are modeled using time series statistical programs. The results are modified based on current and projected economic trends, and views of various experts as conveyed in local, state, and national publications. When projecting the secondary sources, extrapolation of trends is used, and in the case of stable sources, the current fiscal year estimate is carried over into the next fiscal year. A final method is the "Delphi" approach. Experts (oracles if you will, hence the name "Delphi"), in most cases the City staff responsible for managing a program and/or facility that generates revenue, are asked their opinion of revenue growth rates. Often times the initial amounts are modified after discussions with the Budget and Planning staff.

LOCAL TAXES

The City has five major tax categories and collectively they will provide 52 percent of the projected revenue in FY18.

Sales Tax

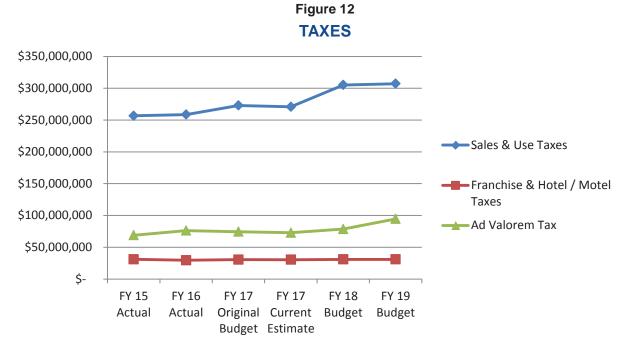
The largest source of revenue for the City is sales tax and it accounts for 35 percent of the FY18 resources. The Oklahoma State Tax Commission sales tax retention rate has decreased from 1 to 0.5 percent of the amount on goods and services which are subject to this tax under State Statutes. The General Fund receives 2 cents of the City's sales tax rate for operations and the remaining 1.65 cents are placed in capital (1.1) and the Vision 2025 (.55) project funds. Sales tax receipts of \$274,373,000 are projected in FY18, an 11 percent increase from the FY17 estimate which includes the renewed 0.55 percent Vision 2025 sales tax for Public Safety, Transportation, Arkansas River infrastructure and other economic development projects.

Use Tax

Personal property purchased outside the state and used within the City is also taxed at 3.1 percent. The FY18 proposed budget Use Tax projection is \$30,811,000, a 27 percent increase from the FY17 estimate of \$24,316,000. The FY18 budget increase is explained by 8 percent growth and 19 percent from additional remittances resulting from the .55 percent Vision tax.

Franchise Tax/Right of Way User Fees

Franchise Tax/Right of Way (ROW) User fees are collected from Oklahoma Natural Gas (ONG), Public Service Company of Oklahoma (PSO), Cox Communications, AT&T, Valor, Thermal North America Inc., and other miscellaneous users of City ROW. Collectively, ONG and PSO generate 54 percent of this category's revenue. Natural gas prices have decreased more than 25 percent of what they were in 2008, and are expected to remain at current levels. In FY18, ONG and PSO fees are projected to produce \$12,800,000. Although revenue has been affected by lower natural gas prices, the FY18 budget is 3 percent higher than the FY17 original budget due to a PSO rate increase to recapture capital costs. Cable TV sales are challenged by internet television programming on demand. FY18 revenue from all Franchise Tax/Right of Way User fees is projected to be \$23,600,000.



Source: City of Tulsa Finance Department

Hotel/Motel Tax

In addition to sales tax, the use of hotel and motel rooms within the City is taxed at 5 percent. Projected FY18 receipts of \$7,354,000 are increased modestly from the FY17 estimate. Local economic development is positive as evidenced by the announcement of new and upgraded property construction.

Ad Valorem Tax

The State Constitution requires Tulsa make an annual Ad Valorem tax levy sufficient to pay for the principal and interest on bonded indebtedness and any court judgments against the City. The tax levy is approved by the County Excise Board. The tax is projected to generate \$78,637,000 in FY18.

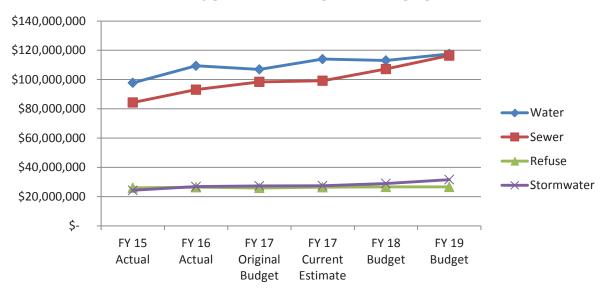
ENTERPRISE REVENUES

Charges for using utility services, emergency medical services, and golf courses are sources of revenue for the enterprise funds. Utility charges include revenues generated by the water system, the sanitary sewer system, the solid waste disposal service, and the stormwater management program. The Emergency Medical Services Authority (EMSA) fees are collected and used to help fund the operations of emergency medical services. Golf course revenue is generated from the operations of Page Belcher and Mohawk Golf Courses.

Golf Fees

The City began contracting with Billy Casper Golf, LLC of Virginia to operate Page Belcher and Mohawk Golf Courses in January 2008. All golf revenue is retained by Billy Casper Golf are used to operate the courses. Projected FY18 revenue is estimated at \$2,782,000, a decrease of 2 percent from the FY17 original budget.

Figure 13
MAJOR ENTERPRISE REVENUES



Source: City of Tulsa Finance Department

Water

The sale of treated water is expected to generate \$113,062,000 in FY18, 6 percent higher than the FY17 original budget. Demand is expected to be lower because of the assumption that growth in the customer base will be modest. Warmer weather and a 4 percent rate increase effective October 1 explain the increase.

Sewer

The treatment and disposal of wastewater is charged to both commercial and residential sewer customers. Little or no growth in the customer base is anticipated. FY18 revenue is projected to be \$107,251,000, 9 percent higher than the FY17 original budget. Revenue estimate improvement is based on a 9 percent rate increase effective October 1.

Refuse

The Tulsa Authority for the Recovery of Energy (TARE) is responsible for overseeing the collection and disposal of solid waste within the City. Revenue is generated from charges on trash collection and disposal. FY18 revenue is projected to be \$26,645,000. The customer base is projected to be stable.

Stormwater

City of Tulsa landowners pay for the operation and maintenance of the City's storm drainage facilities. The FY18 revenue projection is \$29,006,000, reflecting a 9 percent rate increase effective October 1.

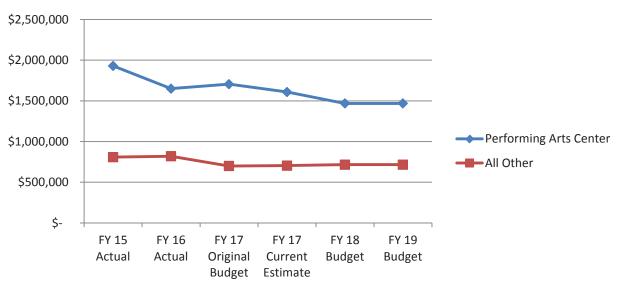
CULTURE AND RECREATION

Fees and admission charges related to the City's cultural and recreational facilities are expected to generate \$2,184,000 in FY18, 9 percent less than the FY17 original budget amount. The reduction was a result of not continuing the participation in an Oklahoma City-based internet ticketing arrangement.

Performing Arts Center

The Performing Arts Center (PAC) is host to many stage events in the Chapman Music Hall, John H. Williams Theatre, Liddy Doenges Theatre, Charles E. Norman Theatre, Robert J. LaFortune Studio, and Kathleen P. Westby Pavilion. FY18 revenue is projected to be \$1,468,000, 9 percent less than the FY17 estimate. Comments above apply.

Figure 14
CULTURE AND RECREATION



Source: City of Tulsa Finance Department

Miscellaneous Park Revenue

Park participation fees account for 60 percent of the \$716,000 FY18 miscellaneous park revenue. Other revenue sources include shelter and property rentals, reimbursements, concessions, and fees from special events held at the parks. Revenues are expected to reflect the level of fee-based program offerings. Zoo revenue is now collected and used to operate the facility by the City's contracted Zoo manager, Tulsa Zoo Management Inc.

Figure 15 **LICENSES AND PERMITS** \$5,000,000 \$4,500,000 \$4,000,000 \$3,500,000 \$3,000,000 \$2,500,000 Business Licenses \$2,000,000 Building Inspections \$1,500,000 ★─Other Licenses and Permits \$1,000,000 \$500,000 \$-FY 15 FY 16 FY 17 FY 17 FY 18 FY 19 Budget Current Actual Actual Original Budget **Budget Estimate**

Source: City of Tulsa Finance Department

LICENSES AND PERMITS

Business licenses, non-business licenses, building inspections, and permits are projected to be \$8,645,000 in FY 18, a 3 percent increase from the FY17 original budget. The base number of businesses requiring these licenses is stable. FY18 projected construction activity is expected to improve and accounts for the majority of the projected increase.

Business Licenses

Occupational, taxicabs, amusement/recreation, restaurant, liquor occupation, retail liquor, and beer make up the business license categories. The FY18 projection of \$1,334,000 is flat from the FY17 original budget.

Building Inspections

Building Inspection revenue for FY18 is projected to be \$4,099,000, 3 percent greater than the FY17 original budget. The residential building market in the area has stabilized and is improving. Commercial and industrial development fees are scheduled to increase based on improved cost recapture of individual inspections.

Other Licenses and Permits

Infrastructure Development Permit (IDP), Permit and Licensing System fees (PALS), records retention fees, and annual permits for industrial, plumbing, building sprinklers, sewer, water, watershed, security alarm, elevator inspections, dog licenses, fishing licenses, and several other miscellaneous sources are projected to generate \$3,212,000 in FY18. This is a 4 percent increase from the FY17 original budget.

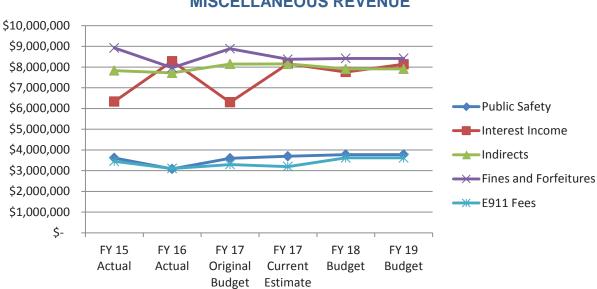


Figure 16
MISCELLANEOUS REVENUE

Source: City of Tulsa Finance Department

MISCELLANEOUS REVENUE

The City receives revenue from numerous miscellaneous sources. Public safety, E-911 fees, direct cost for support services, street repairs, fines and forfeitures, interest, Regional Metropolitan Utility Authority shared revenue, planning and zoning fees, parking meters, and Enterprise fund fee in lieu are the primary sources of miscellaneous revenue.

Public Safety

Public safety revenue includes charges for airport fire protection, the animal shelter, weed mowing, fire protection outside the City, police special events, and hazardous material clean-up charges. FY18 public safety related revenue is projected at \$3,775,000, a 2 percent increase from the FY17 estimate. Code enforcement revenue is unchanged from the FY17 estimate.

E-911

Charges for the Emergency 911 system include a fixed telephone user charge and a 50 cent per month charge on cell phones. The FY18 projection of \$3,617,000 represents a 10 percent increase from the FY17 original budget. The increase is based on the passage of HB3126 which raises E911 fees from \$.50 to \$.75 per cell contract. Its purpose is to restore service revenue reduced by the decline in land line usage.

Direct Cost for Support Services

The enterprise funds pay a cost recovery charge to the General Fund for their allocated portion of incurred common central expenses. Also included are service charges, document sales, processing fees, planning and zoning, and radio users' fees. FY18 direct costs for support service charges are projected to generate \$7,909,000. The amount is 3 percent less than the FY17 original budget, and reflects agreements with entities provided services by the City.

Streets and Highways

Revenue is received from both parking meters and street cut permits which are required to repair streets and highways after the pavement is broken to fix utility lines or install new lines. The revenue projected in FY18 is \$5,055,000, a 15 percent increase from the FY17 Estimate.

Fines and Forfeitures

Municipal Court fines generate 93 percent of the fine and forfeiture revenue. Other sources of revenue are probationary fees, court penalty assessment fees, and the sale of stolen and confiscated property. The City is projected to receive \$8,416,000 in FY18 from these sources, which is a small increase from FY17 estimated collections.

Interest

FY18 interest earnings are projected to be \$7,988,000. This is 2 percent less than the amount projected in the FY17 estimate. Interest rates remain low by historical standards. The Federal Reserve intends to continue to raise interest rates during the next fiscal year, provided that economic conditions support this plan. Cash balances are at record levels, and will be drawn down for scheduled projects.

INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE

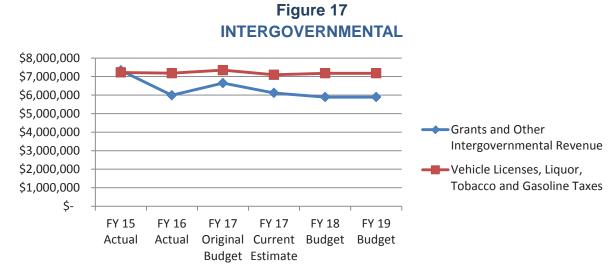
The City receives revenue from the Federal, State, and County governments for charges for services, and the taxes on vehicle licenses, liquor, gasoline, and tobacco.

Vehicle Licenses, Gasoline Tax, Cigarette Tax and Liquor Tax

In FY18, revenue from the State is projected to be \$7,176,000. This is compared to the FY17 original budget of \$7,345,000. These revenue sources have been stable over the years. However, vehicle purchases have begun to slow.

Reimbursements

The City receives reimbursement from Tulsa County for the E911 operation and police lab work, and from the Federal and State governments for various reasons. The FY18 estimate of County reimbursement for 911 operations is reduced, reflected the renegotiation in progress. Total reimbursements are projected to be \$870,000.



Source: City of Tulsa Finance Department

EXPENDITURES

WHERE THE MONEY GOES

The FY18 General Fund (GF) budget is \$269.4 million. The allocations between Personal Services, Materials and Supplies, Other Services and Charges, and Transfers remain close to historical values. They make up 76 percent, 2 percent, 20 percent, and 2 percent of the FY18 GF budget, respectively.

The largest increase in the GF in FY18 is related to Personal Services which in total will result in a \$2.8 million increase. Listing compensation as a high priority, the City will provide performance increases for eligible sworn and non-sworn personnel, increase employer health benefits by 10% starting January 2018, and increase the Municipal Employees Retirement Plan (MERP) contribution rate from 11.5% to 15.5%. The compensation increase will be offset by a 17.5% reduction to Workers Compensation premiums to match expected experience levels and by changing the attrition assumption from 1 percent to 2 percent.

FY18 GF revenues are projected to be \$269.1 million. This is .7 percent more than the FY17 Original Budget and is largely due to use tax revenues. The GF will benefit from an increase in Fee in lieu of tax revenues that reflect utility rate increases of 4% Water, 9% Sewer, and 9% Stormwater rate and will also benefit from the dissolution of the Brady Tax Increment Financing District (TIF) providing an additional \$200,000 to the GF in FY18.

The Public Safety program's appropriations supporting Police, Fire, Municipal Courts, and Emergency Management, account for 61 percent of the FY18 budget. The Administrative and Support Services category represents approximately 15 percent of the FY18 budget. Public Works and Transportation will receive the third largest allocation - 10 percent of the budget. Cultural and Recreational activities will be allocated 8 percent of FY18 resources. The City's Economic Development and Neighborhood Services functions will consume 4 percent of the FY18 budget and the remaining 2 percent will be transferred to other funds.

The Police and Fire Departments' total allocations are increasing in FY18 by 0.4 and 0.1 percent, respectively. In FY18, Police academies of fifty (50) are funded and Fire Department service levels will be supported by the addition of fifteen (15) cadets. To bolster service levels in Police and Fire the Public Safety Tax will fund academies of forty (40) and twenty (20) cadets, respectively in FY18.

Cultural and Recreational programs will benefit from a 3.5 percent increase from the original FY17 budget in FY18. The majority of these increases are related to compensation changes and a Gilcrease Museum management service contract cost that will increase by 2.1 percent.

Social and Economic Development program allocations are increasing by 5.0 percent in FY18. The increase is primarily due to compensation changes.

Public Works and Transportation will be reduced by 3.2 percent in FY18. Streets and Stormwater has reduced anticipated expenses for pavement repairs related to waterline breaks and other paving cuts

The Administrative and Support Services program's allocations are increasing by 4.6 percent. Compensation changes reflect the major reason for the increase. The Finance Department compensation increase also reflects implementation personnel funded from a replacement financial system capital project and are scheduled to return to GF funding in FY18.

Transfers out will decrease by 0.7 percent in FY18 as a result of reduced support to the One Technology Building Fund due to higher building lease revenue within that fund.

REVENUE ESTIMATE

(amounts expressed in thousands)

	(6	amounts expressed	in thousands)		FY 17	OBIC
	EV 40	EV 40	EV 47	EV 47		
	FY 19	FY 18	FY 17	FY 17	VS. F	
	PLANNED	ADOPTED	CURRENT	ORIGINAL	DIFFER	
RESOURCES	BUDGET	BUDGET	ESTIMATE	BUDGET	AMOUNT	PERCENT
TAXES						
Sales Tax	\$ 276,221	\$ 274,373	\$ 246,537	\$ 249,572	\$ 24,801	9.9%
Use Tax	30,986	30,811	24,316	23,321	7,490	32.1%
Franchise Taxes	23,600	23,600	23,070	22,949	651	2.8%
Hotel/Motel Tax	7,354	7,354	7,291	7,562	(208)	-2.8%
Ad Valorem	94,547	78,637	72,751	74,481	4,156	5.6%
TOTAL	432,708	414,775	373,965	377,885	36,890	9.8%
ENTERPRISE REVENUE						
Golf	2,782	2,782	2,832	2,825	(43)	-1.5%
Water	117,583	113,062	113,996	106,963	6,099	5.7%
Sewer	116,411	107,251	99,177	98,404	8,847	9.0%
Refuse	26,645	26,645	26,411	25,940	705	2.7%
Stormwater	31,632	29,006	27,475	27,369	1,637	6.0%
Emergency Medical Fee	7,000	7,000	6,928	7,012	(12)	-0.2%
OTC Rental Income	10,245	10,698	9,185	9,952	746	7.5%
TOTAL	312,298	296,444	286,004	278,465	17,979	6.5%
CULTURAL AND RECREATION						
Performing Arts Center	1,468	1,468	1,609	1,705	(237)	-13.9%
Other	716	716	705	700	16	2.3%
TOTAL	2,184	2,184	2,314	2,405	(221)	-9.2%
LICENSES AND PERMITS						
Business Licenses	1,334	1,334	1,234	1,330	4	0.3%
Building Inspections	4,320	4,099	3,746	3,987	112	2.8%
Other Licenses and Permits	3,212	3,212	3,067	3,077	135	4.4%
TOTAL	8,866	8,645	8,047	8,394	251	3.0%
MISCELLANEOUS REVENUE						
Public Safety	3,775	3,775	3,694	3,600	175	4.9%
E911 Fees	3,617	3,617	3,196	3,296	321	9.7%
General Government - Indirects	7,909	7,909	8,149	8,145	(236)	-2.9%
Streets and Highways	5,055	5,055	4,393	6,526	(1,471)	-22.5%
Fines and Forfeitures	8,416	8,416	8,373	8,883	(467)	-5.3%
Interest Income	8,365	7,988	8,161	6,299	1,689	26.8%
Loan Proceeds	0	0	33,355	0	0	0%
Other Miscellaneous	17,753	18,574	25,734	19,664	(1,090)	-5.5%
TOTAL	54,890	55,334	95,055	56,413	(1,079)	-1.9%
INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENU	JE					
Grants	5,020	5,020	5,019	5,019	1	0.0%
Vehicle License, Liquor,	5,525	5,525	3,5.3	0,0.0	·	3.370
Tobacco and Gasoline Taxes	7,176	7,176	7,097	7,345	(169)	-2.3%
Other Intergovernmental Rev	870	870	1,098	1,628	(758)	-46.6%
TOTAL	13,066	13,066	13,214	13,992	(926)	-6.6%
GRAND TOTAL	\$ 824,012	\$ 790,448	\$ 778,599	\$ 737,554	\$ 52,894	7.2%
	7 027,012		+,	Ţ . 51,004	+ 52,004	/0

^{*}Charges from Internal Service Funds are excluded.

Note: Internal Transfers In are excluded from this analysis.

Historical Information has been restated. The Tulsa Airport Authority is no longer reported as City of Tulsa entity.

REVENUE ESTIMATE

(amounts expressed in thousands)

RESOURCES REVENUES REVENUES REVENUES REVENUES REVENUES REVENUES TAXES TAXES Sales Tax \$ 234,4912 \$ 232,566 \$ 231,167 \$ 227,137 Use Tax \$ 233,640 24,104 24,776 21,1976 21,1906 21,1906 21,1906 21,1906 21,1906 21,1906 21,1907 21,1007<		FY 16 ACTUAL	FY 15 ACTUAL	FY 14 ACTUAL	FY 13 ACTUAL
Sales Tax	RESOURCES	REVENUES	REVENUES	REVENUES	REVENUES
Use Tax 23,640 24,104 24,776 21,979 Franchise Taxes 22,041 23,483 23,510 21,806 Hotel/Motel Tax 7,482 7,539 6,663 6,666 Ad Valorem 76,171 68,881 63,305 65,069 TOTAL 364,246 356,573 349,421 342,657 ENTERPRISE REVENUE Golf 2,829 2,420 2,700 2,515 Water 109,389 97,767 96,116 95,756 Sewer 93,117 84,328 79,236 75,688 Refuse 26,409 26,050 26,528 23,596 Stormwater 26,847 24,362 22,562 22,586 Stormwater 8,916 9,050 9,739 10,611 TOTAL 274,503 250,549 241,788 235,746 CULTURAL AND RECREATION 2,470 2,738 2,363 2,293 LICENSES AND PERMITS 32 809 835 883 TOT	TAXES				
Franchise Taxes	Sales Tax	\$ 234,912	\$ 232,566	\$ 231,167	\$ 227,137
Hotel/Motel Tax	Use Tax	23,640	24,104	24,776	
Ad Valorem 76,171 68,881 63,305 65,069 TOTAL 364,246 356,573 349,421 342,657 ENTERPRISE REVENUE Colf 2,829 2,420 2,700 2,515 Water 109,389 97,767 96,116 95,757 Sewer 93,117 84,328 79,236 75,688 Refuse 26,409 26,050 26,528 23,596 Stormwater 26,847 24,362 22,562 22,583 Emergency Medical Fee 6,996 6,572 4,907 4,996 OTC Rental Income 8,916 9,050 9,739 10,611 TOTAL 274,503 250,549 241,788 235,746 CULTURAL AND RECREATION 1,650 1,929 1,528 1,410 Other 820 809 835 883 TOTAL 2,470 2,738 2,363 2,293 LICENSES AND PERMITS 3,129 3,128 2,748 2,748 2,614					
TOTAL 364,246 356,573 349,421 342,657 ENTERPRISE REVENUE Golf 2,829 2,420 2,700 2,515 Water 109,389 97,767 96,116 95,757 Sewer 93,117 84,328 79,236 75,688 Refuse 26,409 26,050 26,528 23,596 Stormwater 26,847 24,362 22,562 22,583 Emergency Medical Fee 6,996 6,572 4,907 4,996 OTC Rental Income 8,916 9,050 9,739 10,611 TOTAL 274,503 250,549 241,788 235,746 CULTURAL AND RECREATION Performing Arts Center 1,650 1,929 1,528 1,410 Other 820 809 835 883 TOTAL 2,470 2,738 2,363 2,293 LICENSES AND PERMITS Business Licenses 1,401 1,340 1,257 1,197 Building Inspections 3,988 4,023 3,861 3,456 Other Licenses and Permits 3,129 3,128 2,748 2,614 TOTAL 8,518 8,491 7,866 7,267 MISCELLANEOUS REVENUE Public Safety 3,084 3,614 3,855 4,046 E911 Fees 3,104 3,450 3,775 3,648 General Government - Indirects 7,716 7,829 9,020 9,053 Streets and Highways 4,309 5,768 5,865 5,957 Fines and Forfeitures 7,966 8,922 9,541 10,653 Interest Income 8,280 6,335 5,433 5,989 Loan Proceeds 28,720 61,725 1,315 40,135 Interest Income 8,280 6,335 5,433 5,989 Loan Proceeds 28,720 61,725 1,315 40,135 Interest Income 8,280 6,335 5,433 5,989 Loan Proceeds 28,720 61,725 1,315 40,135 Interest Income 26,995 22,618 17,022 24,897 TOTAL 99,174 120,261 55,646 104,378 INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE Grants 5,012 5,205 0 0 O Vehicle License, Liquor, Tobacco and Gasoline Taxes 7,183 7,220 7,163 7,174 Other Intergovernmental Rev 978 2,128 2,221 2,507 O O O O O O O O O					
STERPRISE REVENUE Golf 2,829 2,420 2,700 2,515	Ad Valorem	76,171	68,881	63,305	65,069
Golf 2,829 2,420 2,700 2,515 Water 109,389 97,767 96,116 95,757 Sewer 93,117 84,328 79,236 75,688 Refuse 26,409 26,050 26,528 23,596 Stormwater 26,847 24,362 22,562 22,583 Emergency Medical Fee 6,996 6,572 4,907 4,996 OTC Rental Income 8,916 9,050 9,739 10,611 TOTAL 274,503 250,549 241,788 235,746 CULTURAL AND RECREATION 274,503 250,549 241,788 235,746 CULTURAL AND RECREATION 820 809 835 883 TOTAL 2,470 2,738 2,363 2,293 LICENSES AND PERMITS 2,470 2,738 2,363 2,293 LICENSES AND PERMITS 3,988 4,023 3,861 3,456 Other Licenses and Permits 3,129 3,128 2,748 2,614 T	TOTAL	364,246	356,573	349,421	342,657
Water 109,389 97,767 96,116 95,757 Sewer 93,117 84,328 79,236 75,688 Refuse 26,409 26,050 26,528 23,596 Stormwater 26,847 24,362 22,562 22,583 Emergency Medical Fee 6,996 6,572 4,907 4,996 OTC Rental Income 8,916 9,050 9,739 10,611 TOTAL 274,503 250,549 241,788 235,746 CULTURAL AND RECREATION 274,503 250,549 1,528 1,410 Other 820 809 835 883 TOTAL 2,470 2,738 2,363 2,293 LICENSES AND PERMITS Business Licenses 1,401 1,340 1,257 1,197 Building Inspections 3,988 4,023 3,861 3,456 Other Licenses and Permits 3,129 3,128 2,748 2,614 TOTAL 8,518 8,491 7,866 7,267	ENTERPRISE REVENUE				
Sewer 93,117 84,328 79,236 76,688 Refuse 26,409 26,050 26,528 23,596 Stormwater 26,847 24,362 22,562 22,583 Emergency Medical Fee 6,996 6,572 4,907 4,996 OTC Rental Income 8,916 9,050 9,739 10,611 TOTAL 274,503 250,549 241,788 235,746 CULTURAL AND RECREATION Performing Arts Center 1,650 1,929 1,528 1,410 Other 820 809 835 883 TOTAL 2,470 2,738 2,363 2,293 LICENSES AND PERMITS Business Licenses 1,401 1,340 1,257 1,197 Building Inspections 3,988 4,023 3,861 3,456 Other Licenses and Permits 3,129 3,128 2,748 2,614 TOAL 8,518 8,491 7,866 7,267 MISCELLANEOUS REVENUE 7,267 <td>Golf</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Golf				
Refuse 26,409 26,050 26,528 23,596 Stornwater 26,847 24,362 22,562 22,586 Emergency Medical Fee 6,996 6,572 4,907 4,996 OTC Rental Income 8,916 9,050 9,739 10,611 TOTAL 274,503 250,549 241,788 235,746 CULTURAL AND RECREATION Performing Arts Center 1,650 1,929 1,528 1,410 Other 820 809 835 883 TOTAL 2,470 2,738 2,363 2,293 LICENSES AND PERMITS 80siness Licenses 1,401 1,340 1,257 1,197 Business Licenses 1,401 1,340 1,257 1,197 Business Licenses and Permits 3,988 4,023 3,861 3,456 Other Licenses and Permits 3,129 3,128 2,748 2,614 TOTAL 8,518 8,491 7,866 7,267 MISCELLANEOUS REVENUE 7,016 7,829					
Stormwater 26,847 24,362 22,562 22,583 Emergency Medical Fee 6,996 6,572 4,907 4,996 OTC Rental Income 8,916 9,050 9,739 10,611 TOTAL 274,503 250,549 241,788 235,746 CULTURAL AND RECREATION Performing Arts Center 1,650 1,929 1,528 1,410 Other 820 809 835 883 TOTAL 2,470 2,738 2,363 2,293 LICENSES AND PERMITS 8 1,401 1,340 1,257 1,197 Building Inspections 3,988 4,023 3,861 3,456 Other Licenses and Permits 3,129 3,128 2,748 2,614 TOTAL 8,518 8,491 7,866 7,267 MISCELLANEOUS REVENUE 2 3,084 3,614 3,855 4,046 E911 Fees 3,104 3,450 3,775 3,648 General Government - Indirects 7,716					
Emergency Medical Fee 6,996 6,572 4,907 4,996 OTC Rental Income 8,916 9,050 9,739 10,611 TOTAL 274,503 250,549 241,788 235,746 CULTURAL AND RECREATION Performing Arts Center 1,650 1,929 1,528 1,410 Other 820 809 835 883 TOTAL 2,470 2,738 2,363 2,293 LICENSES AND PERMITS					
OTC Rental Income 8,916 9,050 9,739 10,611 TOTAL 274,503 250,549 241,788 235,746 CULTURAL AND RECREATION Performing Arts Center 1,650 1,929 1,528 1,410 Other 820 809 835 883 TOTAL 2,470 2,738 2,363 2,293 LICENSES AND PERMITS Business Licenses 1,401 1,340 1,257 1,197 Building Inspections 3,988 4,023 3,861 3,456 Other Licenses and Permits 3,129 3,128 2,748 2,614 TOTAL 8,518 8,491 7,866 7,267 MISCELLANEOUS REVENUE Public Safety 3,084 3,614 3,855 4,046 E911 Fees 3,104 3,450 3,775 3,648 General Government - Indirects 7,716 7,829 9,020 9,053 Streets and Highways 4,309 5,768 5,685 5,957 Fines and Forfeitures					
TOTAL 274,503 250,549 241,788 235,746 CULTURAL AND RECREATION Performing Arts Center 1,650 1,929 1,528 1,410 Other 820 809 835 883 TOTAL 2,470 2,738 2,363 2,293 LICENSES AND PERMITS 3,1401 1,340 1,257 1,197 Building Inspections 3,988 4,023 3,861 3,456 Other Licenses and Permits 3,129 3,128 2,748 2,614 TOTAL 8,518 8,491 7,866 7,267 MISCELLANEOUS REVENUE 70 7,866 7,267 Public Safety 3,084 3,614 3,855 4,046 E911 Fees 3,104 3,450 3,775 3,648 General Government - Indirects 7,716 7,829 9,020 9,053 Streets and Highways 4,309 5,768 5,685 5,957 Fines and Forfeitures 7,966 8,922 9,541 10,653 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					
CULTURAL AND RECREATION Performing Arts Center 1,650 1,929 1,528 1,410 Other 820 809 835 883 TOTAL 2,470 2,738 2,363 2,293 LICENSES AND PERMITS 8 3,293 3,261 3,456 0,419 1,197 Building Inspections 3,988 4,023 3,861 3,456 0,464 3,614 3,456 0,7267 MISCELLANEOUS REVENUE 8,518 8,491 7,866 7,267 MISCELLANEOUS REVENUE 7 4,046 3,614 3,855 4,046 4,046 2,911 Fees 3,104 3,450 3,775 3,648 3,648 3,450 3,775 3,648 3,648 3,450 3,775 3,648 3,649 3,044 3,450 3,775 3,648 3,648 3,450 3,775 3,648 3,648 3,649 3,648 3,648 3,649 3,648 3,648 3,648 3,648 3,648 3,648 3,648 <	OTC Rental Income	8,916	9,050	9,739	10,611
Performing Arts Center 1,650 1,929 1,528 1,410 Other 820 809 835 883 TOTAL 2,470 2,738 2,363 2,293 LICENSES AND PERMITS Business Licenses 1,401 1,340 1,257 1,197 Building Inspections 3,988 4,023 3,861 3,456 Other Licenses and Permits 3,129 3,128 2,748 2,614 TOTAL 8,518 8,491 7,866 7,267 MISCELLANEOUS REVENUE Public Safety 3,084 3,614 3,855 4,046 E911 Fees 3,104 3,450 3,775 3,648 General Government - Indirects 7,716 7,829 9,020 9,053 Streets and Highways 4,309 5,768 5,685 5,957 Fines and Forfeitures 7,966 8,922 9,541 10,653 Interest Income 8,280 6,335 5,433 5,989 Loan Proceeds 28,720	TOTAL	274,503	250,549	241,788	235,746
Other 820 809 835 883 TOTAL 2,470 2,738 2,363 2,293 LICENSES AND PERMITS Business Licenses 1,401 1,340 1,257 1,197 Building Inspections 3,988 4,023 3,861 3,456 Other Licenses and Permits 3,129 3,128 2,748 2,614 TOTAL 8,518 8,491 7,866 7,267 MISCELLANEOUS REVENUE Public Safety 3,084 3,614 3,855 4,046 E911 Fees 3,104 3,450 3,775 3,648 General Government - Indirects 7,716 7,829 9,020 9,053 Streets and Highways 4,309 5,768 5,685 5,957 Fines and Forfeitures 7,966 8,922 9,541 10,653 Interest Income 8,280 6,335 5,433 5,989 Loan Proceeds 28,720 61,725 1,315 40,135 Other Miscellaneous 5,012	CULTURAL AND RECREATION				
TOTAL 2,470 2,738 2,363 2,293 LICENSES AND PERMITS Business Licenses 1,401 1,340 1,257 1,197 Building Inspections 3,988 4,023 3,861 3,456 Other Licenses and Permits 3,129 3,128 2,748 2,614 TOTAL 8,518 8,491 7,866 7,267 MISCELLANEOUS REVENUE 70 8,518 8,491 7,866 7,267 MISCELLANEOUS REVENUE 8,518 8,491 7,866 7,267 MISCELLANEOUS REVENUE 8,084 3,614 3,855 4,046 E911 Fees 3,104 3,450 3,775 3,648 General Government - Indirects 7,716 7,829 9,020 9,053 Streets and Highways 4,309 5,768 5,685 5,957 Fines and Forfeitures 7,966 8,922 9,541 10,653 Interest Income 8,280 6,335 5,433 5,989 Loan Proceeds 28,720 6	Performing Arts Center	1,650	1,929	1,528	1,410
Description Color	Other	820	809	835	883
Business Licenses 1,401 1,340 1,257 1,197 Building Inspections 3,988 4,023 3,861 3,456 Other Licenses and Permits 3,129 3,128 2,748 2,614 TOTAL 8,518 8,491 7,866 7,267 MISCELLANEOUS REVENUE Public Safety 3,084 3,614 3,855 4,046 E911 Fees 3,104 3,450 3,775 3,648 General Government - Indirects 7,716 7,829 9,020 9,053 Streets and Highways 4,309 5,768 5,685 5,957 Fines and Forfeitures 7,966 8,922 9,541 10,653 Interest Income 8,280 6,335 5,433 5,989 Loan Proceeds 28,720 61,725 1,315 40,135 Other Miscellaneous 26,995 22,618 17,022 24,897 TOTAL 90,174 120,261 55,646 104,378 INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE 5,012 5,	TOTAL	2,470	2,738	2,363	2,293
Building Inspections 3,988 4,023 3,861 3,456 Other Licenses and Permits 3,129 3,128 2,748 2,614 TOTAL 8,518 8,491 7,866 7,267 MISCELLANEOUS REVENUE Public Safety 3,084 3,614 3,855 4,046 E911 Fees 3,104 3,450 3,775 3,648 General Government - Indirects 7,716 7,829 9,020 9,053 Streets and Highways 4,309 5,768 5,685 5,957 Fines and Forfeitures 7,966 8,922 9,541 10,653 Interest Income 8,280 6,335 5,433 5,985 Loan Proceeds 28,720 61,725 1,315 40,135 Other Miscellaneous 26,995 22,618 17,022 24,897 TOTAL 90,174 120,261 55,646 104,378 INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE 5,012 5,205 0 0 Vehicle License, Liquor, 7,183 7,2	LICENSES AND PERMITS				
Other Licenses and Permits 3,129 3,128 2,748 2,614 TOTAL 8,518 8,491 7,866 7,267 MISCELLANEOUS REVENUE Public Safety 3,084 3,614 3,855 4,046 E911 Fees 3,104 3,450 3,775 3,648 General Government - Indirects 7,716 7,829 9,020 9,053 Streets and Highways 4,309 5,768 5,685 5,957 Fines and Forfeitures 7,966 8,922 9,541 10,653 Interest Income 8,280 6,335 5,433 5,989 Loan Proceeds 28,720 61,725 1,315 40,135 Other Miscellaneous 26,995 22,618 17,022 24,897 TOTAL 90,174 120,261 55,646 104,378 INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE 5,012 5,205 0 0 Vehicle License, Liquor, 7,163 7,174 Other Intergovernmental Rev 978 2,128 2,221 <t< td=""><td>Business Licenses</td><td>1,401</td><td>1,340</td><td>1,257</td><td>1,197</td></t<>	Business Licenses	1,401	1,340	1,257	1,197
TOTAL 8,518 8,491 7,866 7,267 MISCELLANEOUS REVENUE 3,084 3,614 3,855 4,046 E911 Fees 3,104 3,450 3,775 3,648 General Government - Indirects 7,716 7,829 9,020 9,053 Streets and Highways 4,309 5,768 5,685 5,957 Fines and Forfeitures 7,966 8,922 9,541 10,653 Interest Income 8,280 6,335 5,433 5,989 Loan Proceeds 28,720 61,725 1,315 40,135 Other Miscellaneous 26,995 22,618 17,022 24,897 TOTAL 90,174 120,261 55,646 104,378 INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE 5,012 5,205 0 0 Grants 5,012 5,205 0 0 Vehicle License, Liquor, 7,183 7,220 7,163 7,174 Other Intergovernmental Rev 978 2,128 2,221 2,507	Building Inspections	3,988	4,023	3,861	3,456
MISCELLANEOUS REVENUE Public Safety 3,084 3,614 3,855 4,046 E911 Fees 3,104 3,450 3,775 3,648 General Government - Indirects 7,716 7,829 9,020 9,053 Streets and Highways 4,309 5,768 5,685 5,957 Fines and Forfeitures 7,966 8,922 9,541 10,653 Interest Income 8,280 6,335 5,433 5,989 Loan Proceeds 28,720 61,725 1,315 40,135 Other Miscellaneous 26,995 22,618 17,022 24,897 TOTAL 90,174 120,261 55,646 104,378 INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE 5,012 5,205 0 0 Vehicle License, Liquor, 7,183 7,220 7,163 7,174 Other Intergovernmental Rev 978 2,128 2,221 2,507 TOTAL 13,173 14,553 9,384 9,681	Other Licenses and Permits	3,129	3,128	2,748	2,614
Public Safety 3,084 3,614 3,855 4,046 E911 Fees 3,104 3,450 3,775 3,648 General Government - Indirects 7,716 7,829 9,020 9,053 Streets and Highways 4,309 5,768 5,685 5,957 Fines and Forfeitures 7,966 8,922 9,541 10,653 Interest Income 8,280 6,335 5,433 5,989 Loan Proceeds 28,720 61,725 1,315 40,135 Other Miscellaneous 26,995 22,618 17,022 24,897 TOTAL 90,174 120,261 55,646 104,378 INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE 5,012 5,205 0 0 Vehicle License, Liquor, 5,012 5,205 0 0 Vehicle License, Liquor, 7,183 7,220 7,163 7,174 Other Intergovernmental Rev 978 2,128 2,221 2,507 TOTAL 13,173 14,553 9,384 9,681	TOTAL	8,518	8,491	7,866	7,267
E911 Fees 3,104 3,450 3,775 3,648 General Government - Indirects 7,716 7,829 9,020 9,053 Streets and Highways 4,309 5,768 5,685 5,957 Fines and Forfeitures 7,966 8,922 9,541 10,653 Interest Income 8,280 6,335 5,433 5,989 Loan Proceeds 28,720 61,725 1,315 40,135 Other Miscellaneous 26,995 22,618 17,022 24,897 TOTAL 90,174 120,261 55,646 104,378 INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE 5,012 5,205 0 0 Vehicle License, Liquor, 7,183 7,220 7,163 7,174 Other Intergovernmental Rev 978 2,128 2,221 2,507 TOTAL 13,173 14,553 9,384 9,681	MISCELLANEOUS REVENUE				
General Government - Indirects 7,716 7,829 9,020 9,053 Streets and Highways 4,309 5,768 5,685 5,957 Fines and Forfeitures 7,966 8,922 9,541 10,653 Interest Income 8,280 6,335 5,433 5,989 Loan Proceeds 28,720 61,725 1,315 40,135 Other Miscellaneous 26,995 22,618 17,022 24,897 TOTAL 90,174 120,261 55,646 104,378 INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE 5,012 5,205 0 0 Vehicle License, Liquor, 5,012 5,205 0 0 Vehicle License, Liquor, 7,183 7,220 7,163 7,174 Other Intergovernmental Rev 978 2,128 2,221 2,507 TOTAL 13,173 14,553 9,384 9,681	Public Safety	3,084	3,614	3,855	4,046
Streets and Highways 4,309 5,768 5,685 5,957 Fines and Forfeitures 7,966 8,922 9,541 10,653 Interest Income 8,280 6,335 5,433 5,989 Loan Proceeds 28,720 61,725 1,315 40,135 Other Miscellaneous 26,995 22,618 17,022 24,897 TOTAL 90,174 120,261 55,646 104,378 INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE 5,012 5,205 0 0 Vehicle License, Liquor, 7 7,163 7,174 Other Intergovernmental Rev 978 2,128 2,221 2,507 TOTAL 13,173 14,553 9,384 9,681			3,450	3,775	
Fines and Forfeitures 7,966 8,922 9,541 10,653 Interest Income 8,280 6,335 5,433 5,989 Loan Proceeds 28,720 61,725 1,315 40,135 Other Miscellaneous 26,995 22,618 17,022 24,897 TOTAL 90,174 120,261 55,646 104,378 INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE 5,012 5,205 0 0 Vehicle License, Liquor, 7 7,163 7,174 Other Intergovernmental Rev 978 2,128 2,221 2,507 TOTAL 13,173 14,553 9,384 9,681					
Interest Income 8,280 6,335 5,433 5,989 Loan Proceeds 28,720 61,725 1,315 40,135 Other Miscellaneous 26,995 22,618 17,022 24,897 TOTAL 90,174 120,261 55,646 104,378 INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE 5,012 5,205 0 0 Venicle License, Liquor, 7 7,163 7,174 Other Intergovernmental Rev 978 2,128 2,221 2,507 TOTAL 13,173 14,553 9,384 9,681			•		
Loan Proceeds 28,720 61,725 1,315 40,135 Other Miscellaneous 26,995 22,618 17,022 24,897 TOTAL 90,174 120,261 55,646 104,378 INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE Grants 5,012 5,205 0 0 Vehicle License, Liquor, Tobacco and Gasoline Taxes 7,183 7,220 7,163 7,174 Other Intergovernmental Rev 978 2,128 2,221 2,507 TOTAL 13,173 14,553 9,384 9,681					
Other Miscellaneous 26,995 22,618 17,022 24,897 TOTAL 90,174 120,261 55,646 104,378 INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE Grants 5,012 5,205 0 0 Vehicle License, Liquor, Tobacco and Gasoline Taxes 7,183 7,220 7,163 7,174 Other Intergovernmental Rev 978 2,128 2,221 2,507 TOTAL 13,173 14,553 9,384 9,681					
TOTAL 90,174 120,261 55,646 104,378 INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE Grants					
INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE Grants 5,012 5,205 0 0 Vehicle License, Liquor, 7,183 7,220 7,163 7,174 Other Intergovernmental Rev 978 2,128 2,221 2,507 TOTAL 13,173 14,553 9,384 9,681	Other Miscellaneous	26,995	22,618	17,022	24,897
Grants 5,012 5,205 0 0 Vehicle License, Liquor, Tobacco and Gasoline Taxes 7,183 7,220 7,163 7,174 Other Intergovernmental Rev 978 2,128 2,221 2,507 TOTAL 13,173 14,553 9,384 9,681	TOTAL	90,174	120,261	55,646	104,378
Vehicle License, Liquor, 7,183 7,220 7,163 7,174 Other Intergovernmental Rev 978 2,128 2,221 2,507 TOTAL 13,173 14,553 9,384 9,681	INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE				
Tobacco and Gasoline Taxes 7,183 7,220 7,163 7,174 Other Intergovernmental Rev 978 2,128 2,221 2,507 TOTAL 13,173 14,553 9,384 9,681		5,012	5,205	0	0
Other Intergovernmental Rev 978 2,128 2,221 2,507 TOTAL 13,173 14,553 9,384 9,681	•				
TOTAL 13,173 14,553 9,384 9,681					
	Other Intergovernmental Rev	978	2,128	2,221	2,507
GRAND TOTAL \$ 753,084 \$ 753,165 \$ 666,468 \$ 702,022	TOTAL	13,173	14,553	9,384	9,681
	GRAND TOTAL	\$ 753,084	\$ 753,165	\$ 666,468	\$ 702,022

^{*}Charges from Internal Service Funds are excluded.

Note: Internal Transfers In are excluded from this analysis.

Historical Information has been restated. The Tulsa Airport Authority is no longer reported as City of Tulsa entity.

by Programs and Departments (amounts expressed in thousands)

	FY 19 PLANNED	FY 18 ADOPTED	FY 17 ORIGINAL	FY 17 VS	
	BUDGET	BUDGET	BUDGET	AMOUNT	PERCENT
PROGRAMS AND DEPARTMENTS	BODGET	BODGET	BODGET	AWOUNT	PERCENT
Public Safety and Protection	\$ 194,103	\$ 191,243	\$ 180,203	\$ 11,040	6.1%
Municipal Court Police	2,353 110,603	2,316 108,306	2,910 100,238	(594) 8,068	-20.4% 8.0%
Fire Emergency Medical Services Authority Tulsa Area Emergency Mgmt.	75,272 5,735 140	72,124 8,357 140	70,080 6,831 144	2,044 1,526 (4)	2.9% 22.3% -2.8%
Cultural Development And Recreation	25,907	25,871	25,238	633	2.5%
Park and Recreation Gilcrease Museum	19,234 3,100	19,254 3,067	18,612	642 64	3.4% 2.1%
Performing Arts Center	2,891	2,868	3,003 2,948	(80)	-2.7%
River Parks Authority	682	682	675	7	1.0%
Social and Economic Development	19,354	20,307	19,586	721	3.7%
Mayor's Office of Economic Development Working in Neighborhoods	5,794 6,945	5,879 6,732	5,774 6,333	105 399	1.8% 6.3%
Planning & Development	6,615	7,696	7,479	217	2.9%
Transportation and Public Works	208,926	210,913	203,533	7,380	3.6%
Engineering Services	16,968	16,204	14,762	1,442	9.8%
Streets and Stormwater	62,127	63,487	59,108	4,379	7.4%
Water and Sewer Tulsa Transit	118,911 10,920	123,358 7,864	122,127 7,536	1,231 328	1.0% 4.4%
Administration	116,752	117,109	115,812	1,297	1.1%
Mayor	1,485	1,458	1,262	196	15.5%
City Auditor	1,150	1,188	1,122	66	5.9%
City Council	1,237	1,215	1,255	(40)	-3.2%
Mayor's Office of Human Rights	520	512	490	22	4.5%
Legal	3,929	3,884	3,647	237	6.5%
Human Resources	30,798	29,993	29,384	609	2.1%
Workers' Compensation	4,700	4,700	5,700	(1,000)	-17.5%
Employees Insurance Administration	0	0	0	0	0.0%
General Government INCOG	2,399 1,006	2,383 1,006	2,700 951	(317) 55	-11.7% 5.8%
Finance	18,489	18,814	18,239	575	3.2%
Information Technology	20,072	20,566	19,754	812	4.1%
Customer Care	2,279	2,248	2,181	67	3.1%
Communications	574	571	556	15	2.7%
Asset Management	28,114	28,571	28,571	0	0.0%
TRANSFERS AND DEBT	220,686	216,255	200,087	16,168	8.1%
Transfers - Internal & Outside	81,229	86,720	61,520	25,200	41.0%
Debt Service	139,457	129,535	138,567	(9,032)	-6.5%
Total All Funds Less:	785,728	781,698	744,459	37,239	5.0%
Internal Transfers	61,987	64,850	53,246	11,604	21.8%
Internal Service Funds	47,532	46,896	48,626	(1,730)	-3.6%
OPERATING BUDGET	\$ 676,209	\$ 669,952	\$ 642,587	\$ 27,365	4.3%

Note: Historical data has been restated to to reflect reorganizations and discontinued grant programs. The Tulsa Airport Authority is no longer reported as a City of Tulsa entity.

by Programs and Departments (amounts expressed in thousands)

	A	FY 16 ACTUAL	A	FY 15 ACTUAL		FY 14 ACTUAL	A	FY 13 CTUAL
	EXP	ENDITURES	EXP	ENDITURES	EXP	ENDITURES	EXPE	NDITURES
PROGRAMS AND DEPARTMENTS					•			
Public Safety and Protection Municipal Court Police Fire	\$	179,922 2,990 100,255 72,325	\$	173,016 2,177 97,605 68,472	\$	170,877 2,333 94,553 68,274	\$	166,388 2,949 93,197 64,903
Emergency Medical Services Authority Tulsa Area Emergency Mgmt.		4,215 136		4,626 136		5,566 151		5,182 157
Cultural Development And Recreation Park and Recreation Gilcrease Museum Performing Arts Center River Parks Authority Social and Economic Development Mayor's Office of Economic Development Working in Neighborhoods Planning & Development Transportation and Public Works Engineering Services Streets and Stormwater	t	24,446 18,043 3,037 2,745 620 18,948 6,719 6,023 6,205 181,377 13,049 52,365		24,257 17,950 3,002 2,689 616 17,363 5,020 6,619 5,724 182,934 13,669 61,055		24,643 18,337 2,919 2,673 714 14,230 2,818 4,736 6,676 191,877 13,446 65,596		25,763 19,218 2,866 2,867 812 14,862 2,734 4,973 7,155 197,525 14,208 69,184
Water and Sewer Tulsa Transit		108,633 7,330		100,679 7,531		105,121 7,714		106,109 8,024
Administration Mayor City Auditor City Council Mayor's Office of Human Rights Legal Human Resources Workers' Compensation Employees Insurance Administration General Government INCOG Finance Information Technology Customer Care Communications Asset Management TRANSFERS AND DEBT		109,708 925 1,036 1,188 411 3,305 3,544 5,138 23,750 2,075 978 18,241 19,919 2,094 610 26,494 219,948		99,845 844 917 1,024 427 3,102 3,947 5,579 22,061 1,672 1,005 16,661 20,389 1,836 614 19,767 217,434		92,360 890 933 1,047 557 3,102 3,914 5,664 23,896 1,940 1,020 12,284 18,974 1,785 649 15,705 144,713		99,445 1,006 1,048 1,058 623 3,666 4,392 7,307 23,144 2,278 1,089 13,876 22,534 1,694 653 15,077 193,605
Transfers Debt Service		74,620 145,328		30,753 186,681		30,466 114,247		63,030 130,575
Total All Funds Less: Transfers		734,349 52,492		714,849 21,812		638,700 21,964		697,588 63,030
Internal Service Funds	_	43,596		44,807		47,233		49,475
OPERATING BUDGET	\$	638,261	\$	648,230	<u>\$</u>	569,503	\$	585,083

Note: Historical data has been restated to to reflect reorganizations and discontinued grant programs. The Tulsa Airport Authority is no longer reported as a City of Tulsa entity.

by Fund (amounts expressed in thousands)

	FY 19 PLANNED	FY 18 ADOPTED	FY 17 ORIGINAL	FY 17 VS	
FUND NAME	BUDGET	BUDGET	BUDGET	AMOUNT	PERCENT
OPERATING FUNDS					
1080 General Fund	\$ 271,845	\$ 269,442	\$ 267,483	\$ 1,959	0.7%
2240 Airforce Plant 3 Fund	75	1,506	1,305	201	15.4%
2320 P.A. Law Enforcement	64	80	69	11	15.9%
2330 Juvenile Curfew Fines	14	14	13	1	7.7%
2420 E911 Fee Operating	3,595	3,595	3,342	253	7.6%
2710 Economic Development	357	357	358	(1)	-0.3%
2720 Convention & Visitors Fund	3,714	3,714	3,819	(105)	-2.7%
2740 Public Safety Tax Fund	13,562	10,572	1,339	9,233	689.5%
2750 Streets and Transit Fund	6,241	5,070	2,312	2,758	119.3%
2810 Convention Fund	4,532	5,368	5,546	(178)	-3.2%
2910 Short Term Capital	9,755	9,765	9,923	(158)	-1.6%
3000 Municipal Employee Pension	375	370	345	25	7.2%
3450 One Technology Center Fund	10,400	10,868	10,517	351	3.3%
3623 TARE	27,136	27,615	26,661	954	3.6%
4102 Tulsa Stadium Improvement	3,536	3,630	3,564	66	1.9%
4122 Whittier Square Improvement	20	20	20	0	0.0%
4306 Debt Service (Sinking Fund)	94,405	86,299	83,091	3,208	3.9%
5561 Home Investment Partnership Program	1,272	1,275	1,276	(1)	-0.1%
5563 Emergencies Solutions Grant	284	284	284	0	0.0%
5565 Community Development Block Grant	3,924	3,945	4,267	(322)	-7.5%
5567 Housing Opportunities for Persons w/ AIDS	361	361	361	0	0.0%
5761 Federal Drug Forfeiture Awards	0	0	0	0	N/A
7010 Stormwater	31,679	31,589	28,910	2,679	9.3%
7020 Water Operating	121,150	132,256	123,083	9,173	7.5%
7030 Sewer Operating	119,801	114,088	106,742	7,346	6.9%
7050 Golf Course Operations	3,071	3,071	3,071	0	0.0%
7060 EMSA Enterprise Fund	7,028	9,648	8,132	1,516	18.6%
8011 Office Services	1,391	1,391	991	400	40.4%
8020 Workers' Compensation Fund	4,700	5,450	7,700	(2,250)	-29.2%
8025 Employees' Benefits Fund	26,575	25,822	25,328	494	2.0%
8030 Equipment Management	14,866	14,233	14,607	(374)	-2.6%
Total Operating Funds	785,728	781,698	744,459	37,239	5.0%
Less:					
Internal Transfers	61,987	64,850	53,246	11,604	21.8%
Internal Service Funds	47,532	46,896	48,626	(1,730)	-3.6%
	,,,,,,	,	10,020	(1,100)	3.370
OPERATING BUDGET	\$ 676,209	\$ 669,952	\$ 642,587	\$ 27,365	4.3%

Note: Historical data has been restated to reflect reorganizations and discontinued grant programs. The Tulsa Airport Authority is no longer reported as a City of Tulsa entity.

by Fund (amounts expressed in thousands)

		FY 16 ACTUAL		FY 15 ACTUAL		FY 14 ACTUAL		FY 13 CTUAL
FUND NAME	EXF	PENDITURES	EX	PENDITURES	EXI	PENDITURES	EXP	ENDITURES
OPERATING FUNDS								
1080 General Fund	\$	266,177	\$	258,606	\$	257,709	\$	270,365
2240 Airforce Plant 3 Fund		14		2		11		7
2320 P.A. Law Enforcement		87		121		117		125
2330 Juvenile Curfew Fines		17		24		20		26
2420 E911 Fee Operating		3,131		3,640		4,831		5,144
2710 Economic Development		353		335		2,610		2,760
2720 Convention & Visitors Fund		4,006		3,930		223		0
2740 Public Safety Tax Fund		0		0		0		0
2750 Streets and Transit Fund		0		0		0		0
2810 Convention Fund		5,467		6,144		5,586		5,786
2910 Short Term Capital		8,939		9,359		7,329		8,002
3000 Municipal Employee Pension		229		221		211		254
3450 One Technology Center Fund		10,910		10,179		10,923		9,982
3623 TARE		26,390		24,601		24,210		24,280
4102 Tulsa Stadium Improvement		3,653		3,572		3,324		3,477
4122 Whittier Square Improvement		13		16		20		50
4306 Debt Service (Sinking Fund)		103,532		136,332		65,644		97,909
5521 Home Investment Partnership Program		1,225		1,373		0		0
5520 Emergencies Solutions Grant		287		273		0		0
5535 Community Development Block Grant		4,314		4,629		0		0
5501 Housing Opportunities for Persons w/ AIDs	S	353		353		0		0
5761 Federal Drug Forfeiture Awards		106		513		243		69
7010 Stormwater		25,795		22,836		22,215		25,655
7020 Water Operating		118,537		92,432		99,469		109,432
7030 Sewer Operating		98,411		82,018		78,071		77,437
7050 Golf Course Operations		3,068		2,705		2,868		3,188
7060 EMSA Enterprise Fund		5,482		5,828		5,833		5,899
8011 Office Services		1,240		1,803		1,896		2,076
8020 Workers' Compensation Fund		5,138		5,579		5,724		7,307
8025 Employees' Benefits Fund		23,750		22,061		23,896		23,144
8030 Equipment Management		13,468	_	15,364		15,717		15,214
Total Operating Funds		734,092		714,849		638,700		697,588
Less:								
Transfers		52,492		21,812		21,964		63,030
Internal Service Funds		43,596		44,807		47,233		49,475
OPERATING BUDGET	\$	638,004	\$	648,230	\$	569,503	\$	585,083

Note: Historical data has been restated to reflect reorganizations and discontinued grant programs. The Tulsa Airport Authority is no longer reported as a City of Tulsa entity.

PUBLIC SAFETY

Police Department

The FY18 Police Department operating budget will increase by 8.0 percent over FY17. The budget provides \$108,000 for the General Fund transition of two officers who's Community Oriented Policing Services (COPS) grant funding will be exhausted in FY18. An additional \$1,520,000 will be in place to address overtime needs across the department. In order to help address vacancies, funding is in place for Police academies totaling 90 cadets in FY18. Forty of these cadets will be funded from the Public Safety Tax to continue the addition of officers provided by this sales tax initiative. The Public Safety Tax also continues to provide additional staffing and equipment for 911 operations. Also, \$125,000 is included for a Public Inebriate Initiative as an alternative to jail time, saving the City money and freeing up Police officer's for other work.

Fire Department

The FY18 Fire Department operating budget will increase by 2.9 percent over FY17. The budget will have \$1,161,000 included to address overtime needs across the department, as well as \$665,000 to purchase essential short-term capital equipment such as utility terrain vehicles for rapid rescue. Funding of \$75,000 has been included to continue shared operations of the TFD Fire Training Academy with Tulsa Community College. Fire academies totaling 35 cadets are provided in FY18 with 20 of these funded from the Public Safety Tax as we continue the addition of firefighters from this program. A SAFER (Staffing for Adequate Fire and Emergency Response) Grant continues to support 27 firefighters in the department in FY18 with these employees anticipated to transition to the General Fund in FY19.

CULTURAL AND RECREATION

Park and Recreation

The Parks' FY18 budget includes funds to accommodate a contractual increase of 2.5 percent with Tulsa Zoo Management Incorporated (TZMI). An additional \$396,000 will be included in the annual budget to purchase various operating capital equipment, such as security systems for Recreation Centers Both Lacy and Whiteside pools will be closed at various times for construction and funding is available to demolish 3 inoperative pools in FY18. Capital dollars have been included to continue the complete reconstruction of the Lacy and Whiteside pools. Funding is also available to treat city-owned ash trees for emerald ash borer.

Gilcrease Museum

Management of the Gilcrease Museum was contracted to the University of Tulsa in July, 2008. The FY18 Gilcrease contract is slightly higher as a result of the contractual CPI adjustment of 2.1 percent in FY18, although there will be no service levels changes included in the budget. Additionally, there will be no operating capital equipment purchases in the current budget. However, design will begin in FY18 to prepare for the expansion of the museum in FY19.

Performing Arts Center

The goal for the PAC is to continue to provide a first class facility and high quality services. The FY18 budget will decrease by 2.7 percent, largely due to operating capital reductions. General Fund resources will increase by 1.8 percent. Although there will be no operating capital funding in FY18, there will be several facility repairs funded throughout the year. Capital dollars of \$210,000 are included in the FY18 budget for facility refurbishment, including improvements at the ticketing station, main entrance, and various stages.

River Parks

The City will be providing short-term capital funds to River Parks in order to purchase one utility vehicle, bulk storage for the maintenance shop, and a pull-behind blower for landscaping. The FY18 River Parks operating budget will increase 1 percent from FY17.

SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Mayor's Office of Economic Development

This department was created in late FY14 from the reorganization of portions of the Mayor's Office, Finance, and Planning and Development's Economic Development Division. This department's annual budget will increase 1.8 percent in FY18. A portion of this increase is due the creation of a Deputy Director position within the department. The remaining additional dollars will be used to increase security, lighting, and advertising within the Tulsa Stadium Improvement District.

Working In Neighborhoods (WIN)

This department is responsible for operating the City's animal shelter and neighborhood inspections program, among other tasks. Beginning in FY15, the WIN Department began to recognize dollars from HUD grant funding within the Home Investment Partnership Program (HOME) and Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) programs as part of its departmental budget. In FY18, there will be \$300,000 in funding from the HOME grant, but CDBG funding will decrease by 9.7 percent. Lastly, \$197,000 in operational capital funding will be included to purchase 28 ruggedized laptops, 2 truck chassis, and 2 hydraulic lift animal boxes.

Planning and Development

The Planning and Development Department is responsible for the implementation of the City's comprehensive plan and development permitting including infrastructure and building plan review and inspection services for all private development within the City of Tulsa. As part of the Streets and Transit Tax, approved in April 2016, funding will be carried over from FY17, for planning associated with several transportation and public space improvement projects. General Fund resources were increased 3.5 percent in FY18. Lastly, the Planning Department will receive its first annual allocations from the Tulsa Vision Program, to be used for commercial revitalization along Route 66.

PUBLIC WORKS AND TRANSPORTATION

Engineering Services

The Engineering Services Department plans, designs, and field-inspects public improvements and capital projects for the City of Tulsa. The FY18 operating budget increased by 9.8 percent. The majority of this increase will be used to fund a new Stormwater Asset Management System, similar to the one utilized by TMUA. This system will inventory and inspect the drainage system to discern an assets physical condition and need of replacement or repair. This system will also aid in prioritizing Stormwater's capital needs in a more efficient and effective manner. The capital budget rose by 3.8 percent in FY18, reflecting the beginning of the Tulsa Economic Vision Capital Program.

Streets and Stormwater

The Streets and Stormwater Department's primary responsibilities involve stormwater and land management, street maintenance, traffic control, and refuse and recycling through the Tulsa Authority for the Recovery of Energy (TARE). The FY18 budget includes monies to restore supplies for graffiti removal, as well as fund two new positions related to the TV Inspection of Stormsewer lines and two new positions for emergency response concerning Stormwater calls. A total of 8 mowing cycles and one pre-emergent cycle will be funded for arterials and roadside ditches. The Refuse division will add two positions for illegal dumping investigation and bulky waste collection and expand the recycling education program. The Fee in Lieu of Taxes was increased from 5.8 percent to 6.175 percent in FY18. As part of the Streets and Transit Tax, funding will be provided for one additional street crew of 5 positions. Traffic Operations will receive funding for seven new positions related to traffic management across the city. Lastly, \$4,869,000 in operational capital funding will be included to purchase various capital equipment, such as: bucket trucks, dump trucks, excavators, and ruggedized laptops, among other things.

Water and Sewer

The Water and Sewer Department's primary responsibilities involve managing and operating the City's water and wastewater systems. This includes two water treatment plants and four wastewater treatment plants. Funding will be put in place in FY18 for a Senior Data Analyst; and the Management Analyst Intern and Payroll Clerk positions will be eliminated in the Administration section. To help implement a formal training program in the Sewer Operations and Maintenance division a new Crew Leader III position will be added. A new Public Outreach Coordinator will be added to the Water Quality Assurance division to augment the current public education efforts. To assist residents funding for Residential Sewer connections and rehabilitation program was included. A new initiative to assess the City's manholes was included in the FY18 budget. Electrical Utilities were decreased, as usage was not as high as expected when the new Ultra Violet disinfection system was put in place. The Fee in Lieu of Taxes was increased from 6.0 percent to 6.175 percent in FY18.

MTTA

Tulsa Transit will continue to focus on its core mission of meeting local transportation needs and commitment to safe, efficient, and reliable service. The FY18 budget will include increased resources related to adjustments of the Authority's employee benefits. As energy costs are expected to remain low and more busses transition to CNG, funding for fuel expenses was again reduced in FY18. Additionally, funding is included from the Streets and Transit Fund to begin expanded services, as approved in the April 2016 vote. Sunday Service will begin in FY18, as well as funding will be increased for the Lift and Nightline Service contracts. Related to the increased ridership, the FY18 budget will include additional funding to begin outfitting more busses with security cameras.

ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPORT SERVICES

Elected Officials

The City Auditor's Office will continue to defer funding for two positions in FY18, while funding will include a Quality Assurance Review of the City Auditor. The City Council will also continue to defer funding for two positions in FY18 while having its equipment budget funded sufficiently to replace computers. The Mayor's Office will have additional funding in FY18 for the creation of the Office of Performance Strategy & Innovation. This office will focus on creating teams to test, measure, and scale new and best practices in the delivery of municipal services

Asset Management (AMD)

The FY18 Asset Management Department operating budget will remain at the FY17 level. As energy costs are expected to remain low and more of the City's fleet transition to CNG, funding for fuel expenses was again reduced in FY18 from \$1.95 to \$1.70. The budget will provide funding to address several facility maintenance issues in FY18. The One Technology Center (OTC) Fund will provide monies to perform the annual assessment and repair of the OTC's accompanying garage. Funding will also be in place to upgrade one elevator at OTC. A new fuel card reader will be installed at the West 23rd Street Fuel Island, as well. Remaining funding increases will be used to replace various fleet, and outsource motor vehicle repairs in FY18.

Other Administrative Departments

Resources have been allocated to the Administrative Departments in accordance with the Mayor, Tulsa City Council, and Citizen Survey priorities including efficient government and public safety. As the integration of the Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) project's first phase will be ending soon, multiple staff from the Finance and Human Resources departments will soon need to be transitioned back to the General Fund and their respective departments. Additionally, funding is included to support the FY18 transition one Telecommunicator positions from the Police Department to Human Resources, where the position will focus on E911 Recruiting Analysis. Funding has also been restored to the Tulsa Spirit Ambassadors program. There are no further service increases anticipated within the City's remaining Administrative departments. As current service demands from General Fund departments continue to outpace revenue growth, these departments will continue to be challenged to reduce costs and enhance efficiencies in order to meet current and anticipated service levels and key performance indicators. Performance Measures will be reevaluated and adjusted as necessary for FY19.

Figure 18
CHANGES BY MAJOR EXPENDITURE CATEGORY
ALL OPERATING FUNDS

	(amounts	expressed in t	nousands)		
		Fiscal Year			
	FY19	FY18	FY17	FY17 vs FY18	FY17 vs FY18
Expenditure Category	Planned	Adopted	Original	\$ Change	% Change
Personal Services	\$299,101	\$291,387	\$ 276,486	\$14,901	5.4%
Materials & Supplies	31,145	30,880	31,211	(331)	-1.1%
Other Charges	205,008	198,650	198,927	(277)	-0.1%
Operating Capital	24,053	36,169	30,917	5,252	17.0%
Debt Service	151,108	142,519	138,567	3,952	2.9%
Transfers Out	75,313	82,093	68,351	13,742	20.1%
	785,728	781,698	744,459	37,239	5.0%
Less Internal Transfers*					
and Internal Services	109,519	111,746	101,872	9,874	9.7%
Total Operating Budget	\$676,209	\$669,952	\$642,587	\$27,365	4.3%

CHANGES IN CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT FUNDS

The FY18 capital budget totals \$156,876,000 - a \$31,498,000 increase, 25.1 percent, from FY17. In FY09, voters approved the Fix Our Streets initiative totaling \$451,628,000, of which \$285,000,000 is provided by general obligation bonds. To date, all \$285,000,000 has been issued. In FY14, voters approved the Improve Our Tulsa capital program to begin at the conclusion of the Fix Our Streets program in FY15. This program will provide \$918,700,000, of which \$355,000,000 is provided by general obligation bonds with the remaining \$563,700,000 coming from the extension of a capital improvements sales tax. To date, \$205,000,000 in bonds has been issued with the anticipation that another \$75,000,000 will be issued in FY18. This initiative was designed primarily to address streets and transportation needs, however, notable funds have been directed towards citywide and departmental capital needs as well. In FY16, voters approved the most recent capital program, the 2016 Tulsa Economic Vision Program. The program will provide \$510,600,000 in funds to address economic development projects across the City. Projects in this program received their first appropriations in FY17 through the first of four anticipated revenue bond issuances. Lastly in FY18, authorities are scheduled to finance projects totaling \$43,629,000 with revenue bonds and loans.

Public Safety and Protection

FY18 appropriations in this category total \$11,072,000. The Police Department will be spending \$3.1 million of this on the replacement of capital equipment and squad cars, while another \$1,500,000 will be appropriated towards the purchase of a new helicopter; as the existing asset has reached the end of its useful life. Lastly, the E-911 Center will be receiving \$172,000 in FY's 18-19 to complete various facility repairs. The Fire Department will spend \$1.5 million on the rehabilitation of various stations, including driveways and the replacement of bay doors. Additionally, Fire will receive its first appropriations of apparatus funding from the Improve Our Tulsa program. Fire will receive \$4,800,000 in FY18 to replace; 4 Engines, 2 Quints, an Airboat, and 2 Light Response Vehicles.

Cultural Development and Recreation

FY18 appropriations in this category total \$37,935,000. The Parks and Recreation Department will receive \$5.9 million for various projects. Construction will to begin on the \$1.2 million Whiteside Pool project. The remaining \$4.7 million will be spent on new playground equipment and safety surfaces at eleven sites. The Tulsa Zoo will receive \$500,000 to continue construction on the Carnivores Exhibit, as part of the Tulsa Zoo Master Plan. The largest portion of the remaining funds, \$20,700,000, will be spent on new construction and improvements on behalf of the Riverparks Authority. This includes beginning work on the new Zink Dam, pedestrian bridge, and Cousin's Park trail; all of which are part of the recent Tulsa Vision Program.

Public Works, Transportation, and Infrastructure

FY18 total "pay as you go" appropriations in this category total \$135,606,000. This total does not include \$11,429,000 in general obligation and revenue bonds, which are off-cycle appropriations and not included in the annual adopted budget. Water system improvements are primarily targeted to the City's treatment and distribution systems, however as recommended by the current Water/Sewer Comprehensive Plan, the City has recently begun directing more funding towards the rehabilitation of water related facilities. These projects will receive a combined total of \$55,017,000 in FY18. Sanitary sewer projects will receive a combined allocation of \$46,291,000 in FY18. Funding continues to be fairly evenly distributed between citywide needs and specific treatment plant and lift station improvements. There will be \$4,405,000 appropriated for the replacement of concrete piping, reflecting the Tulsa Municipal Utility Authority's (TMUA) dedication to replace a dedicated percent annually. Additionally, \$2,319,000 will be appropriated to provide sewer utilities to currently unsewered areas. Stormwater improvements consist of small neighborhood drainage projects and will receive \$5,100,000 in FY18 allocations. There will also be \$83,119,000 in allocations from the 2014 Sales Tax Fund, as well as \$75,000,000 in allocations from the fifth issue of the 2014 Improve Our Tulsa Bond Program. Of these dollars, Street and Expressways will receive total appropriations of \$107,735,000 for improvements including major street rehabilitation and road widening, bridge replacement and repair, and various traffic control projects. Additionally, \$1,365,000 will be allocated to address facility and roofing needs citywide. This includes \$390,000 to address infrastructure identified by the City's Americans With Disabilities Act (ADA) Self Evaluation.

Social and Economic Development

The Planning and Development Department will receive allocations of \$7,950,000 in FY18. These funds will be directed towards infrastructure improvements related to the 36th Street North Small Area Plan, as well as \$3,000,000 towards flood plain improvements within the Pearl District.

Administrative and Support Services

The Asset Management Department (AMD) will receive allocations of \$340,000 in FY18. This funding will be used to address site and facility repairs; including sidewalks, HVAC, plumbing and energy upgrades at various AMD sites. Lastly, \$6,500,000 will be allocated for the replacement of various citywide capital equipment, as supported by the 2012 Equipment Study.

Economic Development

As part of the recent Tulsa Vision Economic Development Program, \$99,150,000 will be appropriated in FY18 to kick off construction of multiple projects across the City. This includes \$12.5 million in dedicated funding for the Tulsa Fairgrounds, \$12.0 million for widening and improvements on the South Mingo Rd corridor, and \$6.0 million to begin the expansion of the Gilcrease Museum.

Conclusion

As noted above, the Improve Our Tulsa capital program will provide \$918,700,000 to address the City's street maintenance backlog, as well as the City's aging facilities infrastructure and departmental capital needs. This program will continue through FY21, or until all projects are complete, depending on which circumstance occurs first. Additionally, in FY16, voters approved the most recent capital program to address economic development needs across the City. This program will provide \$510,600,000 and received its first appropriations in late FY17 through the issuance of revenue bonds. The City will continue to utilize loans and revenue bonds to finance water and wastewater treatment plant improvements to address plant maintenance backlogs. Under current policy, the majority of the enterprise capital needs will continue to be financed through user charges and revenue bonds, as these systems are self-supporting.

IMPACT OF FY17 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS ON THE OPERATING BUDGETS

The City of Tulsa's capital budget has a direct impact on the City's operating budget. Some improvements may reduce financial obligations on the General Fund by creating cost-saving opportunities. However, some improvements funded in the capital budget will increase the City's operating expenses. These obligations may include increased maintenance costs, janitorial services, utilities, and personnel. Therefore, as part of preparing

the Capital Improvements Plan (CIP), estimates are submitted by sponsoring departments regarding future operating costs that these projects may incur. A listing of these projects is included in the Approved Capital Programs Summary in Section 6 of the Budget and Capital Plan.

The anticipated General Fund impact of recently completed capital projects is not expected to be extraordinary in FY18, however, it is possible this impact may grow in future years as more projects are completed in the Improve Our Tulsa and new 2017 Temporary Limited Use Sales Tax capital programs. The City continues its focus on renovation and rehab of existing infrastructure, began in the 2005 Capital Improvement Bond Program and as evidenced by the 2014 Improve Our Tulsa Sales Tax Program. A large number of projects in these programs focused on the rehabilitation or repair of existing assets which often have little to no additional impact on the General Fund. New construction or expansion projects will continue to be minimal in the immediate future, as most expansion projects were scheduled for funding in the later years of the program. Although, in FY18, several recently completed projects will have some impact on the operating budget.

Currently, the City's capital funding program is in transition between finalizing projects from the 2006 Sales Tax and 2008 Fix Our Streets programs and progressing into the construction phase of the 2014 Improve Our Tulsa program. The result is, outside of street rehabilitations, there are few projects anticipated to be completed in FY18 or FY19 that will impact the City's operating budget.

Cumulatively, the Parks Department will require an additional \$187,000 in its operating budget to cover the full year costs of personnel, maintenance, water, and lighting for assets to be completed in FY18. Site improvements at Ben Hill Park are anticipated to require an additional \$40,000 for operating expenses. However, it is the City's desire to eventually enter into a lease agreement with a private organization; that they may use the facility and maintain the property on the City's behalf. The first phase of the Lacy Park expansion should also be complete in FY18; and will then require an additional \$97,000 annually to cover the costs of additional personnel, utilities, and maintenance of the facility. Lastly, construction will be complete on the Lacy Park Water Playground and the McClure Pool; with each requiring an additional funding of \$40,000 and \$10,000 respectively. Per the Park's Master Plan, in an effort to minimize these operating impacts, the migration towards water parks will reduce costs in the operating budget over time as they are far less expensive to maintain than traditional pools as they age.

The Metropolitan Tulsa Transit Authority (MTTA) will be replacing several buses in FY18 as existing vehicles reach the end of their useful life. The annual operating impact for these replacements is \$42,000 and includes \$29,400 in utilities and fuel with \$12,600 anticipated for maintenance and materials. Overall, this impact should represent a net savings to MTTA as a result of these new CNG buses coming online and replacing the traditional diesel buses which are more expensive to operate and maintain. Additionally, construction of the Bus Rapid Transit project should be complete in late FY18, and will require additional operating funding. Currently this will be addressed by the Streets and Transportation Tax which voters passed in FY16. Specifically in FY18, MTTA will require an additional \$330,000 to operate its new Sunday Service.

Finally, as in prior years, considerable funding from the voter-approved capital packages will be appropriated for the rehabilitation of streets and expressways throughout the City of Tulsa. In FY18, street improvements will receive \$146.3 million in capital allocations. As more arterial and non-arterial streets are improved, the annual maintenance costs on existing roads should lessen as the aggregate useful life of the street system rises across

the	city
uie	City.

Fiscal Year Operating Budget			Capital Budget	Total		
Original 2016-2017	\$	642,587	\$ 125,378	\$	767,96	
Adopted 2017-2018	\$	669,952	\$ 156,876	\$	826,82	
Dollar Amount Change	\$	27,365	\$ 31,498	\$	58,86	
Percentage Difference (%)		4.3%	25.1%		7.	
Planned 2018-2019	\$	676,209	\$ 166,070	\$	842,27	

FISCAL YEAR 2018 ALL FUNDS COMPARISON OF REVENUE AND EXPENDITURES

(Amounts expressed in thousands)

	1080 General <u>Fund</u>		2000 Special <u>Revenue</u>		4000 Special Assessment		4306 Debt <u>Service</u>		5000 <u>Grants</u>	
BEGINNING BALANCE	\$	24,574	\$	7,072	\$	347	\$	69,448	\$	0
<u>RESOURCES</u>										
Taxes	\$	200,203	\$	25,632	\$	0	\$	78,637	\$	0
Enterprise Revenue		0		0		0		0		0
Cultural & Recreation		2,184		0		0		0		0
Licenses and Permits		8,593		0		0		0		0
Miscellaneous Revenue		32,047		6,216		3,448		0		849
Intergovernmental Revenue		8,036		10		0		0		5,020
GRAND TOTAL		251,063		31,858		3,448		78,637		5,869
Transfers In		18,044		9,771		10		2,472		0
Internal Service Charges	_	0		0		0		0		0
TOTAL REVENUE AND TRANSFERS IN	\$	269,107	\$	41,629	\$	3,458	\$	81,109	\$	5,869
EXPENDITURES/EXPENSES Public Safety and Protection Cultural Development and Recreation Social and Economic Development Public Works and Transportation Administrative and Support Services Transfers to Other Funds Debt Service	\$	164,783 21,483 11,755 25,978 39,914 5,529 0	\$	17,753 1,131 5,552 5,190 5,452 4,963 0	\$	0 0 1,364 0 108 2,178	\$	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 86,299	\$	0 0 1,561 400 3,904 0
Total	\$	269,442	\$	40,041	\$	3,650	\$	86,299	\$	5,865
RESOURCES LESS OUTLAYS	\$	(335)	\$	1,588	\$	(192)	\$	(5,190)	\$	4
BALANCE Less:	\$	24,239	\$	8,660	\$	155	\$	64,258	\$	4
Operating and Other Reserves		21,756		0		0		55,539		0
END OF YEAR BALANCE	\$	2,483	\$	8,660	\$	155	\$	8,719	\$	4

^{* -} Trust and Agency Enterprise financial data within the 3000 Fund category have been included.

FISCAL YEAR 2018 ALL FUNDS COMPARISON OF REVENUE AND EXPENDITURES

(Amounts expressed in thousands)

(Author	6000 Capital <u>Projects</u>		7000* Trust and <u>Enterprise</u>		8000 Internal <u>Service</u>		TOTAL	
BEGINNING BALANCE	\$	19,769	\$	54,046	\$	1,907	\$	177,164
RESOURCES								
Taxes	\$	110,303	\$	0	\$	0	\$	414,775
Enterprise Revenue		0		296,444		0		296,444
Cultural & Recreation		0		0		0		2,184
Licenses and Permits		0		52		0		8,645
Miscellaneous Revenue		3,526		9,057		191		55,334
Intergovernmental Revenue		0		0		0	0 13,06	
GRAND TOTAL		113,829		305,553		191		790,448
Transfers In		62,979		482		1,044		94,802
Internal Service Charges		0		0		45,064		45,064
TOTAL REVENUE AND TRANSFERS IN	\$	176,808	\$	306,035	\$	46,299	\$	930,314
EXPENDITURES/EXPENSES Public Safety and Protection Cultural Development and Recreation Social and Economic Development Public Works and Transportation Administrative and Support Services Transfers to Other Funds Debt Service	\$	6,300 4,340 9,400 136,496 340 12,472 0	\$	8,707 3,257 75 179,345 21,585 73,300 43,236	\$	0 0 0 0 46,146 750 0	\$	197,543 30,211 29,707 347,409 117,449 99,192 129,535
Total	\$	169,348	\$	329,505	\$	46,896	\$	951,046
RESOURCES LESS OUTLAYS BALANCE	\$	7,460 27,229	\$	(23,470) 30,576	\$	(597) 1,310	\$	(20,732) 156,432
Less Operating and Other Reserves				20,118		120		
Less Operating and Other Reserves		0		20,110		120		97,532
END OF YEAR BALANCE	\$	27,229	\$	10,458	\$	1,190	\$	58,900

 $^{^{\}star}$ - Trust and Agency Enterprise financial data within the 3000 Fund category have been included.

CAPITAL BUDGET

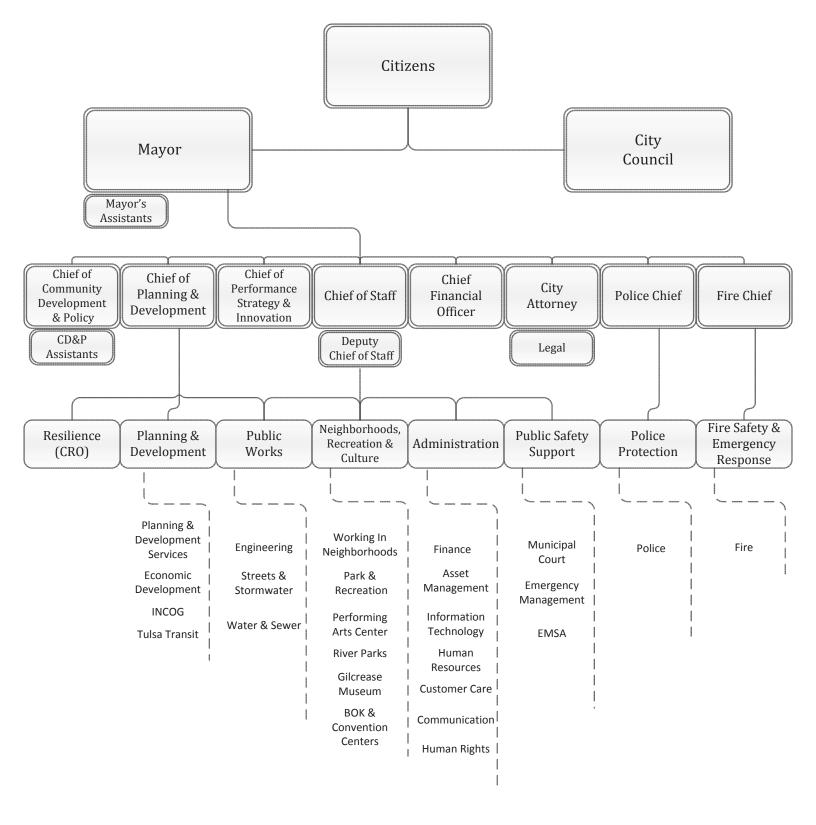
by Fund

(amounts expressed in thousands)

	FY 19 PLANNED	FY 18 ADOPTED	FY 17 ORIGINAL	FY 17 V DIFFER	FY 16	
FUND NAME	BUDGET	BUDGET	BUDGET	AMOUNT	PERCENT	ACTUAL
CAPITAL FUNDS						
6008 2001 Sales Tax	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ (370)	\$ 370	-100.0%	\$ 0
6009 2006 Special Extended Sales Tax	0	0	2,200	(2,200)	-100.0%	0
6011 2008 Special Temporary Streets Fundamental	d 0	0	0	0	N/A	5,500
6014 2014 Sales Tax Fund	86,661	83,199	83,446	(247)	-0.3%	81,659
6015 2016 Tulsa Economic Vision Fund	39,515	23,170	0	23,170	N/A	0
6021 TMUA Water Capital Projects	32,458	40,467	30,061	10,406	34.6%	34,904
6031 TMUA Sewer Capital Projects	23,208	17,412	14,221	3,191	22.4%	11,393
6041 Stormwater Capital Projects	5,000	5,100	5,500	(400)	-7.3%	5,000
Total Capital Funds	186,842	169,348	135,058	34,290	25.4%	138,456
Less: Transfers	20,772	12,472	9,680	2,792	28.8%	9,600
CAPITAL BUDGET	\$ 166,070	\$ 156,876	\$ 125,378	\$ 31,498	25.1%	\$ 128,856

CAPITAL BUDGET by Department

	FY 19	FY 18	FY 17	FY 17 V		
	PLANNED	ADOPTED	ORIGINAL	DIFFER	RENCE	FY 16
DEPARTMENT	BUDGET	BUDGET	BUDGET	AMOUNT	PERCENT	ACTUAL
Police Department	\$ 200	\$ 1,500	\$ 0	\$ 1,500	N/A	\$ 0
Fire Department	4,600	4,800	0	4,800	N/A	0
Park and Recreation	1,350	3,480	8,235	(4,755)	-57.7%	8,360
Performing Arts Center	710	710	2,850	(2,140)	-75.1%	460
River Parks Authority	0	0	0	0	N/A	6,890
Tulsa City/County Library	0	0	0	0	N/A	5,000
Tulsa Arts Commission	150	150	0	150	N/A	0
Mayor's Office of Economic Development	175	1,200	0	1,200	N/A	0
Planning and Development	375	5,400	300	5,100	>500%	2,900
Tulsa Public Schools	1,400	2,800	0	2,800	N/A	0
Engineering Services	150,976	113,185	109,062	4,123	3.8%	80,846
Streets and Stormwater	1,995	1,925	1,550	375	24.2%	4,660
Water and Sewer	1,908	1,852	560	1,292	230.7%	2,900
Tulsa Transit	1,466	19,534	1,981	17,553	>500%	3,994
Finance	0	0	0	0	N/A	1,206
Information Technology	0	0	0	0	N/A	10,000
Asset Management	765	340	840	(500)	-59.5%	1,640
TRANSFERS TO OTHER FUNDS	20,772	12,472	9,680	2,792	28.8%	9,600
Total Capital Funds	186,842	169,348	135,058	34,290	25.4%	138,456
Less: Transfers	20,772	12,472	9,680	2,792	28.8%	9,600
CAPITAL BUDGET	\$ 166,070	\$ 156,876	\$ 125,378	\$ 31,498	25.1%	\$ 128,856



DEVELOPMENT OF THE FISCAL YEAR 2017-2018 OPERATING AND CAPITAL BUDGET

September 2016	Early September: Department Directors debriefing on FY16 Budget Process.
September 2016	Mid-September: City Council debriefing on Budget. General discussion of changes and /or improvements. Discuss with Council the timing of the FY16 Compendium of Needs process.
October 2016	The Finance Department Budget and Planning Division notifies all departments that new capital requests and any revisions to previous submissions are due in November. A list of non-funded capital requests is provided to ensure they are all reviewed and updated.
November 2016	Departments review previous capital requests to ensure all information is still current and prepares new capital requests.
December 2016 – February 2017	Budget and Planning Division reviews all new capital requests. Projects are forwarded to the Indian Nations Council of Governments (INCOG) for review and comment and for presentation to the Tulsa Metropolitan Area Planning Commission (TMAPC).
December 2016	Budget and Planning Division distributes Budget Manual and other operating budget preparation material to departments. Meetings are held with departments' staff responsible for completing budget requests.
January 2017	Deadline for departments to submit operating budget requests and related supporting material.
February 2017	Proposed new capital projects are presented to TMAPC for review. TMAPC finds that the projects are in conformance with the City's comprehensive plan.
February 2017	Budget and Planning Division reviews budget requests and prepares summary reports. The Mayor and Management Team review the reports, preliminary revenue estimates and significant issues. Mayor briefs Council on Budget requests and preliminary revenue estimates.
February - March 2017	Budget and Planning Division, in close collaboration with departments, develops a proposed five-year capital improvements schedule - the first year of which will be the upcoming fiscal year's proposed capital budget.
March - April 2017	Mayor and Management Team are briefed on departments' requests. They make the policy decisions necessary to prepare a balanced budget for City Council consideration.
March 24, 2017	Submit Energy, Security, and Vehicle Policies to City Council as required by Ordinance.
April 26, 2017	Mayor presents proposed Budget and CIP to City Council.
May 2017	City Council reviews proposed Budget and CIP. As part of the process, the City Council holds hearings, one official as required by State Law, and interviews the Mayor and various department directors, as part of the deliberations.
June 7, 2017	Adoption of Budget, Capital Improvements Plan, and approval of resolutions related to trusts and their debt.

FIVE YEAR FINANCIAL FORECAST

FOR FISCAL YEARS 2018-2022

INTRODUCTION

This document covers major funds for Fiscal Years (FY) 2018 through 2022, and includes each fund's original FY17 budget as adopted by the City Council and approved by the Mayor. The annual report is prepared to provide policy makers with the most current information needed to make judgments about the major financial policy issues facing the City of Tulsa. It is not a detailed line-item spending plan, service delivery plan, or budget for the next five years, but an examination of how issues will affect Tulsa's financial condition. It has been designed to meet the following objectives:

- provide the Mayor and City Council with information about potential financial changes;
- · provide an updated financial base by which different financing options can be judged; and
- provide elected officials information about the long-term impacts of current and anticipated financial policies.

As with any multi-year analysis, it is based on assumptions about the future. Of particular importance to a study of this type is the performance of the national and local economies, since tax revenues and demands for services are directly related to private economic activity. As assumptions become less reliable the further out in time they are applied, it is important this type of analysis be updated annually as new data are available and new issues arise.

It begins with a review of the projected economic indicators and assumptions. This is followed by sections about the General Fund and enterprise funds.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

LOCAL ECONOMY

All labor figures have now regained losses sustained in the previous recession, and are currently maintaining at historic highs. The area labor force remained mostly stable, gaining 1,000 new participants in 2016. This was an increase of 0.21 percent over the previous year. Wage and Salary employment reported its sixth consecutive year of growth, increasing 0.3 percent over CY15, and ended the fiscal year at a seasonally adjusted total of 444,500. Both the greatest nominal and relative growth was sustained in the Service sector, which increased 1.2 percent over the previous fiscal year, and has grown a median annual rate of 1.04 percent over the previous ten years. The larger Total Employment survey reported a decrease of 0.5 percent over the previous year to total a seasonally adjusted 451,600 in CY16. As Total Employment fell while the labor force grew, the metro jobless rate rose in CY16 to 5.0 percent, an increase of 0.2 points from CY15 (4.8 percent). After five years of growth, retail sales in the TMSA remained essentially flat in CY16. However, the Oklahoma State University Center for Applied Economic Research (CAER) has forecast retail sales to grow at an annualized rate of 2.9 percent, employment at 1.3 percent and per capita personal income at 4.7 percent; over the coming 4 years.

Gross Metro Product (GMP) for the area was estimated to have grown 0.6 percent over the previous year; and is forecast to strengthen in the near future. CAER has forecast an annual growth rate of 2.8 percent through CY20. Barge freight improved a great deal in 2016, growing 46 percent over the previous year. The infrastructure project which closed several channels in 2015, is now complete and all channels are open. Air freight reported steady activity in 2016, missing 2015's record setting total by only 4,000 tons. Considering the conservative growth forecast in both employment and GMP, it is expected that although the pace may be slowing, the local economy will continue to experience modest improvement and continued stability for the near future.

GENERAL FUND

FY18 GF revenues are projected to be \$268.9 million. This is 0.6 percent more than the FY17 Original Budget and is largely due to use tax revenues. The GF will benefit from an increase in Fee in leiu of tax revenues that reflect utility rate increases of 4% Water, 9% Sewer, and 9% Stormwater rate and will also benefit from the dissolution of the Brady Tax Increment Financing District (TIF) providing an additional \$200,000 to the GF in FY18.

Budgeted revenues and expenditures are balanced in FY18. Expenditures largely reflect the FY18 Plan developed with the FY17 Adopted Budget. The primary exception is management's desire to address compensation issues. The FY18 budget includes performance increases for eligible sworn and non-sworn personnel that had an impact of \$3.1 million. The employer's contribution for health benefits is expected to increase by 10 percent starting in January 2018. That half year increase reflects a \$1 million impact in the budget. To address pension liability changes and required funding levels for the Municipal Employees Retirement Plan (MERP), the employer's contribution rate was increased from 11.5 percent to 15.5 percent, which had a \$2.0 million impact. Workers compensation premiums were reduced by 17.5 percent to match expected experience levels and reduced the GF by \$ 0.8 million. Changing the attrition assumption from 1 percent to 2 percent saved \$ 0.6 million.

SOLID WASTE

The City's new volume based refuse collection system has now been in effect for four years. It is modeled after other utilities such as water, electricity, or gas; in that the more that is used, the more one pays. Recycling disposal is also provided, though not mandatory. The Tulsa Public Facilities Authority issued Revenue Bonds worth \$10,900,000, in order to purchase trash carts which TARE then provided to customers for use. Debt service for carts, as well as operations, is financed through a Council approved service rate structure. Debt service on this issue is anticipated to end in FY21. There are no anticipated rate increases for FY's 18 through FY22.

WATER

The Tulsa Metropolitan Utility Authority (TMUA) contracted with the Infrastructure Management Group (IMG) Team in 2012 to complete a new comprehensive assessment of the City's water and sewer system. The 2012 Comprehensive Water System Study (CWSS) reviewed and built on the previous comprehensive plans prepared in 2001 and updated in 2008. The study reviewed the current operation and capital needs of the water system and made recommendations for future short-term and long-term capital improvements. TMUA first utilized the asset optimization program in FY16 to better align investments with asset failure cycles. Going forward, TMUA will continue to employ this methodology on all capital plans. Current projections recommend annual 4 percent rate increases in FY's 18 through 19, and 3 percent in FY20 through FY22.

SEWER

The Tulsa Metropolitan Utility Authority (TMUA) contracted with the Infrastructure Management Group (IMG) Team in 2012 to complete a new comprehensive assessment of the City's water and sewer system. The 2012 Comprehensive Water System Study (CWSS) reviewed and built on the previous comprehensive plans prepared in 2001 and updated in 2008. The study reviewed the current operation and capital needs of the wastewater system, in addition to addressing consent and administrative orders received by the Environmental Protection Agency and the Oklahoma Department of Environmental Quality. The updated CWSS makes recommendations for future short-term and long-term capital improvements. TMUA first utilized the asset optimization program in FY16 to better align investments with asset failure cycles. Going forward, TMUA will continue to employ this methodology on all capital plans. Current projections recommend annual rate increases of 9 percent for FY's 18 through FY21 and an increase of 8 percent in FY22.

STORMWATER

The stormwater program has been successful, but some physical components of the system are aging and need renovation. In FY18 the City will implement a Stormwater Asset Management System, similar to the one utilized by TMUA. This program will systematically inventory and inspect the drainage system to better align investments with asset failure cycles. Current projections recommend annual rate increases of 9 percent for FY's 18 through FY19. Future rate increases will be determined at a later date.

CITY OF TULSA FISCAL YEARS 2016 - 2022 FIVE-YEAR FINANCIAL FORECAST SUMMARY

Actual Operating Results for FY 2016, Original Budget for FY 2017, Planned Budgets for FY 2018, and Forecasted Budgets for FY 2019-2022

(amounts expressed in thousands)

	Actual 2016	Original Budget 2017	F	Planned 2018	F	orecast 2019	F	orecast 2020	F	orecast 2021	F	orecast 2022
General Fund												
Revenue	\$ 263,369	\$ 267,320	\$	268,877	\$	271,666	\$	273,703	\$	276,714	\$	279,758
Expenditures	\$ 266,178	\$ 267,483	\$	268,876	\$	271,590	\$	275,883	\$	280,264	\$	284,734
Revenue and Expenditures	\$ (2,809)	\$ (163)	\$	1	\$	76	\$	(2,180)	\$	(3,550)	\$	(4,976)
Water Fund												
Revenue	\$ 115,924	\$ 112,690	\$	117,783	\$	122,317	\$	126,238	\$	129,896	\$	133,662
Expenditures	\$ 118,538	\$ 123,083	\$	132,392	\$	122,133	\$	126,084	\$	129,622	\$	133,540
Revenue and Expenditures	\$ (2,614)	\$ (10,393)	\$	(14,609)	\$	184	\$	154	\$	274	\$	122
Sewer Fund												
Revenue	\$ 99,584	\$ 102,118	\$	110,953	\$	120,114	\$	130,056	\$	140,847	\$	151,629
Expenditures	\$ 98,412	\$ 106,742	\$	112,145	\$	119,738	\$	129,560	\$	140,274	\$	151,094
Revenue and Expenditures	\$ 1,172	\$ (4,624)	\$	(1,192)	\$	376	\$	496	\$	573	\$	535
Stormwater Fund												
Revenue	\$ 27,202	\$ 27,536	\$	29,173	\$	31,799	\$	32,717	\$	32,733	\$	32,749
Expenditures	\$ 25,795	\$ 29,087	\$	31,584	\$	31,643	\$	32,703	\$	32,767	\$	32,745
Revenue and Expenditures	\$ 1,407	\$ (1,551)	\$	(2,411)	\$	156	\$	14	\$	(34)	\$	4
TARE												
Revenue	\$ 26,782	\$ 26,960	\$	26,960	\$	26,960	\$	26,960	\$	26,960	\$	26,960
Expenditures	\$ 26,389	\$ 27,335	\$	27,307	\$	26,208	\$	26,757	\$	27,946	\$	29,668
Revenue and Expenditures	\$ 393	\$ (375)	\$	(347)	\$	752	\$	203	\$	(986)	\$ ((2,707,560)

CITY OF TULSA 2017 – 2018 BUDGET COMMUNITY PROFILE

GREATER TULSA

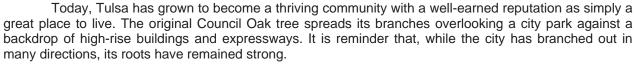
Tulsa's first "town council" meeting in 1836, under an oak tree which still stands on a hill near the downtown area, was presided over by Archie Yahola, a full-blooded Creek Indian and chief of the Tulsa Lochapolas. The name Tulsa was derived from "tallasi", a contraction of the Creek "Tullahassee" or "Tallahassee", meaning "old town".

The town's initial growth came as a center for ranchers, farmers, and traders. When the post office was established in 1879, the name Tulsa became official. Cattle ranching became a major business in the area and led to the extension of the Frisco Railroad into the city in 1882.

Tulsa was incorporated as a municipality on January 8, 1898. With the discovery of oil in nearby Red Fork in 1901, the city grew quickly, reaching a population of 7,298 by the time of Oklahoma statehood in 1907. By 1920, the population had reached 72,075 and Tulsa soon earned the title, "Oil Capital of the World".

Although oil-related businesses remain an important part of the city's economy, Tulsa has developed a widely diversified business base which

includes nationally prominent companies in; aviation and aerospace, telecommunications, data processing, manufacturing, and distribution. The community's employment base is diverse and balanced among several job sectors including; manufacturing, construction, services, high technology, health care, education, and transportation.



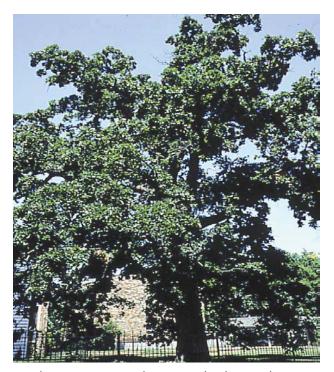


Tulsa is located in the northeastern quadrant of Oklahoma which is often called "green country" due to its wooded terrain in the rolling Ozark foothills. The city, which lies at an elevation of 700 feet above sea level, has a temperate climate. The average daily temperature is 61 degrees, the average rainfall is approximately 40 inches, and the city experiences continually changing conditions throughout all four seasons.

EDUCATION

The Tulsa Public School district, the second largest school district in Oklahoma, provides traditional educational settings and curricula as well as magnet and special emphasis schools that offer instruction in subjects such as languages, international studies, and health care. Tulsa Technology Center, with seven campuses, also plays a key role in the city's public secondary education portfolio. A number of excellent private schools are also available for students at both the primary and secondary levels.

In the arena of higher education, Tulsa offers a variety of options from community college and vocational studies to undergraduate, graduate, and professional degree programs at both public and private universities. These institutions include; Tulsa Community College, Oral Roberts University, University of Oklahoma, Langston University, University of Tulsa, Oklahoma State University, Spartan School of Aeronautics, Northeastern State University, OSU Center for Health Sciences and the OU Health



Sciences Center. As of the 2017 Spring Semester, 40,295 students were enrolled in institutions of higher learning.

BUSINESS AND INDUSTRY

Tulsa has undergone a gradual metamorphosis from a cow town/rail center, to oil and gas capital, to a multi-faceted cosmopolitan business environment with international connections. Having survived the economic roller coaster of oil booms and busts, the city now enjoys a diversified business base that includes employers in; health care, aerospace, telecommunications, data processing, higher education, aircraft maintenance, manufacturing, and professional services. Tulsa is home to regional headquarters for a number of Fortune 500 companies.

As noted in the Executive Summary, wage and salary employment growth is often positively related to sales tax revenues; the largest source of revenue for the city. The health of regional companies is vital to city services.

Leading employers in the metro area include; AAON, Alorica, American Airlines, AT&T/DIRECTV, Baker Hughes, Bank of Oklahoma, BC/BS of Oklahoma, Broken Arrow Public Schools, Cherokee Hard Rock Hotel and Casino, Enterprise Holdings, City Of Tulsa, Hillcrest Healthcare System, IC of Oklahoma, Jenks Public Schools, NORDAM Group, One Gas, ONEOK, Osage Casinos, OSU Medical Center, Owasso Public Schools, Public Service Company of Oklahoma, QuikTrip Corp, Reasor's Foods, River Spirit/Margaritaville Casino & Resort, Saint Francis Healthcare System, St. John Medical Center, State Farm Insurance, Spirit AeroSystems, Tulsa County, Tulsa Community College, Tulsa Public Schools, US Postal Service, Union Public Schools, University of Tulsa, Verizon, Wal-Mart Stores/ Sam's Club, and Williams Companies.

SHIPPING

Tulsa offers a wide range of shipping options including rail, water, highway, and air. One unique attribute is Tulsa's Port of Catoosa, created by the completion of the McClellen-Kerr Arkansas River Navigation System. The Port of Catoosa is the westernmost port on the Inland Waterway System. Another important contributor to economic growth in Tulsa and northeast Oklahoma is the Tulsa International Airport.

PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION

The City of Tulsa provides safe and well designed streets and expressways throughout the city. The Metropolitan Tulsa Transit Authority, which constructed a new downtown terminal in 1998 and more recently a new midtown station, serves passengers throughout the metropolitan area with efficient and low-cost transportation.

1,000+ EMPLOYERS IN THE TULSA AREA

AAON	OU-Tulsa Schusterman
Alorica	Owasso Public Schools
American Airlines, Inc.	Public Service Co. of OK
AT&T	Quik Trip
Baker Hughes	Reasor's
Bank of Oklahoma	River Spirit/Margaritaville
Blue Cross/Blue Shield OK	Casino & Resort
Broken Arrow Public School	Spirit AeroSystems
Cherokee Hard Rock Hotel	St. Francis Healthcare
and Casino	St. John Health System
	State Farm Insurance
City of Tulsa	
Direct TV	Tulsa Community College
Enterprise Holdings	Tulsa County
Hillcrest Healthcare Sys.	Tulsa Public Schools
IC of Oklahoma	US Postal Service
IC of Oklahoma	Union Public Schools
Jenks Public Schools	University of Tulsa
NORDAM Group	Verizon Business
ONE Gas	Wal-Mart Stores/ Sam's
ONEOK	Club
Osage Casinos	Williams Companies
OSU Medical Center	·

Source:

INSTITUTION OF I	HIGHER LI	EARNING
	Fall '15 Enrollment	Spring '16 Enrollment
Langston, Tulsa Campus NSU, Broken Arrow ORU OSU, Center for Health Sciences OSU, Tulsa OU, Tulsa, Health Science Center TCC University of Tulsa	2,542 8,111 3,611 926 2,559 es 1,374 17,135 4,563	2,192 7,379 3.470 947 2,504 1,381 15.288 4,254
*Includes students enrolle Source: Oklahoma State I Education		

Tulsa Metro Chamber

HEALTHCARE

Tulsa has a long history of outstanding health care provided by nationally recognized medical facilities. The city is home to two medical schools that offer not only state-of-the-art techniques and knowledge but also attract outstanding medical students and physicians. Beyond providing leading edge health care, the Tulsa medical community is also a major employer.

UTILITIES

Through a combination of public and private enterprises, Tulsa offers first-rate utility services. The City of Tulsa maintains an aggressive capital program to improve and maintain its facilities. Natural gas in Tulsa is provided for most residents by Oklahoma Natural Gas, and the primary provider of electricity is AEP PSO. Local telephone service is provided by 15 different providers. Due to the presence of Verizon, Level 3, and Williams; Tulsa has become a major telecommunications hub with an extensive network of digital and fiber optic links.

NEIGHBORHOODS

Tulsa's unique charm and character comes from the many different neighborhood communities which make up the metroplex. In a time when many cities are dominated by tract housing projects, Tulsans appreciate the diversity. Outlying communities include: Bixby, Broken Arrow, Catoosa, Jenks, Glenpool, Owasso, Sand Springs, Sapulpa, and Skiatook.

Importantly, Tulsa is experiencing growth in all directions. This growth is due in part to the high quality of affordability of housing, along with low interest rates for home loans. The National Association of Home Builders recently reported that nearly 75 percent of homes in Tulsa are considered affordable for the area's median income. In addition to current growth through new construction, Tulsa is committed to redevelopment of older neighborhoods to enhance both livability and property values.



By Daniel Kleefeld

GOVERNMENT

From 1909 to 1990, Tulsa was governed by a commission form of government. In 1990, the government changed to a mayor-council form under a voter-approved amended Charter. The Mayor, elected every four years, serves as the chief executive of the City and is responsible for preparing and submitting annual budgets to the City Council. The Council consists of nine members, elected every two years by geographic districts, and serves as the legislative branch under the direction of a chairman. The City Auditor, also elected biennially, and the Mayor are the only two officials elected at large by the citizens of the city.

SERVICE INFORMATION AND STATISTICS

Below are several statistics related to services provided by the City; Information and statistics on police and fire protection, streets and expressways, water, sewer, flood control, and solid water service systems are included. Parks, library, and public transit information is listed as well. Except where otherwise noted, information is for the calendar year 2016.

POLICE PROTECTION

Stations: Headquarters

Three uniformed divisions Three support divisions The Police Academy Forensic Lab

911 Call Center

Traffic Accidents: 12,289

Citations: 63.219

(criminal, traffic and parking)
Total Calls for Police Service: 459,044

Employees: Sworn - 751 Non-Sworn—165



FIRE PROTECTION

Stations - 30

Employees: Sworn – 676

Non-Sworn - 17

Fire Calls - 2,107

False Alarms - 13,531

Emergency Medical Calls - 44,818

Total Responses – 66,542

Average Response Time - less than 6

minutes, 84.7% of the time

Fire Investigations – 441

Fire Hydrants – 18,298

STREETS AND EXPRESSWAYS

Expressways – 478 lane miles Arterial Streets – 1,273 lane miles Residential Streets – 3,075 lane miles Central Business District – 95 lane miles Signalized Intersections – 519

WATER SYSTEM

Connections – 148,504 (January 2017) Average Daily Consumption – 103.5 MGD* Treatment Capacity – 210 MGD* Water Lines – 2,350 miles *Million gallons per day

SEWER SYSTEM

Plants serving four major drainage basins
Nominal Treatment Capacity for all four plants
- 104.6 MGD (including LBC 4.0)
FY 16 Average daily Flow - 61.5 MGD

FLOOD CONTROL

Detention Facilities – 121 Improved Channels Maintained: (miles) 32.49 concrete 31.62 grass-lined

SOLID WASTE

As of January 2017 Customers Served:

Commercial – 8,945

Residential - 117,850

Collections Disposed at (in tons):

Covanta's WBH Facility - 109.376

Landfills - 3,037.45

Recycled - 22,263.18

MUNCIPAL PARKS

Parks - 142

Specialty Centers - 4

Largest - Mohawk (3,183 acres)

Playgrounds - 106

Sports Fields - 201

Tennis Courts - 97

Swimming Pools – 5

Water Playgrounds - 31

18-Hole Golf Courses - 4

Skate Parks - 2

The Tulsa Zoo – 1

Picnic Shelters - 88

Community Centers - 8

LIBRARY

Locations - 24

Bookmobile - 3

Imagination Station Reading Roadshow

Reading Road

Bookmobile

Outreach Services

Adult Literacy Classes

PUBLIC TRANSIT

Routes - 27

Transit buses – 63

Lift Program Vans – 47

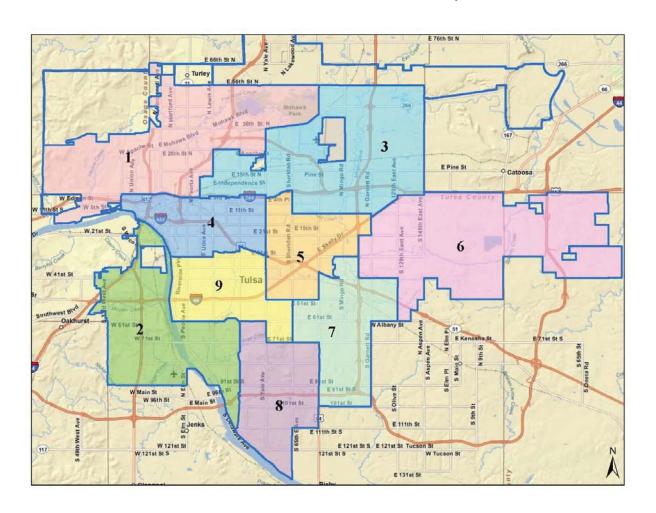
Ambulatory Vans -1



Gilcrease Museum Entrance

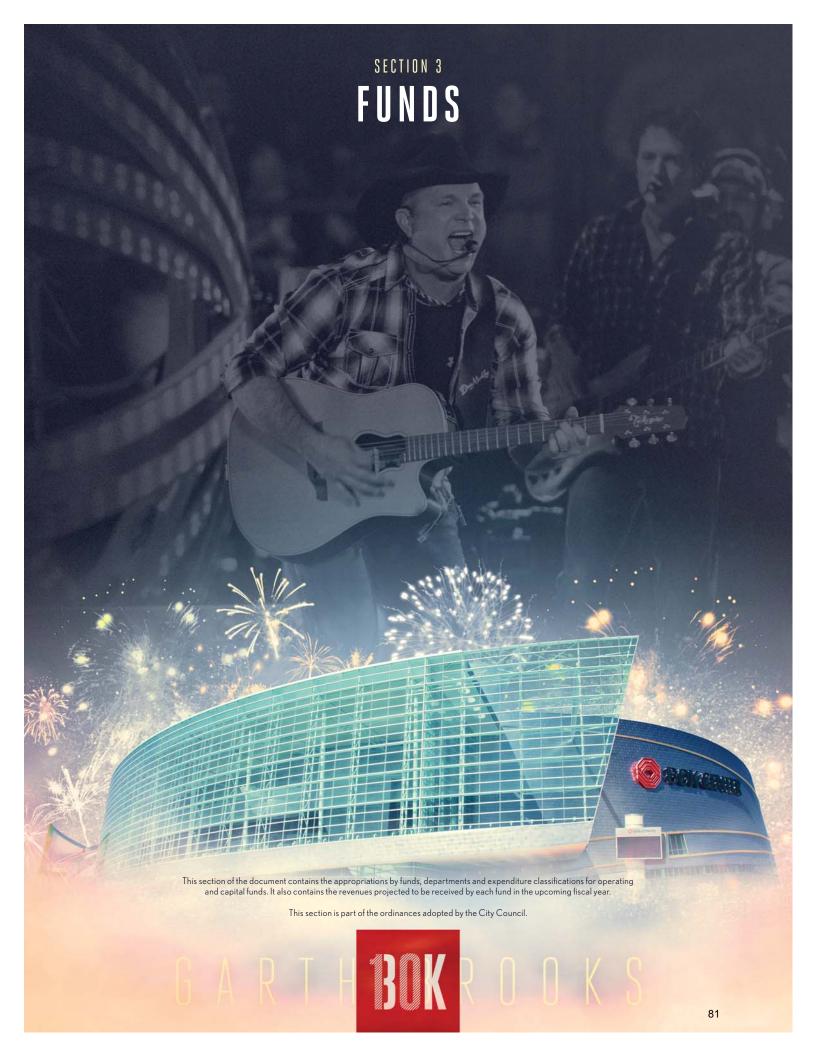


2011 Election District Map



CORPORATE BOUNDARIES WITH COUNCIL DISTRICTS

Districts per the City of Tulsa 2011 Election District Commission based on 2010 Census Data. Adopted June 10, 2011.

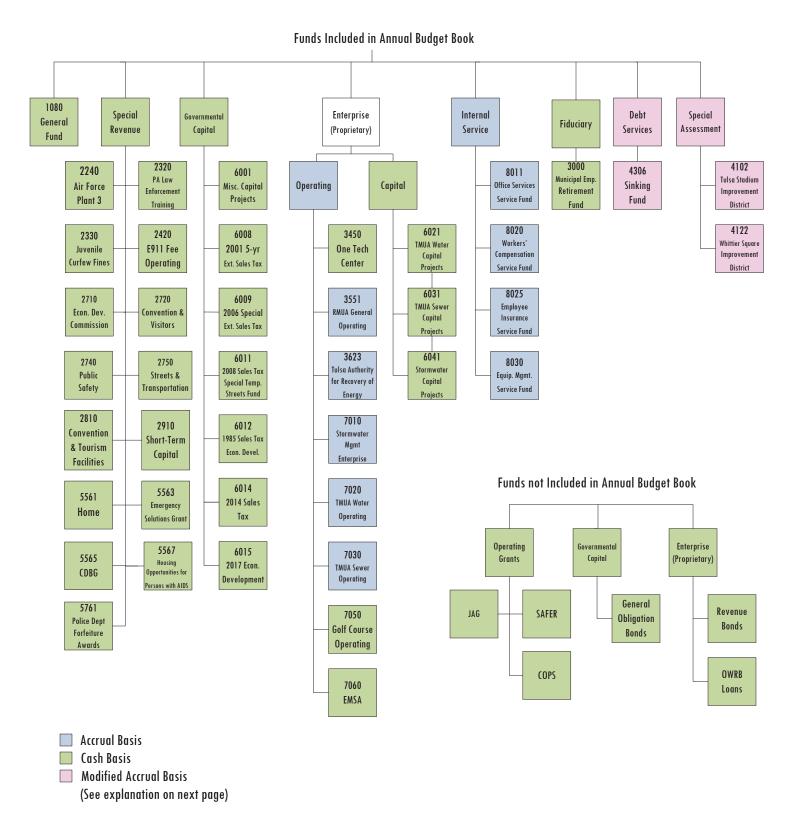


City of Tulsa

Fund Structure

By Budgetary Basis





WHAT IS "BUDGETARY BASIS"?

Budgetary Basis refers to the basis of accounting used to estimate financing sources and uses in the budget.

Cash Basis indicates transactions are recognized only when cash is increased or decreased;

Accrual Basis indicates revenues are recorded when they are earned (whether or not cash is received at the time) and expenditures are recorded when goods and services are received (whether cash disbursements are made at the time); Modified Accrual Basis indicates expenditures, other than accrued interest on general long-term debt, are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, and revenues are recorded when received in cash except for material and/or available revenues, which should be accrued to reflect properly the taxes levied and revenue earned.



Refers to chart colors on the previous page.

BUDGET METHODS

The budgets of general government type funds (General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Governmental and Enterprise Capital Funds, Fiduciary Funds, and three enterprise funds) are prepared on a cash basis. This indicates transactions are recognized only when cash is increased or decreased. Revenue estimates and expenditures are made based on actual cash to be received and expended in the upcoming fiscal year. Encumbrances are used when calculating fund balance and cash is reserved to ensure revenue for future payments.

Most Operating Enterprise Funds and Internal Service Funds are budgeted on an accrual basis. Revenues are recorded when they are earned, whether or not cash is received at the time. Expenditures are recorded when goods and services are received, whether cash disbursements are made at the time or not. The Capital Enterprise Funds are budgeted on a cash basis as noted above.

Budgets for the Debt Service and Special Assessments funds are prepared on a modified accrual basis. Expenditures other than accrued interest on general long-term debt are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred. Revenues are accrued to reflect the taxes levied and revenue earned.

None of the Funds' budgets include appropriations for vested compensated absences or depreciation. Some appropriations related to debt service reflect money being transferred to trustee banks on a monthly basis to meet semi-annual and/or annual principal and interest payments. As the actual principal and interest payment dates are not related to the city's fiscal year, there will be a difference in debt service expense in the budget and what is reported on annual financial statements. Also in some instances, bond reserves and interest earnings at the trustee bank will be used to meet debt obligations and these resources are not reflected in the budget.

ACCOUNTING METHODS

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) shows the status of the city's finances on the basis of "generally accepted accounting principles" (GAAP).

Principal payments on long-term debt within the Enterprise Funds are applied to the outstanding liability on a GAAP basis as opposed to being expended on a Budget basis. In other words it is a "balance sheet" entry and is not reflected as expenditure in the CAFR.

General staff and administrative charges are recognized as direct expenses of the Enterprise Funds on a GAAP basis as opposed to being recognized as operating transfers into the General Fund from the Enterprise Funds on the Budget basis.

Compensated absences liabilities that are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are accrued as earned by employees (GAAP basis) as opposed to being expended when paid (Budget basis).

Depreciation expenses are recorded on a GAAP basis. They are not budgeted in any governmental or proprietary fund.

Capital outlays within the Enterprise Funds are recorded as assets on a GAAP basis and expenditures on a Budget basis.

MUNICIPAL BUDGET ACT FUNDS NOT INCLUDED IN THE ANNUAL BUDGET DOCUMENT

The City of Tulsa does not include all of the funds subject to the Municipal Budget Act in its Annual Budget document. Some revenues, such as General Obligation and Revenue Bonds, Community Development and Local Law Enforcement Block Grants, Homeland Security Grants, and State Loans are received in the middle months of the fiscal year and not enough information is available to estimate appropriations in a reasonable manner. The appropriation of these monies is managed by budget amendment during the year after bonds are closed or grant agreements signed. The operating funds not included in the Annual Budget Book are equal to about two percent of the City's annual operating budget.

GENERAL FUND

FY 2017-2018 & FY 2018-2019



OVERVIEW

The General Fund (GF) serves as the primary operating fund for the City of Tulsa. It is the largest City fund in terms of revenues and expenditures. GF resources may be used to pay for any service the City has legal authority to provide under its charter and state laws.

BUDGET SUMMARY and FUND BALANCE

In February 2009, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. While the new standard had no effect on the total amount reported as fund balance, it did fundamentally alter the categories and terminology used to present that amount on a governmental fund balance sheet. The unassigned fund balance is the net resources available in the GF after reserving for appropriations and encumbrances. The committed fund balance is a self-imposed limitation on funds, therefore, the emergency operating reserve is now designated as committed fund balance. With the adoption of this budget the City Council is officially committing these monies to the emergency operating reserve. It is also committing resources for a trust fund to address the City's Other Post Employment Benefits liability (OPEB). Additionally, a \$2 million allocation to the City's Economic Stabilization Reserve made in FY13 is reserved by a charter provision.

In FY16, revenues under performed by \$8.9 million and the General Fund (GF) ended the year with \$5.0 million in unassigned fund balance. This is largely the result of declining sales and use tax collections and Paving Cut Repair reimbursements. The effects of the oil market have dampened growth prospects in the Tulsa area for FY16. This will continue through FY17. To balance the budget in FY16, the City made reductions within the GF of \$8.4 million and instituted a hiring freeze. The City expects service levels to remain at these reduced levels thru FY19. The measures taken during FY16 to reduce expenditures have allowed the City to maintain the emergency operating reserve at 6.4%.

REVENUE

FY18 GF revenues are projected to be \$268.9 million. This is .6 percent more than the FY17 Original Budget and is largely due to use tax revenues. The GF will benefit from an increase in Fee in leiu of tax revenues that reflect utility rate increases of 4% Water, 9% Sewer, and 9% Stormwater rate and will also benefit from the dissolution of the Brady Tax Increment Financing District (TIF) providing an additional \$200,000 to the GF in FY18.

EXPENDITURES

The FY18 GF budget is \$269.4 million. The allocations between Personal Services, Materials and Supplies, and Other Services and Charges remain close to historical values. They make up 76 percent, 2 percent, and 20 percent of the FY18 GF budget, respectively. Personal Services and Materials and Supplies will see 1.4 and 5.7 percent increases, respectively. Other Services will see 2.1 percent reduction.

Budgeted revenues and expenditures are balanced in FY18 if one time items are removed. Expenditures largely reflect the FY18 Plan developed with the FY17 Adopted Budget. The primary exception is management's desire to address compensation issues. The FY18 budget includes performance increases for eligible sworn and non-sworn personnel that had an impact of \$3.1 million. The employer's contribution for health benefits is expected to increase by 10 percent starting in January 2018. That half year increase reflects a \$1 million impact in the budget. To address pension liability changes and required funding levels for the Municipal Employees Retirement Plan (MERP), the employers contribution rate was increased from 11.5 percent to 15.5 percent, which had a \$2.0 million impact. Workers compensation premiums were reduced by 17.5 percent to match expected experience levels and reduced the GF by \$ 0.8 million. Changing the attrition assumption from 1 percent to 2 percent saved \$ 0.6 million.

The Public Safety program's appropriations supporting the Police, Fire, Municipal Court, and Emergency Management, account for 61 percent of the FY18 budget. The Administrative and Support Services category represents approximately 15 percent of the FY18 budget. Public Works and Transportation will receive the third largest allocation at 10 percent of the budget. Cultural and Recreational activities will be allocated 8 percent of FY18 resources. The City's Economic Development and Neighborhood Services functions will consume 4 percent of the FY18 budget and the remaining 2 percent will be transferred to other funds.

The Police and Fire Departments' total allocations are increasing in FY18 by 0.4 and 0.1 percent, respectively. In FY18, Police academies of fifty (50) are funded and Fire Department service levels will be supported by the addition of fifteen (15) cadets. To bolster service levels in Police and Fire the Public Safety Tax will fund academies of forty (40) and twenty (20) cadets, respectively in FY18.

Cultural and Recreational programs will be impacted by 3.5 percent increase from the original FY17 budget in FY18. The majority of these increases are related to compensation changes and a Gilcrease Museum management service contract cost that will increase by 2.1 percent.

Social and Economic Development program allocations are increasing by 5.0 percent in FY18. The increase is primarily due to compensation changes noted above.

Public Works and Transportation will be reduced by 3.2 percent in FY18. Streets and Stormwater has reduced anticipated expenses for pavement repairs related to waterline breaks and other paving cuts.

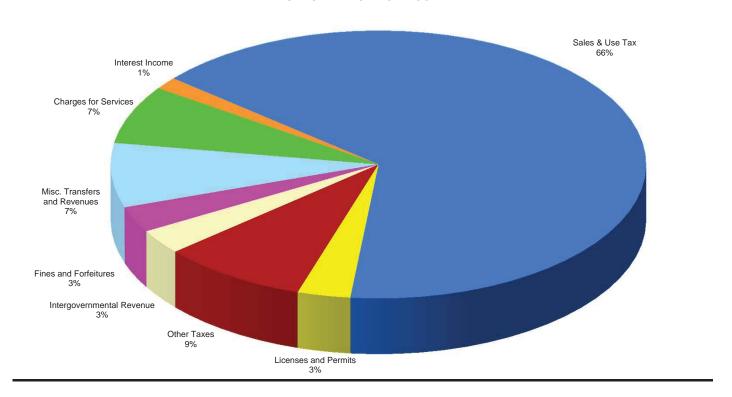
The Administrative and Support Services program's allocations are increasing by 4.6 percent. Compensation changes noted above reflect the major reason for the increase. The Finance Department compensation increase also reflects implementation personnel funded from a replacement financial system capital project and are scheduled to return to GF funding in FY18.

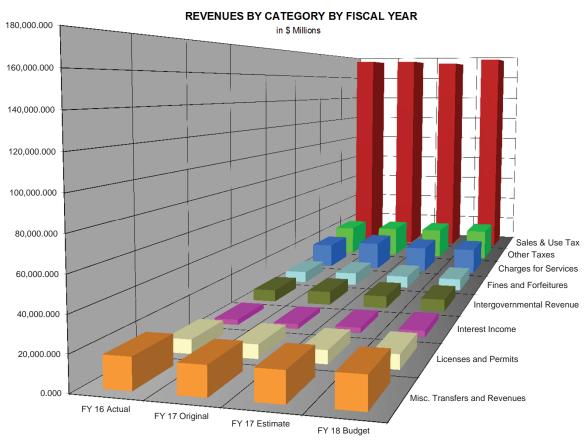
Transfers out will decrease by 0.7 percent in FY18 as a result of reduced support to the One Technology Building Fund due to higher building lease revenue within that fund.

ANNUAL F	RESOURCES	AND OUTLAYS
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		(a	moun	ts expressed	in tho	usands)					
	A	FY 16 ACTUAL	0	FY 17 RIGINAL	E	FY 17 STIMATE	E	FY 18 BUDGET	PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 EST.	FI	FY 19 NANCIAL PLAN
Annual Resources											
Revenue	\$	245,686	\$	250,791	\$	245,240	\$	251,063		\$	252,846
Transfers In		17,683		16,531		17,089		18,044	5.6%		19,050
Total Resources Annual Outlays		263,369		267,322		262,329		269,107	2.6%		271,896
Budget		260,462		261,917		258,823		263,913	2.0%		266,748
Transfers Out		5,717		5,566		5,566		5,529	-0.7%		5,097
Total Outlays		266,179		267,483		264,389		269,442	1.9%		271,845
Annual Resources Less											
Annual Outlays	\$	(2,810)	\$	(161)	\$	(2,060)	\$	(335)	_	\$	51
Fund Balance			-	FUND BALA	NCE						
Beginning Unassigned Fund Balance		29,444		24,949		26,634		24,574			24,239
Addition to/(Use of)		(2,810)		(161)		(2,060)		(335))		51
Total		26,634		24,788		24,574		24,239	- -		24,290
Economic Stabilization Reserve		2,000		2,000		2,000		2,000			2,000
Committed Fund Balance For OPEB Committed Fund Balance (6.39 percent		2,560		2,560		2,560		2,560			2,560
Operating Reserve)		17,021		17,082		17,021		17,196			17,755
Ending Unassigned Fund Balance	\$	5,053	\$	3,146	\$	2,993	\$	2,483	- =	\$	1,975

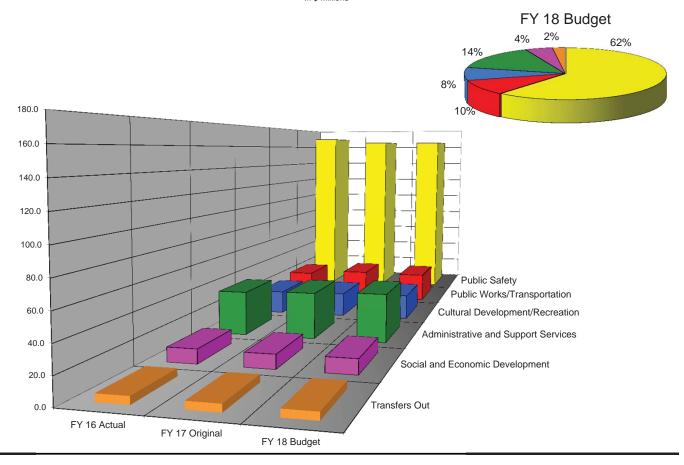
REVENUE ESTIMATES BY CATEGORY FY 17





EXPENDITURES/BUDGET BY CATEGORY BY FISCAL YEAR

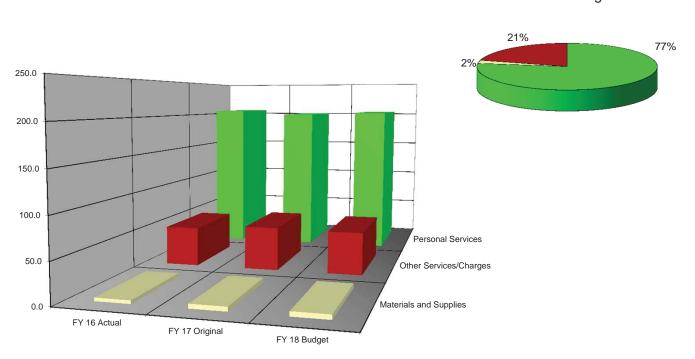
in \$ Millions



EXPENDITURES/BUDGET BY ACCOUNT GROUP BY FISCAL YEAR

in \$ Millions

FY 18 Budget



	FY 16	FY 17	FY 17	FY 18	PERCENT DIFF. FROM	FY 19 FINANCIAL
REVENUE ACCOUNT	ACTUAL	ORIGINAL	ESTIMATE	BUDGET	FY 17 EST.	PLAN
■ TAXES						
SALES	\$ 151,577	\$ 151,735	\$ 150,262	\$ 150,286	0.0%	\$ 151,298
USE	23,640	23,321	22,749	26,170	15.0%	26,345
FRANCHISE FEES	20,010			20,110	10.070	20,010
Oklahoma Natural Gas	3,253	3,700	3,925	4,100	4.5%	4,100
Public Service	8,389	8,504	8,661	8,700	0.5%	8,700
Cox Communications	5,427	5,533	5,272	5,300	0.5%	5,300
Right of Way Occupancy Fee	4,972	5,212	5,212	5,500	5.5%	5,500
TOTAL FRANCHISE	22,041	22,949	23,070	23,600	2.3%	23,600
HOTEL/MOTEL TAXES	150	151	146	147	0.7%	147
TOTAL ALL TAXES	197,408	198,156	196,227	200,203	2.0%	201,390
■ LICENSES AND PERMITS						
BUSINESS LICENSES	1,401	1,330	1,234	1,334	8.1%	1,334
NON-BUSINESS LICENSES AND PERMITS						
Bldg Inspections-Residential	914	896	854	930	8.9%	930
Bldg Inspections-Commercial	2,013	2,085	1,789	2,054	14.8%	2,275
Electrical Inspections	531	480	532	545	2.4%	545
Mechanical Inspections	530	526	571	570	-0.2%	570
Other Non-Business	3,008	3,025	2,991	3,160	5.7%	3,160
Total Non-Business	6,996	7,012	6,737	7,259	7.7%	7,480
TOTAL ALL LICENSES/PERMITS	8,397	8,342	7,971	8,593	7.8%	8,814
■ INTRGVRNMNTL REVENUE						
GRANTS AND REIMBURSEMENTS	678	1,618	1,057	860	-18.6%	860
SHARED REVENUE						
Liquor Tax Apportionment	685	689	723	720	-0.4%	720
Gasoline Tax	783	765	767	766	-0.1%	766
Tobacco Tax	2,817	2,898	2,802	2,844	1.5%	2,844
Vehicle License	2,898	2,993	2,805	2,846	1.5%	2,846
Total Shared Revenue	7,183	7,345	7,097	7,176	1.1%	7,176
TOTAL ALL INTRGVRNMNTL	7,861	8,963	8,154	8,036	-1.4%	8,036
■ CHARGES FOR SERVICES GENERAL GOVERNMENT						
Airport Direct Cost for Support Services	102	50	50	51	2.0%	51
TARE Direct Cost for Support Services	636	629	629	593	-5.7%	593
Water Direct Cost for Support Services	3,049	3,281	3,281	3,143	-4.2%	3,143
Sewer Direct Cost for Support Services	2,446	2,599	2,599	2,573	-1.0%	2,573
Stormwater Direct Cost for Support Services	976	1,061	1,061	1,024	-3.5%	1,024
Other General Government	507	525	529	525	-0.8%	525
TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENT	7,716	8,145	8,149	7,909	-2.9%	7,909
PUBLIC SAFETY						
Code Enforcement	276	1,300	1,368	1,300	-5.0%	1,300
Airport Fire Reimbursement	1,921	1,600	1,583	1,700	7.4%	1,700
Other Public Safety	887	700	743	775	4.3%	775
TOTAL PUBLIC SAFETY	3,084	3,600	3,694	3,775	2.2%	3,775
CULTURE AND RECREATION						
Performing Arts Center	1,650	1,705	1,609	1,468	-8.8%	1,468
Miscellaneous Park Revenue	820	700	705	716	1.6%	716
TOTAL CULTURE/RECREATION	2,470	2,405	2,314	2,184	-5.6%	2,184

	FY 16	FY 17	FY 17	FY 18	PERCENT DIFF. FROM	FY 19 FINANCIAL	
REVENUE ACCOUNT	ACTUAL	ORIGINAL	ESTIMATE	BUDGET	FY 17 EST.	PLAN	
STREETS AND HIGHWAYS							
Paving Cut Repair	\$ 3,795	\$ 6,046	\$ 3,913	\$ 4,575	16.9%	\$ 4,575	
Parking Meters	514	480	480	480	0.0%	480	
TOTAL STREETS/ HIGHWAYS	4,309	6,526	4,393	5,055	15.1%	5,055	
TOTAL ALL SERVICES	17,579	20,676	18,550	18,923	2.0%	18,923	
■ FINES AND FORFEITURES	7,878	8,800	8,297	8,338	0.5%	8,338	
■ MISCELLANEOUS REVENUE	3,249	2,771	2,650	2,941	11.0%	2,941	
■ INTEREST INCOME	3,314	3,081	3,391	4,029	18.8%	4,404	
TOTAL REVENUE	245,686	250,789	245,240	251,063	2.4%	252,846	
■ TRANSFERS IN							
Blue Dome District	334	0	0	0	N/A	0	
EMSA	650	650	650	650	0.0%	650	
TPACT	75	75	75	75	0.0%	75	
TPA General Operating Fund	211 711	210	210	210	0.0%	210	
TDA Operating Fund TARE Fund	711 1,613	80 1,555	227 1,536	80	-64.8% 6.3%	80 1,633	
Stormwater Fund	1,613	1,639	1,623	1,633 1,791	10.4%	1,953	
Water Fund	6,692	6,418	6,840	6,982	2.1%	7,261	
Sewer Fund	5,744	5,904	5,928	6,623	11.7%	7,188	
TOTAL TRANSFERS IN	17,683	16,531	17,089	18,044	5.6%	19,050	
TOTAL ANNUAL RESOURCES	\$ 263,369	\$ 267,320	\$ 262,329	\$ 269,107	2.6%	\$ 271,896	

ANNUAL OUTLAYS

PUBLIC SAFETY AND PROTECTION	(a	FY 16 ACTUAL	FY 17 ORIGINAL	FY 18 BUDGET	PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 ORIG.	FY 19 FINANCIAL PLAN
Personal Services	BUDGET (Expenditures or appropriations)					
Personal Services \$2,107 \$2,048 \$2,121 \$3.6% \$2,144 Materials and Supplies 13 26 26 26 0.0% 40 0.0 40 0.0 40 0.0 40 0.0 40 0.0 40 0.0 40 0.0 40 0.0 40 0.0 0.0 40 0.0	■ PUBLIC SAFETY AND PROTECTION					
Personal Services \$2,107 \$2,048 \$2,121 \$3.6% \$2,144 Materials and Supplies 13 26 26 26 0.0% 40 0.0 40 0.0 40 0.0 40 0.0 40 0.0 40 0.0 40 0.0 40 0.0 40 0.0 0.0 40 0.0	Municipal Court					
Other Services/Charges 883 821 153 −81.4% 153 Police 2,973 2,895 2,300 −20.6% 2,337 Personal Services 87.288 84,590 83,532 1.13% 84,575 Materials and Supplies 1,090 1,451 1,827 25.9% 1,604 Other Services/Charges 60,57 6,912 7,943 14.9% 80,577 Fire Personal Services 67,097 64,205 64,313 0.2% 65,813 Other Services/Charges 3,482 3,550 3,555 0.1% 3,555 Total 71,495 68,956 69,041 0.1% 3,555 Emergency Management 136 1.44 140 2.2,8% 140 Other Services/Charges 136 1.44 140 2.2,8% 140 CULTURAL DEVELOPMENT AND RECREATION 14,335 164,48 164,783 -0.1% 65,79 Other Services/Charges 5,241 5,460 5,831 6,85		\$ 2,107	\$ 2,048	\$ 2,121	3.6%	\$ 2,144
Total 2,973 2,895 2,300 20.6% 2,337 Police Personal Services 87,288 84,590 83,532 1,13% 84,595 Materials and Supplies 1,090 1,451 1,287 25,59% 1,604 Other Services/Charges 6,057 6,912 7,943 14,9% 80,57 Fire Personal Services 6,057 64,205 64,333 1,2% 56,813 Materials and Supplies 916 1,201 1,153 4,0% 1,228 Other Services/Charges 3,482 3,550 3,555 0,1% 70,596 Emergency Management 70tal 136 144 140 -2,8% 140 Total 136 144 140 -2,8% 140 Total 156,00 164,948 164,783 -0,1% 157,096 Emergency Management 1 144 140 -2,8% 140 Total 150 144 140 -2,8% 140	Materials and Supplies		26		0.0%	40
Personal Services	Other Services/Charges	853	821	153	-81.4%	153
Personal Services	Total	2,973	2,895	2,300	-20.6%	2,337
Materials and Supplies 1,000 1,451 1,827 25,9% 1,604 1,605 1,7943 1,49% 8,057 1,604 1,451 1,457 1,49% 8,057 1,604 1,451 1,457 1,49% 8,057 1,49% 1,451 1,458 1	<u>Police</u>					
Other Services/Charges 6,057 6,1912 7,943 14,9% 8,057 Fire 94,435 92,953 93,302 0.4% 94,236 Personal Services 67,097 64,205 64,333 0.2% 65,813 Other Services/Charges 3,482 3,550 3,555 0.1% 3,555 Other Services/Charges 136 1,201 1,153 4,0% 1,228 Other Services/Charges 136 144 140 2,28% 140 Total 135 144 140 2,28% 140 Total 136 144 140 2,28% 140 Personal Services 5,241 5,460 5,831 6,8% 5,909 Materials and Supplies 5,241 5,460 5,831 </td <td></td> <td>87,288</td> <td>84,590</td> <td>83,532</td> <td></td> <td>84,575</td>		87,288	84,590	83,532		84,575
Personal Services						
Fire Personal Services 67,097 64,205 64,333 0.2% 65,813 Materials and Supplies 916 1,201 1,153 -4.0% 1,228 Other Services/Charges 3,482 3,550 3,555 0,1% 3,555 Emeranery Management 71495 66,956 69,041 0,1% 70,596 Emeranery Management 136 144 140 -2.8% 140 Other Services/Charges 136 144 140 -2.8% 140 Total Public Safety and Protection 169,039 164,948 140 -2.8% 140 Total Public Safety and Protection 169,039 164,948 1447 140 -2.8% 140 CULTURAL DEVELOPMENT AND RECREATION CULTURAL DEVELOPMENT AND RECREATION Personal Services 5,241 5,460 5,831 6.8% 5,909 Materials and Supplies 5,571 656 656 0.0% 661 Other Services/Charges 1,447 1,949 </td <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	-					
Personal Services		94,435	92,953	93,302	0.4%	94,236
Materials and Supplies 916 1,201 1,153 4.0% 1,228 Other Services/Charges 3,482 3,550 3,555 0.1% 70,596 Emergency Management 71,495 68,956 69,041 0.1% 70,596 Emergency Management 136 144 140 2.8% 140 Total 136 144 140 2.8% 140 Total Public Safety and Protection 169,039 164,948 164,783 0.1% 167,039 ■ CULTURAL DEVELOPMENT AND RECREATION Park and Recreation Personal Services 5,241 5,460 5,831 6.8% 5,909 Materials and Supplies 557 656 656 0.0% 661 15,000 15,000 2.7% 9,131 Glicrease Museum 144,535 15,080 15,583 4.1% 15,701 15,701 15,701 15,701 15,701 15,701 15,701 15,701 15,701 15,701 15,701 15,701 15,701 15,701 15,701						
Other Services/Charges 3,482 3,550 68,956 69,041 0.1% 70,596 Emergency Management 136 144 140 2.8% 140 Other Services/Charges 136 144 140 2.8% 140 Total 136 144 140 2.8% 140 Total Public Safety and Protection 169,039 164,948 164,783 -0.1% 167,039 ■ CULTURAL DEVELOPMENT AND RECREATION Personal Services 5,241 5,460 5,831 6.8% 5,909 Materials and Supplies 5,241 5,460 5,831 6.8% 5,909 Materials and Supplies 5,571 5,560 656 606 2,7% 9,131 Glicrease Museum Other Services/Charges 2,982 3,003 3,067 2.1% 3,100 Total 1,455 1,580 1,569 4.1% 1,588 Materials and Supplies 1,447 1,494 1,566 4.8% 1,588 Materials and Supplies						
Total 71,495 68,956 69,041 0.1% 70,596 Emergency Management Other Services/Charges Total 136 144 140 2.8% 140 Total Public Safety and Protection 169,039 164,948 164,783 0.1% 167,309 ■ CULTURAL DEVELOPMENT AND RECREATION Park and Recreation Personal Services 5,241 5,460 5,831 6.8% 5,909 Materials and Supplies 557 656 656 0.0% 661 Other Services/Charges 8,737 8,964 9,206 2.7% 9,131 Gilcrease Museum Other Services/Charges 2,982 3,003 3,067 2.1% 3,100 Other Services/Charges 2,982 3,003 3,067 2.1% 3,100 Performing Arts Center 1,447 1,494 1,566 4.8% 1,588 Personal Services 1,447 1,494 1,566 4.8% 1,588 Materials and Supplies 49 61 61 0.0%	···					
Personal Services 136	<u> </u>					
Other Services/Charges 136 144 140 -2.8% 140 Total Total Total Total Public Safety and Protection 169,039 164,948 164,783 -0.1% 167,309 ■ CULTURAL DEVELOPMENT AND RECREATION Park and Recreation Personal Services 5,241 5,460 5,831 6.8% 5,909 Materials and Supplies 557 656 656 0.0% 661 Other Services/Charges 8,737 8,964 9,206 2,7% 9,131 Total 14,535 15,060 15,693 4.1% 15,701 Glicrease Museum 0 7,475 15,690 15,693 4.1% 15,701 Other Services/Charges 2,982 3,003 3,067 2.1% 3,100 Personal Services 1,447 1,494 1,566 4.8% 1,588 Materials and Supplies 49 61 61 0.0% 61 Other Services/Charges 384 486 450 7.4% 450		71,495	68,956	69,041	0.1%	70,596
Total Public Safety and Protection 169,039 164,948 164,783 -0.1% 167,309		400	4.4.4	440	0.00/	4.40
Total Public Safety and Protection 169,039 164,948 164,783 -0.1% 167,309 ■ CULTURAL DEVELOPMENT AND RECREATION Park and Recreation Personal Services 5,241 5,460 5,831 6.8% 5,909 Personal Services 5,241 5,460 5,831 6.8% 5,909 Materials and Supplies 557 656 656 0.0% 661 Other Services/Charges 8,737 8,964 9,206 2,7% 9,131 Glicrease Museum 7 14,555 15,080 15,593 4,1% 15,701 Glicrease Museum 7 3,003 3,067 2,1% 3,100 Total 2,982 3,003 3,067 2,1% 3,100 Personal Services/Charges 1,447 1,494 1,566 4.8% 1,588 Materials and Supplies 49 61 61 0.0% 61 Other Services/Charges 1,880 2,041 2,077 1.8% 2,099 River Parks 583 639						
ECULTURAL DEVELOPMENT AND RECREATION Personal Services 5,241 5,460 5,831 6.8% 5,909 Materials and Supplies 557 656 656 0.0% 661 Other Services/Charges 8,737 8,964 9,206 2.7% 9,131 Total 14,535 15,080 15,593 4.1% 15,701 Gilcrease Museum Other Services/Charges 2,982 3,003 3,067 2.1% 3,100 Total 2,982 3,003 3,067 2.1% 3,100 Personal Services/Charges 1,447 1,494 1,566 4.8% 1,588 Materials and Supplies 49 61 61 0.0% 61 Other Services/Charges 384 486 450 7.7% 450 Total 1,880 2,041 2,077 1.8% 2,099 River Parks 583 639 646 1.1% 646 Total Cultural Development &	Total	130	144	140	-2.6%	140
Personal Services 5,241 5,460 5,831 6.8% 5,096 Materials and Supplies 5,577 656 656 0.0% 661 Other Services/Charges 8,737 8,964 9,206 2.7% 9,131 Total 14,535 15,080 15,693 4.1% 15,701 Gilcrease Museum Other Services/Charges 2,982 3,003 3,067 2.1% 3,100 Total 2,982 3,003 3,067 2.1% 3,100 Personal Services 2,982 3,003 3,067 2.1% 3,100 Total 2,982 3,003 3,067 2.1% 3,100 Personal Services 1,447 1,494 1,566 4.8% 1,588 Materials and Supplies 49 61 61 0.0% 61 Other Services/Charges 583 639 646 1.1% 646 Total 19,860 20,763 21,433	Total Public Safety and Protection	169,039	164,948	164,783	-0.1%	167,309
Personal Services 5,241 5,460 5,831 6.8% 5,096 Materials and Supplies 5,577 656 656 0.0% 661 Other Services/Charges 8,737 8,964 9,206 2.7% 9,131 Total 14,535 15,080 15,693 4.1% 15,701 Gilcrease Museum Other Services/Charges 2,982 3,003 3,067 2.1% 3,100 Total 2,982 3,003 3,067 2.1% 3,100 Personal Services 2,982 3,003 3,067 2.1% 3,100 Total 2,982 3,003 3,067 2.1% 3,100 Personal Services 1,447 1,494 1,566 4.8% 1,588 Materials and Supplies 49 61 61 0.0% 61 Other Services/Charges 583 639 646 1.1% 646 Total 19,860 20,763 21,433	■ CULTURAL DEVELOPMENT AND RECREATION					
Personal Services 5,241 5,460 5,831 6.8% 5,909 Materials and Supplies 557 656 656 0.0% 661 Other Services/Charges 8,737 8,964 9,206 2.7% 9,131 Gilcrease Museum 70tal 14,535 15,080 15,693 4.1% 15,701 Other Services/Charges 2,982 3,003 3,067 2.1% 3,100 Total 2,982 3,003 3,067 2.1% 3,100 Personal Services 1,447 1,494 1,566 4.8% 1,588 Materials and Supplies 49 61 61 0.0% 61 Other Services/Charges 384 486 450 7.4% 450 Total 583 639 646 1.1% 646 Total Cultural Development & Recreation 19,980 20,763 21,483 3.5% 21,546 SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT Mayor's Office of Economic Development <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>						
Materials and Supplies 557 656 656 0.0% 661 Other Services/Charges 8,737 8,964 9,206 2.7% 9,131 Total 14,535 15,080 15,693 4,1% 15,701 Gilcrease Museum 0ther Services/Charges 2,982 3,003 3,067 2.1% 3,100 Total 2,982 3,003 3,067 2.1% 3,100 Performing Arts Center Personal Services 1,447 1,494 1,566 4.8% 1,588 Materials and Supplies 49 61 61 0.0% 61 Other Services/Charges 384 486 450 7.4% 450 Total 1,880 2,041 2,077 1.8% 2,099 River Parks 583 639 646 1.1% 646 Total 1,880 2,041 2,077 1.8% 2,099 River Parks 2 583 639 646 1.1% <td></td> <td>5 241</td> <td>5 460</td> <td>5 831</td> <td>6.8%</td> <td>5 909</td>		5 241	5 460	5 831	6.8%	5 909
Other Services/Charges 8,737 8,964 9,206 2,7% 9,131 Total 14,535 15,080 15,693 2,1% 15,707 Gilcrease Museum 70tal 2,982 3,003 3,067 2,1% 3,100 Total 2,982 3,003 3,067 2,1% 3,100 Performing Arts Center 2,982 3,003 3,067 2,1% 3,100 Personal Services 1,447 1,494 1,566 4,8% 1,588 Materials and Supplies 49 61 61 0,0% 61 Other Services/Charges 384 486 450 -7,4% 450 Total 1,880 2,041 2,077 1,8% 2,099 River Parks 583 639 646 1,1% 646 Total 583 639 646 1,1% 646 Total Cultural Development & Recreation 19,980 20,763 21,483 3,5% 21,56 SOCIAL AND E						
Total 14,535 15,080 15,693 4.1% 15,701 Gilcrease Museum Other Services/Charges 2,982 3,003 3,067 2,1% 3,100 Total 2,982 3,003 3,067 2,1% 3,100 Personal Services 1,447 1,494 1,566 4.8% 1,588 Materials and Supplies 49 61 61 0.0% 61 Other Services/Charges 384 486 450 7.7% 450 Total 1,880 2,041 2,077 1.8% 2,099 River Parks 0ther Services/Charges 583 639 646 1.1% 646 Total 583 639 646 1.1% 646 Total Cultural Development & Recreation 19,980 20,763 21,483 3.5% 21,546 SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT Mayor's Office of Economic Development 2 7 2 71.4% 7 7 0.0% 7						
Gilcrease Museum 2,982 3,003 3,067 2.1% 3,100 Total 2,982 3,003 3,067 2.1% 3,100 Performing Arts Center Personal Services 1,447 1,494 1,566 4.8% 1,588 Materials and Supplies 49 61 61 0.0% 61 Other Services/Charges 384 486 450 -7.4% 450 Total 1,880 2,041 2,077 1.8% 2,099 River Parks 583 639 646 1.1% 646 Total 583 639 646 1.1% 646 Total Cultural Development & Recreation 19,980 20,763 21,483 3.5% 21,546 ■ SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT Mayor's Office of Economic Development 440 440 440 440 444 445 440 440 440 440 440 440 440 440 440 440 440 440	<u> </u>					
Other Services/Charges 2,982 3,003 3,067 2.1% 3,100 Performing Arts Center Personal Services 1,447 1,494 1,566 4.8% 1,588 Materials and Supplies 49 61 61 0.0% 61 Other Services/Charges 384 486 450 7.4% 450 Total 1,880 2,041 2,077 1.8% 2,099 River Parks 583 639 646 1.1% 646 Total Cultural Development & Recreation 19,980 20,763 21,483 3.5% 21,546 ■ SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT Materials and Supplies 2 7 2 7,14% 7 Materials and Supplies 2 7 2 7,14% 7 Other Services/Charges 118 7 7 0.0% 7 Total 738 335 444 32.5% 454 Working in Neighborhoods 1 7 7 0.0% 7 </td <td></td> <td>14,555</td> <td>13,000</td> <td>13,033</td> <td>7.170</td> <td>10,701</td>		14,555	13,000	13,033	7.170	10,701
Performing Arts Center Personal Services 1,447 1,494 1,566 4.8% 1,588 Materials and Supplies 49 61 61 0.0% 61 Other Services/Charges 384 486 450 -7.4% 450 Total 1,880 2,041 2,077 1.8% 2,099 River Parks 0ther Services/Charges 583 639 646 1.1% 646 Total 583 639 646 1.1% 646 Total Cultural Development & Recreation 19,980 20,763 21,483 3.5% 21,546 ■ SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT Mayor's Office of Economic Development 8 321 435 35.4% 440 Materials and Supplies 2 7 2 -71.4% 7 Other Services/Charges 118 7 7 0.0% 7 Total 7 7 2 -71.4% 7 Other Services/Charges 3,134 3,235 3,465		2.002	2 002	2.067	2 10/	2 100
Personal Services 1,447 1,494 1,566 4.8% 1,588 Materials and Supplies 49 61 61 0.0% 61 Other Services/Charges 384 486 450 -7.4% 450 Total 1,880 2,041 2,077 1.8% 2,099 River Parks 583 639 646 1.1% 646 Total 583 639 646 1.1% 646 Total Cultural Development & Recreation 19,980 20,763 21,483 3.5% 21,546 SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT Mayor's Office of Economic Development 583 639 646 1.1% 646 Personal Services 618 321 435 35.4% 440 Materials and Supplies 2 7 2 -71.4% 7 Other Services/Charges 118 7 7 0.0% 7 Materials and Supplies 229 272 255 -6.2% <						
Personal Services 1,447 1,494 1,566 4.8% 1,588 Materials and Supplies 49 61 61 0.0% 61 Other Services/Charges 384 486 450 7-4% 450 Total 1,880 2,041 2,077 1.8% 2,099 River Parks 0ther Services/Charges 583 639 646 1.1% 646 Total 583 639 646 1.1% 646 Total Cultural Development & Recreation 19,980 20,763 21,483 3.5% 21,546 ■ SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT Mayor's Office of Economic Development 19,980 20,763 21,483 3.5% 21,546 Personal Services 618 321 435 35.4% 440 Materials and Supplies 2 7 2 -71.4% 7 Other Services/Charges 118 7 7 7 0.0% 7 Total 738 335 <t< td=""><td>Total</td><td>2,982</td><td>3,003</td><td>3,067</td><td>2.1%</td><td>3,100</td></t<>	Total	2,982	3,003	3,067	2.1%	3,100
Materials and Supplies 49 61 61 0.0% 61 Other Services/Charges 384 486 450 -7.4% 450 Total 1,880 2,041 2,077 1.8% 2,099 River Parks Other Services/Charges 583 639 646 1.1% 646 Total 583 639 646 1.1% 646 Total Cultural Development & Recreation 19,980 20,763 21,483 3.5% 21,546 ■ SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT Mayor's Office of Economic Development Personal Services 618 321 435 35.4% 440 Materials and Supplies 2 7 2 71.4% 7 Other Services/Charges 118 7 7 0.0% 7 Total 738 335 444 32.5% 454 Working in Neighborhoods 2 229 272 255 6.2% 255 Other Services/Charges	Performing Arts Center					
Other Services/Charges 384 486 450 -7.4% 450 Total 1,880 2,041 2,077 1.8% 2,099 River Parks 583 639 646 1.1% 646 Total 583 639 646 1.1% 646 Total Cultural Development & Recreation 19,980 20,763 21,483 3.5% 21,546 ■ SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT Body and a services 618 321 435 35,4% 440 Mayor's Office of Economic Development 618 321 435 35,4% 440 Materials and Supplies 2 7 2 -71,4% 7 Other Services/Charges 118 7 7 0.0% 7 Total 738 335 444 32.5% 454 Working in Neighborhoods 2 272 255 6.2% 255 Other Services/Charges 3,134 3,235 3,465 7.1% 3,517 Mat		1,447	1,494	1,566	4.8%	1,588
River Parks 1,880 2,041 2,077 1.8% 2,099 River Parks 583 639 646 1.1% 646 Total 583 639 646 1.1% 646 Total Cultural Development & Recreation 19,980 20,763 21,483 3.5% 21,546 ■ SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT Mayor's Office of Economic Development Personal Services 618 321 435 35.4% 440 Materials and Supplies 2 7 2 -71.4% 7 Other Services/Charges 118 7 7 0.0% 7 Total 738 335 444 32.5% 454 Working in Neighborhoods Personal Services 3,134 3,235 3,465 7.1% 3,517 Materials and Supplies 229 272 255 -6.2% 255 Other Services/Charges 1,191 1,159 1,179 1,7% 1,174 Total 4,555	Materials and Supplies	49	61	61	0.0%	61
River Parks 583 639 646 1.1% 646 Total 583 639 646 1.1% 646 Total Cultural Development & Recreation 19,980 20,763 21,483 3.5% 21,546 ■ SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT Mayor's Office of Economic Development Personal Services 618 321 435 35,4% 440 Materials and Supplies 2 7 2 -71,4% 7 Other Services/Charges 118 7 7 0.0% 7 Total 738 335 444 32.5% 454 Working in Neighborhoods Personal Services 3,134 3,235 3,465 7.1% 3,517 Materials and Supplies 229 272 255 -6.2% 255 Other Services/Charges 1,191 1,159 1,179 1,7% 1,174 Total 4,555 4,666 4,899 5.0% 4,946 Planning & Development 5,7	Other Services/Charges					
Other Services/Charges 583 639 646 1.1% 646 Total 583 639 646 1.1% 646 Total Cultural Development & Recreation 19,980 20,763 21,483 3.5% 21,546 ■ SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT Mayor's Office of Economic Development Personal Services 618 321 435 35.4% 440 Materials and Supplies 2 7 2 -71.4% 7 Other Services/Charges 118 7 7 7 0.0% 7 Working in Neighborhoods Personal Services 3,134 3,235 3,465 7.1% 3,517 Materials and Supplies 229 272 255 -6.2% 255 Other Services/Charges 1,191 1,159 1,179 1.7% 1,174 Total 4,555 4,666 4,899 5.0% 4,946 Planning & Development 310 345 317 <		1,880	2,041	2,077	1.8%	2,099
Total Cultural Development & Recreation 583 639 646 1.1% 646 Total Cultural Development & Recreation 19,980 20,763 21,483 3.5% 21,546 ■ SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT Mayor's Office of Economic Development Personal Services 618 321 435 35.4% 440 Materials and Supplies 2 7 2 -71.4% 7 Other Services/Charges 118 7 7 0.0% 7 Total 738 335 444 32.5% 454 Working in Neighborhoods 3,134 3,235 3,465 7.1% 3,517 Materials and Supplies 229 272 255 -6.2% 255 Other Services/Charges 1,191 1,159 1,179 1.7% 1,174 Total 4,555 4,666 4,899 5.0% 4,946 Planning & Development 5,750 5,792 6,047 4.4% 6,154						
Total Cultural Development & Recreation 19,980 20,763 21,483 3.5% 21,546 ■ SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT Mayor's Office of Economic Development Personal Services 618 321 435 35.4% 440 Materials and Supplies 2 7 2 -71.4% 7 Total 738 335 444 32.5% 454 Working in Neighborhoods Personal Services 3,134 3,235 3,465 7.1% 3,517 Materials and Supplies 229 272 255 -6.2% 255 Other Services/Charges 1,191 1,159 1,179 1.7% 1,174 Total 4,555 4,666 4,899 5.0% 4,946 Planning & Development Personal Services 5,750 5,792 6,047 4.4% 6,154 Materials and Supplies 46 58 48	-					
■ SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT Mayor's Office of Economic Development Personal Services 618 321 435 35.4% 440 Materials and Supplies 2 7 2 -71.4% 7 Other Services/Charges 118 7 7 0.0% 7 Total 738 335 444 32.5% 454 Working in Neighborhoods 3,134 3,235 3,465 7.1% 3,517 Materials and Supplies 229 272 255 -6.2% 255 Other Services/Charges 1,191 1,159 1,179 1.7% 1,174 Total 4,555 4,666 4,899 5.0% 4,946 Planning & Development 8 48 -17.2% 49 Other Services/Charges 310 345 317 -8.1% 318 Total 6,106 6,195 6,412 3.5% 6,521	Total	583	639	646	1.1%	646
Mayor's Office of Economic Development Personal Services 618 321 435 35.4% 440 Materials and Supplies 2 7 2 -71.4% 7 Other Services/Charges 118 7 7 0.0% 7 Total 738 335 444 32.5% 454 Working in Neighborhoods Personal Services 3,134 3,235 3,465 7.1% 3,517 Materials and Supplies 229 272 255 -6.2% 255 Other Services/Charges 1,191 1,159 1,179 1.7% 1,174 Total 4,555 4,666 4,899 5.0% 4,946 Planning & Development Personal Services 5,750 5,792 6,047 4.4% 6,154 Materials and Supplies 46 58 48 -17.2% 49 Other Services/Charges 310 345 317 -8.1% 318 Total 6,106	Total Cultural Development & Recreation	19,980	20,763	21,483	3.5%	21,546
Mayor's Office of Economic Development Personal Services 618 321 435 35.4% 440 Materials and Supplies 2 7 2 -71.4% 7 Other Services/Charges 118 7 7 0.0% 7 Total 738 335 444 32.5% 454 Working in Neighborhoods Personal Services 3,134 3,235 3,465 7.1% 3,517 Materials and Supplies 229 272 255 -6.2% 255 Other Services/Charges 1,191 1,159 1,179 1.7% 1,174 Total 4,555 4,666 4,899 5.0% 4,946 Planning & Development Personal Services 5,750 5,792 6,047 4.4% 6,154 Materials and Supplies 46 58 48 -17.2% 49 Other Services/Charges 310 345 317 -8.1% 318 Total 6,106	SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT					
Personal Services 618 321 435 35.4% 440 Materials and Supplies 2 7 2 -71.4% 7 Other Services/Charges 118 7 7 0.0% 7 Total 738 335 444 32.5% 454 Working in Neighborhoods Personal Services 3,134 3,235 3,465 7.1% 3,517 Materials and Supplies 229 272 255 -6.2% 255 Other Services/Charges 1,191 1,159 1,179 1.7% 1,174 Total 4,555 4,666 4,899 5.0% 4,946 Planning & Development Personal Services 5,750 5,792 6,047 4.4% 6,154 Materials and Supplies 46 58 48 -17.2% 49 Other Services/Charges 310 345 317 -8.1% 318 Total 6,106 6,195 6,412 3.5% 6,521						
Materials and Supplies 2 7 2 -71.4% 7 Other Services/Charges 118 7 7 0.0% 7 Total 738 335 444 32.5% 454 Working in Neighborhoods Personal Services 3,134 3,235 3,465 7.1% 3,517 Materials and Supplies 229 272 255 -6.2% 255 Other Services/Charges 1,191 1,159 1,179 1.7% 1,174 Total 4,555 4,666 4,899 5.0% 4,946 Planning & Development 9 5,750 5,792 6,047 4.4% 6,154 Materials and Supplies 46 58 48 -17.2% 49 Other Services/Charges 310 345 317 -8.1% 318 Total 6,106 6,106 6,195 6,412 3.5% 6,521		618	321	135	35 /1%	440
Other Services/Charges 118 7 7 0.0% 7 Total 738 335 444 32.5% 454 Working in Neighborhoods						
Total 738 335 444 32.5% 454 Working in Neighborhoods Personal Services 3,134 3,235 3,465 7.1% 3,517 Materials and Supplies 229 272 255 -6.2% 255 Other Services/Charges 1,191 1,159 1,179 1.7% 1,174 Total 4,555 4,666 4,899 5.0% 4,946 Planning & Development Personal Services 5,750 5,792 6,047 4.4% 6,154 Materials and Supplies 46 58 48 -17.2% 49 Other Services/Charges 310 345 317 -8.1% 318 Total 6,106 6,195 6,412 3.5% 6,521	· ·					
Working in Neighborhoods Personal Services 3,134 3,235 3,465 7.1% 3,517 Materials and Supplies 229 272 255 -6.2% 255 Other Services/Charges 1,191 1,159 1,179 1.7% 1,174 Total 4,555 4,666 4,899 5.0% 4,946 Planning & Development Personal Services 5,750 5,792 6,047 4.4% 6,154 Materials and Supplies 46 58 48 -17.2% 49 Other Services/Charges 310 345 317 -8.1% 318 Total 6,106 6,195 6,412 3.5% 6,521	S S					
Personal Services 3,134 3,235 3,465 7.1% 3,517 Materials and Supplies 229 272 255 -6.2% 255 Other Services/Charges 1,191 1,159 1,179 1.7% 1,174 Total 4,555 4,666 4,899 5.0% 4,946 Planning & Development Personal Services 5,750 5,792 6,047 4.4% 6,154 Materials and Supplies 46 58 48 -17.2% 49 Other Services/Charges 310 345 317 -8.1% 318 Total 6,106 6,195 6,412 3.5% 6,521			000		02.070	
Materials and Supplies 229 272 255 -6.2% 255 Other Services/Charges 1,191 1,159 1,179 1.7% 1,174 Total 4,555 4,666 4,899 5.0% 4,946 Planning & Development Personal Services 5,750 5,792 6,047 4.4% 6,154 Materials and Supplies 46 58 48 -17.2% 49 Other Services/Charges 310 345 317 -8.1% 318 Total 6,106 6,195 6,412 3.5% 6,521		2.424	2.025	2.405	7.40/	0.547
Other Services/Charges 1,191 1,159 1,179 1.7% 1,174 Total 4,555 4,666 4,899 5.0% 4,946 Planning & Development 9 5,750 5,792 6,047 4.4% 6,154 Materials and Supplies 46 58 48 -17.2% 49 Other Services/Charges 310 345 317 -8.1% 318 Total 6,106 6,195 6,412 3.5% 6,521						
Total 4,555 4,666 4,899 5.0% 4,946 Planning & Development Personal Services 5,750 5,792 6,047 4.4% 6,154 Materials and Supplies Other Services/Charges 46 58 48 -17.2% 49 Other Services/Charges 310 345 317 -8.1% 318 Total 6,106 6,195 6,412 3.5% 6,521	· ·					
Planning & Development Personal Services 5,750 5,792 6,047 4.4% 6,154 Materials and Supplies 46 58 48 -17.2% 49 Other Services/Charges 310 345 317 -8.1% 318 Total 6,106 6,195 6,412 3.5% 6,521						
Personal Services 5,750 5,792 6,047 4.4% 6,154 Materials and Supplies 46 58 48 -17.2% 49 Other Services/Charges 310 345 317 -8.1% 318 Total 6,106 6,195 6,412 3.5% 6,521		4,555	4,000	4,899	3.0%	4,946
Materials and Supplies 46 big Materials 58 big Materials 48 big Materials -17.2% big Materials 49 big Materials Other Services/Charges 310 big Materials 345 big Materials 317 big Materials -8.1% big Materials 318 big Materials Total 6,106 big Materials 6,195 big Materials 6,412 big Materials 3.5% big Materials 6,521 big Materials		E 750	F 700	6.047	4 407	0.454
Other Services/Charges 310 345 317 -8.1% 318 Total 6,106 6,195 6,412 3.5% 6,521						
Total 6,106 6,195 6,412 3.5% 6,521						
	-					
Total Social & Economic Development 11,399 11,196 11,755 5.0% 11,921						
	Total Social & Economic Development	11,399	11,196	11,755	5.0%	11,921

	FY 16 ORIGINAL	FY 17 ORIGINAL	FY 18 BUDGET	PERCENT DIFF FROM FY 17 ORIG	FY 19 FINANCIAL PLAN
■ PUBLIC WORKS AND TRANSPORTATION					
Engineering Services					
Personal Services	\$ 2,935	\$ 3,102	\$ 3,406	9.8%	\$ 3,454
Materials and Supplies	12	36	62	72.2%	62
Other Services/Charges	269	300	333	11.0%	333
Total	3,216	3,438	3,801	10.6%	3,849
Streets and Stormwater					
Personal Services	5,006	5,028	5,220	3.8%	5,286
Materials and Supplies	519	682	646	-5.3%	711
Other Services/Charges	7,604	10,349	8,869	-14.3%	8,850
Total	13,129	16,059	14,735	-8.2%	14,847
Tulsa Transit					
Other Services/Charges	7,238	7,344	7,442	1.3%	7,442
Total	7,238	7,344	7,442	1.3%	7,442
Total Public Works & Transportation	23,583	26,841	25,978	-3.2%	26,138
■ ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPORT SERVICES Mayor's Office					
Personal Services	777	1,112	1,338	20.3%	1,344
Materials and Supplies	3	18	9	-50.0%	11
Other Services/Charges	144	132	111	-15.9%	130
Total	925	1,262	1,458	15.5%	1,485
City Auditor					
Personal Services	960	1,062	1,079	1.6%	1,091
Materials and Supplies	4	10	40	300.0%	10
Other Services/Charges	72	50	69	38.0%	49
Total	1,036	1,122	1,188	5.9%	1,150
City Council_					
Personal Services	1,100	1,163	1,134	-2.5%	1,147
Materials and Supplies	17	12	12	0.0%	17
Other Services/Charges	67	74	65	-12.2%	65
Total	1,184	1,249	1,211	-3.0%	1,229
Mayor's Office of Human Rights		400			
Personal Services	404	468	492	5.1%	499
Materials and Supplies	1	6	4	-33.3%	4
Other Services/Charges Total	<u>6</u>	16 490	<u>16</u> 512	0.0% 4.5%	17 520
	411	490	312	4.5 /0	320
<u>Legal</u>	0.070	0.040	0.550	7.00/	0.507
Personal Services	2,972	3,319	3,550	7.0%	3,597
Materials and Supplies	77	76	81	6.6%	81
Other Services/Charges Total	254 3,303	238 3,633	3,877	3.4% 6.7%	3, 924
	3,303	3,033	3,077	0.770	3,324
Human Resources Personal Services	0.747	0.677	2.002	0.40/	2.040
Materials and Supplies	2,717 96	2,677 112	2,903 115	8.4% 2.7%	2,940 125
Other Services/Charges	503	865	783	-9.5%	783
Total	3,315	3,654	3,801	4.0%	3,848
General Government	0.075	0.700	0.000	44 70/	0.000
Other Services/Charges	2,075 2,075	2,700	2,383	-11.7% -11.7%	2,399
Total INCOG_	2,075	2,700	۷,363	-11.770	2,399
Other Services/Charges	978	951	1,006	5.8%	1,006
Total	978	951	1,006	5.8%	1,006
			-,	3.070	-,

Finance_	C	FY 16 PRIGINAL	0	FY 17 PRIGINAL	F	FY 18 SUDGET	PERCENT DIFF FROM FY 17 ORIG	FII	FY 19 NANCIAL PLAN
Personal Services	\$	6,305	\$	5,653	\$	6,365	12.6%	\$	6,247
Materials and Supplies	Ψ.	46	Ψ	73	•	66	-9.6%	Ψ	66
Other Services/Charges		1,636		2,039		2,063	1.2%		2,072
Total		7,987		7,765		8,494	9.4%		8,385
		.,001		.,. 00		0, 10 1	01170		0,000
Information Technology									
Personal Services		7,137		7,271		7,781	7.0%		7,493
Materials and Supplies		112		315		308	-2.2%		317
Other Services/Charges		3,098		2,782		2,744	-1.4%		2,768
Total		10,347		10,368		10,833	4.5%		10,578
<u>Customer Care</u>									
Personal Services		267		389		476	22.4%		483
Materials and Supplies		2		5		3	-40.0%		3
Other Services/Charges		49		13		15	15.4%		15
Total		317		407		494	21.4%		501
Communications									
Personal Services		593		519		530	2.1%		538
Materials and Supplies		8		13		20	53.8%		12
Other Services/Charges		9		21		21	0.0%		21
Total		610		553		571	3.3%		571
Total		010		555		371	3.570		371
Asset Management									
Personal Services		1,743		1,722		1,871	8.7%		1,901
Materials and Supplies		353		336		339	0.9%		347
Other Services/Charges		1,874		1,957		1,876	-4.1%		1,990
Total		3,970		4,015		4,086	1.8%		4,238
Total Administrative & Support Services	·	36,460		38,169		39,914	4.6%		39,834
TOTAL BUDGET (Expenditures or appropriations)	\$	260,462	\$	261,917	\$	263,913	0.8%	\$	266,748
							PERCENT	_	FY 19
		FY 16	_	FY 17	_	FY 18	DIFF. FROM	FI	NANCIAL
TD ANIOTEDO OLIT		ACTUAL	0	RIGINAL		UDGET	FY 17 ORIG.		PLAN
TRANSFERS OUT Fund # Name									
3450 One Technology Building	— _{\$}	5,069	\$	5,138	\$	5,101	-0.7%	\$	4,669
4122 Whittier Square Improvement District	Ψ	10	Ψ	10	Ψ	10	0.0%	Ψ	4,009
5317 Community Oriented Policing Services		145		0		0	N/A		0
5565 CDBG									
		343		343		343	0.0%		343
7050 Golf Course Operating Fund		150		75		75	0.0%		75
TOTAL TRANSFERS OUT		5,717		5,566		5,529	-0.7%		5,097
TOTAL ANNUAL OUTLAYS	\$	266,178	\$	267,483	\$	269,442	0.7%	\$	271,845
								_	

SUMMARY BY PROGRAM CATEGORY

(amounts expressed in thousands)

	(,	,	PERCENT	FY 19	
	FY 16 ACTUAL	FY 17 ORIGINAL	FY 18 BUDGET	DIFF. FROM FY 17 ORIG.	FINANCIAL PLAN	
PUBLIC SAFETY AND PROTECTION						
Personal Services	\$ 156,493	\$ 150,843	\$ 149,986	-0.6%	\$ 152,532	
Materials and Supplies	2,018	2,678	3,006	12.2%	2,872	
Other Services/Charges	10,528	11,427	11,791	3.2%	11,905	
Total	169,039	164,948	164,783	-0.1%	167,309	
CULTURAL DEVELOPMENT AND RECREATION						
Personal Services	6,688	6,954	7,397	6.4%	7,497	
Materials and Supplies	606	717	717	0.0%	722	
Other Services/Charges	12,686	13,092	13,369	2.1%	13,327	
Total	19,980	20,763	21,483	3.5%	21,546	
SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT						
Personal Services	9,502	9,348	9,947	6.4%	10,111	
Materials and Supplies	277	337	305	-9.5%	311	
Other Services/Charges	1,619	1,511	1,503	-0.5%	1,499	
Total	11,398	11,196	11,755	5.0%	11,921	
PUBLIC WORKS AND TRANSPORTATION						
Personal Services	7,941	8,130	8,626	6.1%	8,740	
Materials and Supplies	531	718	708	-1.4%	773	
Other Services/Charges	15,111	17,993	16,644	-7.5%	16,625	
Total	23,583	26,841	25,978	-3.2%	26,138	
ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPORT SERVICES						
Personal Services	24,975	25,355	27,519	8.5%	27,280	
Materials and Supplies	720	976	997	2.2%	993	
Other Services/Charges	10,765	11,838	11,398	-3.7%	11,561	
Total	36,460	38,169	39,914	4.6%	39,834	
TRANSFERS	5,717	5,566	5,529	-0.7%	5,097	
TOTAL OUTLAYS	\$ 266,177	\$ 267,483	\$ 269,442	0.7%	\$ 271,845	

SUMMARY BY ACCOUNT CLASSIFICATION

	FY 16 ACTUAL	FY 17 ORIGINAL	E	FY 18 BUDGET	PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 ORIG.	FY 19 FINANCIAL PLAN
PERSONAL SERVICES	\$ 205,599	\$ 200,630	\$	203,475	1.4%	\$ 206,160
MATERIALS AND SUPPLIES	4,152	5,426		5,733	5.7%	5,671
OTHER SERVICES/CHARGES	50,710	55,861		54,705	-2.1%	54,917
TRANSFERS	5,717	5,566		5,529	-0.7%	5,097
TOTAL OUTLAYS	\$ 266,177	\$ 267,483	\$	269,442	0.7%	\$ 271,845

AIR FORCE PLANT 3 FUND

FY 2017-2018 & FY 2018-2019



OVERVIEW

In December 1993, McDonnell-Douglas announced the cessation of operations at the Air Force facility known as Air Force Plant 3 (AFP 3), whereupon the City of Tulsa proceeded to have the United States Air Force convey AFP 3 back to the City as intended when the City deeded the 338 acres to the U. S. Government in 1941. In addition to the land and improvements, the United States gave the City \$10 million to address environmental problems and make improvements to the facilities.

The Mayor's Office, the Chamber of Commerce, PSO, ONG, Asset Management, Legal, Airports and other agencies have worked together to make the property suitable for continued commercial use. The land and improved facilities have been leased to Spirit AeroSystems, Inc., (formerly Boeing Aircraft) and Navistar.

BUDGET SUMMARY

In February 2009, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. While the new standard has no effect on the total amount reported as fund balance, it fundamentally alters the categories and terminology used to present that amount on the governmental fund balance sheet. The fund balance for this Fund is now referred to as the Assigned Fund Balance. The 'End of Year' Assigned Fund Balance is the amount available for appropriation intended specifically for this fund's use.

The FY18 budget will continue to provide for improvements to the facility.

ANNUAL RESOURCES, OUTLAYS AND FUND BALANCE

	(6	arriouri	to expresse	o iii tii	ousarius)				
	Y 16		FY 17 RIGINAL		FY 17 FIMATE	FY 18 UDGET	PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 EST.	FINA	Y 19 ANCIAL LAN
Annual Resources									
Revenue	\$ 85	\$	71	\$	75	\$ 75	0.0%	\$	75
Transfers In	0		0		0	0	N/A		0
Total Resources	85		71		75	 75	0.0%		75
Annual Outlays									
Budget (Expenditures									
or appropriations)	14		1,305		20	1,506	>500%		75
Transfers Out	0		0		0	0	N/A		0
Total Outlays	14		1,305		20	1,506	>500%		75
Resources less Outlays	 71		(1,234)		55	(1,431)			0
Assigned Fund Balance									
Beginning of Year	1,310		1,243		1,381	1,436			5
Addition to/(Use of)	71		(1,234)		55	(1,431)			0
End of Year	\$ 1,381	\$	9	\$	1,436	\$ 5		\$	5

(amounts expressed in thousands)

REVENUE ACCOUNT	 FY 16 ACTUAL		/ 17 GINAL	 Y 17 IMATE	 Y 18 DGET	PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 EST.	FY 19 FINANCIAL PLAN	
■ CHARGES FOR SERVICES	\$ 56	\$	58	\$ 59	\$ 58	-1.7%	\$	58
■ INTEREST INCOME	15		13	16	17	6.2%		17
■ MISCELLANEOUS REVENUE	 14		0	0	 0	N/A		0
TOTAL ANNUAL RESOURCES	\$ 85	\$	71	\$ 75	\$ 75	0.0%	\$	75

	_	Y 16 TUAL	_	Y 17 IGINAL	_	FY 18 JDGET	PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 ORIG.	FINA	Y 19 INCIAL LAN
BUDGET (Expenditures or appropriations)									
■ ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPORT SERVICES <u>Asset Management</u> Other Services/Charges	\$	14	\$	20	\$	20	0.0%	\$	20
Capital Outlay		0		1,285		1,486	15.6%		55
Total Administrative and Support Services		14		1,305		1,506	15.4%		75
TOTAL BUDGET (Expenditures or appropriations)		14		1,305		1,506	15.4%		75
TOTAL ANNUAL OUTLAYS	\$	14	\$	1,305	\$	1,506	15.4%	\$	75

P.A. LAW ENFORCEMENT TRAINING FUND

FY 2017-2018 & FY 2018-2019



OVERVIEW

The Penalty Assessment Law Enforcement Training Fund has been established to administer revenues collected under provisions contained in Oklahoma Statutes, "Title 20 -- Courts, Section 1313.2". This law allows any municipality having a basic law enforcement academy approved by the Council of Law Enforcement Education and Training (C.L.E.E.T.) to dedicate \$2.00 of each court fine over \$10.00, excluding parking or standing violations, to local law enforcement training programs. While the great majority of the money is appropriated to the Police Department, the law allows up to 7 percent of the amount collected to be used for court and prosecutor training. Appropriations to the Legal and Municipal Court Departments reflect this option.

BUDGET SUMMARY

In February 2009, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. While the new standard has no effect on the total amount reported as fund balance, it fundamentally alters the categories and terminology used to present that amount on the governmental fund balance sheet. The fund balance for this fund is now referred to as the Assigned Fund Balance. The 'End of Year' Assigned Fund Balance is the amount available for appropriation intended specifically for this fund's use.

Due to available fund balance, the FY18 budget has been increased to align with current resources. This budget will continue to provide training for the Tulsa Police Department, Municipal Court employees and City Prosecutors.

ANNUAL RESOURCES, OUTLAYS AND FUND BALANCE

	Y 16 TUAL	FY 17 ORIGINAL		FY 17 ESTIMATE		FY 18 BUDGET		PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 EST.	FINA	Y 19 NCIAL LAN
Annual Resources										
Revenue	\$ 73	\$	70	\$	65	\$	65	0.0%	\$	65
Transfers In	 0		0		0		0	N/A		0
Total Resources	73		70		65		65	0.0%	•	65
Annual Outlays										
Budget (Expenditures										
or appropriations)	87		69		68		80	17.6%		64
Transfers Out	0		0		0		0	N/A		0
Total Outlays	87		69		68		80	17.6%		64
Resources less Outlays	(14)		1		(3)		(15)			1
Assigned Fund Balance										
Beginning of Year	34		0		20		17			2
Addition to/(Use of)	(14)		1		(3)		(15)			1
End of Year	\$ 20	\$	1	\$	17	\$	2		\$	3

(amounts expressed in thousands)

REVENUE ACCOUNT	FY 16 ACTUAL		 ′ 17 SINAL	 / 17 IMATE	 ′ 18 DGET	PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 EST.	FINA	/ 19 NCIAL ∟AN
■ FINES AND FORFEITURES	\$	73	\$ 70	\$ 65	\$ 65	0.0%	\$	65
TOTAL ANNUAL RESOURCES	\$	73	\$ 70	\$ 65	\$ 65	0.0%	\$	65

BUDGET (Expenditures or appropriations)	FY 16 ACTUAL	FY 17 ORIGINAL	FY 18 BUDGET	PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 ORIG.	FY 19 FINANCIAL PLAN
■ PUBLIC SAFETY AND PROTECTION					
Municipal Court Other Services/Charges Total	\$ <u>1</u>	\$ 2 2	\$ <u>2</u>	0.0% 0.0%	\$ 2 2
Other Services/Charges Total	84 84	65 65	76 76	16.9% 16.9%	62 62
Total Public Safety and Protection	85	67	78	16.4%	64
■ ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPORT SERVICES					
Legal Other Services/Charges Total Administrative and Support Services TOTAL BUDGET (Expenditures or appropriations)	2 2 87	2 2 69	2 2 80	0.0% 0.0% 15.9%	0 0 64
TOTAL ANNUAL OUTLAYS	\$ 87	\$ 69	\$ 80	15.9%	\$ 64

JUVENILE CURFEW FINES

FY 2017-2018 & FY 2018-2019

OPERATING FUND
2330

SPECIAL REVENUE
FUND BUDGETED
ON A CASH BASIS

OVERVIEW

The Juvenile Curfew Fines Fund was established by an agreement between the Tulsa County District Court and the City of Tulsa, under authority of Article 10 Oklahoma Statutes, Section 7303-1.2, Subsection F. This law authorizes municipalities to assume jurisdiction of juveniles guilty of certain misdemeanor violations. Subsection F mandates funds generated from "juvenile curfew fines" be used to fund local programs which address juvenile crime, costs related to prosecution and retention of juvenile offenders, and administrative costs for community intervention centers.

BUDGET SUMMARY

In February 2009, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. While the new standard has no effect on the total amount reported as fund balance, it fundamentally alters the categories and terminology used to present that amount on the governmental fund balance sheet. The fund balance for this fund is now referred to as the Assigned Fund Balance. The 'End of Year' Assigned Fund Balance is the amount available for appropriation intended specifically for this fund's use.

Appropriations are used to partially fund a Probation Officer in the Municipal Court department related to specialized counseling and referral support for juveniles. The position also monitors the progress of all juvenile court cases, facilitates work-in-lieu-of-fines, schedules classes and prepares pre-sentence investigations.

ANNUAL RESOURCES, OUTLAYS AND FUND BALANCE

	(amounts	expresse	ed in tho	usands)				
	/ 16 FUAL		/ 17 GINAL		/ 17 IMATE	Y 18 DGET	PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 EST.	FINA	/ 19 NCIAL _AN
Annual Resources									
Revenue	\$ 15	\$	13	\$	11	\$ 13	18.2%	\$	13
Transfers In	0		0		0	0	N/A		0
Total Resources	15		13		11	13	18.2%		13
Annual Outlays									
Budget (Expenditures									
or appropriations)	17		13		13	14	7.7%		14
Transfers Out	0		0		0	0	N/A		0
Total Outlays	17		13		13	14	7.7%		14
Resources less Outlays	 (2)		0		(2)	(1)			(1)
Assigned Fund Balance									
Beginning of Year	7		1		5	3			2
Addition to/(Use of)	(2)		0		(2)	(1)			(1)
End of Year	\$ 5	\$	1	\$	3	\$ 2		\$	1

(amounts expressed in thousands)

									PERCENT	F۱	Y 19
	F۱	/ 16	FΥ	<i>1</i> 17	F۱	/ 17	F۱	/ 18	DIFF. FROM	FINA	NCIAL
REVENUE ACCOUNT	AC	ACTUAL		ORIGINAL		ESTIMATE		OGET	FY 17 EST.	Pl	LAN
■ FINES AND FORFEITURES	\$	15	\$	13	\$	11	\$	13	18.2%	\$	13
TOTAL ANNUAL RESOURCES	\$	15	\$	13	\$	11	\$	13	18.2%	\$	13

BUDGET (Expenditures or appropriations)	 ′ 16 ΓUAL	 Y 17 GINAL	 / 18 DGET	PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 ORIG.	FINA	/ 19 NCIAL _AN
■ PUBLIC SAFETY AND PROTECTION						
Municipal Court Personal Services Total Public Safety and Protection	\$ 17 17	\$ 13 13	\$ 14 14	7.7% 7.7%	\$	14 14
TOTAL BUDGET (Expenditures or appropriations)	17	13	14	7.7%		14
TOTAL ANNUAL OUTLAYS	\$ 17	\$ 13	\$ 14	7.7%	\$	14

E911 FEE OPERATING FUND

FY 2017-2018 & FY 2018-2019



OVERVIEW

In July 1987, Tulsa voters approved the development and implementation of an enhanced 911 system and a fee on phone service to cover its costs. The E911 Fee Operating Fund was established to account for the collection of the fee and to track the enhanced 911 service expenditures. Ordinance #16930, approved by the Mayor in December 1989, set a first-year emergency telephone user charge of five percent of the tariff rate with subsequent years set at three percent of the tariff rate. In 1994, the City Council approved raising the tariff rate back to five percent to establish an emergency communication capital equipment replacement and acquisition program. While the initial projects have been implemented, revenues from the tariff continue to provide a significant funding source for emergency dispatching. In 2006, Tulsa County voters approved a 50 cent per month user charge on cell phones. This revenue source also helps fund E911 operations.

BUDGET SUMMARY

In February 2009, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. While the new standard has no effect on the total amount reported as fund balance, it fundamentally alters the categories and terminology used to present that amount on the governmental fund balance sheet. The fund balance for this fund is now referred to as the Assigned Fund Balance. The 'End of Year' Assigned Fund Balance is the amount available for appropriation intended specifically for this fund's use.

FY18 and FY19 revenues in the E911 Fee Operating Fund reflect passage of House Bill 3126, the "911 Reform Bill". Effective January 1, 2017, HB3126 increased the wireless 911 fee from \$0.50 to \$0.75 with the majority of the assessment being made available to municipalities to help fund 911 operations. Revenues from all 911 assessments are reflected in this fund and are made available for 911 operations.

ANNUAL RESOURCES, OUTLAYS AND FUND BALANCE

	(
	FY 16 CTUAL	FY 17 RIGINAL	FY 17 TIMATE	FY 18 JDGET	PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 EST.	FIN	FY 19 ANCIAL PLAN
Annual Resources							
Revenue	\$ 3,108	\$ 3,311	\$ 3,204	\$ 3,632	13.4%	\$	3,632
Transfers In	 0	 0	0	 0	N/A		0
Total Resources	3,108	3,311	3,204	3,632	13.4%		3,632
Annual Outlays							
Budget (Expenditures							
or appropriations)	3,131	3,342	3,164	3,595	13.6%		3,595
Transfers Out	0	0	0	0	0.0%		0
Total Outlays	 3,131	 3,342	 3,164	3,595	13.6%		3,595
Resources less Outlays	 (23)	 (31)	 40	 37	:		37
Assigned Fund Balance							
Beginning of Year	60	175	37	77			114
Addition to/(Use of)	 (23)	 (31)	 40	 37			37
End of Year	\$ 37	\$ 144	\$ 77	\$ 114	•	\$	151

(amounts expressed in thousands)

REVENUE ACCOUNT	-	TY 16	FY 17 ORIGINAL		FY 17 ESTIMATE		-	FY 18 JDGET	PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 EST.	FIN	Y 19 ANCIAL PLAN
■ INTRGVMNTL REVENUE	\$	0	\$	10	\$	3	\$	10	233.3%	\$	10
■ CHARGES FOR SERVICES		3,104		3,296		3,196		3,617	13.2%		3,617
CELL PHONES LAND LINE PHONES		1,998 1,106		2,196 1,100		2,044 1,152		2,463 1,154	20.5% 0.2%		2,463 1,154
■ INTEREST INCOME		4		5		5		5	0.0%		5
TOTAL REVENUE		3,108		3,311		3,204		3,632	13.4%		3,632
TOTAL ANNUAL RESOURCES	\$	3,108	\$	3,311	\$	3,204	\$	3,632	13.4%	\$	3,632

BUDGET (Expenditures or appropriations)	_	Y 16 TUAL	TY 17 IGINAL	FY 18 UDGET	PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 16 ORIG.	FIN	FY 19 ANCIAL PLAN
(promise appropriate							
■ PUBLIC SAFETY AND PROTECTION							
<u>Police</u>							
Personal Services	\$	605	\$ 804	\$ 1,426	77.4%	\$	1,436
Materials and Supplies		19	47	77	63.8%		47
Other Services/Charges		1,870	1,804	1,633	-9.5%		1,633
Capital Outlay		6	 42	 0	-100.0%		0
Total Public Safety and Protection		2,499	2,697	3,136	16.3%		3,116
■ ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPORT SERVICES Information Technology Personal Services Materials and Supplies Other Services/Charges Total		305 5 37 347	 300 9 42 351	 114 8 30 152	-62.0% -11.1% -28.6% - 56.7%		115 8 40 163
Asset Management							
Personal Services		49	49	61	24.5%		62
Materials and Supplies		11	10	13	30.0%		13
Other Services/Charges		225	235	 233	-0.9%		241
Total		285	294	307	4.4%		316
Total Administrative and Support Services		632	 645	 459	-28.8%		479
TOTAL BUDGET (Expenditures or appropriations)	-	3,131	3,342	 3,595	7.6%		3,595
TOTAL ANNUAL OUTLAYS	\$	3,131	\$ 3,342	\$ 3,595	7.6%	\$	3,595

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT COMMISSION FUND

FY 2017-2018 & FY 2018-2019



OVERVIEW

With approval of Ordinance #23294 on May 27, 2015, the allocation of the Hotel/Motel Tax was revised. This ordinance designates specific percentages of the tax for specific purposes. This fund is allocated 4.5 percent of the Hotel/Motel Tax collected by the City.

The fund shall be used to promote economic development activities recommended by the Economic Development Commission.

BUDGET SUMMARY

In February 2009, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. While the new standard has no effect on the total amount reported as fund balance, it fundamentally alters the categories and terminology used to present that amount on the governmental fund balance sheet. The fund balance for this fund is now referred to as the Assigned Fund Balance. The 'End of Year' Assigned Fund Balance is the amount available for appropriation intended specifically for this fund's use.

The Economic Development Commission Fund began FY17 with a fund balance of \$102,000 available for appropriation. Based on current revenue and expenditure estimates, this year-end balance is expected to decrease to \$74,000. In FY18, the fund will continue to promote economic development activities which are supported by the staff within the Mayor's Office of Economic Development.

ANNUAL RESOURCES, OUTLAYS AND FUND BALANCE

	`				,					
			FY 17 ORIGINAL		FY 17 ESTIMATE		Y 18 DGET	PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 EST.	FINA	Y 19 ANCIAL LAN
Annual Resources										
Revenue	\$ 337	\$	340	\$	328	\$	331	0.9%	\$	331
Transfers In	0		0		0		0	N/A		0
Total Resources	 337		340		328		331	0.9%		331
Annual Outlays										
Budget (Expenditures										
or appropriations)	353		358		356		357	0.3%		357
Transfers Out	 0		0		0		0	N/A		0
Total Outlays	353		358		356		357	0.3%		357
Resources less Outlays	 (16)		(18)		(28)		(26)			(26)
Assigned Fund Balance										
Beginning of Year	118		70		102		74			48
Addition to/(Use of)	(16)		(18)		(28)		(26)			(26)
End of Year	\$ 102	\$	52	\$	74	\$	48		\$	22

(amounts expressed in thousands)

	F`	Y 16	F	Y 17	F	Y 17	F	Y 18	PERCENT DIFF. FROM	FY 19 FINANCIAL		
REVENUE ACCOUNT	AC	ACTUAL		ORIGINAL		ESTIMATE		DGET	FY 17 EST.	PLAN		
■ HOTEL/MOTEL TAX	\$	337	\$	340	\$ 328		\$	331	0.9%	\$	331	
TOTAL ANNUAL RESOURCES	\$	\$ 337		340	\$	328	\$	331	0.9%	\$	331	

	_	FY 16 ACTUAL		FY 17 ORIGINAL		Y 18 DGET	PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 ORIG.	FIN	FY 19 ANCIAL PLAN
BUDGET (Expenditures or appropriations)									
■ SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT									
Mayor's Office of Economic Development									
Personal Services	\$	53	\$	54	\$	53	-1.9%	\$	53
Materials and Supplies		0		5		5	0.0%		5
Other Services/Charges		300		299		299	0.0%		299
Total		353		358		357	-0.3%		357
TOTAL BUDGET (Expenditures or appropriations)		353		358		357	-0.3%		357
TOTAL ANNUAL OUTLAYS	\$	353	\$	358	\$	357	-0.3%	\$	357

CONVENTION & VISITORS FUND

FY 2017-2018 & FY 2018-2019



OVERVIEW

With approval of Ordinance #23112 on May 27, 2014, the Convention & Visitors Fund was created. This fund is allocated 50.5 percent of the Hotel/Motel Tax collected by the City.

The fund shall be used to market and promote tourism and the use of convention facilities within the City of Tulsa.

BUDGET SUMMARY

In February 2009, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. While the new standard has no effect on the total amount reported as fund balance, it fundamentally alters the categories and terminology used to present that amount on the governmental fund balance sheet. The fund balance for this fund is now referred to as the Assigned Fund Balance. The 'End of Year' Assigned Fund Balance is the amount available for appropriation intended specifically for this fund's use.

The Convention & Visitors Fund began FY17 with a fund balance available for appropriation of \$21,000. In FY18, the City will continue to contract with the Metropolitan Chamber of Commerce to support the Chamber's Convention and Visitors Bureau's efforts to bring convention and visitor dollars to Tulsa.

ANNUAL RESOURCES, OUTLAYS AND FUND BALANCE

		Y 16 CTUAL	Y 17 IGINAL	FY 17 ESTIMATE		FY 18 BUDGET		PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 EST.	FIN	TY 19 ANCIAL PLAN
Annual Resources										
Revenue	\$	3,778	\$ 3,819	\$	3,683	\$	3,714	0.8%	\$	3,714
Transfers In		0	0		0		0	N/A		0
Total Resources	-	3,778	3,819		3,683		3,714	0.8%		3,714
Annual Outlays Budget (Expenditures										
or appropriations)		4,006	3,819		3,683		3,714	0.8%		3,714
Transfers Out		0	0		0		0	N/A		0
Total Outlays		4,006	3,819		3,683		3,714	0.8%		3,714
Resources less Outlays		(228)	0		0		0	:		0
Assigned Fund Balance										
Beginning of Year		249	48		21		21			21
Addition to/(Use of)		(228)	0		0		0			0
End of Year	\$	21	\$ 48	\$	21	\$	21	•	\$	21

(amounts expressed in thousands)

		-V 40		-V 4-7				EV 40	PERCENT	_	FY 19
REVENUE ACCOUNT	FY 16 ACTUAL		FY 17 ORIGINAL		FY 17 ESTIMATE		FY 18 BUDGET		DIFF. FROM FY 17 EST.	FINANCIAL PLAN	
■ HOTEL/MOTEL TAX	\$	3,778	\$	3,819	\$	3,683	\$	3,714	0.8%	\$	3,714
TOTAL ANNUAL RESOURCES	\$	3,778	\$	3,819	\$	3,683	\$	3,714	0.8%	\$	3,714

BUDGET (Expenditures or appropriations)	_	FY 16 CTUAL	FY 17 ORIGINAL		FY 18 BUDGET		PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 ORIG.	FY 19 FINANCIAL PLAN	
■ SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT									
Mayor's Office of Economic Development Other Services/Charges	\$	4.006	\$	3,819	\$	3,714	-2.7%	\$	3,714
Total Social and Economic Development	Ψ	4,006	Ψ	3,819		3,714	-2.7%	Ψ	3,714
TOTAL BUDGET (Expenditures or appropriations)		4,006		3,819		3,714	-2.7%		3,714
TOTAL ANNUAL OUTLAYS	\$	4,006	\$	3,819	\$	3,714	-2.7%	\$	3,714

PUBLIC SAFETY TAX FUND

FY 2017-2018 & FY 2018-2019



OVERVIEW

On April 5, 2016, Tulsa voters approved Ordinance #23420 setting a limited-purpose, permanent sales tax levy of sixteen one-hundredths of one percent (0.16%) to begin January 1, 2017 and continuing until July 1, 2021, on which date the said sixteen one-hundredths of one percent (0.16%) permanet sales tax shall increase to a twenty-six one-hundredths of one percent (0.26%) permanent sales tax for the purpose of providing revenue for the support of the public safety functions of the City of Tulsa as listed in detail in Title 43-I of Tulsa Revised Ordinances created with Ordinance #23423.

BUDGET SUMMARY

In February 2009, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. While the new standard has no effect on the total amount reported as fund balance, it fundamentally alters the categories and terminology used to present that amount on the governmental fund balance sheet. The fund balance for this fund is now referred to as the Assigned Fund Balance. The 'End of Year' Assigned Fund Balance is the amount available for appropriation intended specifically for this fund's use.

Revenues in the Public Safety Tax Fund are estimated to be \$12,183,000 in FY18 with outlays for approved public safety functions of \$10,572,000 anticipated. The ending fund balance for FY18 of \$4,769,000 shall be made available for these same approved purposes in FY19 and beyond.

ANNUAL RESOURCES, OUTLAYS AND FUND BALANCE

	FY 16 ACTUAL		FY 17 ORIGINAL		FY 17 ESTIMATE		FY 18 BUDGET		PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 EST.	FIN	FY 19 IANCIAL PLAN
Annual Resources											
Revenue	\$	0	\$	4,429	\$	4,201	\$	12,183	190.0%	\$	12,264
Transfers In		0		0		0		0	N/A		0
Total Resources		0		4,429		4,201		12,183	190.0%		12,264
Annual Outlays Budget (Expenditures											
or appropriations)		0		1,339		1,042		10,572	>500%		13,562
Transfers Out		0		0		0		0	N/A		0
Total Outlays		0		1,339		1,042		10,572	>500%		13,562
Resources less Outlays		0		3,090		3,159		1,610	I		(1,298)
Assigned Fund Balance											
Beginning of Year		0		0		0		3,159			4,769
Addition to/(Use of)		0		3,090		3,159		1,610			(1,298)
End of Year	\$	0	\$	3,090	\$	3,159	\$	4,769		\$	3,471

(amounts expressed in thousands)

REVENUE ACCOUNT	 FY 16 ACTUAL		FY 17 ORIGINAL		FY 17 ESTIMATE		FY 18 UDGET	PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 EST.	FY 19 FINANCIAL PLAN	
■ SALES TAX	\$ 0	\$	4,429	\$	4,201	\$	12,033	186.4%	\$	12,114
■ INTEREST INCOME TOTAL REVENUE	 0		4.429		4.201		150 12.183	N/A 190.0%		150 12,264
TOTAL ANNUAL RESOURCES	\$ 0	\$	4,429	\$	4,201	\$	12,183	190.0%	\$	12,264

								PERCENT		FY 19
		FY 16		F	FY 17		FY 18	DIFF. FROM	FII	NANCIAL
		ACT	UAL	OR	ORIGINAL		UDGET	FY 17 ORIG.		PLAN
BUD	GET (Expenditures or appropriations)									
■ PUI	BLIC SAFETY AND PROTECTION									
Police	9									
	Personal Services	\$	0	\$	519	\$	4,135	>500%	\$	6,737
	Materials and Supplies		0		231		424	83.5%		323
	Other Services/Charges		0		252		156	-38.1%		297
	Capital Outlay		0		0		3,734	N/A		2,489
	Total		0		1,002		8,449	>500%		9,846
<u>Fire</u>										
	Personal Services		0		231		1,997	>500%		3,590
	Materials and Supplies		0		106		100	-5.7%		100
	Other Services/Charges		0		0		26	N/A		26
	Total		0		337		2,123	>500%		3,716
	TOTAL BUDGET (Expenditures or appropriations)		0		1,339		10,572	>500%		13,562
TOT	AL ANNUAL OUTLAYS	\$	0	\$	1,339	\$	10,572	>500%	\$	13,562

STREETS AND TRANSIT FUND

FY 2017-2018 & FY 2018-2019



OVERVIEW

On April 5, 2016, Tulsa voters approved Ordinance #23421 setting a limited-purpose, permanent sales tax levy of eighty-five thousandths of one percent (0.085%) to begin January 1, 2017 for the purpose of providing revenue for the support of street maintenance, traffic and public transportation functions of the City of Tulsa as listed in detail in Title 43-J of Tulsa Revised Ordinances created with Ordinance #23424.

BUDGET SUMMARY

In February 2009, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. While the new standard has no effect on the total amount reported as fund balance, it fundamentally alters the categories and terminology used to present that amount on the governmental fund balance sheet. The fund balance for this fund is now referred to as the Assigned Fund Balance. The 'End of Year' Assigned Fund Balance is the amount available for appropriation intended specifically for this fund's use.

Revenues in the Streets and Transit Fund are estimated to be \$6,472,000 in FY18 with outlays for approved streets and transit functions of \$5,070,000 anticipated. The ending fund balance for FY18 of \$2,924,000 shall be made available for these same approved purposes in FY19 and beyond.

ANNUAL RESOURCES, OUTLAYS AND FUND BALANCE

	FY ACT	16 UAL	Y 17 IGINAL	FY 17 FIMATE	_	FY 18 JDGET	PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 EST.	FIN	FY 19 ANCIAL PLAN
Annual Resources									
Revenue	\$	0	\$ 2,353	\$ 2,232	\$	6,472	190.0%	\$	6,515
Transfers In		0	0	0		0	N/A		0
Total Resources		0	2,353	2,232		6,472	190.0%		6,515
Annual Outlays									
Budget (Expenditures		_							
or appropriations)		0	2,312	710		5,070	>500%		6,241
Transfers Out		0	 0	 0		0	N/A		0
Total Outlays		0	2,312	710		5,070	>500%		6,241
Resources less Outlays		0	41	1,522		1,402	•		274
Assigned Fund Balance									
Beginning of Year		0	0	0		1,522			2,924
Addition to/(Use of)		0	41	1,522		1,402			274
End of Year	\$	0	\$ 41	\$ 1,522	\$	2,924		\$	3,197

(amounts expressed in thousands)

								PERCENT	1	FY 19
REVENUE ACCOUNT	FY ACT		-	Y 17 IGINAL	-	TIMATE	FY 18 JDGET	DIFF. FROM FY 17 EST.		IANCIAL PLAN
■ SALES TAX	\$	0	\$	2,353	\$	2,232	\$ 6,392	186.4%	\$	6,435
■ INTEREST INCOME		0		0		0	80	N/A		80
TOTAL REVENUE		0		2,353		2,232	6,472	190.0%		6,515
TOTAL ANNUAL RESOURCES	\$	0	\$	2,353	\$	2,232	\$ 6,472	190.0%	\$	6,515

		′ 16 'UAL	_	TY 17	-	FY 18 JDGET	PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 ORIG.	FIN	Y 19 ANCIAL PLAN
BUDGET (Expenditures or appropriations)									
■ SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT									
Planning & Development									
Capital Outlay	\$	0	\$	1,200	\$	1,200	0.0%	\$	0
Total Social & Economic Development		0		1,200		1,200	0.0%		0
■ PUBLIC WORKS AND TRANSPORTATION									
Streets and Stormwater									
Personal Services		0		533		1,528	186.7%		1,531
Materials and Supplies		0		152		749	392.8%		769
Other Services/Charges		0		151		467	209.3%		467
Capital Outlay		0		176		796	352.3%		88
Total	' <u>'</u>	0		1,012	•	3,540	249.8%		2,855
Tulsa Transit									
Other Services/Charges		0		100		330	230.0%		3,386
Total		0		100		330	230.0%		3,386
Total Public Works & Transportation		0		1,112		3,870	248.0%		6,241
TOTAL BUDGET (Expenditures or appropriations)		0		2,312		5,070	119.3%		6,241
TOTAL ANNUAL OUTLAYS	\$	0	\$	2,312	\$	5,070	119.3%	\$	6,241

CONVENTION & TOURISM FACILITIES FUND

FY 2017-2018 & FY 2018-2019



OVERVIEW

With approval of Ordinance #23112 on May 27, 2014, the allocation of the Hotel/Motel Tax was revised. The Convention Fund was renamed the Convention & Tourism Facilities Fund, and will receive 43.0 percent of the Hotel/Motel Tax levied pursuant to first chapter of Title 44, together with all income derived from the investment of the tax.

This fund shall be used to construct, reconstruct, operate, maintain, and repair buildings and facilities to foster the development of the City as a convention and tourist destination, and to acquire land in connection therewith.

BUDGET SUMMARY

In February 2009, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. While the new standard has no effect on the total amount reported as fund balance, it fundamentally alters the categories and terminology used to present that amount on the governmental fund balance sheet. The fund balance for this fund is now referred to as the Assigned Fund Balance. The 'End of Year' Assigned Fund Balance is the amount available for appropriation intended specifically for this fund's use.

The Convention & Tourism Facilities Fund began FY17 with a fund balance of \$519,000. Based on current revenue and expenditure estimates, this year-end balance is expected to decrease to \$199,000. In FY18, the revenue received from the Hotel/Motel Tax will continue to support the operating and capital needs of the Performing Arts Center and the Cox Business Center. The revenue received from the sale of sponsorships and naming rights for the BOK Center will be utilized for debt service payments on the bonds used for upgrades within the facility.

ANNUAL RESOURCES, OUTLAYS AND FUND BALANCE

	(α.	nounto .	охртооооа	 oarrao,				
	Y 16 CTUAL		Y 17 IGINAL	TY 17	Y 18 JDGET	PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 EST.	FIN	Y 19 ANCIAL PLAN
Annual Resources								
Revenue	\$ 5,298	\$	5,371	\$ 5,335	\$ 5,370	0.7%	\$	4,533
Transfers In	0		0	0	0	N/A		0
Total Resources	5,298		5,371	5,335	5,370	0.7%		4,533
Annual Outlays								
Budget (Expenditures	005		007	1.016	704	22.40/		700
or appropriations) Transfers Out	865		907	1,016	791	-22.1% -1.3%		792
	 4,602		4,639 F F 6	 4,639	 4,577	-1.3% - 5.1%		3,740
Total Outlays	5,467		5,546	5,655	5,368	-5.1%		4,532
Resources less Outlays	 (169)		(175)	(320)	2	ı		1
Assigned Fund Balance								
Beginning of Year	688		252	519	199			201
Addition to/(Use of)	(169)		(175)	(320)	2			1
End of Year	\$ 519	\$	77	\$ 199	\$ 201	:	\$	202

(amounts expressed in thousands)

REVENUE ACCOUNT	_	FY 16 CTUAL	-	Y 17 IGINAL	_	TY 17	-	FY 18 JDGET	PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 EST.	FIN	FY 19 IANCIAL PLAN
■ HOTEL/MOTEL TAX	\$	3,217	\$	3,252	\$	3,134	\$	3,162	0.9%	\$	3,162
■ MISC REVENUE		2,062		2,099		2,181		2,187	0.3%		1,350
■ INTEREST INCOME		19		20		20		21	5.0%		21
TOTAL ANNUAL RESOURCES	\$	5,298	\$	5,371	\$	5,335	\$	5,370	0.7%	\$	4,533

	_	Y 16 TUAL	Y 17 IGINAL	FY 18 JDGET	PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 ORIG.	FIN	FY 19 IANCIAL PLAN
BUDGET (Expenditures or appropriations)							
■ CULTURAL DEVELOPMENT AND RECREATION Performing Arts Center							
Personal Services	\$	177	\$ 184	\$ 220	19.6%	\$	221
Materials and Supplies		18	29	29	0.0%		29
Other Services/Charges		414	533	542	1.7%		542
Capital Outlay		256	 161	0	-100.0%		0
Total Cultural Development and Recreation		865	 907	791	-12.8%		792
TOTAL BUDGET		865	907	 791	-12.8%		792
(Expenditures or appropriations)							
TRANSFERS OUT							
Fund # Name							
3003 TPFA Convention Center Operations		2,540	2,540	2,390	-5.9%		2,390
3003 TPFA BOK Arena Sponsors/Naming Rights		339	320	776	142.5%		113
3003 TPFA BOK Arena Debt Service		1,723	1,779	1,411	-20.7%		1,237
TOTAL TRANSFERS OUT		4,602	4,639	4,577	-1.3%		3,740
TOTAL ANNUAL OUTLAYS	\$	5,467	\$ 5,546	\$ 5,368	-3.2%	\$	4,532

SHORT-TERM CAPITAL FUND

FY 2017-2018 & FY 2018-2019



OVERVIEW

The Short-Term Capital Fund was established to finance the City's short-term capital needs. For budget purposes, a short-term capital asset has a minimum value of \$1,000 and a useful life of more than one year but less than ten years. Revenue is provided by the 2014 Sales Tax Fund which includes provisions for "short-term" capital improvement projects.

BUDGET SUMMARY

In February 2009, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. While the new standard has no effect on the total amount reported as fund balance, it fundamentally alters the categories and terminology used to present that amount on the governmental fund balance sheet. The fund balance for this fund is now referred to as the Assigned Fund Balance. The 'End of Year' Assigned Fund Balance is the amount available for appropriation intended specifically for this fund's use.

Since July 2014, sales tax revenue in the Short-Term Capital Fund has come from the Improve Our Tulsa funding package which was approved by voters in November 2013 and is anticipated to provide funding for capital equipment until 2021 when the package expires.

The Short-Term Capital Fund began FY17 with a fund balance available for appropriation of \$979,000. The accumulated ending balance, along with sales tax revenue collected throughout the year, will be used to fund the City's capital equipment needs in FY18.

ANNUAL RESOURCES, OUTLAYS AND FUND BALANCE

	(
	FY 16 CTUAL	FY 17 RIGINAL	FY 17 TIMATE	FY 18 JDGET	PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 EST.	FIN	FY 19 ANCIAL PLAN
Annual Resources							
Revenue	\$ 0	\$ 3	\$ 1	\$ 3	200.0%	\$	3
Transfers In	9,600	9,680	9,680	9,771	0.9%		9,771
Total Resources	9,600	9,683	9,681	9,774	1.0%		9,774
Annual Outlays Budget (Expenditures							
or appropriations)	8,552	9,537	9,711	9,379	-3.4%		9,369
Transfers Out	386	386	386	386	0.0%		386
Total Outlays	8,938	9,923	10,097	9,765	-3.3%		9,755
Resources less Outlays	 662	(240)	(416)	9			19
Assigned Fund Balance							
Beginning of Year	317	562	979	563			572
Addition to/(Use of)	662	(240)	(416)	9			19
End of Year	\$ 979	\$ 322	\$ 563	\$ 572		\$	591
	 			·			

MISCELLANEOUS REVENUE	DEVENUE ACCOUNT		FY 16	ı	FY 17	F	Y 17		FY 18	PERCENT DIFF. FROM	FIN	FY 19 IANCIAL
# TRANSFERS IN 9,600 9,680 9,680 9,771 0,9% 9,771 TOTAL ANNUAL RESOURCES \$ 9,600 \$ 9,680 \$ 9,680 \$ 9,771 1,09% 9,771 TOTAL ANNUAL RESOURCES \$ 9,600 \$ 9,680 \$ 9,681 \$ 9,771 1,09% 9,771 TOTAL ANNUAL RESOURCES \$ 9,600 \$ 9,680 \$ 9,681 \$ 9,771 1,00% \$ 9,771 1,00% 9,771 1,00% 9,771 1,00% 9,771 1,00% 9,771 1,00% 9,771 1,00% 9,00	REVENUE ACCOUNT									FY 17 EST.		PLAN
		\$		\$		\$		\$			\$	
Note	TOTAL REVENUE		0		3		1		3	200.0%		3
ANNUAL OUTLAYS	■ TRANSFERS IN		9,600		9,680		9,680		9,771	0.9%		9,771
Public Safety And Protection Park & Recreation Park & Recreation Public Safety and Protection Park & Recreation Public Safety and Protection Park & Recreation Park & Recreation Public Safety and Protection Park & Recreation Park & Recreation Public Safety and Protection Public Safety and Public Safety and Protection Public Safety and Public Safety and Public Safety and Public Safety Public Safety and Public Safety and Public Safety and Public Safety Public Sa	TOTAL ANNUAL RESOURCES	\$	9,600	\$	9,683	\$	9,681	\$	9,774	1.0%	\$	9,774
PY16			AI	NNU	AL OU	TLA	YS					
PUBLIC SAFETY AND PROTECTION										DIFF. FROM	FIN	IANCIAL
Police \$ 3,131 \$ 3,521 \$ 3,343 5.1% \$ 3,343 Fire 507 437 610 39.6% 610		-	ns)									
Fire Total Public Safety and Protection 507 437 610 39.6% 610 CULTURAL DEVELOPMENT AND RECREATION 270 276 304 10.1% 275 Gilcrease Museum 55 0 0 N/A 0 River Parks 37 36 36 0.0% 361 Total Cultural Development and Recreation 362 312 340 9.0% 311 SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT Working In Neighborhoods 118 197 197 0.0% 94 Planning & Development 29 84 84 0.0% 94 Total Social and Economic Development 217 281 281 0.0% 291 PUBLIC WORKS AND TRANSPORTATION Streets and Stormwater 746 1,427 1,228 -13.9% 1,229 Total Public Works and Transportation 838 1,519 1,320 -13.1% 1,321 ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPORT SERVICES 2 9 2 9 2 <td></td> <th>TION</th> <td></td> <td>¢</td> <td>2 121</td> <td>¢</td> <td>2 524</td> <td>¢</td> <td>2 242</td> <td>E 10/</td> <td>¢</td> <td>2 242</td>		TION		¢	2 121	¢	2 524	¢	2 242	E 10/	¢	2 242
Total Public Safety and Protection 3,638 3,958 3,953 -0.1% 3,953 CULTURAL DEVELOPMENT AND RECREATION				Ф		Φ		Ф			Ф	
Park & Recreation 270 276 304 10.1% 275 276 304 10.1% 275 306		tection										
Gilcrease Museum River Parks 55 0 0 N/A 0 River Parks Total Cultural Development and Recreation 36 36 0.0% 36 SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT Working in Neighborhoods 118 197 197 0.0% 197 Planning & Development 99 84 84 0.0% 94 Total Social and Economic Development 217 281 281 0.0% 92 PUBLIC WORKS AND TRANSPORTATION Streets and Stormwater 746 1,427 1,228 -13.9% 1,229 Tulsa Transit 92 92 92 0.0% 92 Total Public Works and Transportation 838 1,519 1,320 -13.1% 1,321 ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPORT SERVICES City Council 4 6 4 -33.3% 8 Legal 0 57 0 -10.0% 0 Finance 0 3 0 -100.0% 2 Information Technology 3,301 3,315												
River Parks 37 36 36 0.0% 36 Total Cultural Development and Recreation 362 312 340 9.0% 311 SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT Working In Neighborhoods 118 197 197 0.0% 94 Planning & Development 99 84 84 0.0% 94 Total Social and Economic Development 217 281 281 0.0% 291 PUBLIC WORKS AND TRANSPORTATION 746 1,427 1,228 -13.9% 1,229 Tulsa Transit 92 92 92 0.0% 92 Total Public Works and Transportation 838 1,519 1,320 -13.1% 1,321 ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPORT SERVICES City Council 4 6 4 -33.3% 8 Legal 0 12 5 -58.3% 5 Human Resources 0 57 0 -100.0% 2 Information Technology 3,301 3,315	Park & Recreation				270		276		304	10.1%		275
SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT Working In Neighborhoods 118 197 197 0.0% 197 198 1									_			
SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT Working In Neighborhoods Planning & Development 118 197 197 0.0% 197 Planning & Development Total Social and Economic Development 217 281 281 0.0% 94 Total Social and Economic Development 217 281 281 0.0% 291 ■ PUBLIC WORKS AND TRANSPORTATION Streets and Stormwater 746 1,427 1,228 -13.9% 1,229 Tulsa Transit 92 92 92 0.0% 92 Tulsa Transit 92 92 92 0.0% 92 Total Public Works and Transportation 838 1,519 1,320 -13.1% 1,321 ■ ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPORT SERVICES City Council 4 6 4 -33.3% 8 Legal 0 12 5 -58.3% 5 Human Resources 0 57 0 -100.0% 0 Finance 0 3 0 -100.0% 29 Informa												
Working In Neighborhoods Planning & Development Planning & Development 118 99 84 84 84 0.0% 94 197 0.0% 94 197 0.0% 94 Total Social and Economic Development 217 281 281 281 0.0% 291 ■PUBLIC WORKS AND TRANSPORTATION Streets and Stormwater 746 1,427 1,228 1.3.9% 1,229 1.229 0.0% 92 92 92 92 0.0% 92 93 0.0 93 0.0	Total Cultural Developmen	t and Re	ecreation		362		312		340	9.0%		311
Planning & Development 99 84 84 0.0% 94 Total Social and Economic Development 217 281 281 0.0% 291 PUBLIC WORKS AND TRANSPORTATION Streets and Stormwater 746 1,427 1,228 -13.9% 1,229 Tulsa Transit 92 92 92 0.0% 92 Total Public Works and Transportation 838 1,519 1,320 -13.1% 1,321 ■ ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPORT SERVICES City Council 4 6 4 -33.3% 8 Legal 0 12 5 -58.3% 5 Human Resources 0 57 0 -100.0% 0 Finance 0 3 0 -100.0% 29 Information Technology 3,301 3,315 3,214 -3.0% 3,318 Communications 0 3 0 -100.0% 3 Asset Management 192 71 262 269.0%		LOPME	NT		4.40		407		40=	0.00/		407
Total Social and Economic Development 217 281 281 0.0% 291 ■ PUBLIC WORKS AND TRANSPORTATION Streets and Stormwater Tulsa Transit 92 746 1,427 1,228 -13.9% 1,229 Tulsa Transit 92 92 92 92 0.0% 92 Total Public Works and Transportation 838 1,519 1,320 -13.1% 1,321 ■ ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPORT SERVICES City Council 4 6 4 -33.3% 8 Legal 0 12 5 -58.3% 5 Human Resources 0 57 0 -100.0% 0 Finance 0 3 0 -100.0% 29 Information Technology 3,301 3,315 3,214 -3.0% 3,318 Communications 0 3 0 -100.0% 3 Asset Management 192 71 262 269.0% 130 Total Administrative and Support Services 3,497 3,467 3,485 0.5%												
■ PUBLIC WORKS AND TRANSPORTATION Streets and Stormwater 746 1,427 1,228 -13.9% 1,229 Tulsa Transit 92 92 92 92 0.0% 92 Total Public Works and Transportation 838 1,519 1,320 -13.1% 1,321 ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPORT SERVICES City Council 4 6 4 -33.3% 8 Legal 0 12 5 -58.3% 5 Human Resources 0 57 0 -100.0% 0 Finance 0 3 0 -100.0% 29 Information Technology 3,301 3,315 3,214 -3.0% 3,318 Communications 0 3 0 -100.0% 2 9 Asset Management 192 71 262 269.0% 130 Total Administrative and Support Services 3,497 3,467 3,485 0.5% 3,493 TOTAL BUDGET 8,55	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Develo	pment									
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Total Public Works and Transportation 838 1,519 1,320 -13.1% 1,321 ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPORT SERVICES City Council 4 6 4 -33.3% 8 Legal 0 12 5 -58.3% 5 Human Resources 0 57 0 -100.0% 0 Finance 0 3 0 -100.0% 29 Information Technology 3,301 3,315 3,214 -3.0% 3,318 Communications 0 3 0 -100.0% 3 Asset Management 192 71 262 269.0% 130 Total Administrative and Support Services 3,497 3,467 3,485 0.5% 3,493 TOTAL BUDGET 8,552 9,537 9,379 -1.7% 9,369 (Expenditures or appropriations) ETRANSFERS OUT 7050 Transfers to Golf Course Fund 92 92 92 0.0% 92 8030 Transfers To Equipment Mgmt. 294		TATION	•		746		1,427		1,228	-13.9%		1,229
ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPORT SERVICES City Council 4 6 4 -33.3% 8 Legal 0 12 5 -58.3% 5 Human Resources 0 57 0 -100.0% 0 Finance 0 3 0 -100.0% 29 Information Technology 3,301 3,315 3,214 -3.0% 3,318 Communications 0 3 0 -100.0% 3 Asset Management 192 71 262 269.0% 130 Total Administrative and Support Services 3,497 3,467 3,485 0.5% 3,493 TOTAL BUDGET 8,552 9,537 9,379 -1.7% 9,369 (Expenditures or appropriations) ETRANSFERS OUT 92 92 92 0.0% 92 8030 Transfers to Golf Course Fund 92 92 92 0.0% 294 8030 Transfers To Equipment Mgmt. 294 294 294 0.0% 294 Total Transfers Out 386 386 386 <td< td=""><td></td><th></th><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>_</td><td>0.0%</td><td></td><td></td></td<>									_	0.0%		
City Council 4 6 4 -33.3% 8 Legal 0 12 5 -58.3% 5 Human Resources 0 57 0 -100.0% 0 Finance 0 3 0 -100.0% 29 Information Technology 3,301 3,315 3,214 -3.0% 3,318 Communications 0 3 0 -100.0% 3 Asset Management 192 71 262 269.0% 130 Total Administrative and Support Services 3,497 3,467 3,485 0.5% 3,493 TOTAL BUDGET (Expenditures or appropriations) 8,552 9,537 9,379 -1.7% 9,369 (Expenditures or appropriations) TRANSFERS OUT 92 92 92 0.0% 92 8030 Transfers to Golf Course Fund 92 92 92 0.0% 92 8030 Transfers To Equipment Mgmt. 294 294 294 0.0% 294 Total Transfers Out 386 386 386 0.0% 386	Total Public Works and Tra	ınsporta	ation		838		1,519		1,320	-13.1%		1,321
Legal 0 12 5 -58.3% 5 Human Resources 0 57 0 -100.0% 0 Finance 0 3 0 -100.0% 29 Information Technology 3,301 3,315 3,214 -3.0% 3,318 Communications 0 3 0 -100.0% 3 Asset Management 192 71 262 269.0% 130 Total Administrative and Support Services 3,497 3,467 3,485 0.5% 3,493 TOTAL BUDGET (Expenditures or appropriations) 8,552 9,537 9,379 -1.7% 9,369 ETRANSFERS OUT 92 92 92 0.0% 92 8030 Transfers to Golf Course Fund 92 92 92 0.0% 92 8030 Transfers To Equipment Mgmt. 294 294 294 0.0% 294 Total Transfers Out 386 386 386 0.0% 386	■ ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPOR	RT SERV	/ICES									
Human Resources 0 57 0 -100.0% 0 Finance 0 3 0 -100.0% 29 Information Technology 3,301 3,315 3,214 -3.0% 3,318 Communications 0 3 0 -100.0% 3 Asset Management 192 71 262 269.0% 130 Total Administrative and Support Services 3,497 3,467 3,485 0.5% 3,493 TOTAL BUDGET (Expenditures or appropriations) 8,552 9,537 9,379 -1.7% 9,369 (Expenditures or appropriations) Transfers to Golf Course Fund 92 92 92 0.0% 92 8030 Transfers To Equipment Mgmt. 294 294 294 0.0% 294 Total Transfers Out 386 386 386 0.0% 386												
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Total Administrative and Support Services 3,497 3,467 3,485 0.5% 3,493 TOTAL BUDGET (Expenditures or appropriations) 8,552 9,537 9,379 -1.7% 9,369 ■ TRANSFERS OUT 7050 Transfers to Golf Course Fund 92 92 92 0.0% 92 8030 Transfers To Equipment Mgmt. 294 294 294 0.0% 294 Total Transfers Out 386 386 386 0.0% 386										-100.0%		
TOTAL BUDGET (Expenditures or appropriations) 8,552 9,537 9,379 -1.7% 9,369 ■ TRANSFERS OUT 7050 Transfers to Golf Course Fund 92 92 92 0.0% 92 8030 Transfers To Equipment Mgmt. 294 294 294 0.0% 294 Total Transfers Out 386 386 386 0.0% 386												
(Expenditures or appropriations) ■ TRANSFERS OUT 7050 Transfers to Golf Course Fund 92 92 92 0.0% 92 8030 Transfers To Equipment Mgmt. 294 294 294 0.0% 294 Total Transfers Out 386 386 386 0.0% 386		upport S	Services									
■ TRANSFERS OUT 7050 Transfers to Golf Course Fund 92 92 92 0.0% 92 8030 Transfers To Equipment Mgmt. 294 294 294 0.0% 294 Total Transfers Out 386 386 386 0.0% 386					8,552		9,537		9,379	-1.7%		9,369
7050 Transfers to Golf Course Fund 92 92 92 0.0% 92 8030 Transfers To Equipment Mgmt. 294 294 294 0.0% 294 Total Transfers Out 386 386 386 0.0% 386		ns)										
8030 Transfers To Equipment Mgmt. 294 294 294 0.0% 294 Total Transfers Out 386 386 386 0.0% 386		nd			92		92		92	0.0%		92
Total Transfers Out 386 386 386 0.0% 386												
TOTAL ANNUAL OUTLAYS \$ 8,938 \$ 9,923 \$ 9,765 -1.6% \$ 9,755												
	TOTAL ANNUAL OUTLAYS			\$	8,938	\$	9,923	\$	9,765	-1.6%	\$	9,755

MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT FUND

FY 2017-2018 & FY 2018-2019



OVERVIEW

The Municipal Employees' Retirement Plan (MERP) Fund was established to provide special funding for expenses associated with the cost of administering the retirement benefits of employees. Most revenue is received by transfer from the Municipal Employees' Pension Trust Fund. A small amount of revenue is received from interest on investments. MERP is a defined benefit plan that pays retirees a fixed monthly income. At retirement there are a variety of monthly income options available, such as joint survivorship and level income.

BUDGET SUMMARY

In February 2009, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. While the new standard has no effect on the total amount reported as fund balance, it fundamentally alters the categories and terminology used to present that amount on the governmental fund balance sheet. The fund balance for this fund is now referred to as the Assigned Fund Balance. The 'End of Year' Assigned Fund Balance is the amount available for appropriation intended specifically for this fund's use.

The Municipal Employees' Retirement Plan Fund began FY17 with a fund balance of \$165,000. It is expected that the expenditures will exceed revenues by approximately \$38,000, resulting in a FY17 ending balance of \$127,000.

ANNUAL RESOURCES, OUTLAYS AND FUND BALANCE

		Y 16 TUAL	 Y 17 GINAL		Y 17 IMATE	_	Y 18 DGET	PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 EST.	FIN	FY 19 ANCIAL PLAN
Annual Resources	•			•			_		•	
Revenue	\$	3	\$ 2	\$	3	\$	2	-33.3%	\$	2
Transfers In		200	250		250		315	26.0%		315
Total Resources		203	252		253		317	25.3%		317
Annual Outlays										
Budget (Expenditures		222	245		204		270	07.40/		275
or appropriations)		229	345		291		370	27.1%		375
Transfers Out		0	 0		0		0	N/A		0
Total Outlays		229	345		291		370	27.1%		375
Resources less Outlays		(26)	(93)		(38)		(53)			(58)
Assigned Fund Balance										
Beginning of Year		191	135		165		127			74
Addition to/(Use of)		(26)	(93)		(38)		(53)			(58)
End of Year	\$	165	\$ 42	\$	127	\$	74		\$	16

(amounts expressed in thousands)

REVENUE ACCOUNT	=	Y 16 TUAL	=	Y 17 GINAL	=	Y 17 IMATE	_	Y 18 DGET	PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 ORIG.	FIN	TY 19 ANCIAL PLAN
■ INTEREST INCOME	\$	3	\$	2	\$	3	\$	2	-33.3%	\$	2
TOTAL REVENUE		3		2		3		2	-33.3%		2
■ TRANSFERS IN		200		250		250		315	26.0%		315
TOTAL ANNUAL RESOURCES	\$	203	\$	252	\$	253	\$	317	25.3%	\$	317

	_	Y 16 CTUAL	-	Y 17 IGINAL	_	Y 18 IDGET	PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 EST.	FIN	FY 19 NANCIAL PLAN
BUDGET (Expenditures or appropriations)		_							
■ ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPORT SERVICES									
Human Resources									
Personal Services	\$	222	\$	314	\$	339	8.0%	\$	344
Materials and Supplies		2		3		3	0.0%		3
Other Services/Charges		5		28		28	0.0%		28
Total Administrative and Support Services		229		345		370	7.2%		375
TOTAL BUDGET (Expenditures or appropriations)		229		345		370	7.2%		375
TOTAL ANNUAL OUTLAYS	\$	229	\$	345	\$	370	7.2%	\$	375

ONE TECHNOLOGY CENTER FUND

FY 2017-2018 & FY 2018-2019



OVERVIEW

In September 2007, the Tulsa Public Facilities Authority (TPFA) purchased the 15 floor 630,000 square foot One Technology Center (OTC) from Leucedia National Corporation for \$53 million. The purchase was financed by lease payment revenue bonds. TPFA leased 251,000 square feet of the building to the City of Tulsa for the relocation of the City Hall staff and the staff housed in four other City owned facilities. The remaining 379,000 square feet of the building will be leased to private sector tenants. Currently, all but one and a half floors of the remaining space has been leased to private companies and the vacant space is being actively marketed.

The One Technology Center (OTC) Fund was established to account for the revenues and expenditures associated with the operation of the 630,000 square foot facility.

BUDGET SUMMARY

In February 2009, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. While the new standard has no effect on the total amount reported as fund balance, it fundamentally alters the categories and terminology used to present that amount on the governmental fund balance sheet. The fund balance for this fund is now referred to as the Assigned Fund Balance. The 'End of Year' Assigned Fund Balance is the amount available for appropriation intended specifically for this fund's use.

In FY18, revenue from parking fees, rental income, interest income, a transfer from the General Fund, and other miscellaneous sources will be used to finance the operation of the facility and for increasing debt service obligations.

ANNUAL RESOURCES, OUTLAYS AND FUND BALANCE

	-	Y 16 TUAL	-	TY 17	-	TIMATE	FY 18 UDGET	PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 EST.	FIN	FY 19 IANCIAL PLAN
Annual Resources										
Revenue	\$	4,596	\$	4,958	\$	4,488	\$ 5,768	28.5%	\$	5,750
Transfers In		5,086		5,138		5,138	5,101	-0.7%		4,669
Total Resources		9,682		10,096		9,626	10,869	12.9%		10,419
Annual Outlays Budget (Expenditures										
or appropriations)		5,891		5,379		5,494	5,230	-4.8%		5,437
Transfers Out		5,019		5,138		5,138	5,638	9.7%		4,963
Total Outlays		10,910		10,517		10,632	10,868	2.2%		10,400
Resources less Outlays		(1,228)		(421)		(1,006)	1	:		19
Assigned Fund Balance										
Beginning of Year		5,335		2,548		4,107	3,101			3,102
Addition to/(Use of)		(1,228)		(421)		(1,006)	1			19
Less Cash Reserve for Debt and				, ,		, , ,				
Payment to Capital Fund		(1,900)		(1,900)		(1,900)	(1,900)			(1,900)
End of Year	\$	2,207	\$	227	\$	1,201	\$ 1,202	· :	\$	1,221

(amounts expressed in thousands)

REVENUE ACCOUNT	_	Y 16 CTUAL	FY 17 ORIGINAL		FY 17 ESTIMATE			FY 18 UDGET	PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 EST.	FIN	FY 19 IANCIAL PLAN
■ PARKING FEES	\$	837	\$	797	\$	739	\$	849	14.9%	\$	873
■ PROPERTY RENTALS		2,993		4,017		3,308		4,748	43.5%		4,703
■ INTEREST INCOME		679		46		384		57	-85.2%		57
■ MISCELLANEOUS REVENUE		87		98		57		114	100.0%		117
TOTAL REVENUE		4,596		4,958		4,488		5,768	28.5%		5,750
■ TRANSFERS IN		5,086		5,138		5,138		5,101	-0.7%		4,669
TOTAL ANNUAL RESOURCES	\$	9,682	\$ 10,096		\$ 9,626		\$ 10,869		12.9%	\$	10,419

	FY 16			FY 17		FY 18	PERCENT DIFF. FROM	FIN	FY 19 IANCIAL
BUDGET (Expenditures or appropriations)	ACTUA		OR	IGINAL	B	UDGET	F <u>Y 17 ORIG</u> .		PLAN
202021 (Enpondination of appropriations)									
■ ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPORT SERVICES Asset Management									
Personal Services		304	\$	764	\$	813	6.4%	\$	824
Materials and Supplies Other Services/Charges		46 343		191 4,200		154 4,064	-19.4% -3.2%		191 4,198
Capital Outlay	4,0	98		224		199	-11.2%		224
Total Administrative and Support Services	5,8	891		5,379		5,230	-2.8%		5,437
TOTAL BUDGET	5,8	891		5,379		5,230	-2.8%		5,437
(Expenditures or appropriations)									
TRANSFERS OUT									
Fund # Name									
TPFA Capital Reserve Requirement	2	276		276		276	0.0%		276
TPFA One Technology Center Debt Service	4,7	' 43		4,862		5,362	10.3%		4,687
TOTAL TRANSFERS OUT	5,0	19		5,138		5,638	9.7%		4,963
TOTAL ANNUAL OUTLAYS	\$ 10,9	10	\$	10,517	\$	10,868	3.3%	\$	10,400

RMUA-GENERAL OPERATING FUND

FY 2017-2018 & FY 2018-2019



OVERVIEW

The Regional Metropolitan Utility Authority (RMUA) was established as a Trust by Ordinance #12644 on October 10, 1972. This fund was established in order to facilitate cooperative ventures between the City of Tulsa and surrounding legal entities acting through the Trust. The purposes of RMUA, as described in its trust indenture, are to provide water supply treatment, wastewater treatment, and pollution control facilities for governmental entities that have agreed to participate. Currently, the City of Tulsa operates a sewage treatment plant with the City of Broken Arrow. Operating costs are shared by the two cities, but the City of Tulsa actually operates the plant. Costs are determined based on the flow rates into the plant from each city. RMUA's annual budget is subject to approval by the RMUA Trustees. It is being presented here for information and disclosure only. It is not subject to City Council approval under the Oklahoma Municipal Budget Act. Revenues come from Broken Arrow and Tulsa and are determined by the actual cost of operation.

BUDGET SUMMARY

In February 2009, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. While the new standard has no effect on the total amount reported as fund balance, it fundamentally alters the categories and terminology used to present that amount on the governmental fund balance sheet. The fund balance for this fund is now referred to as the Assigned Fund Balance. The 'End of Year' Assigned Fund Balance is the amount available for appropriation intended specifically for this fund's use.

In FY18, revenues are expected to exceed outlays by \$470,000, contributing to the estimated year-end fund balance of \$1,051,000.

ANNUAL RESOURCES, OUTLAYS AND FUND BALANCE

	_	TY 16	-	FY 17 RIGINAL	FY 17 TIMATE	_	FY 18 JDGET	PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 EST.	FIN	FY 19 IANCIAL PLAN
Annual Resources										
Revenue	\$	2,602	\$	4,440	\$ 4,394	\$	4,307	-2.0%	\$	3,968
Transfers In		0		0	0		0	N/A		0
Total Resources		2,602		4,440	4,394		4,307	-2.0%		3,968
Annual Outlays										
Budget (Expenditures										
or appropriations)		2,851		3,992	3,952		3,852	-2.5%		3,519
Transfers Out		0		0	0		0	N/A		0
Total Outlays		2,851		3,992	3,952		3,852	-2.5%		3,519
Resources less Outlays		(248)		448	 442		455			449
Assigned Fund Balance										
Beginning of Year		1,857		1,506	1,609		2,051			2,506
Addition to/(Use of)		(248)		448	442		455			449
Less Cash Operating Reserve		(1,000)		(1,000)	(1,000)		(1,000)			(1,000)
End of Year	\$	609	\$	954	\$ 1,051	\$	1,506		\$	1,955

(amounts expressed in thousands)

REVENUE ACCOUNT	_	Y 16	F	Y 17	ı	Y 17	_	TY 18 JDGET	PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 EST.	FIN	FY 19 ANCIAL PLAN
■ CHARGES FOR SERVICES ■ INTEREST INCOME	\$	2,588 14	\$	4,429 11	\$	4,385 9	\$	4,297 10	27.8% 11.1%	\$	3,958 10
TOTAL REVENUE ■ TRANSFERS IN		2,602		4,440 0		4,394 0		4,307 0	27.8% -100.0%		3,968 0
TOTAL ANNUAL RESOURCES	\$	2,602	\$	4,440	\$	4,394	\$	4,307	22.2%	\$	3,968

	-	FY 16 CTUAL	_	FY 17	FY 18 UDGET	PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 ORIG.	FIN	FY 19 IANCIAL PLAN
BUDGET (Expenditures or appropriations)								
■ PUBLIC WORKS AND TRANSPORTATION								
Regional Metropolitan Utility Authority (RMUA) Other Services/Charges	\$	2,210	\$	2,915	\$ 3,082	5.7%	\$	2,925
Capital Outlay		641		1,077	770	-28.5%		594
Total Public Works and Transportation		2,851		3,992	3,852	-3.5%		3,519
TOTAL BUDGET (Expenditures and appropriations)	-	2,851		3,992	3,852	-3.5%		3,519
TOTAL ANNUAL OUTLAYS	\$	2,851	\$	3,992	\$ 3,852	-3.5%	\$	3,519

TULSA AUTHORITY FOR RECOVERY OF ENERGY

FY 2017-2018 & FY 2018-2019

OPERATING FUND
3623

PROPRIETARY
FUND BUDGETED
ON AN ACCRUAL
BASIS

OVERVIEW

The Tulsa Authority for the Recovery of Energy (TARE) was created November 11, 1977 as a trust of the City of Tulsa. It manages the City's solid waste pickup and disposal programs.

The TARE fund was established to account for the revenues and expenditures involved with collection and disposal of trash within the city. Revenues are derived from charges on trash collection and disposal. The solid waste service revenues are used for collection of refuse and recycling, disposal of refuse, membership in the Metropolitan Environmental Trust (Met), and the green and bulky waste program.

BUDGET SUMMARY

In February 2009, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. While the new standard has no effect on the total amount reported as fund balance, it fundamentally alters the categories and terminology used to present that amount on the governmental fund balance sheet. The fund balance for this fund is now referred to as the Assigned Fund Balance. The 'End of Year' Assigned Fund Balance is the amount available for appropriation intended specifically for this fund's use.

The Authority re-bid the residential refuse collection contract in FY12. The new system is cart based with rates set on a "pay as you throw" basis. The contractor, NewSolutions, began providing refuse and recycling collection service in October 2012. The contract for recycling processing was awarded to Tulsa Recyle & Transfer which also began service in October 2012. Beginning Spring of 2014, green waste collection transitioned from City staff to contracted services. City staff provided collection service for the bulky waste and neighborhood cleanup programs.

In FY14, TARE approved an operating reserve policy in line with Government Finance Officers Association recommendations. The policy is to maintain funds equal to two (2) months of average monthly expenditures.

TARE began FY17 with a fund balance of \$6,824,000 after reserving for encumbrances and the operating reserve. The payment in lieu of taxes to the General Fund (average franchise fee plus sales tax) is 6.175%.

ANNUAL RESOURCES, OUTLAYS AND FUND BALANCE

	(ar	nounts	s expressed	l in the	ousands)				
	FY 16 CTUAL		FY 17 RIGINAL		FY 17 STIMATE	FY 18 UDGET	PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 EST.	FIN	FY 19 NANCIAL PLAN
Annual Resources									
Revenue	\$ 26,782	\$	26,280	\$	26,920	\$ 26,960	0.1%	\$	26,960
Transfers In	 0		0		0	 0	N/A		0
Total Resources	26,782		26,280		26,920	26,960	0.1%		26,960
Annual Outlays									
Budget (Expenditures									
or appropriations)	24,939		25,074		24,743	26,054	5.3%		25,602
Transfers Out	1,450		1,587		1,587	1,561	-1.6%		1,534
Total Outlays	26,389		26,661		26,330	27,615	4.9%		27,136
Resources less Outlays	393		(381)		591	(655)			(176)
Assigned Fund Balance									
Beginning of Year	10,731		10,401		11,124	11,715			11,060
Committed Fund Balance For OPEB	(204)		(204)		(204)	(204)			(204)
Addition to/(Use of)	393		(381)		591	(655)			(176)
Less Cash Operating Reserve	(4,096)		(4,096)		(4,186)	(4,186)			(4,161)
End of Year	\$ 6,824	\$	5,720	\$	7,325	\$ 6,670		\$	6,519

		(ar	nounts	expressed	l in tho	ousands)					
REVENUE ACCOUNT		FY 16 CTUAL		FY 17 RIGINAL	ES	FY 17 STIMATE		FY 18 UDGET	PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 EST.	FIN	FY 19 IANCIAL PLAN
■ CHARGES FOR SERVICES	\$	26,409	\$	25,940	\$	26,411	\$	26,645	0.9%	\$	26,645
■ MISCELLANEOUS REVENUE	Ψ	206	Ψ	260	Ψ	354	Ψ	190	-46.3%	Ψ	190
■ INTEREST INCOME											
	•	167		80	_	155	_	125	-19.4%	_	125
TOTAL ANNUAL RESOURCES	\$	26,782	\$	26,280	\$	26,920	\$	26,960	0.1%	\$	26,960
		Α	NNU	JAL O	JTL	AYS					
									PERCENT		FY 19
				FY 16		FY 17		FY 18	DIFF. FROM		IANCIAL
BUDGET /Franchitrings or course		\	A(CTUAL	Ol	RIGINAL	B	UDGET	FY 17 ORIG.		PLAN
BUDGET (Expenditures or appro ■ PUBLIC WORKS AND TRANSPORT	-	-									
Streets and Stormwater	17110										
Personal Services			\$	3,072	\$	3,322	\$	3,577	7.7%	\$	3,629
Materials and Supplies				260		434		377	-13.1%		389
Other Services/Charges				17,844		19,163		19,284	0.6%		19,106
Capital Outlay Total				1,822 22,997		363 23,282		796 24,034	119.3% 3.2%		510 23,634
Water & Sewer				22,991		23,202		24,034	3.270		23,034
Personal Services				13		12		62	416.7%		63
Materials and Supplies				0		0		2	N/A		2
Other Services/Charges				0		0		2	N/A		2
Total				13		12		66	450.0%		67
Total Public Works and Trans	portat	ion		23,010		23,294		24,100	3.5%		23,701
■ ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPORT	SEDVI	ICES									
Finance	OLIVI	OLO									
Personal Services				331		319		344	7.8%		349
Materials and Supplies				6		10		10	0.0%		10
Other Services/Charges				174		177		175	-1.1%		175
Capital Outlay Total				171 682		<u>0</u> 506		<u>0</u> 529	N/A 4.5%		<u>0</u> 534
Information Technology											
Personal Services				222		225		240	6.7%		226
Materials and Supplies				6		10		10	0.0%		10
Other Services/Charges				112		103		95 50	-7.8%		80
Capital Outlay Total				35 375		52 390		52 397	0.0% 1.8%		52 368
Customer Care				0.0		000			11070		000
Personal Services				320		168		260	54.8%		264
Materials and Supplies				2		2		2	0.0%		2
Other Services/Charges Total				53 376		5 175		<u>8</u> 270	60.0%		<u>8</u> 274
Asset Management				3/0		175		270	54.3%		214
Personal Services				78		91		98	7.7%		99
Materials and Supplies				20		59		56	-5.1%		62
Other Services/Charges				315		474		516	8.9%		489
Capital Outlay Total				84 497		85 709		88 758	3.5% 6.9%		75 725
Total Administrative and Supp	ort Se	ervices		1,929		1,780		1,954	9.8%		1,901
TOTAL BUDGET				24,939		25,074		26,054	3.9%		25,602
(Expenditures or appropriations)	'										
TRANSFERS OUT											
Fund # Name				4 450		4 503		4 504	4.007		4.504
3005 TPFA Debt Service TOTAL TRANSFERS OUT				1,450 1,450		1,587 1,587		1,561 1,561	-1.6% -1.6%		1,534 1,534
TOTAL TRANSFERS OUT			\$	26,389	\$	26,661	\$	27,615	3.6%	\$	27,136
				_5,000					3.070	12	

TULSA STADIUM IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT

SPECIAL ASSESSMENT FUND

FY 2017-2018 & FY 2018-2019



OVERVIEW

The Tulsa Stadium Improvement District (TSID) No. 1 was created July 10, 2008 pursuant to Oklahoma Statutes Title 11, Sections 39-103 and 39-103.1.

Its purpose is to create a funding source for improvements and services within downtown Tulsa, which included a funding mechanism for the construction of a multi-purpose public recreational facility with a primary purpose as a ballpark, together with its maintenance and other improvements and services.

The current boundary consists of all tracts and parcels of real property lying within Planning District No.1 of the Comprehensive Plan of the City of Tulsa, commonly known as the Inner Dispersal Loop (IDL).

The Tulsa City Council passed resolution #7571 in July 2008, to levy an annual special tax assessment which began July 1, 2009. The FY17 assessment rate per gross square footage has been set at \$0.067. As assessment revenues are received, they are split between two components, capital (\$0.043) and services (\$0.024). District revenue also supports enhancement and redevelopment of downtown property and will increase the economic benefit derived from the downtown infrastructure and BOK Center investments.

BUDGET SUMMARY

In February 2009, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. While the new standard has no effect on the total amount reported as fund balance, it fundamentally alters the categories and terminology used to present that amount on the governmental fund balance sheet. The fund balance for this fund is now referred to as the Assigned Fund Balance. The 'End of Year' Assigned Fund Balance is the amount available for appropriation intended specifically for this fund's use.

FY18 revenues are projected to be \$3,439,000. Of this amount, \$2,178,000 will be used to pay for the annual debt service and capital needs for the ballpark. Approximately \$1,452,000 of remaining available resources will be used to fund downtown services such as street sweeping, landscape maintenance and capital improvements, as well as administrative services.

ANNUAL RESOURCES, OUTLAYS AND FUND BALANCE

	-	Y 16 CTUAL	-	FY 17 IGINAL	_	FY 17 FIMATE	_	FY 18 JDGET	PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 EST.	FIN	TY 19 ANCIAL PLAN
Annual Resources Revenue	\$	3,477	\$	3,502	\$	3,425	\$	3,439	0.4%	\$	3,439
Transfers In	Ψ	0,477	Ψ	0,302	Ψ	0,423	φ	0,439	0.478 N/A	Ψ	0,439
Total Resources		3,477		3,502		3,425		3,439	0.4%		3,439
Annual Outlays Budget (Expenditures											
or appropriations)		1,439		1,346		1,314		1,452	10.5%		1,358
Transfers Out		2,215		2,218		2,178		2,178	0.0%		2,178
Total Outlays		3,654		3,564		3,492		3,630	4.0%		3,536
Resources less Outlays		(177)		(62)		(67)		(191)			(97)
Assigned Fund Balance											
Beginning of Year		559		133		382		316			125
Addition to/(Use of)		(177)		(62)		(67)		(191)			(97)
End of Year	\$	382	\$	71	\$	315	\$	125		\$	28

(amounts expressed in thousands)

		FY 16		FY 17		FY 17		FY 18	DIFF. FROM	FI	FY 19 NANCIAL
REVENUE ACCOUNT	-	ACTUAL		ORIGINAL		ESTIMATE		UDGET	FY 17 EST.	PLAN	
■ INTEREST INCOME	\$	13	\$	16	\$	16	\$	18	12.5%	\$	18
■ SPECIAL ASSESSMENT		3,464		3,486		3,409		3,421	0.4%		3,421
TOTAL ANNUAL RESOURCES	\$	3,477	\$	3,502	\$	3,425	\$	3,439	0.4%	\$	3,439

	-	Y 16 TUAL	Y 17	-	TY 18 JDGET	PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 ORIG.	FI	FY 19 NANCIAL PLAN
BUDGET (Expenditures or appropriations)								
■ CULTURAL DEVELOPMENT AND RECREATION Mayor's Office of Economic Development								
Personal Services	\$	294	\$ 305	\$	348	14.1%	\$	352
Materials and Supplies		29	56		131	133.9%		56
Other Services/Charges		924	864		885	2.4%		861
Capital Outlay		119	37		0	-100.0%		0
Total Cultural Development and Recreation		1,366	1,262		1,364	8.1%		1,269
■ ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPORT SERVICES Finance Personal Services Materials and Supplies Other Services (Charges)		68 0 4	68 6 10		72 6 10	5.9% 0.0% 0.0%		73 6 10
Other Services/Charges Total Administrative and Support Services		73	84		88	4.8%		89
TOTAL BUDGET (Expenditures or appropriations)		1,439	1,346		1,452	7.9%		1,358
TRANSFERS OUT								
Tulsa Stadium Trust TOTAL TRANSFERS OUT		2,215 2,215	2,218 2,218		2,178 2,178	-1.8% -1.8%		2,178 2,178
TOTAL ANNUAL OUTLAYS	\$	3,654	\$ 3,564	\$	3,630	1.9%	\$	3,536

WHITTIER SQUARE IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT

SPECIAL ASSESSMENT FUND FY 2017-2018 & FY 2018-2019 OPERATING FUND
4122

SPECIAL
ASSESSMENT FUND
BUDGETED ON A
MODIFIED ACCRUAL
BASIS

OVERVIEW

The Whittier Square Improvement District (WSID) was created pursuant to Oklahoma Statutes, Title 11, Article 39, Sections 101-121. The district provides enhanced street, alley and sidewalk cleaning, parking lot maintenance, and landscaping maintenance at a service level higher than normal City standards. The increased services help ensure a more pleasing and convenient business environment for customers, property owners and businesses in the area. The district is comprised of all property fronting South Lewis Avenue, from the Martin Luther King, Jr. Memorial Expressway to East 11th Street South and along East Admiral Boulevard, from the east line of Zunis Avenue to a point approximately 100 feet west of South Atlanta Avenue and along East 1st Street South, from the alley approximately 150 feet west of South Lewis Avenue to the west line of South Lewis Avenue.

The City provides approximately 50 percent of the revenue required to provide these services with a transfer from the General Fund. The City has contracted with a non-profit corporation, Whittier Square Improvement District, Inc., which was formed by owners of the properties, to collectively manage the daily affairs of the district and oversee the service providers.

BUDGET SUMMARY

In February 2009, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. While the new standard has no effect on the total amount reported as fund balance, it fundamentally alters the categories and terminology used to present that amount on the governmental fund balance sheet. The fund balance for this fund is now referred to as the Assigned Fund Balance. The 'End of Year' Assigned Fund Balance is the amount available for appropriation intended specifically for this fund's use.

The FY18 budget reflects \$20,000 in the service accounts which will provide for the management contract between the City and the Whittier Square Improvement District, Inc.

ANNUAL RESOURCES, OUTLAYS AND FUND BALANCE

	 Y 16 CTUAL	FY 17 RIGINAL	FY 17 STIMATE	-	FY 18 JDGET	PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 EST.	FIN	TY 19 ANCIAL PLAN
Annual Resources								
Revenue	\$ 9	\$ 9	\$ 9	\$	9	0.0%	\$	9
Transfers In	10	10	10		10	0.0%		10
Total Resources	19	19	19		19	0.0%		19
Annual Outlays Budget (Expenditures								
or appropriations)	13	20	20		20	0.0%		20
Transfers Out	0	0	0		0	N/A		0
Total Outlays	13	20	20		20	0.0%		20
Resources less Outlays	 6	 (1)	(1)		(1)			(1)
Assigned Fund Balance								
Beginning of Year	26	25	32		31			30
Addition to/(Use of)	6	(1)	(1)		(1)			(1)
End of Year	\$ 32	\$ 24	\$ 31	\$	30		\$	29

(amounts expressed in thousands)

REVENUE ACCOUNT	 16 UAL	 / 17 GINAL	 / 17 MATE	 ′ 18 OGET	PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 EST.	FINA	/ 19 NCIAL LAN
■ SPECIAL ASSESSMENT	\$ 9	\$ 9	\$ 9	\$ 9	0.0%	\$	9
TOTAL REVENUE	9	9	9	9	0.0%		9
■ TRANSFERS IN	10	10	10	10	0.0%		10
TOTAL ANNUAL RESOURCES	\$ 19	\$ 19	\$ 19	\$ 19	0.0%	\$	19

	-	Y 16 TUAL	-	Y 17 GINAL	_	Y 18 DGET	PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 ORIG.	FIN	Y 19 ANCIAL PLAN
BUDGET (Expenditures or appropriations) ■ ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPORT SERVICES Finance									
Other Services/Charges	\$	13	\$	20	\$	20	0.0%	\$	20
Total Administrative and Support Services		13		20		20	0.0%		20
TOTAL BUDGET		13		20		20	0.0%		20
(Expenditures or appropriations)									
TOTAL ANNUAL OUTLAYS	\$	13	\$	20	\$	20	0.0%	\$	20

SINKING FUND

FY 2017-2018 & FY 2018-2019



OVERVIEW

The Sinking Fund is not subject to the Municipal Budget Act and is not part of the adopted budget. It is included here for informational purposes only. The Sinking Fund (a Debt Service Fund) accounts for the accumulation of financial resources for the payment of interest and principal on the City's general long-term debt. Ad Valorem taxes are used for the payment of principal, interest and commissions to fiscal agents on the City's general obligation bonds and judgments which are recorded in the General Long-Term Debt Account Group.

The Oklahoma Constitution requires the City make an annual Ad Valorem tax levy for the sinking fund which, along with cash and investments in the fund, is sufficient to pay interest and principal on bonded indebtedness and judgments, as the City is by law required to pay.

BUDGET SUMMARY

In February 2009, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. While the new standard has no effect on the total amount reported as fund balance, it fundamentally alters the categories and terminology used to present that amount on the governmental fund balance sheet. The fund balance for this fund is now referred to as the Assigned Fund Balance. The 'End of Year' Assigned Fund Balance is the amount available for appropriation intended specifically for this fund's use.

The estimated FY17 reserved ending fund balance that will carry over to FY18 is \$13,909,000. Previous judgments being paid over a multi-year period are known and included in the fund balance reserve.

ANNUAL RESOURCES, OUTLAYS AND FUND BALANCE

	,	·		,				
	 FY 16 ACTUAL	FY 17 RIGINAL	ES	FY 17 STIMATE	FY 18 UDGET	PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 EST.	FIN	FY 19 NANCIAL PLAN
Annual Resources								
Revenue	\$ 108,904	\$ 74,481	\$	111,875	\$ 78,637	-29.7%	\$	94,547
Transfers In	3,449	3,492		3,492	2,472	-29.2%		2,015
Total Resources	112,353	77,973		115,367	81,109	-29.7%		96,562
Annual Outlays Budget (Expenditures								
or appropriations)	103,532	83,091		113,986	86,299	-24.3%		94,405
Transfers Out	0	0		0	0	N/A		0
Total Outlays	103,532	83,091		113,986	86,299	-24.3%		94,405
Resources less Outlays	 8,821	 (5,118)		1,381	 (5,190)	•		2,157
Restricted Fund Balance								
Beginning of Year Assets	59,246	69,675		68,067	69,448			64,258
Addition to/(Use of)	8,821	(5,118)		1,381	(5,190)			2,157
Reserve for Bond Maturities,		, , ,			, ,			
Interest, and Judgments	 (56,747)	 (56,874)		(55,539)	 (55,539)			(61,574)
Restricted Balance	\$ 11,320	\$ 7,683	\$	13,909	\$ 8,719		\$	4,840

(amounts expressed in thousands)

REVENUE ACCOUNT	FY 16 CTUAL	FY 17 RIGINAL	FY 17 STIMATE	FY 18 UDGET	PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 EST.	FII	FY 19 NANCIAL PLAN
■ AD VALOREM TAXES	\$ 76,171	\$ 74,481	\$ 72,751	\$ 78,637	8.1%	\$	94,547
■ REFINANCING PROCEEDS	28,720	0	33,355	0	-100.0%		0
■ MISCELLANEOUS REVENUE	4,013	0	5,769	0	-100.0%		0
TOTAL REVENUE	108,904	74,481	111,875	78,637	-29.7%		94,547
■ TRANSFERS IN	3,449	3,492	3,492	2,472	-29.2%		2,015
TOTAL ANNUAL RESOURCES	\$ 112,353	\$ 77,973	\$ 115,367	\$ 81,109	-29.7%	\$	96,562

	 FY 16 ACTUAL	FY 17 RIGINAL	FY 18 UDGET	PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 ORIG.	FIN	FY 19 NANCIAL PLAN
BUDGET (Expenditures or appropriations)						
■ DEBT SERVICE	\$ 103,532	\$ 83,091	\$ 86,299	3.9%	\$	94,405
TOTAL ANNUAL OUTLAYS	\$ 103,532	\$ 83,091	\$ 86,299	3.9%	\$	94,405

HOME INVESTMENT PARTNERSHIP PROGRAM (HOME)

FY 2017-2018 & FY 2018-2019



OVERVIEW

The HOME program was created by the National Affordable Housing Act of 1990 and has been amended several times by subsequent legislation, the most recent in August 2013. The objectives of the HOME program are to: 1) Provide decent affordable housing to lower-income households; 2) Expand the capacity of non-profit housing partners; 3) Strengthen the ability of state and local governments to provide housing; and 4) Leverage private-sector participation.

Allocations of the Housing and Urban Development (HUD) grants are governed by Ordinance 22813. Applications for grant funding are received, reviewed, and scored by five independent reviewers. The HUD Community Development Committee comprised of mayoral, council, INCOG, and City staff appointees assesses the compiled scores and makes funding recommendations. Recommendations are presented to the Mayor and City Council for further review and discussion. A Resolution with final funding awards is executed by the City Council and Mayor and submitted to HUD with the Annual Action Plan.

BUDGET SUMMARY

In February 2009, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. While the new standard has no effect on the total amount reported as fund balance, it fundamentally alters the categories and terminology used to present that amount on the governmental fund balance sheet. The fund balance for this Fund is now referred to as the Assigned Fund Balance. The 'End of Year' Assigned Fund Balance is the amount available for appropriation intended specifically for this fund's use.

All FY18 appropriations consist of administrative costs in the Finance Department and allocation to eligible program activities. Any unspent balance is reserved for eligible program activities.

ANNUAL RESOURCES, OUTLAYS AND FUND BALANCE

	(am	ounts	expressed	in thou	usands)					
	TY 16		Y 17 IGINAL		FY 17 TIMATE	_	FY 18 JDGET	PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 EST.	FIN	FY 19 IANCIAL PLAN
Annual Resources										
Revenue	\$ 1,225	\$	1,276	\$	1,276	\$	1,275	-0.1%	\$	1,272
Transfers In	0		0		0		0	N/A		0
Total Resources	1,225		1,276		1,276		1,275	-0.1%		1,272
Annual Outlays Budget (Expenditures										
or appropriations)	1,225		1,276		1,276		1,275	-0.1%		1,272
Transfers Out	0		0		0		0	N/A		0
Total Outlays	1,225		1,276		1,276		1,275	-0.1%		1,272
Resources less Outlays	0		0		0		0	i		0
Assigned Fund Balance										
Beginning of Year	0		0		0		0			0
Addition to/(Use of)	0		0		0		0			0
End of Year	\$ 0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0		\$	0

(amounts expressed in thousands)

REVENUE ACCOUNT	_	FY 16 CTUAL	_	FY 17	-	FY 17 TIMATE	FY 18 UDGET	PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 EST.	FIN	FY 19 NANCIAL PLAN
■ GRANTS	\$	1,219	\$	1,266	\$	1,266	\$ 1,267	0.1%	\$	1,267
■ PROGRAM INCOME		6		10		10	8	-20.0%		5
TOTAL ANNUAL RESOURCES	\$	1,225	\$	1,276	\$	1,276	\$ 1,275	-0.1%	\$	1,272

BUDGET (Expenditures or appropriations)	_	Y 16 TUAL	-	Y 17 IGINAL	_	TY 18 JDGET	PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 ORIG.	FY 19 FINANCIAL PLAN
■ SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT Working in Neighborhoods								
Other Services/Charges	\$	400	\$	0	\$	300	N/A	\$ 300
Total Social and Economic Development		400		0		300	N/A	300
■ ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPORT SERVICES								
<u>Finance</u>								
Personal Services		122		121		122	0.8%	122
Materials and Supplies		0		1		1	0.0%	1
Other Services/Charges		703		1,154		852	-26.2%	849
Total Administrative and Support Services		825		1,276		975	-23.6%	972
TOTAL BUDGET (Expenditures or appropriations)		825		1,276		975	-23.6%	972
TOTAL ANNUAL OUTLAYS	\$	1,225	\$	1,276	\$	1,275	-0.1%	\$ 1,272

EMERGENCY SOLUTIONS GRANT

FY 2017-2018 & FY 2018-2019



OVERVIEW

The Homeless Emergency Investment Assistance and Rapid Transition to Housing Act of 2009 (HEARTH Act) amended the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act, revising the Emergency Shelter Grants Program in significant ways and renaming it the Emergency Solutions Grants (ESG) program. The ESG Interim Rule took effect on January 4, 2012.

Allocations of the Housing and Urban Development (HUD) grants are governed by Ordinance 22813. Applications for grant funding are received, reviewed, and scored by five independent reviewers. The HUD Community Development Committee comprised of mayoral, council, INCOG, and City staff appointees assesses the compiled scores and makes funding recommendations. Recommendations are presented to the Mayor and City Council for further review and discussion. A Resolution with final funding awards is executed by the City Council and Mayor and submitted to HUD with the Annual Action Plan.

BUDGET SUMMARY

In February 2009, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. While the new standard has no effect on the total amount reported as fund balance, it fundamentally alters the categories and terminology used to present that amount on the governmental fund balance sheet. The fund balance for this Fund is now referred to as the Assigned Fund Balance. The 'End of Year' Assigned Fund Balance is the amount available for appropriation intended specifically for this fund's use.

All FY18 appropriations consist of administrative costs in the Finance Department and allocation to eligible program activities. Any unspent balance is reserved for eligible program activities.

ANNUAL RESOURCES, OUTLAYS AND FUND BALANCE

	(am	nounts e	expressed	in thous	sands)				
	Y 16 TUAL		Y 17 GINAL		Y 17 IMATE	Y 18 DGET	PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 EST.	FINA	Y 19 ANCIAL LAN
Annual Resources									
Revenue	\$ 287	\$	284	\$	284	\$ 284	0.0%	\$	284
Transfers In	0		0		0	0	N/A		0
Total Resources	 287		284		284	284	0.0%		284
Annual Outlays Budget (Expenditures									
or appropriations)	287		284		284	284	0.0%		284
Transfers Out	0		0		0	0	N/A		0
Total Outlays	 287		284		284	284	0.0%		284
Resources less Outlays	 0		0		0	 0			0
Assigned Fund Balance									
Beginning of Year	0		0		0	0			0
Addition to/(Use of)	0		0		0	0			0
End of Year	\$ 0	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 0		\$	0

(amounts expressed in thousands)

REVENUE ACCOUNT	_	Y 16	•	Y 17	-	Y 17	_	Y 18	PERCENT DIFF. FROM	FIN	TY 19 ANCIAL
REVENUE ACCOUNT	AC	TUAL	URI	GINAL	E91	IMATE		DGET	FY 17 EST.		PLAN
■ GRANTS	\$	287	\$	284	\$	284	\$	284	0.1%	\$	284
TOTAL ANNUAL RESOURCES	\$	287	\$	284	\$ 284		\$ 284		0.0%	\$	284

BUDGET (Expenditures or appropriations) ■ ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPORT SERVICES	-	Y 16 TUAL	 Y 17 GINAL	_	Y 18 IDGET	PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 ORIG.	FIN	FY 19 NANCIAL PLAN
<u>Finance</u>								
Personal Services	\$	20	\$ 20	\$	20	0.0%	\$	20
Other Services/Charges		267	264		264	0.0%		264
Total Administrative and Support Services		287	284		284	0.0%		284
TOTAL BUDGET (Expenditures or appropriations)		287	284		284	0.0%		284
TOTAL ANNUAL OUTLAYS	\$	287	\$ 284	\$	284	0.0%	\$	284

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT (CDBG)

FY 2017-2018 & FY 2018-2019



OVERVIEW

Title 1 of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974 authorized the creation of the Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) program. The goals of the program are to: 1) Provide decent, safe and sanitary housing; 2) Provide a suitable living environment; and 3) Expand economic opportunities. Activities funded under CDBG must meet one of three National Objectives: 1) Provide a benefit to low and moderate income persons; or 2) Prevent or eliminate slum and blight; or 3) Meet an urgent community need that threatens the health and/or welfare of residents.

Allocations of the Housing and Urban Development (HUD) grants are governed by Ordinance 22813. Applications for grant funding are received, reviewed, and scored by five independent reviewers. The HUD Community Development Committee comprised of mayoral, council, INCOG, and City staff appointees assesses the compiled scores and makes funding recommendations. Recommendations are presented to the Mayor and City Council for further review and discussion. A Resolution with final funding awards is executed by the City Council and Mayor and submitted to HUD with the Annual Action Plan.

BUDGET SUMMARY

In February 2009, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. While the new standard has no effect on the total amount reported as fund balance, it fundamentally alters the categories and terminology used to present that amount on the governmental fund balance sheet. The fund balance for this Fund is now referred to as the Assigned Fund Balance. The 'End of Year' Assigned Fund Balance is the amount available for appropriation intended specifically for this fund's use.

All FY18 appropriations consist of administrative costs in the Finance Department and allocation to eligible program activities. Any unspent balance is reserved for eligible program activities.

ANNUAL RESOURCES, OUTLAYS AND FUND BALANCE

	(am	ounts (expressed	in thou	ısands)					
	Y 16 CTUAL		Y 17 IGINAL		TIMATE	-	Y 18 JDGET	PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 EST.	FIN	FY 19 IANCIAL PLAN
Annual Resources										
Revenue	\$ 4,314	\$	4,267	\$	4,267	\$	3,945	-7.5%	\$	3,924
Transfers In	0		0		0		0	N/A		0
Total Resources	4,314		4,267		4,267		3,945	-7.5%		3,924
Annual Outlays Budget (Expenditures										
or appropriations)	4,314		4,267		4,267		3,945	-7.5%		3,924
Transfers Out	0		0		0		0	N/A		0
Total Outlays	4,314		4,267		4,267		3,945	-7.5%		3,924
Resources less Outlays	 0		0		0		0			0
Assigned Fund Balance										
Beginning of Year	0		0		0		0			0
Addition to/(Use of)	0		0		0		0			0
End of Year	\$ 0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0		\$	0

(amounts expressed in thousands)

REVENUE ACCOUNT	_	Y 16	-	Y 17	FY 17 TIMATE	_	FY 18 JDGET	PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 EST.	FIN	FY 19 IANCIAL PLAN
■ GRANTS	\$	3,153	\$	3,108	\$ 3,108	\$	3,108	0.0%	\$	3,108
■ PROGRAM INCOME		157		459	459		137	-70.2%		116
■ PROGRAM INCOME - Rev Loan		1,004		700	700		700	0.0%		700
TOTAL ANNUAL RESOURCES	\$	4,314	\$	4,267	\$ 4,267	\$	3,945	-7.5%	\$	3,924

	_	Y 16 TUAL	_	TY 17	FY 18 UDGET	PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 ORIG.	FIN	FY 19 IANCIAL PLAN
BUDGET (Expenditures or appropriations)						· · ·		
■ SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT								
Working in Neighborhoods								
Personal Services	\$	497	\$	475	\$ 460	-3.2%	\$	460
Other Services/Charges		378		922	\$ 801	-13.1%	\$	966
Total Social and Economic Development		875		1,397	1,261	-9.7%		1,426
■ PUBLIC WORKS AND TRANSPORTATION								
Streets and Stormwater								
Other Services/Charges		462		400	400	0.0%		400
Total Public Works and Transportation		462		400	400	0.0%		400
■ ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPORT SERVICES Finance								
Personal Services		580		579	579	0.0%		579
Materials and Supplies		6		6	6	0.0%		6
Other Services/Charges		2,391		1,885	1,699	-9.9%		1,513
Total Administrative and Support Services		2,977		2,470	2,284	-7.5%		2,098
TOTAL BUDGET (Expenditures or appropriations)								
TOTAL ANNUAL OUTLAYS	\$	4,314	\$	4,267	\$ 3,945	-7.5%	\$	3,924

HOUSING OPPORTUNITIES FOR PERSONS WITH AIDS (HOPWA)

FY 2017-2018 & FY 2018-2019



OVERVIEW

The AIDS Housing Opportunity Act was enacted in 1990, and amended in 1992, to provide States and localities with the resources and incentives to devise long-term comprehensive strategies for meeting the housing needs of persons with acquired immunodeficiency syndrome and families of such persons.

Allocations of the Housing and Urban Development (HUD) grants are governed by Ordinance 22813. Applications for grant funding are received, reviewed, and scored by five independent reviewers. The HUD Community Development Committee comprised of mayoral, council, INCOG, and City staff appointees assesses the compiled scores and makes funding recommendations. Recommendations are presented to the Mayor and City Council for further review and discussion. A Resolution with final funding awards is executed by the City Council and Mayor and submitted to HUD with the Annual Action Plan.

BUDGET SUMMARY

In February 2009, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. While the new standard has no effect on the total amount reported as fund balance, it fundamentally alters the categories and terminology used to present that amount on the governmental fund balance sheet. The fund balance for this Fund is now referred to as the Assigned Fund Balance. The 'End of Year' Assigned Fund Balance is the amount available for appropriation intended specifically for this fund's use.

All FY18 appropriations consist of administrative costs in the Finance Department and allocation to eligible program activities. Any unspent balance is reserved for eligible program activities.

ANNUAL RESOURCES, OUTLAYS AND FUND BALANCE

		(am	ounts e	xpressed	in thous	ands)				
		Y 16 TUAL		Y 17 GINAL		/ 17 IMATE	Y 18 DGET	PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 EST.	FINA	Y 19 INCIAL LAN
Annual Resources										
Revenue	\$	353	\$	361	\$	361	\$ 361	-0.1%	\$	361
Transfers In		0		0		0	0	N/A		0
Total Resources	•	353		361		361	361	-0.1%		361
Annual Outlays Budget (Expenditures										
or appropriations)		353		361		361	361	0.0%		361
Transfers Out		0		0		0	0	N/A		0
Total Outlays		353		361		361	361	0.0%		361
Resources less Outlays		0		0		0	0			0
Assigned Fund Balance										
Beginning of Year		0		0		0	0			0
Addition to/(Use of)		0		0		0	0			0
End of Year	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 0		\$	0

(amounts expressed in thousands)

	F	Y 16	F	Y 17	F	Y 17	F	Y 18	DIFF. FROM	_	ANCIAL
REVENUE ACCOUNT	AC	TUAL	ORI	GINAL	EST	IMATE	BU	DGET	FY 17 EST.	F	PLAN
■ GRANTS	\$	353	\$	361	\$	361	\$	361	-0.1%	\$	361
TOTAL ANNUAL RESOURCES	\$	353	\$	361	\$	361	\$	361	-0.1%	\$	361

BUDGET (Expenditures or appropriations)	_	Y 16 TUAL	_	Y 17 GINAL	FY 18 UDGET	PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 ORIG.	FIN	Y 19 ANCIAL PLAN
■ ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPORT SERVICES								
Finance								
Personal Services	\$	10	\$	11	\$ 11	0.0%	\$	11
Other Services/Charges		343		350	350	0.0%		350
Total Administrative and Support Services		353		361	361	0.0%		361
TOTAL BUDGET (Expenditures or appropriations)		353		361	 361	0.0%		361
TOTAL ANNUAL OUTLAYS	\$	353	\$	361	\$ 361	0.0%	\$	361

P.D. FORFEITURE **AWARDS FUND**

FY 2017-2018 & FY 2018-2019



OVERVIEW

The Police Department Forfeiture Awards Fund, created by Ordinance #16712 in October 1986, accounts for all cash proceeds received by the City from federal law enforcement activities. The actual use of this fund is limited to law enforcement and drug education purposes. Revenue to this fund is unpredictable and seldom estimated unless official word is received from the U.S. Justice Department about money Tulsa can expect as its share of forfeited proceeds and property.

In February 2009, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. While the new standard has no effect on the total amount reported as fund balance, it fundamentally alters the categories and terminology used to present that amount on the governmental fund balance sheet. The fund balance for this fund is now referred to as the Assigned Fund Balance. The 'End of Year' Assigned Fund Balance is the amount available for appropriation intended specifically for this fund's use.

The ending fund balance for FY16 was \$0. Any future forfeiture awards received within this fund shall be made available for eligible law enforcement purposes through established processes for approval.

ANNUAL RESOURCES, OUTLAYS AND FUND BALANCE

	(am	ounts ex	pressed	in thous	ands)				
	Y 16 TUAL	FY ORIG			/ 17 IMATE	 ′ 18)GET	PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 EST.	FINA	/ 19 NCIAL _AN
Annual Resources									
Revenue	\$ 114	\$	0	\$	42	\$ 4	-90.5%	\$	4
Transfers In	0		0		0	0	N/A		0
Total Resources	 114		0		42	4	-90.5%		4
Annual Outlays									
Budget (Expenditures									
or appropriations)	106		0		0	0	N/A		0
Transfers Out	0		0		0	0	N/A		0
Total Outlays	106		0		0	0	N/A		0
Resources less Outlays	 8		0		42	4			4
Assigned Fund Balance									
Beginning of Year	31		0		39	31			35
Addition to/(Use of)	8		0		42	4			4
Reserved for Carry Over									
Appropriations and Enc.	(39)		0		(50)	0			0
End of Year	\$ 0	\$	0	\$	31	\$ 35		\$	39

(amounts expressed in thousands)

REVENUE ACCOUNT	-	Y 16 TUAL	 17 SINAL	-	Y 17 IMATE	 / 18 DGET	DIFF. FROM FY 17 EST.	FINA	Y 19 ANCIAL LAN
■ GRANTS	\$	107	\$ 0	\$	38	\$ 0	-100.0%	\$	0
■ INTEREST INCOME		7	0		4	4	0.0%		4
TOTAL ANNUAL RESOURCES	\$	114	\$ 0	\$	42	\$ 4	-90.5%	\$	4

BUDGET (Expenditures or appropriations)	_	Y 16 TUAL		17 SINAL		18 GET		CENT FROM ORIG.	FY FINAN PL	NCIAL
■ PUBLIC SAFETY AND PROTECTION										
Police										
Materials and Supplies	\$	5	\$	0	\$	0		N/A	\$	0
Other Services/Charges		52		0		0		N/A		0
Capital Outlay		49		0		0		N/A		0
Total Public Safety and Protection		106		0		0	N/A			0
TOTAL BUDGET		106	-	0	-	0	N/A		-	0
(Expenditures or appropriations)										
TOTAL ANNUAL OUTLAYS	\$	106	\$	0	\$	0	N/A		\$	0

MISCELLANEOUS CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

FY 2017-2018 & FY 2018-2019



OVERVIEW

This fund is used to account for miscellaneous capital projects that are not financed by previously approved sales tax or general obligation bond programs. Interest earnings are credited to the General Fund.

The revenue and appropriations in this fund reflect continued implementation of improvements to the City's permit & licensing system (PALS) programs. Equipment and systems are being installed that will allow internet access to the building permit and licensing systems, as well as bar coding plans to allow real time tracking through the approval process. As the implementation of these and other related systems takes several years, the project has been established in a non-lapsing fund.

In 2009, the Tulsa City Council adopted ordinance #22169 which amended Title 11, Section 1220 of Chapter 12 of the municipal code regarding "Rights-Of-Way Occupancy Management" and established an educational and governmental access capital contribution fee to be assessed on video service providers utilizing the City's rights-of-way. The collected fees shall be used to support governmental public information and educational cable television broadcasts.

BUDGET SUMMARY

In February 2009, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. While the new standard has no effect on the total amount reported as fund balance, it fundamentally alters the categories and terminology used to present that amount on the governmental fund balance sheet. The fund balance for this fund is now referred to as the Assigned Fund Balance. The 'End of Year' Assigned Fund Balance is the amount available for appropriation intended specifically for this fund's use.

In FY18 and FY19, there are no planned appropriations. The estimated FY17 fund balance will be held for future public access television and permit and licensing system improvements (PALS). Approximately \$1,125,000 will be held for PALS related improvements and \$3,830,000 will be held for public access television improvements.

ANNUAL RESOURCES, OUTLAYS AND FUND BALANCE

	_	Y 16 CTUAL	 / 17 GINAL	-	Y 17 IMATE	_	Y 18 IDGET	PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 EST.	FIN	Y 19 ANCIAL PLAN
Annual Resources										
Revenue	\$	877	\$ 840	\$	852	\$	868	1.9%	\$	868
Transfers In		0	0		0		0	N/A		0
Total Resources		877	840		852		868	1.9%		868
Annual Outlays										
Budget (Expenditures										
or appropriations)		0	0		0		0	N/A		0
Transfers Out		0	0		0		0	N/A		0
Total Outlays		0	0		0		0	N/A		0
Resources less Outlays		877	840		852		868	=		868
Assigned Fund Balance										
Beginning of Year		2,358	3,197		3,235		4,087			4,955
Addition to/(Use of)		877	840		852		868			868
End of Year	\$	3,235	\$ 4,037	\$	4,087	\$	4,955	-	\$	5,823

(amounts expressed in thousands)

	FY 16		FY 17	F	Y 17		FY 18	DIFF. FROM	_	Y 19 ANCIAL
REVENUE ACCOUNT	 ACTUAL	ORIGINAL		ES	TIMATE	E	BUDGET	FY 17 EST.	PLAN	
■ SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT FEE	\$ 342	\$	340	\$	343	\$	340	-0.9%	\$	340
■ CAPITAL CONTRIBUTION FEE	535		500		509		528	3.7%		528
TOTAL ANNUAL RESOURCES	\$ 877	\$	840	\$	852	\$	868	1.9%	\$	868

	FY 16 ACTUAL		FY ORIGI		=	Y 18 DGET	PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 ORIG.	FIN	FY 19 ANCIAL PLAN
BUDGET (Expenditures or appropriations)	ACTOAL		ORIGI	INAL		DGLI	111701110.		LAN
TOTAL ANNUAL OUTLAYS	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	N/A	\$	0

2001 FIVE-YEAR SALES TAX FUND

FY 2017-2018 & FY 2018-2019



OVERVIEW

This fund was established by City Ordinance to account for the 2001 Third Penny Sales Tax program. The sales tax under this program lasted five years, but completion of the projects is taking somewhat longer. The fund began receiving sales tax revenue in September 2001 and received its last allocation in September 2006. Budgeting is done on a cash basis for this Governmental Capital Fund.

BUDGET SUMMARY

In February 2009, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. While the new standard has no effect on the total amount reported as fund balance, it fundamentally alters the categories and terminology used to present that amount on the governmental fund balance sheet. The fund balance for this fund is now referred to as the Assigned Fund Balance. The 'End of Year' Assigned Fund Balance is the amount available for appropriation intended specifically for this fund's use.

Original revenue estimates for the program were \$390 million. Approximately \$325 million has been collected. The projects not fully funded were included in the 2006 Sales Tax Extension program. The FY18 and FY19 fund balance will be reserved for projects identified by the Mayor and City Council.

ANNUAL RESOURCES, OUTLAYS AND FUND BALANCE

	 16 UAL	-	Y 17 GINAL	_	Y 17 IMATE	 / 18 DGET	PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 EST.	FINA	Y 19 INCIAL LAN
Annual Resources									
Revenue	\$ 42	\$	35	\$	29	\$ 35	20.7%	\$	35
Transfers In	0		0		0	0	N/A		0
Total Resources	42	•	35		29	35	20.7%		35
Annual Outlays									
Budget (Expenditures									
or appropriations)	0		(370)		0	0	N/A		0
Transfers Out	0		0		0	0	N/A		0
Total Outlays	0		(370)		0	 0	N/A		0
Resources less Outlays	 42		405		29	 35	ŀ		35
Assigned Fund Balance									
Beginning of Year	397		(363)		439	468			503
Addition To/Use of	42		405		29	35			35
End of Year	\$ 439	\$	42	\$	468	\$ 503		\$	538

(amounts expressed in thousands)

REVENUE ACCOUNT	 ΄ 16 ΓUAL	 Y 17 GINAL	-	Y 17 IMATE	 / 18 DGET	PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 EST.	FINA	/ 19 NCIAL LAN
■ INTEREST INCOME	\$ 36	\$ 29	\$	24	\$ 29	20.8%	\$	29
■ MISCELLANEOUS REVENUE	6	6		5	6	20.0%		6
TOTAL ANNUAL RESOURCES	\$ 42	\$ 35	\$	29	\$ 35	20.7%	\$	35

		′ 16 「UAL	 ′ 17 SINAL	FY 18 BUDGE		PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 ORIG.	FINA	19 NCIAL .AN
BUDGET (Expenditures or appropriations) ■ CULTURAL DEVELOPMENT AND RECREATION <u>Tulsa Performing Arts Center</u>								
Capital Outlay	\$	0	\$ 0	\$	0	N/A	\$	0
Total Culture and Recreation	<u> </u>	0	 0		0	N/A		0
■ PUBLIC WORKS AND TRANSPORTATION Engineering Services Capital Outlay Total Public Works and Transportation		0	(370) (370)		0	N/A N/A		<u>0</u>
TOTAL BUDGET (Expenditures or appropriations)		0	(370)		0	N/A		0
TOTAL ANNUAL OUTLAYS	\$	0	\$ (370)	\$	0	N/A	\$	0

2006 SPECIAL EXTENDED SALES TAX FUND

FY 2017-2018 & FY 2018-2019



OVERVIEW

This fund was established by City Ordinance to account for the 2006-2012 Third Penny Sales Tax capital projects. The May 9, 2006 vote provides funding for this program. All projects total \$463.5 million. The fund began receiving sales tax revenue in September 2006. Budgeting is done on a cash basis for this Governmental Capital Fund.

A revenue bond was issued in June 2006 to finance the uncompleted projects in the 2001 Sales Tax program. Fund 6010 is being used to account for the related revenues and expenditures.

BUDGET SUMMARY

In February 2009, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. While the new standard has no effect on the total amount reported as fund balance, it fundamentally alters the categories and terminology used to present that amount on the governmental fund balance sheet. The fund balance for this fund is now referred to as the Assigned Fund Balance. The 'End of Year' Assigned Fund Balance is the amount available for appropriation intended specifically for this fund's use.

Revenues from the Third Penny Sales Tax are normally used in the year received to fund capital and capital maintenance projects. This fund is projected to receive interest earnings in FY18.

All appropriations for the original projects outlined in title 43-F of the City of Tulsa Revised Ordinances have been made. In FY17, an additional \$2.2 million was appropriated from fund balance and interest income to the East Tulsa Fire Station project in order to complete the project as originally proposed. In FY18 and FY19, savings from the Arterial Streets rehabilitation project will be appropriated to the Performing Arts Center to finish interior renovations within the facility. Additionally, 2006 Advance Funded Sales Tax Fund (6010) will be closed, the remaining cash will be transferred into fund 6009, and completed projects will be closed in FY 18. All remaining fund balance in FY18 and FY19 will be reserved for projects identified by the Mayor and City Council.

ANNUAL RESOURCES, OUTLAYS AND FUND BALANCE

	_	Y 16 TUAL	FY 17 RIGINAL	_	Υ 17 ΓΙΜΑΤΕ	FY 18 JDGET	PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 EST.	FIN	FY 19 NANCIAL PLAN
Annual Resources									
Revenue	\$	559	\$ 625	\$	523	\$ 625	19.5%	\$	625
Transfers In		0	0		803	0	-100.0%		0
Total Resources		559	625		1,326	625	-52.9%		625
Annual Outlays									
Budget (Expenditures									
or appropriations)		0	2,200		2,022	(172)	-108.5%		(172)
Transfers Out		0	0		0	172	N/A		172
Total Outlays		0	2,200		2,022	0	-100.0%		0
Resources less Outlays		559	(1,575)		(696)	625			625
Assigned Fund Balance									
Beginning of Year		162	1,659		721	25			650
Addition To/Use of		559	(1,575)		(696)	625			625
End of Year	\$	721	\$ 84	\$	25	\$ 650		\$	1,275

REVENUE ACCOUNT	FY 16 CCOUNT ACTUAL		FY 17 ORIGINAL			FY 17 TIMATE	FY 18 BUDGET		PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 EST.	FY 19 FINANCIAL PLAN	
■ INTEREST INCOME	\$	559	\$	625	\$	523	\$	625	19.5%	\$	625
■ TRANSFERS IN		0		0		803		0	i		0
TOTAL ANNUAL RESOURCES	\$	559	\$	625	\$	1,326	\$	625	-52.9%	\$	625
		A	NNU	AL OU	TLA	YS					
				Y 16 TUAL		FY 17 RIGINAL		Y 18 IDGET	PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 ORIG.	FINA	Y 19 ANCIAL LAN
BUDGET (Expenditures or approp	riation	s)									
■ CULTURAL DEVELOPMENT AND R <u>Tulsa Performing Arts Center</u>	ECREA ⁻	TION									
Capital Outlay			\$	0	\$	0	\$	210	N/A	\$	210
Total				0		0		210	N/A		210
Total Cultural Development an	d Recre	eation		0		0		210	N/A		210
■ PUBLIC WORKS AND TRANSPORTA <u>Engineering Services</u> <u>Streets</u>	ATION										
Capital Outlay				0		0		(382)	N/A		(382)
Total				0		0		(382)	N/A		(382)
Facilities/Facilities Maintenance				0		0.000			400.00/		0
Capital Outlay Total				<u>0</u>		2,200 2,200		0	-100.0% -100.0%		0 0
Total Public Works And Trans	oortatio	n		0		2,200		(382)	-117.4%		(382)
TOTAL BUDGET				0		2,200		(172)	-107.8%		(172)
(Expenditures or appropriations)						_,		()	1011070		()
■ TRANSFERS OUT											
Fund # Name				0		0		470	N1/A		470
2910 Transfer to Short Term Capital TOTAL TRANSFERS OUT				<u> </u>	-	0 	-	172 172	. N/A N/A		172 172
TOTAL ANNUAL OUTLAYS			\$	0	\$	2,200	\$	0	N/A	\$	0
									ı		
	_		<u> </u>								

PROJECT APPROPRIATIONS

FY 2017-2018 & FY 2018-2019

	FY 18 BUDGET	FY 19 FINANCIAL PLAN		
■ POLICE	<u> </u>			
E-911 Capital Equipment	<u>\$ 172</u>	\$ 172		
Police Total	172	172		
■ PERFORMING ARTS CENTER				
PAC General Renovation	\$ 210	\$ 210		
Performing Arts Center Total	210	210		
■ STREETS AND EXPRESSWAYS				
Arterial Street Rehabilitation	(382)	(382)		
Streets Total	(382)	(382)		
Total	\$ 0	\$ 0		

2008 SALES TAX SPECIAL TEMPORARY STREETS FUND

FY 2017-2018 & FY 2018-2019



OVERVIEW

This fund was established as part of the Fix Our Streets Program authorized by the electorate in November of 2008. This authorized temporary increase in the sales tax levy of one and two-twelfths percent (1.167%) was to be used for the repair, construction and reconstruction of streets, bridges and related infrastructure as outlined in the applicable ordinance. The authorized tax levy expired June 30, 2014.

BUDGET SUMMARY

In February 2009, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. While the new standard has no effect on the total amount reported as fund balance, it fundamentally alters the categories and terminology used to present that amount on the governmental fund balance sheet. The fund balance for this fund is now referred to as the Assigned Fund Balance. The 'End of Year' Assigned Fund Balance is the amount available for appropriation intended specifically for this fund's use.

The FY 14 Budget was reduced by \$5.0 million to offset underperforming sales tax revenue. In FY15, the last \$10.0 million in sales tax revenue pledged to this program was appropriated for street maintenance and repair projects. The FY18 and FY19 fund balance will be reserved to complete projects within the originial program in the event of cost overruns. There are six (6) projects which have yet to begin construction.

ANNUAL RESOURCES, OUTLAYS AND FUND BALANCE

	-	Y 16 CTUAL	Y 17 GINAL	Y 17 IMATE	-	/ 18 DGET	PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 EST.	FIN	Y 19 ANCIAL PLAN
Annual Resources									
Revenue	\$	767	\$ 794	\$ 674	\$	795	18.0%	\$	795
Transfers In		0	0	0		0	N/A		0
Total Resources		767	794	674		795	18.0%		795
Annual Outlays									
Budget (Expenditures									
or appropriations)		5,500	0	0		0	N/A		0
Transfers Out		0	0	0		0	N/A		0
Total Outlays		5,500	0	0		0	N/A		0
Resources less Outlays		(4,733)	794	674		795			795
Assigned Fund Balance									
Beginning of Year		7,068	4,429	2,335		3,009			3,804
Addition to/(Use of)		(4,733)	794	674		795			795
End of Year	\$	2,335	\$ 5,223	\$ 3,009	\$	3,804		\$	4,599

(amounts expressed in thousands)

REVENUE ACCOUNT	-	Y 16 TUAL	` F	TY 17	F	Y 17	FY 18 UDGET	PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 EST.	F	FY 19 INANCIAL PLAN
■ SALES TAX	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 0	N/A	\$	0
■ INTEREST INCOME		767		794		674	795	18.0%		795
TOTAL ANNUAL RESOURCES	\$	767	\$	794	\$	674	\$ 795	18.0%	\$	795

BUDGET (Expenditures or appropriations)	_	TY 16	FY ORIG		 18 GET	PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 ORIG.	FINA	Y 19 NCIAL LAN
■ PUBLIC WORKS AND TRANSPORTATION Engineering Services								
Capital Outlay	\$	5,500	\$	0	\$ 0	N/A	\$	0
Total		5,500		0	0	N/A		0
Streets and Stormwater Department Capital Outlay		0		0	0	N/A		0
Total		0		0	0	N/A		0
Total Public Works and Transportation TOTAL BUDGET (Expenditures or appropriations)		5,500 5,500		0	 0	N/A N/A		0
TOTAL ANNUAL OUTLAYS	\$	5,500	\$	0	\$ 0	N/A	\$	0

1985 SALES TAX ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT FUND

FY 2017-2018 & FY 2018-2019



OVERVIEW

This fund was established in 1991 with a \$1,500,000 transfer from the 1985 Third Penny Sales Tax program. It is used to finance economic development projects in areas designated by the City Council. Budgeting is done on a cash basis for this Governmental Capital Fund.

BUDGET SUMMARY

In February 2009, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. While the new standard has no effect on the total amount reported as fund balance, it fundamentally alters the categories and terminology used to present that amount on the governmental fund balance sheet. The fund balance for this fund is now referred to as the Assigned Fund Balance. The 'End of Year' Assigned Fund Balance is the amount available for appropriation intended specifically for this fund's use.

The FY18 and FY19 fund balance will be reserved for projects identified by the City Council.

ANNUAL RESOURCES, OUTLAYS AND FUND BALANCE
(amounts expressed in thousands)

	Y 16 TUAL	_	Y 17 GINAL	Y 17 IMATE	_	Y 18 DGET	PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 EST.	FIN	TY 19 ANCIAL PLAN
Annual Resources									
Revenue	\$ 3	\$	2	\$ 3	\$	3	0.0%	\$	3
Transfers In	0		0	0		0	N/A		0
Total Resources	3		2	3		3	0.0%		3
Annual Outlays									
Budget (Expenditures									
or appropriations)	0		0	0		0	N/A		0
Transfers Out	 0		0	 0		0	N/A		0
Total Outlays	0		0	0		0	N/A		0
Resources less Outlays	3		2	 3		3			3
Assigned Fund Balance									
Beginning of Year	1		16	4		7			10
Addition to/(Use of)	3		2	3		3			3
End of Year	\$ 4	\$	18	\$ 7	\$	10		\$	13

(amounts expressed in thousands)

REVENUE ACCOUNT	FY ACT		 17 SINAL	 17 MATE	FY BUD	18 GET	DIFF. FROM FY 17 EST.	FINA	Y 19 NCIAL LAN
■ INTEREST INCOME	\$	3	\$ 2	\$ 3	\$	3	0.0%	\$	3
TOTAL ANNUAL RESOURCES	\$	3	\$ 2	\$ 3	\$	3	0.0%	\$	3

BUDGET (Expenditures or appropriations)	FY 16 ACTUAL	FY 17 ORIGINAL	FY 18 BUDGET	PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 ORIG.	FY 19 FINANCIAL PLAN	
TOTAL ANNUAL OUTLAYS	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	N/A	\$ 0	

2014 SALES TAX FUND

FY 2017-2018 & FY 2018-2019



OVERVIEW

This fund was established by City Ordinance to account for the 2014-2021 Third Penny Sales Tax capital projects. In November 2013, the electorate approved the extension of a 1.1 percent sales tax which will provide funding for this program. The fund began receiving sales tax revenue in July 2014. Budgeting is done on a cash basis for this Governmental Capital Fund. The total program estimate is \$563.7 million and will include projects from across the City including roadways, parks, public safety, and economic development.

BUDGET SUMMARY

In February 2009, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. While the new standard has no effect on the total amount reported as fund balance, it fundamentally alters the categories and terminology used to present that amount on the governmental fund balance sheet. The fund balance for this fund is now referred to as the Assigned Fund Balance. The 'End of Year' Assigned Fund Balance is the amount available for appropriation intended specifically for this fund's use.

Revenues from the Third Penny Sales Tax are normally used in the year received to fund capital and capital maintenance projects. Total appropriations in FY18 total \$83.2 million and planned appropriations in FY19 total \$86.6 million. Any fund balance will be used to support current and future appropriations in accordance with the 2014 Sales Tax Ordinance.

ANNUAL RESOURCES, OUTLAYS AND FUND BALANCE

(amounts expressed in thousands) **PERCENT FY 19 FY 16 FY 17 FY 17 FY 18 DIFF. FROM FINANCIAL ACTUAL ORIGINAL ESTIMATE BUDGET FY 17 EST. PLAN Annual Resources** \$ 84.278 \$ 83.730 \$ 83.043 83.925 \$ 84.482 Revenue 1.1% Transfers In 0 0 0 -100.0% 0 0 84,278 83,730 83.043 83,925 84,482 **Total Resources** 1.1% **Annual Outlays Budget (Expenditures** or appropriations) 75,159 76,866 76,866 76,699 -0.2% 80,161 Transfers Out 6,500 6,580 6,580 6,500 -1.2% 6,500 **Total Outlays** 81,659 83,446 83,446 83,199 -0.3% 86,661 **Resources less Outlays** 2,619 284 (403)726 (2,179)**Assigned Fund Balance** Beginning of Year (370)3,734 2,249 1,846 2,572 Addition to/(Use of) 2,619 284 (403)726 (2,179)End of Year 2,249 4,018 1,846 2,572 393

(amounts expressed in thousands)

REVENUE ACCOUNT		FY 16		FY 17 RIGINAL		FY 17	FY 18 UDGET	PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 EST.	FIN	FY 19 NANCIAL PLAN
■ TAXES	\$	83,335	\$	83,047	\$	81,834	\$ 82,725	1.1%	\$	83,282
■ INTEREST INCOME		943		683		1,209	1,200	-0.7%		1,200
TOTAL ANNUAL RESOURCES	\$	84,278	\$	83,730	\$	83,043	\$ 83,925	1.1%	\$	84,482
			ANI	NUAL C	UTI	LAYS				
				FY 16 CTUAL		FY 17 RIGINAL	FY 18 UDGET	PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 ORIG.		FY 19 NANCIAL PLAN
BUDGET (Expenditures or ap	propri	ations)					 			
■ PUBLIC SAFETY AND PROTEC	TION									
Police Department										
Capital Outlay Total			\$	3,100 3.100	\$	3,100 3,100	\$ 4,600 4,600	48.4% 48.4%	\$	3,300 3,300
Fire				,		,	,			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Capital Outlay				0		0	4,800	N/A		4,600
Total				0		0	4,800	N/A		4,600
Total Public Safety and Pr	otectio	on		3,100		3,100	9,400	203.2%		7,900
■ CULTURAL DEVELOPMENT AN	ID REC	REATION								
Parks and Recreation										
Capital Outlay Total				8,360		8,235	 3,480 3.480	-57.7%		1,350 1,350
Total				8,360		8,235	3,460	-57.7%		1,350
Tulsa Performing Arts Center				400		0.050	0	400.00/		0
Capital Outlay Total				460 460		2,850 2.850	 0	-100.0% -100.0%		0
River Parks Authority						,				
Capital Outlay				6,890		0	0	N/A		0
Total				6,890	-	0	 0	N/A	-	0
Tulsa City/County Library				F 000		0	•	NI/A		0

5,000

5,000

20,710

Capital Outlay

Total

Total Cultural Development/Recreation

0

11,085

N/A

N/A

-68.6%

0

3,480

0

0

1,350

	FY 16 ACTUAL	FY 17 ORIGINAL	FY 18 BUDGET	PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 ORIG.	FY 19 FINANCIAL PLAN
BUDGET (Expenditures or appropriations)					
■ PUBLIC WORKS AND TRANSPORTATION Engineering Services Streets					
Capital Outlay	21,255	50,235	30,810	-38.7%	58,825
Total	21,255	50,235	30,810	-38.7%	58,825
<u>Facilities/Facilities Maintenance</u> Capital Outlay	6,900	7,075	7,010	-0.9%	7,300
Total	6,900	7,075	7,010	-0.9% - 0.9%	7,300
Stormwater Design					
Capital Outlay	0	700	0	-100.0%	360
Total	0	700	0	-100.0%	360
Streets and Stormwater Capital Outlay	4,660	1,550	1,925	24.2%	1,995
Total	4,660	1,550	1,925	24.2%	1,995
Tules Transit					
Tulsa Transit Capital Outlay	3,994	1,981	19,534	>500%	1,466
Total	3,994	1,981	19,534	>500%	1,466
Total Public Works And Transportation	36,809	61,541	59,279	-3.7%	69,946
■ SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT Planning and Development Planning and Development					
Capital Outlay	2,900	300	4,200	>500%	200
Total	2,900	300	4,200	>500%	200
Total Social and Economic Development	2,900	300	4,200	>500%	200
■ ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPORT SERVICES Information Technology					
Capital Outlay	10,000	0	0	N/A	0
Total	10,000	0	0	N/A	0
Asset Management					
Capital Outlay	1,640	840	340	-59.5%	765
Total	1,640	840	340	-59.5%	765
Total Administrative & Support Services	11,640	840	340	-59.5%	765
TOTAL BUDGET (Expenditures or appropriations)	75,159	76,866	76,699	-0.2%	80,161
TRANSFERS OUT					
Fund # Name 2910 Short-Term Capital Fund	6,500	6,580	6,500	-1.2%	6,500
TOTAL TRANSFERS OUT	6,500	6,580	6,500	-1.2%	6,500

PROJECT APPROPRIATIONS

(amounts expressed in thousands) FY 2017-2018 & FY 2018-2019

	FY 18 BUDGET	FY 19 FINANCIAL PLAN
■ POLICE		
Replace helicopter	\$ 1,500	\$ 0
Police Five-Year Capital Equipment Needs	3,100	3,300
Police Total	4,600	3,300
FIRE		
Apparatus replacement	4,800	4,600
Fire Station Rehabilitation Fire Total	1,500 6,300	1,500 6,100
	0,300	0,100
PARKS Socurity System Ungrades Page Polehor Pro Shop	0	10
Security System Upgrades - Page Belcher Pro Shop Hicks Park Improvements	0	10 560
Savage Park Improvements	0	15
Water Playgrounds - Reed	0	60
Whiteside - Upgrade and repair plumbing in community center	0	315
Pool Reconstruction - Reed	0	300
Pool Construction - Whiteside	1,200	0
New Playground and Safety Surface - Crawford	245	0
New Playground and Safety Surface - Helmerich	745	0
New Playground and Safety Surface - Hunter	425	0
New Playground and Safety Surface - Lacy	245	0
New Playground and Safety Surface - Langenheim	30	0
New Playground and Safety Surface - McClure	0	30
New Playground and Safety Surface - Minshall	30 30	0
New Playground and Safety Surface - Patrick New Playground and Safety Surface - Penney	0	30
New Playground and Safety Surface - Pielsticker	0	30
New Playground and Safety Surface - Plaza	30	0
Parks Total	2,980	1,350
■ TULSA ZOO		
Master Plan - Carnivores Exhibits	500	0
Tulsa Zoo Total	500	0
■ GILCREASE		
Helmerich Hall floor replacement	0	305
Gallery Wood Floor Refinishing	0	100
Kitchen Renovation	0	285
Perimeter fence replacement	295	0
North parking restoration	0	985
Vista Room - Electro-Chromatic Glass Replacement	0	25
Gilcrease Total	295	1,700
■ PERFORMING ARTS CENTER		
Roof replacment	0_	150
Performing Arts Center Total	0	150
■ RIVER PARKS AUTHORITY		
Park Facilities Refurbishment	100	1 100
River Parks Authority Total	100 100	1,100 1,100
Tito I and Addivity Total	100	1,100
■ FLOOD CONTROL		
Levee District #12 rehabilitation	0	360
Flood Control Total	0	360

■ STREETS AND EXPRESSWAYS	FY 18 BUDGET	FY 19 FINANCIAL PLAN
Arterial Street Rehabilitation and Citywide Projects		
Charles Page Blvd 33rd W. Ave. to 25th W. Ave.	\$ 0	\$ 0
49th W. Ave Edison St. to Charles Page Blvd.	195	0
Utica Ave Pine St. to Admiral Blvd.	3,200	0
Lewis Ave 36th St. N. to Apache St.	160	0
Southwest Blvd W. 23rd St. to W. 31st St.	0	2,345
Southwest Blvd W. 31st St. to W. 40th St.	0 4 530	4,235
Union Ave W. 51st St. to W. 61st St Riverside Dr Joe Creek to 81st St.	1,530 0	0 700
Pine St Harvard Ave. to Yale Ave.	250	700
Admiral Pl Lewis Ave. to Harvard Ave.	225	0
Admiral Pl Harvard Ave. to Yale Ave.	0	3,340
Sheridan Rd Apache St. to Pine St.	1,570	0
Mingo Rd 46th St. N. to 36th St. N.	3,080	0
Mingo Rd 36th St. N. to Pine St.	530	4,770
Mingo Rd Admiral Blvd. to 11th St.	150	0
15th St Lewis Ave. to Harvard Ave.	3,000	0
Peoria Ave Admiral Blvd. to 11th St.	215	0
Peoria Ave 11th St. to 21st St.	2,575	0
Utica Ave Admiral Blvd. to 11th St.	0	280
Utica Ave 11th St. to 15th St.	0	1,565
Harvard Ave 15th St. to 21st St.	0	300
Harvard Ave 21st St. to 31st St.	320	0
21st St Yale Ave. to Sheridan Rd.	300	0
31st St Yale Ave. to Sheridan Rd.	0	330
41st St Sheridan Rd. to Memorial Dr.	260	0
Memorial Dr 21st St. to 31st St.	2,820	495
51st St Mingo Rd. to Garnett Rd.	180	0
71st St Memorial Dr. to Mingo Rd.	160	0
91st. St Mingo Rd. to Hwy 169.	0	50
Memorial Dr 81st St. to 91st St. Sheridan Rd 91st St. to 101st St.	0 150	1,890 0
51st St Pittsburg Ave. to Yale Ave.	1,070	0
Harvard Ave 41st St. to 51st St.	235	0
36th. St. N Mingo Rd. to Hwy 169	200	1,440
Downtown Arterial Streets	0	3,600
Intersections		7
Pine St. & MLK Jr. Blvd Intersection	175	0
Pine St. & Peoria Ave. Intersection	0	1,890
51st St. & Union Ave. Intersection	585	0
46th St. N. & Mingo Rd. Intersection	315	0
36th St. N. & Mingo Rd. Intersection	0	755
Admiral Blvd. & Lewis Ave. Intersection	60	0
11th St. & Utica Ave. Intersection	0	920
21st St. & Peoria Ave. Intersection	0	1,030
21st St. & Memorial Dr. Intersection	890	0
51st St. & Mingo Rd. Intersection	170	0
71st St. & Sheridan Rd. Intersection	0 100	1,115
71st St. & Memorial Dr. Intersection 81st St. & Memorial Dr. Intersection	0	0 680
61st St. & Yale Ave. Intersection	0	1,465
Citywide Non-Arterial Routine and Preventive Maintenance	0	320
Widen Yale Avenue, 81st St. to 91st Street South	0	16,500
Widen Yale Avenue, 96th St. South to 101st St. South	630	1,015
Gilcrease Expressway Local Match	1,500	500
Bridges - Replacement and Rehabilitation Programs	,	
Bridge No. 275 - 10100 E. 36th St. N.	320	0
Bridge No. 185 - 4000 N. Hartford Ave.	50	0
Bridge No. 285 - 1900 W. 43rd St.	10	0
Bridge No. 232 - 3600 S. Southwest Blvd.	0	90
Bridge No. 181 - 300 N. Garnett Rd.	0	180
Bridge No. 204A - 200 S. Mingo Rd.	30	0
Bridge No. 250 - 11200 E. 11th St.	90	0
Bridge No. 239 - 2600 S. Yorktown Ave.	10	0

	FY 18 BUDGET	FY 19 FINANCIAL PLAN
Bridges - Replacement and Rehabilitation Programs (Continued)		
Bridge No. 311 - 3900 S. 90th E. Ave.	\$ 10	\$ 0
Bridge No. 401 - 3800 S. Memorial Dr.	135	0
Bridge No. 310 - 2750 S. 90th E. Ave.	20	0
Bridge No. 254 - 8330 E. 14th St.	10	0
Bridge No. 403 - 4400 S. Memorial Dr.	135	0
Bridge No. 402 - 4200 S. Memorial Dr.	900	0
Bridge No. 307 - 2900 S. 87th E. Ave.	5	0
Bridge No. 266 - 13700 E. 28th St.	5	0
Bridge No. 262 - 19200 E. 21st St.	115	0
Bridge No. 333 - 1300 S. 177th E. Ave.	0	1,260
Bridge No. 209 - 3000 N. Mingo Rd.	0	2,250
Bridge No. 352 - 12300 E. State Farm Blvd.	25	0
Bridge No. 226 - 8200 S. Pittsburg Ave.	10	0
Bridge No. 222 - 3200 S. Peoria Ave.	320	0
Bridge No. 166 - 3200 S. Cincinnati Ave.	50	0
Bridge No. 194 - 5300 S. Conisville Ave.	5	0
	5	0
Bridge No. 217 - 5300 S. New Have Ave.		
Citywide guardrail replacement	0	250
Citywide traffic signalization	500	500
Signing, pavement marking and delineation	500	425
Traffic calming	425	0
Traffic signal installation, modification, and safety improvements	500	500
Citywide ADA Transition Plan Implementation (High/Medium Priority Needs)	1,750	1,710
Bicycle/Pedestrian Master Plan Implementation	0	1,300
IDL Entrance Rehabilitation (1st, 7th, 8th Streets; signals at 1st & Greenwood)	0	825
Streets and Expressways Total	32,735	60,820
■ FACILITIES MAINTENANCE		
ADA Transition Plan - Buildings	200	225
ADA Transition Plan - Parks	190	200
Public Facilities, OTC	475	650
Public Facilities, Roofing Facilities Maintenance Total	500	475
Facilities Maintenance Total	1,365	1,550
■ PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT		
Annual Economic Development Priority Opportunities	750	1,300
Corridor and Small Area Planning	450	200
Phase I – Northland Strategic Acquisition and Street Improvements	3,750	0
Phase I – Pearl District Flood Control and Redevelopment	3,000	0
Planning and Economic Development Total	7,950	1,500
riaming and Economic Development rotal	1,330	1,300
■ TULSA TRANSIT		
Replace Aging Vehicles -33 fixed-route and 39 LIFT program busses	5,249	1,466
Peoria - Bus Rapid Transit (BRT)	14,285	0,400
Tulsa Transit Total	19,534	1,466
Tuisa Transit Total	13,334	1,400
■ ASSET MANAGEMENT		
Install Radio Frequency Identification Devices (RFID) on fleet	0	375
EMD Facilities Maintenance	140	140
Lighting systems, driveways, sidewalks, energy upgrades, HVAC, & plumbing	200	250
Asset Management Total	340	765
	-	
■ CAPITAL PLANNING AND EQUIPMENT		
Replace Capital Equipment	6,500	6,500
Capital Planning and Equipment Total	6,500	6,500
Fund Total	\$ 83,199	\$ 86,661

2016 TULSA ECONOMIC VISION FUND

FY 2017-2018 & FY 2018-2019



OVERVIEW

On April 5, 2016, Tulsa voters approved Ordinance #23422 setting a limited-purpose, temporary sales tax levy of three hundred five thousandths of one percent (0.305%) to begin January 1, 2017 for the purpose of providing revenue for the support of economic development projects across the City of Tulsa as listed in detail in Title 43-K of Tulsa Revised Ordinances created with Ordinance #23425.

BUDGET SUMMARY

In February 2009, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. While the new standard has no effect on the total amount reported as fund balance, it fundamentally alters the categories and terminology used to present that amount on the governmental fund balance sheet. The fund balance for this fund is now referred to as the Assigned Fund Balance. The 'End of Year' Assigned Fund Balance is the amount available for appropriation intended specifically for this fund's use.

Although this sales tax assessment began January 1, 2017, the remittance by vendors to the Oklahoma Tax Commission and ultimate transfer to the City of Tulsa did not occur in full until March 2017. These partial-year resources reflected in the fund are estimated to be \$9.6 million in FY17 and \$27.6 million for the entirety of FY18. This fund will be utilized to support debt service for four revenue bond issues. The first issue, of \$115.3 million, was sold in late FY17. Additionally, a limited number of pay-as-you-go appropriations will also be scheduled depending on engineering and cash flow considerations. In FY18, \$20.5 million will be appropriated for projects within this fund. Another \$2.7 million will be transferred to the Tulsa Public Facilities Authority construction fund to support debt service on the associated revenue bonds.

ANNUAL RESOURCES, OUTLAYS AND FUND BALANCE

(amounts expressed in thousands)													
	FY 16 ACTUAL		FY 17 FY 17 ORIGINAL ESTIMATE			FY 18 BUDGET		PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 EST.	FII	FY 19 NANCIAL PLAN			
Annual Resources													
Revenue	\$	0	\$	8,008	\$	9,575	\$	27,578	188.0%	\$	27,733		
Transfers In									N/A				
Total Resources		0		8,008		9,575		27,578	188.0%		27,733		
Annual Outlays													
Budget (Expenditures													
or appropriations)		0		0		0		20,470	N/A		28,515		
Transfers Out		0		0		0		2,700	N/A		11,000		
Total Outlays		0		0		0		23,170	N/A		39,515		
Resources less Outlays		0		8,008		9,575		4,408			(11,782)		
Assigned Fund Balance													
Beginning of Year		0		0		0		9,575			13,983		
Addition to/(Use of)		0		8,008		9,575		4,408			(11,782)		
End of Year	\$	0	\$	8,008	\$	9,575	\$	13,983		\$	2,201		

REVENUE ACCOUNT	FY 16 ACTUAL		Y 17 GINAL		Y 17 TIMATE		/ 18 DGET	PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 EST.	FIN	FY 19 IANCIAL PLAN
■ SALES TAX	\$ 0	\$	8,008	\$	8,008	\$	22,937	188.0%	\$	23,092
■ USE TAX	0		0		1,567		4,641	N/A		4,641
■ INTEREST INCOME	0		0		0		0	N/A		0
TOTAL ANNUAL RESOURCES	\$ 0	\$	8,008	\$	9,575	\$	27,578	188.0%	\$	27,733
		ANN	UAL O	UTL	AYS			PERCENT		FY 19
		F	Y 16	F	Y 17	F	/ 18	DIFF. FROM		IANCIAL
		AC	TUAL	OR	IGINAL	BUI	OGET	FY 17 ORIG.		PLAN
BUDGET (Expenditures or app	ropriations)									
■ CULTURAL DEVELOPMENT AND	RECREATION									
Tulsa Performing Arts Center Capital Outlay		\$	0	¢	0	¢	500	N/A	\$	500
Total		Φ	0	\$	0	<u> </u>	500	N/A N/A	Φ	500
Total Cultural Development	/Recreation		0		0		500	N/A		500
■ PUBLIC WORKS AND TRANSPO			_		_			-		
Engineering Services Streets, Trails, & Bridges	KTATION		0		0		1 900	N/A		25.965
Capital Outlay Total			0		0		1,800 1,800	N/A N/A		25,865 25,865
			· ·		ŭ		1,000			20,000
<u>Facilities</u> Capital Outlay			0		0		12,820	N/A		250
Total			0		0		12,820	N/A		250
Total Public Works And Tra	nsportation		0		0		14,620	N/A		26,115
■ SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC DEVEL Mayor's Office of Economic Develor Consider Outlook	-		0		0		1 200	N/A		175
Capital Outlay Total			0 0		<u> </u>		1,200 1,200	N/A N/A		175 175
Planning & Economic Developmen	t						-,			
Capital Outlay	-		0		0		1,200	N/A		175
Total			0		0		1,200	N/A		175
Tulsa Arts Commission Capital Outlay			0		0		150	N/A		150
Total			0		0	-	150	N/A	-	150
Tulsa Public Schools										
Capital Outlay Total			0		0		2,800	N/A N/A		1,400 1,400
Total Social and Economic	Develonment						5,350	N/A		1,900
	Development									
TOTAL BUDGET (Expenditures or appropriatio	ns)		0		0		20,470	N/A		28,515
TRANSFERS OUT Fund # Name										
3023 Transfer to TPFA 2017 TOTAL TRANSFERS OUT			0		0		2,700	N/A N/A		11,000 11,000
		_		_		_			_	
TOTAL ANNUAL OUTLAYS		3	0	\$	0	\$	23,170	N/A	\$	39,515

PROJECT APPROPRIATIONS

(amounts expressed in thousands) FY 2017-2018 & FY 2018-2019

FY 2017-2018 & FY 2018-2019	FY 18 BUDGET	FY 19 FINANCIAL PLAN		
■ PERFORMING ARTS CENTER Tulsa Performing Arts Center Trust Performing Arts Center Total	\$ 500 500	\$ 500 500		
■ RIVER PARKS AUTHORITY Zink Dam - Low-Water Dam with Recreational Gates & Flume New Trail, East Bank-101st to Cousins Park (Design and Matching Funds) River Parks Authority Total	0 600 600	24,990 700 25,690		
■ ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT 23rd & Jackson Redevelopment Site - Relocation Study, Design & Acquisition Citywide & Route 66 Beautification and Reinvestment Community Health Connection East Clinic Discovery Lab - Tulsa Children's Museum Permanent Site Public Schools - Teacher Retention, Recruitment, Training Tulsa Arts Commission Economic Development Total	250 3,600 4,570 8,000 2,800 150	250 525 0 0 1,400 150 2,325		
■ TRANSFER TO DEBT SERVICE Debt Service - Transfer to TPFA Tranfer To Debt Service Total	2,700 2,700	11,000 11,000		
Fund Total	\$ 23,170	\$ 39,515		

TMUA-WATER CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

FY 2017-2018 & FY 2018-2019



OVERVIEW

This fund allows for the separate accounting of capital projects that are financed with revenue generated within the TMUA-Water Operating Fund (Fund 7020). The fund receives a transfer from the TMUA-Water Operating Fund each fiscal year to provide financing for capital projects, and since the fund is a capital projects fund, appropriations do not lapse at the end of each fiscal year as they do in operating funds. Interest revenue is credited to the TMUA-Water Operating Fund. Most of the time, transfers are fully appropriated, but a fund balance available for appropriation can be generated when projects are constructed for less than original estimates.

BUDGET SUMMARY

In February 2009, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. While the new standard has no effect on the total amount reported as fund balance, it fundamentally alters the categories and terminology used to present that amount on the governmental fund balance sheet. The fund balance for this fund is now referred to as the Assigned Fund Balance. The 'End of Year' Assigned Fund Balance is the amount available for appropriation intended specifically for this fund's use.

In FY18 and FY19, a transfer from the TMUA-Water Operating Fund will finance needed water system improvement projects. All of the projects are contained in the TMUA/City Council adopted Capital Improvements Plan. They are listed at the end of this fund summary.

ANNUAL RESOURCES, OUTLAYS AND FUND BALANCE

(amounts expressed in thousands) **FY 19 PERCENT FY 16 FY 17 FY 17 FY 18** DIFF. FROM **FINANCIAL ACTUAL** ORIGINAL **ESTIMATE BUDGET FY 17 EST. PLAN Annual Resources** Revenue \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 0 0 N/A 0 Transfers In 35.097 30.061 31.361 40.467 29.0% 32.458 31,361 **Total Resources** 35,097 30,061 40.467 29.0% 32,458 **Annual Outlavs Budget (Expenditures** or appropriations) 34,904 30,061 31,761 40,467 27.4% 32,458 Transfers Out 0 N/A **Total Outlays** 34,904 30,061 31,761 40.467 27.4% 32,458 **Resources less Outlays** (400)193 0 0 0 **Assigned Fund Balance** Beginning of Year 470 2,623 663 263 263 Addition to/(Use of) 193 0 (400)0 0 End of Year \$ 663 2,623 \$ 263 \$ 263 \$ 263

REVENUE ACCOUNT		FY 16 CTUAL		FY 17 RIGINAL		FY 17 TIMATE		FY 18 UDGET	PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 EST.	FIN	FY 19 NANCIAL PLAN		
■ MISCELLANEOUS REVENUE	\$	193	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	0.0%	\$	0		
■ TRANSFERS IN		34,904		30,061		31,361		40,467	34.6%		32,458		
TOTAL ANNUAL RESOURCES	\$	35,097	\$	30,061	\$	31,361	\$	40,467	34.6%	\$	32,458		
ANNUAL OUTLAYS													
						FY 17 RIGINAL		FY 18 UDGET	PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 ORIG.	FIN	FY 19 IANCIAL PLAN		
■ PUBLIC WORKS AND TRANSPERING Services	JDGET (Expenditures or appropriations) PUBLIC WORKS AND TRANSPORTATION gineering Services												
Capital Outlay Total			\$	31,350 31,350	\$	29,501 29,501	\$	39,135 39,135	32.7% 32.7%	\$	31,086 31,086		
				01,000		20,00		00,100	02.1.70		01,000		
Water and Sewer Capital Outlay				2,900		560		1,332	137.9%		1,372		
Total				2,900		560 560		1,332	137.9% 137.9%		1,372		
Total Public Works and Tra	anspoi	tation		34,250		30,061		40,467	34.6%		32,458		
■ ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPO	RT SE	RVICES											
Finance Capital Outlay				654		0		0	N/A		0		
Total				654		0		0	N/A		0		
Total Administrative & Sup	port S	ervices		654		0		0	N/A		0		
TOTAL BUDGET (Expenditures or appropriations)				34,904		30,061		40,467	34.6%		32,458		
TOTAL ANNUAL OUTLAYS		\$	34,904	\$	30,061	\$	40,467	34.6%	\$	32,458			

PROJECT APPROPRIATIONS

(amounts expressed in thousands)
FY 2017-2018 & FY 2018-2019

F1 2017-2010 & F1 2010-2019		
	FY 18 BUDGET	FY 19 FINANCIAL PLAN
A. B. Jawell Clarifier Lingrades/Dehabilitation		\$ 0
A.B. Jewell Clarifier Upgrades/Rehabilitation	+ -,	•
A.B. Jewell WTP Electrical - Upgrade TMUA-owned medium voltage switchgear	2,600	0
Automatic Meter Reading - Citywide	0	309
Berry Hill Waterline Extension	2,300	0
Central Bus.Dist. Water Main Replacement	350	350
Cherokee Water Lines - 2020	0	9,220
Dead-End 12" Distribution Mains Connections & Extensions	350	350
Eucha Dam Radial Gates Rehabilitation	5,000	0
Eucha, Spavinaw Water Quality Court Master	580	600
Lake Yahola Terminal Storage Repair	2,000	0
Large Water Valve Replacement - Citywide	100	100
Modify Spavinaw/Oologah Intertie near Bird Creek Pump Station	0	105
Mohawk Pump Stations 1 & 2 Rehabilitation	0	90
Mohawk WTP HSPS Rehabilitation and Improvements	500	4,500
Powdered Activated Carbon Feed System Upgrade	62	634
Raw Water Flowlines Repairs Spavinaw	250	250
Raw Water Flowlines Repairs Tiawah Tunnel	0	1,000
Sodium Hydroxide Storage and Feed System Upgrade	0	109
Source Water Protection & Management Program	752	772
Spavinaw Pump Station Rehab & New Flowmeter	0	772
Transmission Line Condition Assessment - Citywide	200	0
Unruh Terminal Storage Repair	350	0
Unserved Areas	0	100
Utility Bridges - Repaint/Rehabilitation	100	100
W. 23rd St. 16" Transmission Line	1,236	0
Water Line Relocations - Citywide	1,900	1,050
Water Mains Replacements - City Wide	9,175	4,255
Water Mains Replacements - Less than 6-inches	2,732	4,502
Water Tanks - Repaint/Rehabilitation	0	3,090
Water Vault & Large Meter Upgrades	0	200
Total	\$ 40,467	\$ 32,458

TMUA-SEWER CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

FY 2017-2018 & FY 2018-2019



OVERVIEW

This fund allows for the separate accounting of capital projects that are financed with revenue generated within the TMUA-Sewer Operating Fund (Fund 7030). The fund receives a transfer from the TMUA-Sewer Operating Fund each fiscal year to provide financing for capital projects, and since the fund is a capital projects fund, appropriations do not lapse at the end of each fiscal year as they do in operating funds. Interest revenue is credited to the TMUA-Sewer Operating Fund. Most of the time, transfers are fully appropriated, but a fund balance available for appropriation can be generated when projects are constructed for less than original estimates.

BUDGET SUMMARY

In February 2009, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. While the new standard has no effect on the total amount reported as fund balance, it fundamentally alters the categories and terminology used to present that amount on the governmental fund balance sheet. The fund balance for this fund is now referred to as the Assigned Fund Balance. The 'End of Year' Assigned Fund Balance is the amount available for appropriation intended specifically for this fund's use.

In FY18 and FY19, a transfer from the TMUA-Sewer Operating Fund will finance needed sanitary sewer system improvement projects. All of the projects are contained in the TMUA/City Council adopted Capital Improvements Plan. They are listed at the end of this fund summary.

ANNUAL RESOURCES, OUTLAYS AND FUND BALANCE

Annual Resources		FY 16 ACTUAL				FY 17 ESTIMATE E		FY 18 JDGET	PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 EST.	FIN	FY 19 IANCIAL PLAN
Revenue	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	N/A	\$	0
Transfers In	Φ	11,393	Φ	14,221	Φ	20,748	Ф	17,412	-16%	Φ	•
Total Resources	-	11,393		14,221		20,748		17,412	-10% -16.1%		23,208 23,208
Annual Outlays Budget (Expenditures or appropriations) Transfers Out		11,393 0		14,221 0		20,748		17,412 0	-16.1% N/A		23,208
Total Outlays		11,393		14,221		20,748		17,412	-16.1%		23,208
Resources less Outlays		0		0		0		0			0
Assigned Fund Balance											
Beginning of Year		472		814		472		472			472
Addition to/(Use of)		0		0		0		0			0
End of Year	\$	472	\$	814	\$	472	\$	472		\$	472

## TRANSFERS IN TOTAL ANNUAL RESOURCES	REVENUE ACCOUNT		FY 16 CTUAL		FY 17 RIGINAL	FY 17 ESTIMATE			FY 18 UDGET	PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 EST.	FIN	FY 19 NANCIAL PLAN
ANNUAL OUTLAYS FY 16	■ TRANSFERS IN	\$	11,393	\$	14,221	\$	20,748	\$	17,412	-9.3%	\$	23,208
FY 16 ACTUAL FY 17 ORIGNAL FY 18 BUDGET PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 ORIG. FY 19 FINANCIAL PLAN BUDGET (Expenditures or appropriations) ■ PUBLIC WORKS AND TRANSPORTATION BUDGET \$ 10,841 \$ 14,221 \$ 16,892 18.8% \$ 22,672 Capital Outlay \$ 10,841 14,221 \$ 16,892 18.8% \$ 22,672 Water and Sewer Total 0 0 520 N/A 536 Total Public Works and Transportation 10,841 14,221 17,412 22.4% 23,208 ■ ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPORT SERVICES Finance Capital Outlay 552 0 0 N/A 0 Capital Outlay 552 0 0 N/A 0 Total Administrative and Support Services 552 0 0 N/A 0 TOTAL BUDGET (Expenditures or appropriations) 11,393 14,221 17,412 22.4% 23,208	TOTAL ANNUAL RESOURCES	\$	11,393	\$	\$ 14,221		20,748	\$	17,412	-9.3%	\$	23,208
BUDGET (Expenditures or appropriations) FY 16 ACTUAL FY 17 ORIGNAL FY 18 BUDGET DIFF. FROM FY 17 ORIG. FINANCIAL PLAN ■ PUBLIC WORKS AND TRANSPORTATION Engineering Services Saving 10,841 \$ 14,221 \$ 16,892 18.8% \$ 22,672 Capital Outlay Total 10,841 \$ 14,221 \$ 16,892 18.8% \$ 22,672 Water and Sewer Capital Outlay Total 0 0 520 N/A 536 Total Public Works and Transportation 10,841 14,221 17,412 22.4% 23,208 ■ ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPORT SERVICES Finance Capital Outlay Total Administrative and Support Services 552 0 0 N/A 0 TOTAL BUDGET (Expenditures or appropriations) 11,393 14,221 17,412 22.4% 23,208												
■ PUBLIC WORKS AND TRANSPORTATION Engineering Services Capital Outlay \$ 10,841 \$ 14,221 \$ 16,892 18.8% \$ 22,672 Total 10,841 14,221 \$ 16,892 18.8% 22,672 Water and Sewer Capital Outlay 0 0 520 N/A 536 Total Outlay 0 0 520 N/A 536 Total Public Works and Transportation 10,841 14,221 17,412 22.4% 23,208 ■ ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPORT SERVICES Finance Capital Outlay 552 0 0 N/A 0 Total Administrative and Support Services 552 0 0 N/A 0 TOTAL BUDGET (Expenditures or appropriations) 11,393 14,221 17,412 22.4% 23,208										DIFF. FROM	FIN	NANCIAL
Engineering Services Capital Outlay \$ 10,841 \$ 14,221 \$ 16,892 18.8% \$ 22,672 Water and Sewer Capital Outlay 0 0 520 N/A 536 Total 0 0 520 N/A 536 Total Public Works and Transportation 10,841 14,221 17,412 22.4% 23,208 ■ ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPORT SERVICES Finance Capital Outlay 552 0 0 N/A 0 Total Administrative and Support Services 552 0 0 N/A 0 TOTAL BUDGET (Expenditures or appropriations) 11,393 14,221 17,412 22.4% 23,208	BUDGET (Expenditures or app	oropri	ations)									
Capital Outlay Total \$ 10,841 \$ 14,221 \$ 16,892 18.8% \$ 22,672 Water and Sewer Capital Outlay 0 0 520 N/A 536 Total Public Works and Transportation 10,841 14,221 17,412 22.4% 23,208 ■ ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPORT SERVICES Finance Capital Outlay 552 0 0 N/A 0 Total Administrative and Support Services 552 0 0 N/A 0 TOTAL BUDGET (Expenditures or appropriations) 11,393 14,221 17,412 22.4% 23,208		ORTA	ΓΙΟΝ									
Mater and Sewer Capital Outlay 0 0 520 N/A 536 Total Public Works and Transportation 10,841 14,221 17,412 22.4% 23,208 ■ ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPORT SERVICES Finance Capital Outlay 552 0 0 N/A 0 Total Administrative and Support Services 552 0 0 N/A 0 TOTAL BUDGET (Expenditures or appropriations) 11,393 14,221 17,412 22.4% 23,208				\$	10.8/1	\$	1/1 221	¢	16 802	18 8%	\$	22 672
Capital Outlay 0 0 520 N/A 536 Total Public Works and Transportation 10,841 14,221 17,412 22.4% 23,208 ■ ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPORT SERVICES Finance Capital Outlay 552 0 0 N/A 0 Total Administrative and Support Services 552 0 0 N/A 0 TOTAL BUDGET (Expenditures or appropriations) 11,393 14,221 17,412 22.4% 23,208	•			Ψ		Ψ					Ψ	
Capital Outlay 0 0 520 N/A 536 Total Public Works and Transportation 10,841 14,221 17,412 22.4% 23,208 ■ ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPORT SERVICES Finance Capital Outlay 552 0 0 N/A 0 Total Administrative and Support Services 552 0 0 N/A 0 TOTAL BUDGET (Expenditures or appropriations) 11,393 14,221 17,412 22.4% 23,208												
Total 0 0 520 N/A 536 Total Public Works and Transportation 10,841 14,221 17,412 22.4% 23,208 ■ ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPORT SERVICES Finance Capital Outlay 552 0 0 N/A 0 Total Administrative and Support Services 552 0 0 N/A 0 TOTAL BUDGET (Expenditures or appropriations) 11,393 14,221 17,412 22.4% 23,208					0		0		F 20	NI/A		F26
Total Public Works and Transportation 10,841 14,221 17,412 22.4% 23,208 ■ ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPORT SERVICES Finance Capital Outlay 552 0 0 N/A 0 Total Administrative and Support Services 552 0 0 N/A 0 TOTAL BUDGET (Expenditures or appropriations) 11,393 14,221 17,412 22.4% 23,208										-		
■ ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPORT SERVICES Finance										_		
Finance Capital Outlay 552 0 0 N/A 0 Total Administrative and Support Services 552 0 0 N/A 0 TOTAL BUDGET (Expenditures or appropriations) 11,393 14,221 17,412 22.4% 23,208	Total Public Works and Tra	anspor	tation		10,841		14,221		17,412	22.4%		23,208
Capital Outlay 552 0 0 N/A 0 Total Administrative and Support Services 552 0 0 N/A 0 TOTAL BUDGET (Expenditures or appropriations) 11,393 14,221 17,412 22.4% 23,208		RT SE	RVICES									
TOTAL BUDGET 11,393 14,221 17,412 22.4% 23,208 (Expenditures or appropriations)					552		0		0	N/A		0
(Expenditures or appropriations)	Total Administrative and S	upport	Services		552		0		0	N/A		0
TOTAL ANNUAL OUTLAYS \$ 11,393 \$ 14,221 \$ 17,412 22.4% \$ 23,208		ons)			11,393		14,221		17,412	22.4%		23,208
	TOTAL ANNUAL OUTLAYS	NNUAL OUTLAYS		\$	11,393	\$	14,221	\$	17,412	22.4%	\$	23,208

PROJECT APPROPRIATIONS

FY 2017-2018 & FY 2018-2019

F1 2017-2016 & F1 .	2010-2019	
		FY 19
	FY 18	FINANCIAL
	BUDGET	PLAN
30-N Relief	\$ 385	\$ 396
71st Street Drying Bed Modifications	0	0
71st Street Lift Station Electrical Upgrades	0	162
93-N Relief	0	4,871
Airport - Northeast LS & FM	359	3,380
Apache Lift Station Force Main	0	109
Areawide Point Repairs	0	4,050
Concrete Pipe Replacement	4,405	0
FEB Joint & Crack Repairs	1,000	0
Flatrock West (9-N) Relief	0	527
Haikey Creek Lift Station Electrical Upgrades	0	27
Haikey Creek WWTP Electrical Upgrades	0	172
Haikey Creek SAMS Equipment Replacements	520	536
Jones Creek Relief (91-N)	351	0
Lift Station Replacements or Upgrades	569	609
RL Jones Riverside Airport - Sewer Eastside	273	1,407
Sewer Rehab Area Wide	1,800	3,750
Southside WWTP Concrete Protective Coatings	0	309
Southside WWTP Digester MCC Replacement	0	205
Southside WWTP Solids Handling Access Road	3,000	0
Southside WWTP System Odor Control Study	1,750	0
Spunky Creek Main Stem South Contract 1	3,000	0
Unsewered Areas Areawide	0	2,388
West Tulsa 39, 40, 41-S Relief	0	310
Total	<u>\$ 17,412</u>	\$ 23,208

STORMWATER CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

FY 2017-2018 & FY 2018-2019

CAPITAL FUND
6041

PROPRIETARY
CAPITAL FUND
BUDGETED ON A
CASH BASIS

OVERVIEW

This fund allows for the separate accounting of capital projects that are financed with revenue generated within the Stormwater Operating Fund (Fund 7010). The fund receives a transfer from the Stormwater Operating Fund each fiscal year to provide financing for capital projects, and since the fund is a capital projects fund, appropriations do not lapse at the end of each fiscal year as they do in operating funds. Interest revenue is credited to the Stormwater Operating Fund. Most of the time, transfers are fully appropriated, but a fund balance available for appropriation can be generated when projects are constructed for less than original estimates.

BUDGET SUMMARY

In February 2009, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. While the new standard has no effect on the total amount reported as fund balance, it fundamentally alters the categories and terminology used to present that amount on the governmental fund balance sheet. The fund balance for this fund is now referred to as the Assigned Fund Balance. The 'End of Year' Assigned Fund Balance is the amount available for appropriation intended specifically for this fund's use.

Appropriations in the FY18 and FY19 budget will be for flood control projects recommended by the Stormwater Drainage and Hazard Mitigation Advisory Board, neighborhood groups, staff, elected officials, and the general public.

ANNUAL RESOURCES, OUTLAYS AND FUND BALANCE

(amounts expressed in thousands)													
	FY 16 ACTUAL		FY 17 FY 17 ORIGINAL ESTIMATE		FY 18 BUDGET		PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 EST.	FIN	FY 19 IANCIAL PLAN				
Annual Resources													
Revenue	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	N/A	\$	0		
Transfers In		5,000		5,500		5,500		5,100	-7.3%		5,000		
Total Resources		5,000		5,500		5,500		5,100	-7.3%		5,000		
Annual Outlays													
Budget (Expenditures													
or appropriations)		5,000		5,500		5,500		5,100	-7.3%		5,000		
Transfers Out		0		0		0		0	N/A		0		
Total Outlays		5,000		5,500		5,500		5,100	-7.3%		5,000		
Resources less Outlays		0		0		0		0	ı		0		
Assigned Fund Balance													
Beginning of Year		15		16		15		15			15		
Addition to/(Use of)		0		0		0		0			0		
End of Year	\$	15	\$	16	\$	15	\$	15	· !	\$	15		

(amounts expressed in thousands)

REVENUE ACCOUNT	FY 16 ACTUAL		FY 17 ORIGINAL		FY 17 ESTIMATE		FY 18 BUDGET		DIFF. FROM FY 17 EST.	FINANCIAL PLAN	
■ TRANSFERS IN	\$	5,000	\$	5,500	\$	5,500	\$	5,100	-7.3%	\$	5,000
TOTAL ANNUAL RESOURCES	\$	5,000	\$	5,500	\$	5,500	\$	5,100	-7.3%	\$	5,000

ANNUAL OUTLAYS

	_	FY 16 CTUAL	-	FY 17 RIGINAL	FY 18 UDGET	PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 ORIG.	FIN	FY 19 NANCIAL PLAN
BUDGET (Expenditures or appropriations) ■ PUBLIC WORKS AND TRANSPORTATION Engineering Services								
Capital Outlay	\$	5,000	\$	5,500	\$ 5,100	-7.3%	\$	5,000
TOTAL BUDGET (Expenditures or appropriations)		5,000		5,500	5,100	-7.3%		5,000
TOTAL ANNUAL OUTLAYS	\$	5,000	\$	5,500	\$ 5,100	-7.3%	\$	5,000

PROJECT APPROPRIATIONS

FY 2017-2018 & FY 2018-2019

	TY 18 IDGET	_	FY 19 FINANCIAL PLAN		
Citywide Flood Control					
 a. Critical Projects Design - Citywide Engineering 	\$ 500	(5,0	000	
 b. Fred Creek Tributary Drainage Improvements 	0			0	
c. Fred Creek - Phase 3D - Guier Woods/Pebble Creek	0			0	
d. South Tulsa - 116th & Hudson Pond	0			0	
e. Jones Creek - 73rd E Ave (13th - 15th) Drainage	0			0	
f. Mingo Road Widening Drainage Improvements (71st - 81st)	1,000			0	
g. Proj 144202 - Dirty Butter - Apache Crossing & Channel Imp	250			0	
h. Peoria Ave (61st St - Riverside Dr) Widening - Drainage Design	200			0	
i. MZ 1068 - Stormsewer Extension	180			0	
j. MZ 4040 Stormsewer Extension	100			0	
k. MZ 5046 Stormsewer Extension	400			0	
I. MZ 9050 Stormsewer Extension	50			0	
m. Mingo & Perryman Ditch - Small Critical Drainage Projects	480			0	
n. Upper Joe Creek - 31st & New Haven Storm Sewer	200			0	
o. South Tulsa - 105th & Yale Drainage and Roadway Improvements	700			0	
p. Jones Creek - Channel Rehabilitation - Contemprea Apartments	590			0	
q. Coal Creek & Fry Ditch 2 - Small Critical Drainage Projects	450			0	
Fund Total	\$ 5,100	3	5,0	000	

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT ENTERPRISE FUND

FY 2017-2018 & FY 2018-2019



OVERVIEW

The Stormwater Management Enterprise Fund was established by Ordinance #17285 in January 1985. It is "for the purpose of identifying and controlling all revenues and expenses attributable to stormwater drainage services." The primary revenue source for the fund is the Stormwater Management Fee. This is a fee collected from residents and businesses within the city. The fee provides funds for "operating, constructing, equipping, maintaining, acquiring and owning within the city a stormwater drainage system." In addition to financing the development and maintenance of facilities, the fee also provides funds for studying and mapping the city's drainage system in order to identify and assess flood-prone areas. The Stormwater Drainage and Hazard Mitigation Advisory Board (SDMH) was established to oversee stormwater policy, hear policy appeals and oversee the budget.

BUDGET SUMMARY

In February 2009, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. While the new standard has no effect on the total amount reported as fund balance, it fundamentally alters the categories and terminology used to present that amount on the governmental fund balance sheet. The fund balance for this fund is now referred to as the Assigned Fund Balance. The 'End of Year' Assigned Fund Balance is the amount available for appropriation intended specifically for this fund's use.

This fund began FY17 with a fund balance of \$5,100,000 after reserving for encumbrances. The fund has an informal policy of maintaining an operating reserve of 5 percent of revenues. For FY18, the reserve would be \$1,450,000. The FY18 estimated outlays are expected to exceed revenues for the fiscal year resulting in a use of fund balance. This use of fund balance will be for capital drainage improvements throughout the City.

The Stormwater Drainage & Hazard Mitigation Advisory Board has identified a need for additional capital improvement funds. The transfer to capital projects is \$5,100,000 in FY18 and \$5,000,000 in the FY19 financial plan. The five year plan proposes a nine percent rate increase in FY18 and nine percent increase for FY19. The payment in lieu of taxes to the General Fund (average franchise fee plus sales tax) is 6.175 percent.

ANNUAL RESOURCES, OUTLAYS AND FUND BALANCE

	(ar	nounts	expressed	in thou	sands)							
	FY 16 CTUAL		FY 17 ORIGINAL				FY 17 FY 18 ESTIMATE BUDGET			PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 EST.	FIN	FY 19 IANCIAL PLAN
Annual Resources												
Revenue	\$ 27,202	\$	27,536	\$	27,709	\$	29,173	5.3%	\$	31,799		
Total Resources	27,202		27,536		27,709		29,173	5.3%		31,799		
Annual Outlays												
Budget (Expenditures												
or appropriations)	20,795		23,410		22,762		26,489	16.4%		26,679		
Transfers Out	5,000		5,500		5,500		5,100	-7.3%		5,000		
Total Outlays	25,795		28,910		28,262		31,589	11.8%		31,679		
Resources less Outlays	 1,407		(1,374)		(553)		(2,416)	i		120		
Assigned Fund Balance												
Beginning of Year	3,721		3,372		5,128		4,575			2,159		
Committed Fund Balance For OPEB	(177)		(177)		(177)		(177)			(177)		
Addition to/(Use of)	1,407		(1,374)		(553)		(2,416)			120		
Less 5% Cash Operating Reserve	(1,368)		(1,368)		(1,450)		(1,450)			(1,582)		
End of Year	\$ 3,583	\$	453	\$	2,948	\$	532	•	\$	520		

(amounts expressed in thousands)

REVENUE ACCOUNT	-	FY 16 ACTUAL		FY 17 ORIGINAL		FY 17 STIMATE	FY 18 BUDGET		PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 EST.	FY 19 FINANCIAL PLAN	
■ CHARGES FOR SERVICES	\$	26,847	\$	27,369	\$	27,475	\$	29,006	5.6%	\$	31,632
■ MISCELLANEOUS REVENUE		194		129		94		129	37.2%		129
■ INTEREST INCOME		161		38		140		38	-72.9%		38
TOTAL REVENUE		27,202		27,536		27,709		29,173	5.3%		31,799
TOTAL ANNUAL RESOURCES	\$	27,202	\$	27,536	\$	27,709	\$	29,173	5.3%	\$	31,799

•		,			
				PERCENT	FY 19
	FY 16	FY 17	FY 18	DIFF. FROM	FINANCIAL
DUDGET (F !'(ACTUAL	ORIGINAL	BUDGET	FY 17 ORIG.	PLAN
BUDGET (Expenditures or appropriations)					
■ CULTURAL DEVELOPMENT AND RECREATION					
Park and Recreation					
Personal Services	\$ 103	\$ 107	\$ 111	3.7%	\$ 112
Materials and Supplies	12	15	15	0.0%	15
Other Services/Charges	55	63	60	-4.8%	60
Total	170	185	186	0.5%	187
Total Cultural Development and Recreation	170	185	186	0.5%	187
■ PUBLIC WORKS AND TRANSPORTATION					
Engineering Services					
Personal Services	2,040	2,200	2,294	4.3%	2,325
Materials and Supplies	8	28	53	89.3%	53
Other Services/Charges	1,726	2,030	2,632	29.7%	3,259
Total	3,774	4,258	4,979	16.9%	5,637
Streets and Stormwater					
Personal Services	5,673	5,986	6,746	12.7%	6,840
Materials and Supplies	780	863	886	2.7%	875
Other Services/Charges	7,848	9,223	9,436	2.3%	9,785
Capital Outlay	344	439	2,049	366.7%	1,225
Total	14,645	16,511	19,117	15.8%	18,725
Water & Sewer					
Personal Services	421	435	387	-11.0%	393
Materials and Supplies	77	91	68	-25.3%	68
Other Services/Charges	85	107	116	8.4%	114
Capital Outlay	15	138	104	-24.6%	0
Total	599	771	675	-12.5%	575
Total Public Works and Transportation	19,018	21,540	24,771	15.0%	24,937

	FY 16 ACTUAL	FY 17 ORIGINAL	FY 18 BUDGET	PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 ORIG.	FY 19 FINANCIAL PLAN
BUDGET (Expenditures or appropriations)				_ · <u> · · · · · · · · · ·</u> ·	
■ ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPORT SERVICES					
<u>Finance</u>					
Personal Services	309	358	352	-1.7%	357
Materials and Supplies	7	14	13	-7.1%	13
Other Services/Charges	158	195	176	-9.7%	176
Capital Outlay	160	0	0	N/A	0
Total	634	567	541	-4.6%	546
Information Technology					
Personal Services	258	262	219	-16.4%	205
Materials and Supplies	5	9	8	-11.1%	9
Other Services/Charges	122	112	92	-17.9%	77
Capital Outlay	36	36	36	0.0%	36
Total	421	419	355	-15.3%	327
Customer Care					
Personal Services	142	189	152	-19.6%	154
Materials and Supplies	1	2	1	-50.0%	1
Other Services/Charges	24	6	5	-16.7%	5
Total	167	197	158	-19.8%	160
Asset Management					
Personal Services	220	199	193	-3.0%	195
Materials and Supplies	13	20	13	-35.0%	13
Other Services/Charges	151	215	223	3.7%	229
Capital Outlay	0	68	49	-27.9%	85
Total	385	502	478	-4.8%	522
Total Administrative and Support Services	1,607	1,685	1,532	-9.1%	1,555
TOTAL BUDGET	20,795	23,410	26,489	13.2%	26,679
(Expenditures or appropriations)					
TRANSFERS OUT					
Fund # Name					
6041 Stormwater Capital Projects	5,000	5,500	5,100	-7.3%	5,000
TOTAL TRANSFERS OUT	5,000	5,500 5,500	5,100	7.3% - 7.3%	5,000
				_	
TOTAL ANNUAL OUTLAYS	\$ 25,795	\$ 28,910	\$ 31,589	9.3%	\$ 31,679

TMUA-WATER OPERATING FUND

FY 2017-2018 & FY 2018-2019



OVERVIEW

The Tulsa Metropolitan Water Authority was established as a Trust on April 5, 1957 (Ordinance #8113) for the purpose of maintaining the City's water and wastewater systems. The name was changed August 23, 1989 to the Tulsa Metropolitan Utility Authority (TMUA). A lease agreement and operation and maintenance contract dated February 1, 1984 were entered into between the City and TMUA specifying the City would lease to TMUA the water and sewer system assets, and the City would operate and maintain them. Two operating funds were established to account for these activities - one for water services and one for sanitary sewer services. Within the Water Operating Fund, the City records all revenues and expenditures generated by the water supply system's operations. Over 90 percent of the revenue in the fund is derived from the sale of treated water.

BUDGET SUMMARY

In February 2009, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. While the new standard has no effect on the total amount reported as fund balance, it fundamentally alters the categories and terminology used to present that amount on the governmental fund balance sheet. The fund balance for this fund is now referred to as the Assigned Fund Balance. The 'End of Year' Assigned Fund Balance is the amount available for appropriation intended specifically for this fund's use.

In FY98, the TMUA Board decided to establish an operating reserve totaling 5 percent of projected revenues from annual water sales. TMUA established two other reserves in FY08, a rate stabilization reserve and a capital projects reserve. Those reserves will be funded over time as resources are available. The FY17 beginning fund balance of \$15,045,000 reflects the cash balance in the fund after reserving for encumbrances and the 5 percent operating reserve.

A four percent rate increase is projected for FY18 and the FY19 financial plan. The increase is needed to support operations, maintenance, and the Authority's goal of funding more capital projects from cash rather that debt. In FY18, outlays are expected to exceed revenues and the year-end balance after reserving for the 5 percent cash operating reserve is estimated to be positive. The payment in lieu of taxes to the General Fund (average franchise fee plus sales tax) is 6.175%.

ANNUAL RESOURCES, OUTLAYS AND FUND BALANCE

				FY 18 DIFF. FROM BUDGET FY 17 EST.			FY 19 NANCIAL PLAN				
Annual Resources Revenue	\$	115,924	\$	112,690	\$	120,902	\$	117,783	-2.6%	\$	122,317
Transfers In	Ψ	0	Ψ	0 0	Ψ	0	Ψ	0	-2.076 N/A	Ψ	0
Total Resources		115,924		112,690		120,902		117,783	-2.6%		122,317
Annual Outlays Budget (Expenditures											
or appropriations)		83,634		93,022		88,899		91,789	3.3%		88,692
Transfers Out		34,904		30,061		31,361		40,467	29.0%		32,458
Total Outlays		118,538		123,083		120,260		132,256	10.0%		121,150
Resources less Outlays		(2,614)		(10,393)		642		(14,473)	i		1,167
Assigned Fund Balance Beginning of Year Committed Fund Balance For OPEB Addition to/(Use of) Less 5% Cash Operating Reserve		23,629 (622) (2,614) (5,348)		17,580 (622) (10,393) (5,348)		21,015 (622) 642 (5,653)		21,658 (622) (14,473) (5,653)			7,185 (622) 1,167 (5,879)
End of Year	\$	15,045	\$	1,217	\$	15,383	\$	910	•	\$	1,851
End of Teal	Ψ	15,045	-	1,217	Ψ	15,363	—	910	•	-	1,001

(amounts expressed in thousands)

REVENUE ACCOUNT	 FY 16 ACTUAL	FY 17 ORIGINAL		FY 17 STIMATE	E	FY 18 SUDGET	DIFF. FROM FY 17 EST.	FII	NANCIAL PLAN
■ LICENSES AND PERMITS	\$ 55	\$	11	\$ 16	\$	11	-31.5%	\$	11
■ CHARGES FOR SERVICES	109,389		106,963	113,996		113,062	-0.8%		117,583
■ OTHER CHARGES	4,458		3,989	4,331		3,564	-17.7%		3,565
■ MISCELLANEOUS REVENUE	1,074		1,227	1,588		646	-59.3%		658
■ INTEREST INCOME	947		500	971		500	-48.5%		500
TOTAL ANNUAL RESOURCES	\$ 115,923	\$	112,690	\$ 120,902	\$	117,783	-2.6%	\$	122,317

		FY 16 CTUAL	-	FY 17 RIGINAL		FY 18 UDGET	PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 ORIG.	FIN	FY 19 IANCIAL PLAN
BUDGET (Expenditures or appropriations) PUBLIC WORKS AND TRANSPORTATION									
Engineering Services									
Personal Services	\$	2,318	\$	2.670	\$	2.780	4.1%	\$	2,818
Materials and Supplies	*	8	Ψ	23	•	48	108.7%	Ψ	48
Other Services/Charges		481		618		625	1.1%		618
Capital Outlay		0		30		120	300.0%		120
Total	-	2,807		3,341		3,573	6.9%		3,604
Streets and Stormwater									
Personal Services		349		330		343	3.9%		347
Materials and Supplies		0		0		1	N/A		1
Other Services/Charges		18		13		12	-7.7%		12
Total		367		343		356	3.8%		360
Water & Sewer									
Personal Services		20,072		21,053		22,189	5.4%		22,446
Materials and Supplies		7,325		9,838		9,053	-8.0%		9,004
Other Services/Charges		26,047		29,160		27,354	-6.2%		28,032
Capital Outlay		2,973		7,771		7,632	-1.8%		2,618
Total		56,417		67,822		66,228	-2.4%		62,100
Total Public Works and Transportation		59,591		71,506		70,157	-1.9%		66,064
■ ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPORT SERVICES Finance									
Personal Services		1,589		1,718		1,798	4.7%		1,823
Materials and Supplies		132		186		182	-2.2%		182
Other Services/Charges		666		752		730	-2.9%		730
Capital Outlay		0		30		114	280.0%		0
Total		2,388		2,686		2,824	5.1%		2,735
Information Technology									
Personal Services		1,323		1,323		1,414	6.9%		1,356
Materials and Supplies		27		47		45	-4.3%		47
Other Services/Charges		614		602		631	4.8%		588
Capital Outlay		198		208		208	0.0%		208
Total		2,162		2,180		2,298	5.4%		2,199

	FY 16 FY 17		FY 18	PERCENT DIFF. FROM	FY 19 FINANCIAL
	ACTUAL	ORIGINAL	BUDGET	FY 17 ORIG.	PLAN
BUDGET (Expenditures or appropriations)					
■ ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPORT SERVICES					
Customer Care					
Personal Services	\$ 534	\$ 692	\$ 650	-6.1%	\$ 659
Materials and Supplies	4	8	4	-50.0%	4
Other Services/Charges	89	22	20	-9.1%	20
Total	627	722	674	-6.6%	683
Asset Management					
Personal Services	379	336	349	3.9%	356
Materials and Supplies	30	37	32	-13.5%	35
Other Services/Charges	472	514	496	-3.5%	517
Capital Outlay	105	0	44	N/A	75
Total	986	887	921	3.8%	983
Total Administrative and Support Services	6,163	6,475	6,717	3.7%	6,600
■ DEBT SERVICE	17,880	15,041	14,915	-0.8%	16,028
Total	17,880	15,041	14,915	-0.8%	16,028
TOTAL BUDGET (Expenditures or appropriations)	83,634	93,022	91,789	-1.3%	88,692
TRANSFERS OUT					
Fund # Name					
6021 TMUA-Water Capital Projects	34,904	30,061	40,467	34.6%	32,458
TOTAL TRANSFERS OUT	34,904	30,061	40,467	34.6%	32,458
TOTAL ANNUAL OUTLAYS	\$ 118,538	\$ 123,083	\$ 132,256	7.5%	\$ 121,150

TMUA-SEWER OPERATING FUND

FY 2017-2018 & FY 2018-2019



OVERVIEW

The Tulsa Metropolitan Water Authority was established as a Trust on April 5, 1957 (Ordinance #8113) for the purpose of maintaining the City's water and wastewater systems. The name was changed August 23, 1989 to the Tulsa Metropolitan Utility Authority (TMUA). A lease agreement and operation and maintenance contract dated February 1, 1984 were entered into between the City and TMUA specifying the City would lease to TMUA the water and sewer system assets and the City would operate and maintain the assets. Operating funds were established to account for these activities - one for water services and one for sanitary sewer services. Within the Sanitary Sewer Operating Fund, the City records all revenues and expenditures generated by the sanitary sewer system's operations. The major portion of the revenues are generated by fees charged for disposing of wastewater.

BUDGET SUMMARY

In February 2009, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. While the new standard has no effect on the total amount reported as fund balance, it fundamentally alters the categories and terminology used to present that amount on the governmental fund balance sheet. The fund balance for this fund is now referred to as the Assigned Fund Balance. The 'End of Year' Assigned Fund Balance is the amount available for appropriation intended specifically for this fund's use.

In FY98, the TMUA Board decided to establish an operating reserve totaling 5 percent of projected annual sanitary sewer service charges. They established two other reserves in FY08, a rate stabilization reserve and a capital projects reserve. Those reserves will be funded over time as resources are available. The FY17 beginning fund balance of \$7,462,000 reflects the cash balance in the fund after reserving for encumbrances and the 5 percent operating reserve.

A nine percent rate increase is projected for FY18 and FY19 financial plan. The increase is needed to support debt service and the Authority's goal of funding more capital projects from cash rather that debt. In FY18, outlays are projected to exceed revenues and the year-end balance after reserving for the 5 percent cash operating reserve is estimated to be positive. The payment in lieu of taxes to the General Fund (average franchise fee plus sales tax) is 6.175%.

ANNUAL RESOURCES, OUTLAYS AND FUND BALANCE

	FY 16 CTUAL	FY 17 RIGINAL	E	FY 17 STIMATE	FY 18 BUDGET		PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 EST.	FIN	FY 19 IANCIAL PLAN
Annual Resources									
Revenue	\$ 99,584	\$ 102,118	\$	102,846	\$	110,953	7.9%	\$	120,114
Transfers In	0	0		0		0	N/A		0
Total Resources	99,584	102,118		102,846		110,953	7.9%		120,114
Less:									
Annual Outlays									
Budget (Expenditures									
or appropriations)	83,734	89,029		86,757		94,204	8.6%		94,578
Transfers Out	14,678	17,713		19,272		19,884	3.2%		25,223
Total Outlays	98,412	106,742		106,029		114,088	7.6%		119,801
Resources less Outlays	1,172	(4,624)		(3,183)		(3,135)	:		313
Assigned Fund Balance									
Beginning of Year	11,977	11,203		13,149		9,966			6,831
Committed Fund Balance For OPEB	(767)	(767)		(767)		(767)			(767)
Addition to/(Use of)	1,172	(4,624)		(3,183)		(3,135)			313
Less 5% Cash Reserve	 (4,920)	(4,920)		(5,363)		(5,363)			(5,821)
End of Year	\$ 7,462	\$ 892	\$	3,836	\$	701		\$	556

(amounts expressed in thousands)

REVENUE ACCOUNT	FY 16 CTUAL	FY 17 ORIGINAL		FY 17 FY 18 ESTIMATE BUDGET		DIFF. FROM FY 17 EST.	FII	NANCIAL PLAN	
■ LICENSES AND PERMITS	\$ 66	\$ 41	\$	60	\$	41	-31.7%	\$	41
■ CHARGES FOR SERVICES	93,117	98,404		99,177		107,251	8.1%		116,411
■ OTHER SERVICES	2,766	3,039		2,952		3,032	2.7%		3,439
■ MISCELLANEOUS REVENUE	3,176	416		197		411	108.6%		3
■ INTEREST INCOME	459	218		460		218	-52.6%		220
TOTAL ANNUAL RESOURCES	\$ 99,584	\$ 102,118	\$	102,846	\$	110,953	7.9%	\$	120,114

	-	TY 16	FY 17 ORIGINAL		FY 18 BUDGET		PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 ORIG.	FY 19 FINANCIAL PLAN	
BUDGET (Expenditures or appropriations)									
■ PUBLIC WORKS AND TRANSPORTATION									
Engineering Services									
Personal Services	\$	2,168	\$	2,468	\$	2,539	2.9%	\$	2,575
Materials and Supplies		8		23		47	104.3%		47
Other Services/Charges		1,076		1,234		1,227	-0.6%		1,218
Capital Outlay		0		0		38	N/A		38
Total		3,252		3,725		3,851	3.4%		3,878
Streets and Stormwater									
Personal Services		12		11		13	18.2%		13
Materials and Supplies		0		8		8	0.0%		8
Other Services/Charges		7		55		56	1.8%		56
Total		19		74		77	4.1%		77
Water & Sewer									
Personal Services		16,915		17,750		19,608	10.5%		19,879
Materials and Supplies		4,249		4,982		4,985	0.1%		5,006
Other Services/Charges		20,937		22,248		24,280	9.1%		25,034
Capital Outlay		9,492		8,530		7,501	-12.1%		6,236
Total		51,593		53,510		56,374	5.4%		56,155
Total Public Works and Transportation		54,864		57,309		60,302	5.2%		60,110

	FY 16	FY 17	FY 18	PERCENT DIFF. FROM	FY 19 FINANCIAL
	ACTUAL	ORIGINAL	BUDGET	FY 17 ORIG.	PLAN
■ ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPORT SERVICES					
<u>Finance</u>					
Personal Services	1,236	1,326	1,486	12.1%	1,507
Materials and Supplies	75	109	109	0.0%	109
Other Services/Charges	567	633	663	4.7%	663
Total	1,878	2,068	2,258	9.2%	2,279
Information Technology					
Personal Services	1,128	1,129	1,221	8.1%	1,143
Materials and Supplies	19	35	32	-8.6%	34
Other Services/Charges	515	512	609	18.9%	487
Capital Outlay	64	64	64	0.0%	64
Total	1,726	1,740	1,926	10.7%	1,728
Customer Care					
Personal Services	462	587	585	-0.3%	593
Materials and Supplies	3	7	4	-42.9%	4
Other Services/Charges	78	19	18	-5.3%	18
Total	543	613	607	-1.0%	615
Asset Management					
Personal Services	340	316	306	-3.2%	311
Materials and Supplies	26	33	24	-27.3%	26
Other Services/Charges	381	453	428	-5.5%	440
Capital Outlay	60	0	32	-3.570 N/A	45
Total	807	802	790	-1.5%	822
Total Administrative and Support Services	4,954	5,223	5,581	6.9%	5,444
■ DEBT SERVICE	23,916	26,497	28,321	6.9%	29,024
Total	23,916	26,497	28,321	6.9%	29,024
TOTAL BUDGET	83,734	89,029	94,204	5.8%	94,578
(Expenditures or appropriations)					
TRANSFERS OUT					
Fund # Name					
4306 Sinking Fund	3,285	3,492	2,472	-29.2%	2,015
6031 TMUA-Sewer Capital Projects	11,393	14,221	17,412	22.4%	23,208
TOTAL TRANSFERS OUT	14,678	17,713	19,884	12.3%	25,223
TOTAL ANNUAL OUTLAYS	\$ 98,412	\$ 106,742	\$ 114,088	6.9%	\$ 119,801

GOLF COURSE OPERATING FUND

FY 2017-2018 & FY 2018-2019



OVERVIEW

The Golf Course Operating Fund was created for the purpose of accounting for the operations of the City's golf courses located at Mohawk and Page Belcher Parks. To comply with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board's (GASB) Statement No. 34, the City began accounting for all golf operating revenues and expenditures in this separate fund, beginning July 1, 2000. Enterprise funds are used to report activity for which a fee is charged to users for goods or services.

BUDGET SUMMARY

In February 2009, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. While the new standard has no effect on the total amount reported as fund balance, it fundamentally alters the categories and terminology used to present that amount on the governmental fund balance sheet. The fund balance for this fund is now referred to as the Assigned Fund Balance. The 'End of Year' Assigned Fund Balance is the amount available for appropriation intended specifically for this fund's use.

On January 1, 2008, Billy Casper Golf began managing and staffing the four golf courses at Page Belcher and Mohawk Park.

The Golf Course Operating Fund will receive a transfer for operations from the General Fund in FY18 in the amount of \$75,000 and funds will be transferred from the Third Penny Sales Tax Fund for equipment purchases.

FY18 outlays are projected to exceed resources by \$120,000 resulting in an estimated year-end fund balance of \$133,000. Financial performance could improve or decline dependent upon the number of days with playable weather conditions at the golf courses throughout the year.

ANNUAL RESOURCES, OUTLAYS AND FUND BALANCE

	(amounts expressed on thousands)												
		Y 16 CTUAL		Y 17 IGINAL		Y 17 TIMATE		TY 18 JDGET	PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 EST.	FIN	FY 19 FINANCIAL PLAN		
Annual Resources													
Revenue	\$	2,832	\$	2,827	\$	2,841	\$	2,784	-2.0%	\$	2,784		
Transfers In		287		167		167		167	0.0%		167		
Total Resources		3,119		2,994		3,008		2,951	-1.9%		2,951		
Less:													
Annual Outlays													
Budget (Expenditures													
or appropriations)		3,068		3,071		3,071		3,071	0.0%		3,071		
Transfers Out		0		0		0		0	N/A		0		
Total Outlays		3,068		3,071		3,071		3,071	0.0%		3,071		
Resources less Outlays		51		(77)		(63)		(120)	:		(120)		
Assigned Fund Balance													
Beginning of Year		265		367		316		253			133		
Addition to/(Use of)		51		(77)		(63)		(120)			(120)		
End of Year	\$	316	\$	290	\$	253	\$	133	•	\$	13		

REVENUE ACCOUNT	FY 16 ACTUAL		FY 17 ORIGINAL		FY 17 ESTIMATE		FY 18 BUDGET		PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 EST.	FIN	FY 19 IANCIAL PLAN
■ GOLF COURSE FEES AND CHARGES	\$	2,829	\$	2,825	\$	2,832	\$	2,782	-1.8%	\$	2,782
■ INTEREST INCOME		3		2		3		2	-33.3%		2
TOTAL REVENUE		2,832		2,827		2,841		2,784	-2.0%		2,784
■ TRANSFERS FROM GENERAL FUND		150		75		75		75	0.0%		75
■ TRANSFERS FROM CAPITAL FUND		137		92		92		92	0.0%		92
TOTAL TRANSFERS IN		287		167		167		167	0.0%		167
TOTAL ANNUAL RESOURCES	\$	3,119	\$	2,994	\$	3,008	\$	2,951	-1.9%	\$	2,951
		ANN	IUAI	OUTI	_AY	S					
			EV 46 EV 47				-V 40	PERCENT	FY 19		

BUDGET (Expenditures or appropriations)	_	TY 16 CTUAL	-	FY 17 RIGINAL	FY 18 UDGET	PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 ORIG.	FIN	FY 19 ANCIAL PLAN
■ CULTURAL DEVELOPMENT AND RECREATION								
Park and Recreation								
Other Services/Charges	\$	2,979	\$	2,979	\$ 2,979	0.0%	\$	2,979
Capital Outlay		89		92	92	0.0%		92
Total Cultural Development and Recreation		3,068		3,071	3,071	0.0%		3,071
TOTAL BUDGET		3,068		3,071	 3,071	0.0%		3,071
(Expenditures or appropriations)								
TOTAL ANNUAL OUTLAYS	\$	3,068	\$	3,071	\$ 3,071	0.0%	\$	3,071

EMSA ENTERPRISE FUND

FY 2017-2018 & FY 2018-2019



OVERVIEW

The Emergency Management Services Authority (EMSA) Fund was created to support the operations of EMSA Eastern Division. However, a small amount pays EMSA's share of the City's utility billing system costs, a position to oversee certain compliance issues with the fee and an additional amount is used to defray some of the operational costs for the Fire Department's first responders. In December 2011, Ordinance #22596 was approved establishing a rate stabilization fund equal to 10 percent of EMSA's annual budget for the Eastern Division. This fund is to be retained by the City and shall be funded from revenues received from the emergency medical fee. Uses for the rate stabilization fund are limited to the provision of Medical Service Program services and related City administrative costs and services. In June 2014, the City Council passed Ordinance #23133 increasing the monthly emergency medical fee from \$3.64 to \$5.45 per month which will continue to be used for previously established purposes.

BUDGET SUMMARY

In February 2009, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. While the new standard has no effect on the total amount reported as fund balance, it fundamentally alters the categories and terminology used to present that amount on the governmental fund balance sheet. The fund balance for this fund is now referred to as the Assigned Fund Balance. The 'End of Year' Assigned Fund Balance is the amount available for appropriation intended specifically for this fund's use.

Emergency medical fee revenues are estimated to be \$7,029,000 in FY18 and most will be transferred to EMSA. A \$650,000 transfer to the General Fund to support the Fire Department's first responder program is included as well as \$350,000 for the department's purchase of supplies and equipment related to that program.

ANNUAL RESOURCES, OUTLAYS AND FUND BALANCE

(amounts expressed in thousands) **PERCENT FY 19** FY 18 **FY 16 FY 17 FY 17 DIFF. FROM FINANCIAL ACTUAL ORIGINAL ESTIMATE BUDGET FY 17 EST. PLAN** Annual Resources \$ \$ \$ \$ 7,029 7,025 6,957 \$ 7,029 7,029 Revenue 1.0% Transfers In N/A **Total Resources** 7,029 7,025 6,957 7,029 1.0% 7,029 Less: **Annual Outlays Budget (Expenditures** 651 644 or appropriations) 617 661 641 -3.0% Transfers Out 4.865 7.481 6.097 9.007 47.7% 6.385 42.8% **Total Outlays** 5.482 8.132 6.758 9.648 7.029 **Resources less Outlays** 1,547 (1,107)199 (2,619)0 **Assigned Fund Balance** Beginning of Year 2,652 33 906 1,134 2,453 Addition to/(Use of) 1,547 (1,107)199 (2,619)0 End of Year 2.453 27 2,652 33 33

		(amou	unts exp	pressed in	thousa	ands)		DEDOENT	_	->/ 40	
REVENUE ACCOUNT	FY 16 ACTUAL			TY 17		FY 17 TIMATE	TY 18 JDGET	PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 EST.	FY 19 FINANCIAL PLAN		
■ EMERGENCY MEDICAL FEE	\$	6,996	\$	7,012	\$	6,928	\$ 7,000	1.0%	\$	7,000	
■ INTEREST INCOME		21		13		29	29	0.0%		29	
■ MISCELLANEOUS REVENUE		12		0		0	0	N/A		0	
TOTAL ANNUAL RESOURCES	\$	7,029	\$	7,025	\$	6,957	\$ 7,029	1.0%	\$	7,029	
		AN	NUA	L OUT	LAY	/S		PERCENT	F	FY 19	
BUDGET (Expenditures or appropriat PUBLIC SAFETY AND PROTECTION	ions)			TY 16 CTUAL		FY 17 RIGINAL	Y 18 JDGET	DIFF. FROM FY 17 ORIG.		ANCIAL PLAN	
Materials and Supplies Other Services/Charges Capital Outlay			\$	183 84 55	\$	175 120 55	\$ 175 120 55	0.0% 0.0% 0.0%	\$	175 120 55	
Total Public Safety and Protection				323		350	350	0.0%		350	
■ SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMEN Working in Neighborhoods Personal Services Total Social and Economic Develo				75 75		73 73	 75 75	2.7% 2.7%		76 76	
■ PUBLIC WORKS AND TRANSPORTATION Water & Sewer Personal Services Materials and Supplies Other Services/Charges Total Public Works and Transportation ■ ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPORT SERV	ation			12 0 0 12		12 0 0 12	13 1 1 15	8.3% N/A N/A 25.0%		13 1 1 1	
Finance Personal Services Materials and Supplies Other Services/Charges Total				89 1 54		94 2 53	102 2 52 156	8.5% 0.0% -1.9% 4.7%		103 2 52 157	
Customer Care Personal Services Materials and Supplies Other Services/Charges Total				53 0 9 63		63 1 3 67	43 1 1 45	-31.7% 0.0% -66.7% -32.8%		44 1 1 46	
Total Administrative and Support	Service	es		207		216	 201	-6.9%		203	
TOTAL BUDGET (Expenditures or appropriations)				617		651	 641	-1.5%		644	
TRANSFERS OUT Fund # Name											
1080 General Fund				650		650	650	0.0%		650	
EMSA EMSA Trust TOTAL TRANSFERS OUT				4,215 4,865		6,831 7,481	 8,357 9,007	22.3% 20.4%		5,735 6,385	
TOTAL ANNUAL OUTLAYS			\$	5,482	\$	8,132	\$ 9,648	18.6%	\$	7,029	

OFFICE SERVICES INTERNAL SERVICE FUND

FY 2017-2018 & FY 2018-2019



OVERVIEW

The Office Services Internal Service Fund is used to manage the City's chargeback system for postage, certain office supplies, printing and reproduction expenses. This fund was established in FY01 to clearly identify these costs at the department level. After this fund was established, funding for postage, certain office supplies, printing and reproduction expenses was appropriated in the Office Services budget, and funding was increased or decreased based on departments' requests. The goal of the chargeback system is to better manage expenditures and reduce costs.

While this fund is supported primarily by the General Fund, approximately one-fourth of its services are charged to the Enterprise Funds. Some revenue is also received from other outside agencies that acquire forms and business cards from Office Services, and utilize City mail and copying services.

BUDGET SUMMARY

In February 2009, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. While the new standard has no effect on the total amount reported as fund balance, it fundamentally alters the categories and terminology used to present that amount on the governmental fund balance sheet. The fund balance for this fund is now referred to as the Assigned Fund Balance. The 'End of Year' Assigned Fund Balance is the amount available for appropriation intended specifically for this fund's use.

Given the function of the Office Services Internal Service Fund, a large fund balance should not materialize. The FY18 budget is set at \$1,391,000 and includes charges for internal office services for all City departments. Reimbursement for these services will be made in the same manner as other charge back expenditures. Revenue received from charge backs to the user departments is based on actual expenditures for convenience copier rental, printing services, wireless device and record storage charges. The Finance Department-Accounting Section will make monthly journal entries to reduce each department's budget for actual expenses incurred, and will book revenue in the Office Services Internal Service Fund to match expenditures.

ANNUAL RESOURCES, OUTLAYS AND FUND BALANCE

		(1001110	лргозоса	 aodi ido)					
	FY 16 ACTUAL		FY 17 ORIGINAL		Y 17	Y 18 JDGET	PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 EST.	FY 19 FINANCIAL PLAN		
Annual Resources										
Revenue	\$	1,254	\$	992	\$ 1,458	\$ 1,393	-4.5%	\$	1,393	
Transfers In		0		0	0	0	N/A		0	
Total Resources		1,254		992	1,458	1,393	-4.5%		1,393	
Annual Outlays Budget (Expenditures										
or appropriations)		1,240		991	1,581	1,391	-12.0%		1,391	
Total Outlays		1,240		991	1,581	1,391	-12.0%		1,391	
Resources less Outlays		14		1	 (123)	2	1		2	
Assigned Fund Balance										
Beginning of Year		126		57	140	17			19	
Addition to/(Use of)		14		1	(123)	2			2	
End of Year	\$	140	\$	58	\$ 17	\$ 19	· !	\$	21	

(amounts expressed in thousands)

	FY 16		F	Y 17		FY 17	1	FY 18	DIFF. FROM	-	ANCIAL
REVENUE ACCOUNT	ACTUAL		ORIGINAL		ESTIMATE		BUDGET		FY 17 EST.	PLAN	
■ OTHER SERVICES	\$	1,252	\$	991	\$	1,456	\$	1,391	-4.5%	\$	1,391
■ INTEREST INCOME		2		1		2		2	0.0%		2
TOTAL ANNUAL RESOURCES	\$	1,254	\$	992	\$	1,458	\$	1,393	-4.5%	\$	1,393

	FY 16 ACTUAL		FY 17 ORIGINAL		FY 18 BUDGET		PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 ORIG.	FIN	FY 19 IANCIAL PLAN
BUDGET (Expenditures or appropriations) ■ ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPORT SERVICES Information Technology									
Other Services/Charges Total Administrative and Support Services	\$	1,240 1,240	\$	991 991	\$	1,391 1,391	40.4% 40.4%	\$	1,391 1,391
TOTAL BUDGET (Expenditures or appropriations)		1,240		991		1,391	40.4%		1,391
TOTAL ANNUAL OUTLAYS	\$	1,240	\$	991	\$	1,391	40.4%	\$	1,391

WORKERS' COMPENSATION SERVICE FUND

FY 2017-2018 & FY 2018-2019



OVERVIEW

This fund was established in FY84 as a means to account for the cost of insurance plans for City employees. Prior to the establishment of this Internal Service Fund, insurance was accounted for through a series of trust funds. In FY17 the insurance provided for workers compensation and employee insurance plans will be separated into two separate internal service funds. The workers compensation insurance will continue to be accounted for in fund 8020 and the employee insurance plan will be accounted for in fund 8025.

The City of Tulsa is self-insured for Workers' Compensation. Contributions to this fund are transferred monthly from each City department with salary accounts. The transfer is based on a department's historical claims experience percentage that reflects the relationship between administrative workers' compensation costs to salaries.

BUDGET SUMMARY

In February 2009, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. While the new standard has no effect on the total amount reported as fund balance, it fundamentally alters the categories and terminology used to present that amount on the governmental fund balance sheet. The fund balance for this fund is now referred to as the Assigned Fund Balance. The 'End of Year' Assigned Fund Balance is the amount available for appropriation intended specifically for this fund's use.

In 2013, the City launched our Safety Culture Transformation Project aimed at improving the safety culture and ultimately reducing our workers' compensation costs. Through this project we have implemented several new programs including safety committees, job hazard analysis procedures and a robust injury investigation process. In just three years, the results are showing great success with the reduction of our OSHA recordable injuries reduced by 42 percent and injury costs of by 21 percent.

ANNUAL RESOURCES, OUTLAYS AND FUND BALANCE
(amounts expressed in thousands)

	`	•	,					
	FY 16 CTUAL	FY 17 RIGINAL	FY 17 STIMATE	_	FY 18 JDGET	PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 EST.	FIN	FY 19 ANCIAL PLAN
Annual Resources								
Revenue	\$ 29,566	\$ 5,723	\$ 5,720	\$	4,729	-17.3%	\$	4,729
Transfers In	0	0	0		0	N/A		0
Total Resources	29,566	5,723	5,720		4,729	-17.3%		4,729
Annual Outlays Budget (Expenditures								
or appropriations)	28,888	5,700	5,474		4,700	-14.1%		4,700
Transfers Out	0	2,000	2,000		750	-62.5%		0
Total Outlays	 28,888	 7,700	7,474		5,450	-27.1%		4,700
Resources less Outlays	 678	(1,977)	(1,754)		(721)			29
Assigned Fund Balance			_					
Beginning of Year	1,955	4,935	2,633		879			158
Reserves	0	0	0		0			0
Addition to/(Use of)	678	(1,977)	(1,754)		(721)			29
End of Year	\$ 2,633	\$ 2,958	\$ 879	\$	158		\$	187

ANNUAL RESOURCES

(amounts expressed in thousands)

REVENUE ACCOUNT	FY 16 CTUAL	-	TY 17	-	FY 17 TIMATE	-	FY 18 JDGET	PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 EST.	FIN	FY 19 IANCIAL PLAN
■ MISCELLANEOUS REVENUE	\$ 29,412	\$	5,700	\$	5,600	\$	4,700	-16.1%	\$	4,700
■ INTEREST INCOME	154		23		120		29	-75.8%		29
TOTAL ANNUAL RESOURCES	\$ 29,566	\$	5,723	\$	5,720	\$	4,729	-17.3%	\$	4,729

ANNUAL OUTLAYS

BUDGET (Expenditures or appropriations)		FY 17 CTUAL	_	TY 17 IGINAL	_	FY 18 JDGET	PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 EST.	FI	FY 19 NANCIAL PLAN
■ ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPORT SERVICES									
Human Resources	_							_	_
Other Services/Charges	\$	23,750	\$	0	\$	0	N/A	\$	0
Total		23,750		0		0	N/A		0
Workers' Compensation									
Materials and Supplies		0		33		33	0.0%		33
Other Services/Charges		5,138		5,667		4,667	-17.6%		4,667
Total		5,138		5,700		4,700	-17.5%		4,700
TOTAL BUDGET		28,888		5,700		4,700	-17.5%		4,700
(Expenditures or appropriations)									
TRANSFERS OUT									
Fund # Name									
8025 Employee Insurance Fund		0		2,000		750	-62.5%		0
TOTAL TRANSFERS OUT		0		2,000		750	-62.5%		0
TOTAL ANNUAL OUTLAYS	\$	28,888	\$	7,700	\$	5,450	-29.2%	\$	4,700

EMPLOYEE INSURANCE SERVICE FUND

FY 2017-2018 & FY 2018-2019



OVERVIEW

This fund was established in FY17 as a means to account for the cost of insurance plans for City employees. Prior to the establishment of this Fund, insurance and workers' compensation were accounted for through fund 8020.

The City continues to offer its employees and various agencies insurance plans covering health, dental, life, and long-term disability. The health plan will be offered through Community Care of Oklahoma. Providing only one health provider has allowed a firmer control of escalating health insurance costs while still providing complete insurance coverage.

In FY95, the Firefighters' Union opted out of the City's dental, health, and life plans and now procures separate coverage for its members. In FY08, the Police Officers' Union opted out of the City's dental, health, and life plans and now procures separate coverage for its members.

The City will continue to pay a major portion of insurance costs for its employees. Additional resources required to finance the insurance costs are obtained through the payroll process with charges to departments' budgets and deductions from employee paychecks. City agencies with employees participating in the programs make payments directly to the Employees' Insurance Service Fund.

BUDGET SUMMARY

In February 2009, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. While the new standard has no effect on the total amount reported as fund balance, it fundamentally alters the categories and terminology used to present that amount on the governmental fund balance sheet. The fund balance for this fund is now referred to as the Assigned Fund Balance. The 'End of Year' Assigned Fund Balance is the amount available for appropriation intended specifically for this fund's use.

In FY16, the City transitioned from a defined benefit plan to a defined contribution plan, as well as, transitioned from a fiscal year enrollment period to calendar year. With this change, employees are empowered to make choices as to the level of health and dental care coverage required for their life situation.

ANNUAL RESOURCES, OUTLAYS AND FUND BALANCE

(amounts expressed in thousands) **PERCENT FY 19 FY 16 FY 17 FY 17 FY 18 FINANCIAL** DIFF. FROM **ACTUAL ORIGINAL ESTIMATE BUDGET FY 17 EST. PLAN Annual Resources** Revenue \$ 0 \$ 25.439 22.182 25.072 13.0% \$ 26.576 Transfers In 0 2,000 2,000 750 -62.5% **Total Resources** 27,439 24.182 25.822 6.8% 26.576 **Annual Outlays Budget (Expenditures** or appropriations) 0 25,328 23,633 25,822 9.3% 26,575 0 Transfers Out 0 0 N/A 0 0 25,328 23,633 25,822 9.3% 26,575 **Total Outlays Resources less Outlays** 0 2,111 549 0 1 **Assigned Fund Balance** Beginning of Year 0 0 0 549 549 0 0 Reserves 0 0 0 Addition to/(Use of) 0 2,111 549 0 1 End of Year 0 \$ 2,111 \$ 549 549 550

ANNUAL RESOURCES

(amounts expressed in thousands)

REVENUE ACCOUNT	FY ACT		FY 17 RIGINAL		FY 17 ESTIMATE						FY 18 UDGET	PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 EST.	 FY 19 NANCIAL PLAN
■ MISCELLANEOUS REVENUE	\$	0	\$ 25,334	\$	22,176	\$	25,065	13.0%	\$ 26,569				
■ INTEREST INCOME		0	105		6		7	16.7%	7				
TOTAL REVENUE		0	25,439		22,182		25,072	13.0%	26,576				
■ TRANSFERS IN		0	2,000		2,000		750	-62.5%	0				
TOTAL ANNUAL RESOURCES	\$	0	\$ 27,439	\$	24,182	\$	25,822	6.8%	\$ 26,576				

ANNUAL OUTLAYS

BUDGET (Expenditures or appropriations)		Y 16 TUAL		FY 17 RIGINAL		FY 18 UDGET	PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 ORIG.	FIN	FY 19 NANCIAL PLAN
■ ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPORT SERVICES									
Human Resources Personal Services	\$	0	\$	0	\$	92	N/A	\$	93
Other Services/Charges	Ψ	0	Ψ	25,328	Ψ	25,730	1.6%	Ψ	26,482
Total		0		25,328		25,822	2.0%		26,575
Total Administrative and Support Services		0		25,328		25,822	2.0%		26,575
TOTAL BUDGET (Expenditures or appropriations)		0		25,328		25,822	2.0%		26,575
TOTAL ANNUAL OUTLAYS	\$	0	\$	25,328	\$	25,822	2.0%	\$	26,575

EQUIPMENT MANAGEMENT SERVICE FUND

FY 2017-2018 & FY 2018-2019



OVERVIEW

The Equipment Management Service Fund is used to account for the centralized maintenance program for all City vehicles. Each year a rate structure is established for the specific services provided by the Equipment Management Division of the Asset Management Department. These services include vehicle repairs, regular preventive maintenance, body shop repairs, fuel for on-road and off-road vehicles, car wash, and a motor pool of vehicles available for City business. Rates are set to recover only funds needed to support operations. Monthly billing for services rendered are charged through the department's Equipment Management Information System.

While this fund is supported primarily by the General Fund, approximately forty percent of its services are charged to the Enterprise Funds. Some revenue is also received from other outside agencies that use the City's facilities for vehicle maintenance and fuel.

BUDGET SUMMARY

In February 2009, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. While the new standard has no effect on the total amount reported as fund balance, it fundamentally alters the categories and terminology used to present that amount on the governmental fund balance sheet. The fund balance for this fund is now referred to as the Assigned Fund Balance. The 'End of Year' Assigned Fund Balance is the amount available for appropriation intended specifically for this fund's use.

The Equipment Management Service Fund began FY17 with a fund balance of \$35,000. The estimated year-end fund balance for FY18 will be \$464,000. This balance is maintained for cash flow needs.

ANNUAL RESOURCES, OUTLAYS AND FUND BALANCE

(amounts expressed in thousands)

		(an	iourito	САРГОЗЗСС	111 1110	asarias)					
			FY 17 FY 17 ORIGINAL ESTIMATE		FY 18 BUDGET		PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 EST.	FIN	FY 19 IANCIAL PLAN		
Annual Resources											
Revenue	\$	13,013	\$	14,468	\$	13,425	\$	14,061	4.7%	\$	14,572
Transfers In		562		294		294		294	0.0%		294
Total Resources		13,575		14,762		13,719		14,355	4.6%		14,866
Annual Outlays											
Budget (Expenditures											
or appropriations)		13,468		14,607		13,412		14,233	6.1%		14,866
Transfers Out		0		0		0		0	N/A		0
Total Outlays		13,468		14,607		13,412		14,233	6.1%		14,866
Resources less Outlays		107		155		307		122			0
Assigned Fund Balance											
Beginning of Year		48		334		155		462			584
Committed Fund Balance For OPEB		(120)		(120)		(120)		(120)			(120)
Addition to/(Use of)		107		155		307		122			0
End of Year	\$	35	\$	369	\$	342	\$	464		\$	464

ANNUAL RESOURCES

(amounts expressed in thousands)

REVENUE ACCOUNT	FY 16 CTUAL	FY 17 RIGINAL	FY 17 ESTIMATE		FY 18 BUDGET		DIFF. FROM FY 17 EST.	FIN	FY 19 NANCIAL PLAN
■ CHARGES FOR SERVICES	\$ 12,904	\$ 14,400	\$	13,371	\$	13,908	4.0%	\$	14,394
■ MISCELLANEOUS REVENUE	105	65		51		150	194.1%		175
■ INTEREST INCOME	4	3		3		3	0.0%		3
TOTAL REVENUE	13,013	14,468		13,425		14,061	4.7%		14,572
■ TRANSFERS IN	562	294		294		294	0.0%		294
TOTAL ANNUAL RESOURCES	\$ 13,575	\$ 14,762	\$	13,719	\$	14,355	4.6%	\$	14,866

ANNUAL OUTLAYS

DUDOET (5 III)	FY 16 CTUAL	FY 17 RIGINAL	FY 18 UDGET	PERCENT DIFF. FROM FY 17 ORIG.	FIN	FY 19 IANCIAL PLAN
BUDGET (Expenditures or appropriations) ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPORT SERVICES						
Asset Management						
Personal Services	\$ 4,520	\$ 4,688	\$ 4,959	5.8%	\$	5,031
Materials and Supplies	6,658	7,829	7,141	-8.8%		7,629
Other Services/Charges	2,152	1,796	1,832	2.0%		1,912
Capital Outlay	138	294	301	2.4%		294
TOTAL BUDGET	13,468	14,607	 14,233	-2.6%		14,866
(Expenditures or appropriations)						
TOTAL ANNUAL OUTLAYS	\$ 13,468	\$ 14,607	\$ 14,233	-2.6%	\$	14,866

Fiscal Year 2017 - 2018 Completed Grants and Projects to be Closed

Fund

5672

5672

5672 5672

5672

5672

5672

5717

5717

5744

5744 5809

5809

Project

Number

126014

126015

126016

126017

126018

126019

126020

063107

128014

118001 118002

026112

067001

Project Name

POLICE

POLICE DET.*2012-DJ-BX-0940 BURGLARY

POLICE DET.*2012-DJ-BX-0940 WARRANTS

POLICE *2012-DJ-BX-0940 SID POLICE *2012-DJ-BX-0940 SID VICE

POLICE *2012-DJ-BX-0940-TSCO

FIRE DEPT. *FIRE & LIFE SAFETY ED.

POLICE *2012-DJ-BX-0940-MEDIA CTR

ENGR SERV-DSN*CITYWIDE MDP UPDATES

PARK-HELLER*THEATER ART IN THE PARK

*2012-DJ-BX-0940-FIRST AID

ENGR SERV- *FEMA 1970-#6-HAGER CREEK ACQ

UD RE ADMIN*BROWNFIELDS CLEANUP SUBGRANT

UD RE ADMIN*BROWNFIELDS PILOT PROJECT

The following grants and/or projects have been reviewed by the responsible departments and have been completed or will be completed during FY17. Completed grants and/or projects will be closed and any project appropriations closed to fund balance. If a six-digit project number is identified, only the project will be closed, not the entire fund.

	Project	
Fund	Number	Project Name
5052	068016	UD REHB.FIN*HISPANIC FAMILY RESOURCE CTR
5052	078001	UD REHB.FIN*ONE-STOP YOUTH & FAMILY CNTR
5052	217007	WIN - NI *ARRA - N'HOOD ENHANCEMENT
5052	217008	GRANTS ADMN*ARRA - SHOPPES ON PEORIA
5052	217009	GRANTS ADMN*ARRA - CDBG AMINISTRATION
5052	217024	GRANTS ADMN*ARRA - DEMOLITION
5105	040003	UD RE ADMIN*TU PHASE II
5105	068015	UD RE ADMIN*KENDALL WHITTIER WEST PARK UD RE ADMIN*KENDALL WHITTIER 3
5105 5105	941044 960101	UD RE ADMIN*TDA-REPLACE LITTLE REED PARK
5105	970130	TDA *KENDALL WHITTIER PARK SITE
5204	040710	ENGR SERV- *DOWNTOWN CENTENNIAL WALK
5204	044001	ENGR SERV- *EXPRESSWAY TREE REPLACEMENT
5204	044002	ENGR SERV- *3RD-4TH/DENVER-DETROIT STSCP
5204	045006	P.W. ADMIN.*MAYOR'S CITIZEN CORPS PROG
5204	047003	PARK-FOREST*PARK TREE INVTRY & CONT EDU
5204	054952	ENGR SERV- *2005 HIGHWAY TREE PROGRAM
5204	067004	PARK-EXPAND*PARKS - TASK GRANT FIRE DEPT*PY12MOBILE DATA TERMINALS
5204 5310	120007 000012	POL FD SUPP*PY 00 FAA K-9 AWARD
5310	010016	POL FD SUPP*FY01-FAA K-9 GRANT
5310	020002	POL FD SUPP*FY02 FAA K9 GRANT
5310	036006	POL FD SUPP*FY03 DHS-TSA EXPL DTCTN K-9
5310	106006	POL FD SUPP*HSTS0208HCAN459 MOD 4&6
5310	156007	POL FD SUPP*HSTS02-15-H-NCP491 K-9 TEAM
5311	104030	ENGR SERV- *SAFE ROUTES TO SCHOOL
5311	104031	ENGR SERV- *JOE TRAIL-RIVERSDE TO GRAHAM
5311	130002	FIRE FAC. *INCOG CMAQ FUNDS-FIRE ENGR SERV- *GILCREAS EXP: US75-OSAGE EXP
5311 5312	966119 000001	POLICE DEPT*JUV ACCT INCENTIVE BLCK GRNT
5312	000001	POLICE UD-N*DOMESTIC PREPAREDNESS PROJ
5312	000036	POLICE *FY00 GANG TASK FORCE PROJECT
5312	000051	POLICE DEPT*JAIB GRANT 2ND ROUND
5312	026129	POLICE UD-N*PROJECT UNDER 21 ENFORCE
5312	046025	POLICE UD-N*FY05 TRAFFIC & ALCOHOL ENFOR
5312	066001	POLICE-LAB *NSFIA PY05 FSF 05-006
5312	066002	POLICE DET.*DOMESTIC VIOLENCE NURSE EXAM
5312	066003	POLICE DET.*FY07 INTERNT CRIME AGST CHLD
5312 5312	066017 066021	POLICE *METH 360 PROGRAM POLICE UD-N*FY07 TRAFFIC ENFCMT 07033011
5312	126004	POLICE UD-N*PT-11-03-01-06 OHSO
5312	126023	POLICE DET.*VAWA-2012-TULSA-PD-0028
5312	136003	POLICE UD-N*STMC-14-02-05-07 OHSO MOTO
5312	136006	POLICE DET.*FY14 OAG - DET
5312	136007	POLICE DET.*FY14 OAG - SID
5312	136008	POLICE DET.*FY14 OAG - INTEL
5312	146006	POLICE DET.*FY15-OAG - SEX OFFENDER
5312 5312	146007 146008	POLICE DET.*FY15- OAG - WARRANTS POLICE *FY15 - OAG - GANG
5312	146009	POLICE *FY15 - OAG - VICE
5312	146016	POLICE-LAB *FSF 14-006 FS IMPROVEMENT
5312	156008	POLICE DET.*FY16 OAG - SEX OFFENDER
5312	166016	POLICE *660.059 RADIOLOGICAL SPEC.
5312	980127	POLICE *TOXICOLOGY LAB
5312	990052	POLICE *MULTI-JURIS GANG TASK FORCE
5312 5312	990088	POLICE DEPT*BULLETPROOF VEST GRANT POLICE UDSW*PY00 SPEED ENFORCEMENT
5312	990091 088004	PLANNING *DOWNTOWN TULSA SURVEY
5317	116024	POLICE UD-E*COPS 2011ULWX0026 19 OFFICER
5671	116012	POLICE *2011-DJ-BX-2944 FIREARM
5671	116013	POLICE *2011-DJ-BX-2944 METH
5671	116014	POLICE DET.*2011-DJ-BX-2944 WARRENTS
5671 5671	116015	POLICE UD-E*2011-DJ-BX-2944 MVD POLICE UD-N*2011-DJ-BX-2944 GID
5671 5671	116016 116017	POLICE UD-N°2011-DJ-BX-2944 GID POLICE UDSW*2011-DJ-BX-2944 RID
5671	116017	POLICE DET.*2011-DJ-BX-2944 EVIDENCE
5671	116019	POLICE *2011-DJ-BX-2944 TSCO
5672	126011	POLICE UD-N*2012-DJ-BX-0940 GID
5672	126012	POLICE UDSW*2012-DJ-BX-0940 RID
5672	126013	POLICE UD-E*2012-DJ-BX-0940 MVD

Fiscal Year 2017 - 2018

The following projects have been reviewed by the responsible departments and have been completed or will be completed during FY 18. These projects will be closed. Any remaining appropriations will be closed to fund balance.

balance.			
<u>Fund</u>	Project #	<u>Fund</u>	Project #
6001	Long Range Capital Projects	6021	TMUA - Water Capital Projects
118001	FAMILY SAFETY CTR RENOVATION	071003	SECONDARY SYSTEM UPGRADE
124002	SIGNAGE FOR MLK BOULEVARD	131004	CHEROKEE WATER LINE
126001	TIME AND ATTENDANCE	141012	AB JEWELL PLNT SECURITY IMP
964108	DOWNTOWN STREETS TO TWO-WAY	141012	AB JEWELL FLINT SECORITT IIVIF
966119	GILCREAS EXP: US75-OSAGE EXP	6026	TMIIA 2000 Water Bevenue Band
060020	COMPREHENSIVE PLAN UPDATE	091010	TMUA - 2009 Water Revenue Bond LARGE WAT VALVE REPLA CITYWI
077020	COUNCIL OAK PARK	091010	WATER QUALITY ASSUR LAB IMP
085001	REPAIR BUILDING 119	091120	WATER QUALITY ASSUR LAB IIVIF
	BARTLETT FOUNTAIN REPAIR	0000	TMUA 0044 W-t D D
104032		<u>6029</u> 111004	TMUA - 2011 Water Revenue Bond LYNN LANE TERM STOR REPAIRS
862300	MINGO CREEK LOCAL FLOOD CONT	111004	LYNN LANE TERM STOR REPAIRS
962201	GILCREASE MUSEUM RENOVATION	0004	THUA 0 0 1/1 D 1/1
		6031	TMUA - Sewer Capital Projects
6008	2001 Sales Tax Fund	022047	SANITARY SWR FLOW MONITORING
013120	CITYWIDE FLOOD CONTROL	042003	NORTHSIDE WWTP IMPR.
018100	BRADY VILLAGE PLAN IMPL.	102010	SS WWTP CONCRETE PROTECT COA
120002	FIX OUR STREETS SALES TAX REBATE	931042	LIFT STATIONS MODIFICATIONS
6009	2006 Special Extended Sales Tax	6032	TMUA - Sewer Capital Projects
016100	FORENSIC LAB EXPANSION	092016	LOWER BIRD CREEK PLANT EXPAN
016130	REPLACE 2 POLICE HELICOPTERS		
016310	NETWORK SYSTEM IMPROVEMENTS	<u>6033</u>	TMUA - Sewer Capital Projects
060020	COMPREHENSIVE PLAN UPDATE	112025	SEWER REHAB AREAWIDE
062100	UNSERVD AREA & OFFSITE MNS	112026	2008 ST PACKAG - SEWER REHAB
062120	SSWWTP 71 LS EXPANSION		
063109	ENGR AND INSP SVC-FC	<u>6055</u>	TMUA - OWRB 2010 A Loan Fund
064102	81ST-MEMORIAL TO MINGO	102002	SS WWTP ACTVATED SLUDG IMP 1
064103	91ST AND HARVARD INTERSECT.	102009	SS WWTP DIGESTER GAS IMPROVE
064104	91ST AND SHERIDAN INTERS	102017	CTYWDE LIFTSTATIONS STRUC&ME
066310	WEATHER ALERT SIRENS REPL		
066330	PWR PRTCT BOK COMM SITE BOK	<u>6056</u>	TMUA - OWRB 2010 B Loan Fund
067170	CARL SMITH FACIL DEVEL	102022	LOWER JOE RELIEF
067510	TRAILS RESURF AND WIDENING		
068130	DOWNTOWN SIGNAGE	<u>6102</u>	Haikey Creek Reg Detention
096005	ELECTRONIC TICKETING EQUIP	941017	GARNETT ROAD DETENTION
6010*	2006 Extended Sales Tax Advance	<u>6103</u>	Fy Ditch 2 Reg Detention
017150	WOODWARD & FORESTRY IMPROV	064104	91ST AND SHERIDAN INTERS
144104	RIVERSIDE & RLTD INFRSTR		
962201	GILCREASE MUSEUM RENOVATION	<u>6111</u>	Fred Creek Reg Detention
		063101	FRED CREEK DRAINAGE IMPRV
<u>6011</u>	2011 Sales Tax		
104009	CITYWIDE-ARTERIAL REHAB&CONS	<u>6114</u>	Perryman Creek Reg Detention
104010	CITYWIDE-ARTERIAL SIDEWALK R	033043	CRITICAL NGHBRHD FLOOD CONTR
6013	<u>Vision 2025</u>	<u>6115</u>	Joe Creek Reg Detention
040470	TUL REGIONAL CONV/EVENTS CTR	013180	SOUTH FORK JOE CREEK CH. 2
040710	DOWNTOWN CENTENNIAL WALK		
040711	DOWNTOWN RESIDENTIAL HOUSING	<u>6116</u>	Crow Creek Reg Detention
		963208	FLOOD HAZ MITIGATION CITYWDE
6021	TMUA - Water Capital Projects		
001006	WATR QUALITY PLAN-ALL BASINS	<u>6117</u>	Hager Creek/Riverside Reg Detention
001010	LARGE VALVE REPLACEMENT	920096	FEE-IN-LIEU OF REFUNDS
011100	JEWELL PLANT MAINT & IMPR	963208	FLOOD HAZ MITIGATION CITYWDE
021002	STOCKRM & OFF BLDG 23 & JACK		
021039	RELOCATE WTR LINES CITYWIDE	<u>6315</u>	2005 GO Bond - Issue 1
051001	JEWELL AND MOHAWK PLNT SECUR	016100	FORENSIC LAB EXPANSION
051005	METER STORAGE AND METER TEST	053104	JOE CREEK CHANNEL REHAB
051008	AUTOMATED METER READING		
071001	AB JEWELL&MOHAWK GENERATORS		

Fiscal Year 2017 - 2018

The following projects have been reviewed by the responsible departments and have been completed or will be completed during FY 18. These projects will be closed. Any remaining appropriations will be closed to fund balance.

<u>Fund</u>	Project #	<u>Fund</u>	Project #
6316	2005 GO Bond - Issue 2	6324	2008 GO Bond - Issue 4
054093	CITY MATCH-FED/ST RDWAY PRJS	104102	MAINTENANCE ZONE 1001 (SW)
		104230	MAINTENANCE ZONE 2130
6317	2005 GO Bond - Issue 3	104310	MAINTENANCE ZONE 3010
052101	JONES/DOUGLAS CREEK	104311	MAINTENANCE ZONE 3011
052210	WOODYCREST 3	104936	MAINTENANCE ZONE 9036
054043	81ST AND HARVARD AVE		
054050	51ST-GARNETT TO BA ED	<u>6325</u>	2008 GO Bond - Issue 5
064105	61ST ST, RIVERSIDE TO PEORIA	104009	CITYWIDE-ARTERIAL REHAB&CONS
		104311	MAINTENANCE ZONE 3011
<u>6318</u>	2005 GO Bond - Issue 4	104317	MAINTENANCE ZONE 3017
052103	JOE CREEK/LAFORTUNE PARK	104931	MAINTENANCE ZONE 9031
054036	SHERIDAN-ADMIRAL PL TO PINE		
		6326	2008 GO Bond - Issue 6
<u>6319</u>	2005 GO Bond - Issue 5	104009	CITYWIDE-ARTERIAL REHAB&CONS
052106	CENTRAL PARK/MIDTOWN	104010	CITYWIDE-ARTERIAL SIDEWALK R
053106	JONES CREEK-S 71ST E		
053207	LITTLE JOE CREEK (MAINSTEM)	6420	E-911 Capital Projects
054002	CITYWIDE PREVENTIVE REHAB	026100	CADS STATION/SERVER REPL
054017	121 ST S-YALE TO SHERIDAN		
054038	UNION-81ST TO 71ST	<u>6450</u>	TPFA/OTC Capital Fund
064006	36TH ST. N., HARVARD TO YALE	070016	MOTHBALL CTY HALL & CENT OFF
104029	51ST & GARNETT INTERSECTION		
104034	ADMIRIAL & MEMORIAL INTERSEC	<u>6951</u>	RMUA - Capital Projects
		092025	HAIKEY-EQUIP REHAB & REPAIR
6322	2008 GO Bond - Issue 2	092026	HAIKEY-SUPPLEMENTAL ENVIRION
104010	CITYWIDE-ARTERIAL SIDEWALK R	092027	HAIKEY LIFT STATION IMP
104033	61ST & MEMORIAL INTERSECTION	102001	HAIKEY STP SLUDGE THICKENING
104102	MAINTENANCE ZONE 1001 (SW)	000024	THE VILLAGE AT CENTRAL PARK
104303	MAINTENANCE ZONE 3003		
104760	MAINTENANCE ZONE 7060	<u>6965</u>	TDA-Sales Tax / Vision Projects
		018150	OSU CAMPUS ACQ/HOUSING PRG
6323	2008 GO Bond - Issue 3		
104046	RIVERSIDE DR-41ST ST S TO 31		
104049	21ST ST S-UTICA AVE INTERSEC		
104050	31ST ST S-HARVARD INTERSECT		
104061	BRIDGE 163-100 S BOULDER AVE		

SECTION 4 DEPARTMENTS This section of the document contains a brief description of each department, mission statements, objectives, key performance indicators, a budget summary, an organization chart and a staffing summary. This section is for information only and is not part of the ordinance adopted by the City Council. 190

TOTAL OPERATING AND CAPITAL BUDGET (IN MILLIONS) FY 17-18

READER'S GUIDE TO DEPARTMENTAL HIGHLIGHTS



\$197.50 PUBLIC SAFETY AND PROTECTION

YOU ARE HERE

Municipal Court

Police

Fire

EMSA

Tulsa Area Emergency Management Agency

\$30.2 CULTURAL DEVELOPMENT AND RECREATION

Park and Recreation

Gilcrease Museum

Performing Arts Center

River Parks Authority

BOK and Convention Centers

\$29.7 SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Mayor's Office of Economic Development

Working in Neighborhoods

Planning and Development

\$347.4 PUBLIC WORKS AND TRANSPORTATION

Engineering Services

Streets and Stormwater

Water and Sewer

Tulsa Transit

\$117.4 ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPORT SERVICES

Elected Officials

Mayor's Office

City Auditor

City Council

Mayor's Office of Human Rights

Legal

Human Resources

Workers' Compensation

General Government

Indian Nations Council of Governments (INCOG)

Finance

Information Technology

Customer Care

Communications

Asset Management

\$99.2 TRANSFERS TO OTHER FUNDS

\$129.5 DEBT SERVICE

Municipal Court

Department Budget Summary

FY 2017-2018

Mission Statement

To administer timely and equitable justice for City Ordinance Violations that provides public trust and confidence in the judicial system.

Overview of Services

The Municipal Court of Tulsa is one of two municipal courts of record in Oklahoma. The Court adjudicates City ordinance violations, traffic cases and misdemeanor offenses. The Municipal Court is comprised of five divisions:

- Administrative Services provides support to the Court by setting administrative policy, fiscal management, personnel management and strategic planning;
- Court Operations responsible for the issuance and recall of warrants, booking and releasing offenders and entering, filing, maintaining and retrieving court files and documents;
- Public Defender provides defense counsel to indigent persons charged with municipal ordinance violations;
- Court Services includes the Judicial and Probation sections which are responsible for dispensing justice to persons charged with Municipal Court violations, monitoring those sentenced to incarceration and providing an alternative to imprisonment and/or fines through performance of community service.

Goals

- **1.** Enhance enforcement of Municipal Court judgments.
 - **Objective 1.1:** Complete Expunges within 30 days of the order date signed by the judge.
 - **Objective 1.2:** Minute clerk entries for daily court will be entered within 24 hrs. of court appearance. Entries for Specialty Courts, ex: Juvenile Court & Special Service Court, will be entered within 48 hrs. of court appearance.
 - **Objective 1.3:** All hand written citations will be data entered within 24 hrs. of receipt from the prosecutor's office.

Municipal Court

Key Performance Indicators	FY 15-16 Actual	FY 16-17 Target	FY 16-17 Estimate	FY 17-18 Target
1.1.1: Complete Expunges within 30 days of the order date signed by the judge.	75%	80%	75%	80%
1.2.1: Minute clerk entries for daily court will be entered within 24 hrs. of court appearance. Entries for Specialty Courts, ex: Juvenile Court & Special Service Court will be entered within 48 hrs. of court appearance.	80%	80%	80%	80%
1.3.1: All hand written citations will be data entered within 24 hrs. of receipt from the prosecutor's office.	90%	80%	90%	80%

Budget Strategy Overview

Well Being:

 Municipal Court and the City Prosecutor's Office have partnered with several social service agencies in the Tulsa Area to provide a "Special Services Docket." This docket is heard once a month and serves individuals that are suffering from homelessness and mental health issues. The court has successfully served well over 200 individuals. Municipal Courts also provides special dockets for Veteran's and Juvenile's.

Opportunity:

• Municipal Court has various options available to assist individuals whom are unable to pay their costs and fines in full. The courts will allow individuals to have a "Time Payment Plan" that allows individuals to make payments for an extended period of time. Work days in lieu of fines and costs are available for individuals without income to work off the fines and costs at certain approved locations throughout the City of Tulsa. Municipal Courts strives to provide citizens the opportunity to pay off their fines and costs in the least restrictive ways that are allowed by law.

Municipal Court

Inside City Hall:

 Municipal Court is a busy and hectic department and we make every attempt to make it an enjoyable place to work; from having pre-work breakfast, management providing holiday meals to "themed" food days. In addition, management will periodically purchase gift cards and do random drawings for all staff. Staff in Municipal Court work hard to provide the best customer service to the Citizens we serve.

MUNICIPAL COURT

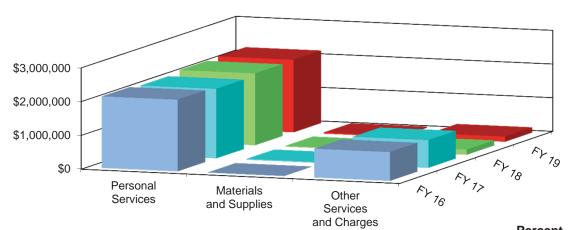
BUDGET HIGHLIGHTS

FY 2017 - 2018 & FY 2018 - 2019

(amounts expressed in thousands)

					_	. [ollar	Percent		FY 19
FY 16 ACTUAL				_				Diff. From FY 17 Orig.	FINANCIAL PLAN	
								·		
\$	2,124	\$	2,061	\$	2,135	\$	74	3.6%	\$	2,158
	13		26		26		0	0.0%		40
	854		823		155		(668)	-81.2%		155
\$	2,990	\$	2,910	\$	2,316	\$	(594)	-20.4%	\$	2,353
	A	\$ 2,124 13 854	* 2,124 \$ 13 854	* 2,124 \$ 2,061 13 26 854 823	* 2,124 \$ 2,061 \$ 13 26 854 823	ACTUAL ORIGINAL BUDGET \$ 2,124 \$ 2,061 \$ 2,135 13 26 26 854 823 155	FY 16 ACTUAL FY 17 ORIGINAL FY 18 BUDGET Dif FY 18 BUDGET \$ 2,124 \$ 2,061 \$ 2,135 \$ 13 13 26 26 854 823 155	ACTUAL ORIGINAL BUDGET FY 17 Orig. \$ 2,124 \$ 2,061 \$ 2,135 \$ 74 13 26 26 0 854 823 155 (668)	FY 16 ACTUAL FY 17 ORIGINAL FY 18 BUDGET Diff. From FY 17 Orig. Diff. From FY 17 Orig. Diff. From FY 17 Orig. \$ 2,124 \$ 2,061 \$ 2,135 \$ 74 3.6% 13 26 26 0 0.0% 854 823 155 (668) -81.2%	FY 16 ACTUAL FY 17 ORIGINAL FY 18 BUDGET Diff. From FY 17 Orig. FIN FY 17

TOTAL ALLOCATIONS BY FISCAL YEAR AND ACCOUNT CATEGORY



RESOURCES FOR BUDGET

1080 General Fund
2320 P.A. Law Enforcement Training Fund
2330 Juvenile Curfew Fines
TOTAL

FY 18 BUDGET \$ 2,300 2 Diff. From FINANCIAL PLAN FY 17 Orig. PLAN -20.6% \$ 2,337 0.0% 2
\$ 2,300 -20.6% \$ 2,337
2 0.0% 2
2 0.070
14 7.7% 14
\$ 2,316 \$ 2,353

F	Υ	18	CHANGES	FOR O	PERATION

1. E	Benefit 1	and	compensation	adiustments
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2. Overtime for booking operations

3. Jail contract transferred to Police department

4. Municipal warrants served by Tulsa County Sheriff's Office

TOTAL OPERATING CHANGES

AMOUNT					
\$	65				
	9				
	(685)				
	17				
\$	(594)				

FY 19 CHANGES FOR OPERATION

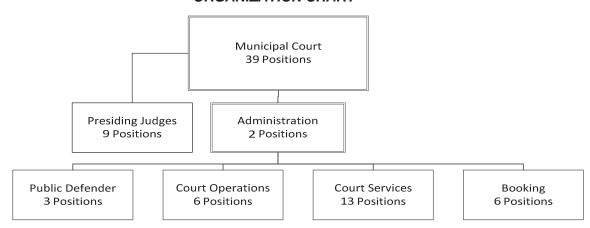
Computer replacements anticipated in FY19.

MUNICIPAL COURT

STAFFING SUMMARY

OCCUPATIONAL DESCRIPTION	NUMBER OF AUTHORIZED POSITIONS			NUMBER OF FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT AUTHORIZED POSITIONS		
	FY 17	FY 18	FY 19	FY 17	FY 18	FY 19
<u>Administration</u>						
Exempt/Professional Office & Technical	1 1	1 1	1 1	1.0 1.0	1.0 1.0	1.0 1.0
Total Administration	2	2	2	2.0	2.0	2.0
Court Operations						
Office & Technical	5	6	6	5.0	6.0	6.0
Total Court Operations	5	6	6	5.0	6.0	6.0
Public Defender						
City Attorney	3	3	3	2.0	3.0	3.0
Total Public Defender	3	3	3	2.0	3.0	3.0
Court Services						
Administrative & Technical	2	2	2	2.0	2.0	2.0
Exempt/Professional	1	1	1	1.0	1.0	1.0
Office & Technical	11	10	10	11.0	10.0	10.0
Presiding Judge	9	9	9	3.0	3.0	3.0
Total Court Services	23	22	22	17.0	16.0	16.0
Booking						
Exempt/Professional	1	1	1	1.0	1.0	1.0
Office & Technical	5	5	5	5.0	5.0	5.0
Total Booking	6	6	6	6.0	6.0	6.0
TOTAL	39	39	39	32.0	33.0	33.0

• ORGANIZATION CHART •



Department Budget Summary

FY 2017-2018

Mission Statement

To apply all knowledge, skills and available resources by working in partnership with our community to provide quality service, protect life and property, prevent crime and resolve problems so people can live without fear in a safe environment.

Overview of Services

The Police are granted authority primarily through state and federal statutes. The mission of the Police is to prevent crime and disorder in the City of Tulsa by the use of problem solving, citizen partnership, proactive patrol techniques and a high standard of professional courtesy and ethics. Priorities for the department include:

- Apprehending criminal offenders;
- Placing value on the preservation of human life;
- Recognizing that prevention of crime and reducing fear are operational priorities;
- Involving the community in the delivery of law enforcement services;
- Making the Department accountable to the community it serves;
- Committing to professionalism in all aspects of Department operations;
- Maintaining the highest standards of integrity; and
- Developing technology to create efficiencies of service.
- E-911 call handling and dispatching functions for the City, County and nearby jurisdictions.

Goals

- 1. Enhance public safety by enforcing federal, state and local laws.
 - **Objective 1.1:** Reduce Part One crimes (homicide, burglary, rape, etc.) 3% over previous year.
 - **Objective 1.2:** Reduce number of fatality/high injury collisions 3% over previous year.
 - **Objective 1.3:** Reduce number of backlogged forensic cases 10% over previous year.
- 2. Decrease response time to priority one calls.
 - **Objective 2.1:** Increase Priority One calls responded to in three minutes or less by 5% over previous year.

Police

Performance Measures	FY 15-16 Actual	FY 16-17 Target	FY 16-17 Estimate	FY 17-18 Target
1.1.1: % reduction in Part One crimes over previous year	15.37% increase	3% decrease	2.4% Increase	3% decrease
1.1.2: # of Part I crimes reported	27,241	26,424	27,898	27,061
1.1.3: Part I Property crime rate per 1,000 population	57.55	55.83	58.65	56.88
1.1.4: Part I Violent crime rate per 1,000 population	10.10	9.8	10.36	10.05
1.2.1: % reduction in fatality/high injury collisions over previous year	12.78% decrease	3% decrease	17.26% decrease	3% decrease
1.2.2: # of sworn officers dedicated to traffic patrol	40	40	40	40
2.1.1: % increase of priority one calls responded to in three minutes or less	5.5% decrease	5% increase	2.18% decrease	5% increase

Budget Strategy Overview:

Well-Being

• The Tulsa Police Department has implemented Community Policing Strategies that include mental health and wellness programs for citizens. The partnership with mental health and medical services will allow Tulsa Police to facilitate outpatient treatment and therapy for citizens. The goal of this program is to enhance the health and well-being of citizens who come in contact with emergency services and avoid the use of the justice system or medical facilities. Healthy citizens will reduce the demand on 911 services of the Police Department.

Opportunity

• The Tulsa Police Department has implemented Community Policing Strategies that include integration of police officers into the school system. A pilot project called Project Trust was conducted within Tulsa Public Schools to establish relationships between students and police officers while incorporating learning strategies and objectives in the curriculum. Children who engage with police officers in a learning environment are less apt to become involved in criminal activity. The goal of this project is to improve police-student relations, improve student behavior and citizenship while enhancing academic performance.

In addition, Tulsa Police will continue the Reading Partners program established by the Mayor.

Police

The City Experience

- The Tulsa Police Department has implemented Community Policing Strategies that involve key stakeholders to reduce crime. The Tulsa Police Department will work with businesses to provide a safe entertainment experience for Tulsans and visitors while working with residents on crime reduction strategies in neighborhoods.
- The Tulsa Police Department will enhance traffic operations and conduct specialized traffic enforcement targeted for increased motorist/pedestrian safety and collision reduction. The goal of this initiative is to reduce fatalities, injuries and damaged property.

Inside City Hall

 The Tulsa Police Department anticipates a growth in the number of police officers due to the Vision Tulsa public safety initiative. The added staffing will provide relief to the workforce, which is expected to improve officer safety, reduce stress and increase morale. The goal is to allow officers more time for proactive policing, community engagement and problem solving.

POLICE

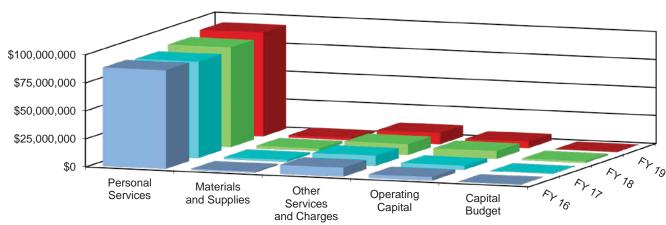
BUDGET HIGHLIGHTS

FY 2017 - 2018 & FY 2018 - 2019

(amounts expressed in thousands)

				Dollar	Percent	FY 19
	FY 16	FY 17	FY 18	Diff. From	Diff. From	FINANCIAL
	ACTUAL	ORIGINAL	BUDGET	FY 17 Orig.	FY 17 Orig.	PLAN
Operating Budget						
Personal Services	\$ 87,893	\$ 85,913	\$ 89,093	\$ 3,180	3.7%	\$ 92,748
Materials and Supplies	1,113	1,729	2,328	599	34.6%	1,974
Other Services and Charges	8,063	9,033	9,808	775	8.6%	10,049
Operating Capital	3,186	3,563	7,077	3,514	98.6%	5,832
Total Operating Budget	100,255	100,238	108,306	8,068	8.0%	110,603
Capital Budget	0	0	1,500	1,500	N/A	0
Total Budget	\$ 100,255	\$ 100,238	\$ 109,806	\$ 9,568	9.5%	\$ 110,603

TOTAL ALLOCATIONS BY FISCAL YEAR AND ACCOUNT CATEGORY



Γ

1080	General Fund
2320	P.A. Law Enforcement Training Fund
2420	E911 Fee Operating Fund
2740	Public Safety Tax Fund
2910	Short-Term Capital Fund
6014	2014 Sales Tax Fund
	TOTAL

_		Percent		FY 19	
	FY 18	Diff. From	FII	NANCIAL	
В	UDGET	FY 17 Orig.	PLAN		
\$	93,302	0.4%	\$	94,236	
	76	16.9%		62	
	3,136	16.3%		3,116	
	8,449	>500%	9,846		
	3,343	-5.1%		3,343	
	1,500	N/A		0	
\$	109,806		\$	110,603	
· · · · · ·					

FY 18 CHANGES FOR OPERATION	AMOUNT
Benefit and compensation adjustments	\$ 1,295
2. Overtime	1,520
3. Independent Employment Services moved between Account Groups	0
a. Personal Services Account Group 155	
b. Other Services Account Group (155)	
4. FY17 Position Changes	•
a. Mid-year add - Forensic Scientist (grant funded)	0
5. FY18 Position Changes	
 a. Abolish - Telecommunicator position funding transferred to Human Resources for E911 recruiting analyst 	(57)

FY 18 CHANGES FOR OPERATION (Continued)		AMOUNT
6. Salaries and benefits for personnel (2) transitioning from COPS Grant		\$ 108
7. Net change in estimated Police Officer vacancies		(3,755)
8. Academy, January 2017, 20 cadets		(761)
9. Academy, January 2018, 20 cadets (Combined with PST Academy)		829
a. Salaries and benefits	602	
b. Equipment and supplies	222	
c. Services, rentals, certifications	5	
10. Academy, May 2018, 30 cadets		610
a. Salaries and benefits	306	
b. Equipment and supplies	298	
c. Services, rentals, certifications	6	
11. Jail contract transferred from Municipal Court department		810
a. Existing appropriations transferred from Municipal Court department	685	010
b. Public inebriate alternative	125	
12. Internal equipment management services, utilities, nighttime bike patrol supp		4
13. Psychological, chaplain and medical exam services	лез	63
14. Training allocation in PA Law Enforcement Training Fund		11
15. Text-to-911 network line (one-time in FY17)		
16. Computer replacements/additions (E911)		(15) 30
. , ,		
17. Community Intervention Center		100
18. Crime Prevention Network/Neighborhood Watch		50
19. Public Safety Sales Tax (PST)	0.000	3,714
a. Benefit and compensation, full year funding	2,220	
b. Academy, April 2017, 30 cadets	(677)	
c. Academy, September 2017, 30 cadets	1,848	
1. Salaries and benefits 1,544		
2. Equipment and supplies 298		
3. Services, rentals, certifications 6		
d. Academy, January 2018, 10 cadets (Combined with GF Academy)	407	
1. Salaries and benefits 306		
2. Equipment and supplies101_		
e. Body Camera project study (one-time in FY17)	(250)	
f. Internal equipment management services	150	
g. Equipment and supplies for E911 Telecommunicators	15	
20. Capital additions/replacements:		
a. Marked police vehicles (72)		2,494
b. Marked police vehicles (60) (PST)		3,734
c. Unmarked police vehicles (10)		300
d. SUV and lighty duty trucks (4)		157
e. Motorcycles (4)		48
f. Police K-9 (3)		23
g. Helicopter auxiliary power unit and spotter		19
h. Speed measuring device (6)		16
i. Firearms (29) and gun safe		37
j. Dry suits (5) and bomb suit		38
k. X-ray system for bomb unit		40
I. Reporting and analysis tool for CAD and E911 phone data		43
m. Large overhead monitors (25) and electrical supply (E911)		43
n. Audio visual equipment and radio infrastructure for classroom (E911)		30
o. Server, network and other equipment and software for Emergency Ops C	enter (E911)	40
p. Computer Aided Dispatch alarm interface (E911)	` ,	15
q. Adjustment to eliminate previous year's capital		(3,563)
TOTAL OPERATING CHANGES		\$ 8,068
		,

CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS PROJECTS

1. Helicopter replacement\$ 1,500TOTAL CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS PROJECTS CHANGES1,500TOTAL CHANGES\$ 9,568

FY 19 CHANGES FOR OPERATION

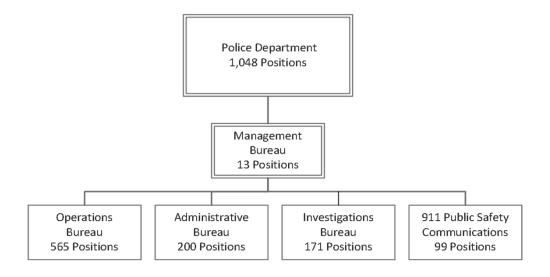
The Public Safety Tax will provide for an academy of 30 cadets in September 2018 in addition to other personnel, equipment and operating costs. Additional 911 staff will also be supported. A General Fund academy of 30 cadets in May 2019 is anticipated. Expansion of the public inebriate alternative program.

POLICE

STAFFING SUMMARY

OCCUPATIONAL DESCRIPTION	NUMBER OF AUTHORIZED POSITIONS			FULL-	ALENT	
	FY 17	FY 18	FY 19	FY 17	FY 18	FY 19
Administrative & Support Staff						
Administrative & Technical	15	15	15	15.0	15.0	15.0
Exempt/Professional	10	10	10	10.0	10.0	10.0
Office & Technical	46	44	44	46.0	44.0	44.0
Police Chief	1	1	1	1.0	1.0	1.0
Total Administrative & Support Staff	72	70	70	72.0	70.0	70.0
Laboratory Services						
Administrative & Technical	1	1	1	1.0	1.0	1.0
Artistic & Creative	1	0	0	1.0	0.0	0.0
Scientific & Technical	21	22	22	21.0	22.0	22.0
Office & Technical	1	3	3	1.0	3.0	3.0
Total Laboratory Services	24	26	26	24.0	26.0	26.0
911 Public Safety Communications						
Administrative and Technical	2	2	2	2.0	2.0	2.0
Emergency Communications	96	95	99	96.0	95.0	99.0
Exempt/Professional	2	2	2	2.0	2.0	2.0
Total 911 Public Safety Communications	100	99	103	100.0	99.0	103.0
Total Civilian Positions	196	195	199	196.0	195.0	199.0
Sworn Police Officers						
Police Officer	613	653	683	613.0	653.0	683.0
Police Corporal	82	82	82	82.0	82.0	82.0
Police Sergeant	83	83	83	83.0	83.0	83.0
Police Captain	23	23	23	23.0	23.0	23.0
Police Major	9	9	9	9.0	9.0	9.0
Police Deputy Chief	3	3	3	3.0	3.0	3.0
Total Sworn Police Officers	813	853	883	813.0	853.0	883.0
DEPARTMENT TOTAL	1,009	1,048	1,082	1,009	1,048	1,082

• ORGANIZATION CHART •



FY 2017-2018

Mission Statement

The Tulsa Fire department is dedicated to the protection of life, health, property and the environment by delivering quality life and fire safety services.

Overview of Services

It is the Fire department's goal to emphasize fire prevention and public education of a comprehensive community fire safety program as well as provide progressive emergency medical services. Because total success in preventing all fires is unrealistic, The Fire department remains unwavering in operations to minimize the impact of fires when they do occur. The department is committed to reducing, as much as possible, the impact of environmental damage from hazardous material incidents, along with meeting the needs of other calls for service from the community.

Tulsa Fire's service strategies are:

- Aggressively deliver life and fire safety education to the community;
- Aggressively work to prevent hazardous conditions;
- Respond promptly to rescues, fires, medical emergencies and natural disasters;
- Ensure actions are safe, professional and in harmony with the needs of the environment and the demands of the community; and
- Actively coordinate fire services with other agencies in the region.

Goals

- 1. Continue to deliver the highest quality emergency services.
 - **Objective 1.1:** Safely respond to all emergency incidents in a timely manner.
 - **Objective 1.2:** Provide a healthy work environment.

New Objective 1.3: Participate in the Mayor's Initiative Reading Program.

- **2.** Prevent fire, loss of life, and loss of property.
 - **Objective 2.1:** Inspect buildings regularly to ensure the structures remain compliant with City of Tulsa Fire Code.
 - **Objective 2.2:** Inspect building applications to ensure planned development complies with City of Tulsa Fire Code.
 - **Objective 2.3:** Engage in regular community outreach to educate citizens on fire safety.

Fire

Objective 2.4: Provide thorough investigation services to prosecutors, property owners, and property insurers.

3. Provide adequate training for TFD members.

New Objective 3.1: Provide training opportunities for TFD members.

Performance Metrics	FY 15-16 Actual	FY 16-17 Target	FY 16-17 Estimate	FY 17-18 Target
1.1.1: % of arrival on scene within six minutes from receipt of call	85.1%	90%	85%	90%
1.1.2: Total # of incidents responded to	56,443	57,000	57,000	57,000
1.1.3: # of fire fatalities as a result of accidental fires	4	0	5	0
1.1.4: % of property value saved (value of building compared to the total damage)	97.1%	95%	93%	95%
1.2.1: % of reduction of firefighter injuries from previous year	0%	5%	5%	5%
1.3.1: # of hours of reading in Mayor's Reading Initiative.	New	New	New	New
2.1.1: # of building inspections completed	8,251	7,000	7,000	7,000
2.2.1: % of fire protection system plan reviews completed within 10 business days of receipt	100%	90%	90%	90%
2.3.1: # of public education events	447	500	500	500
2.3.2: # public safety education participants served	87,320	95,000	95.000	95,000
2.3.4: # of free smoke alarms installed	401	600	600	600
2.4.1: % of arson cases cleared by arrest	17%	15%	17%	15%
3.1.1: Number of training hours provided by TFD	New	New	New	New

Budget Strategy Overview

Well Being: Fire is often times a first responder in situations involving citizens who are struggling with issues related to mental illness. These calls consume a high amount of resources and Fire realizes that they are limited in the ability to fully achieve results without partnerships. Fire has dedicated itself to partnering with Police and other local agencies on how to share and leverage existing resources to get mental health patients the most effective help for their specific problems.

Fire

Survivability of emergency accidents and fires is also closely related to life expectancy. The Fire department's budget regularly is geared towards ensuring the highest levels of fire prevention and survivability in the event of a fire.

Opportunity: Fire leadership is supporting and encouraging participation in the Reading Partners initiative. Results are expected to be more long term, but the department's commitment to this program will contribute to improving the City's high school graduation rate.

The City Experience: Fire/EMS are first responders to all traffic incidents. Resources are dedicated to ensuring that if citizens are involved in traffic collisions, their chances of surviving with minimal injuries will be greatly reduced due to quickly deployed lifesaving technologies and personnel.

FIRE

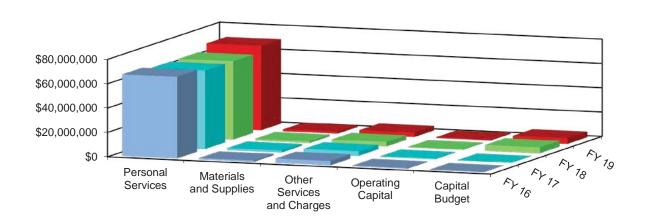
BUDGET HIGHLIGHTS

FY 2017 - 2018 & FY 2018 - 2019

(amounts expressed in thousands)

FINANCIAL
PLAN
\$ 69,403
1,503
3,701
665
75,272
4,600
\$ 79,872

TOTAL ALLOCATIONS BY FISCAL YEAR AND ACCOUNT CATEGORY



RESOURCES FOR BUDGET

	TOTAL
7060	EMSA Enterprise Fund
6014	2014 Sales Tax Fund
2910	Short-Term Capital Fund
2740	Public Safety Tax Fund
1080	General Fund

	Percent		FY 19		
FY 18	Diff. From	FII	FINANCIAL		
BUDGET	FY 17 Orig.		PLAN		
\$ 69,041	0.1%	\$	70,596		
2,123	>500%		3,716		
610	39.6%		610		
4,800	N/A		4,600		
350	0.0%		350		
\$ 76,924		\$	79,872		
	-				

FY 18 CHANGES FOR OPERATION

8 CHANGES FOR OPERATION			
Benefit and compensation adjustments	\$	876	
2. Overtime		1,161	
3. SAFER Grant personnel now funded in Grant Fund		(1,639)	
4. Net change in estimated Firefighter vacancies		(864)	
5. SAFER Grant - Academy, July 2016, 27 cadets			

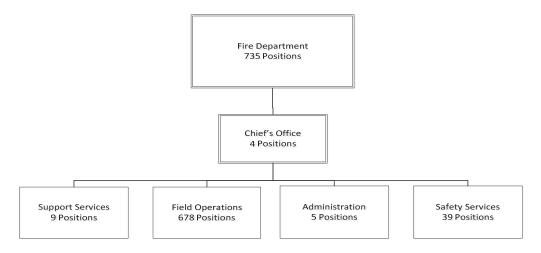
FY 18 CHANGES FOR OPERATION (continued)		ΑN	OUNT
6. Academy, October 2017, 15 cadets (Combined with PST Academy)			668
a. Salaries and benefits	593		
b. Equipment and supplies	75		
7. Fire Training Academy operations		\$	49
8. Propane for burn props at Fire Training Academy			(15)
Psychological services			50
10. Electric utilities			(25)
11. Internal equipment management services			(69)
12. Public Safety Sales Tax (PST)			1,786
a. Benefit and compensation, full year funding	1,206		
b. Academy, April 2017, 20 cadets	(311)		
c. Academy, Oct 2017, 20 cadets (Combined with GF Academy)	891		
1. Salaries and benefits 791			
2. Equipment and supplies 100			
d. Fire Training Academy operations	26		
e. Propane for burn props at Fire Training Academy	(26)		
13. Capital additions/replacements			
a. Cargo van, Compressed Natural Gas			42
b. SUV (2)			68
c. Thermal image camera (7)			70
d. Unmanned aerial vehicle with forward looking infrared camera			21
e. Utility terrain vehicle (3), wildland fire skid and trailers			110
f. Emergency air supply kits (7)			31
g. Rapid deployment craft (5)			23
h. Water rescue personal protective equipment (12)			18
i. Commercial gas range for fire station (2)			12
j. Mobile router for grass rigs and supply (10)			25
k. HazMat and Rescue tools and equipment			72
I. Lawn tractor with 60" mower deck (2)			10
m. Portable generator (10)			27
n. Hydraulic rescue tools (2)			42
o. Kitchen cabinets for fire station			40
p. EMSA utility fee capital			55
q. Adjustment to eliminate previous year's capital			(492)
TOTAL OPERATING CHANGES		\$	2,044
CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS PROJECTS			
Apparatus replacement		\$	4,800
TOTAL CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS PROJECTS CHANGES		\$	4,800
TOTAL CHANGES		\$	6,844

FY 19 CHANGES FOR OPERATION

The Public Safety Tax will provide for an academy of 20 cadets in July 2018 in addition to other personnel, equipment and operating costs. A General Fund academy of 30 cadets in October 2018 is also anticipated. SAFER Grant funding ends in FY19 with personnel cost for 27 firefighters shifting to the General Fund. Apparatus replacement is scheduled in FY19 from funding provided by the 2014 Sales Tax package.

OCCUPATIONAL DESCRIPTION	NUMBER OF AUTHORIZED POSITIONS			NUMBER OF FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT			
OCCUPATIONAL DESCRIPTION				AUTHORIZED POSITIONS			
	<u>FY 17</u>	<u>FY 18</u>	FY 19	<u>FY 17</u>	FY 18	FY 19	
Administrative & Support Staff							
Administrative & Technical	5	5	5	5.0	5.0	5.0	
Exempt/Professional	4	4	4	4.0	4.0	4.0	
Labor & Trades	3	3	3	3.0	3.0	3.0	
Office & Technical	6	6	6	6.0	6.0	6.0	
Total Administrative & Support Staff	18	18	18	18.0	18.0	18.0	
FD Classified Positions							
Firefighter	338	358	378	338.0	358.0	378.0	
Fire Equipment Operator	156	156	156	156.0	156.0	156.0	
Fire Captain	136	135	135	136.0	135.0	135.0	
Administrative Officer	3	3	3	3.0	3.0	3.0	
EMS Officer	3	3	3	3.0	3.0	3.0	
Fire Prevention Inspector	23	23	23	23.0	23.0	23.0	
Director of Training Center	1	1	1	1.0	1.0	1.0	
Director of Emergency Medical Services	1	1	1	1.0	1.0	1.0	
Fire Deputy Marshall	1	1	1	1.0	1.0	1.0	
Fire District Chief	19	19	19	19.0	19.0	19.0	
Fire Administrative Chief	1	1	1	1.0	1.0	1.0	
Fire Assistant Chief	3	3	3	3.0	3.0	3.0	
Fire Deputy Chief	2	3	3	2.0	3.0	3.0	
Loss Control Officer	8	8	8	8.0	8.0	8.0	
Physical Resource Officer	1	1	1	1.0	1.0	1.0	
Technical Rescue Coordinator	1	1	1	1.0	1.0	1.0	
Total FD Classified Positions	697	717	737	697.0	717.0	737.0	
TOTAL	715	735	755	715.0	735.0	755.0	

• ORGANIZATION CHART •



Emergency Medical Services Authority

Department Budget Summary

FY 2017-2018

Mission Statement

To provide ambulance service to 1,000 square miles and meet the highest standards of pre-hospital care.

Overview of Services

A public trust of the City of Tulsa and City of Oklahoma City governments, the Emergency Medical Services Authority (EMSA) is Oklahoma's largest provider of emergency medical services.

EMSA provides advanced life support medical care to patients who suffer injuries and illnesses and transports patients to and from the hospital by ambulance. The Authority provides oversight and ensures quality compliance of the contracted ambulance services provider, and conducts billing, accounting, purchasing and other business functions. The Medical Director provides medical oversight of the contracted provider and reports to the Medical Control Board. The contracted provider is held to a performance-based contract that includes strict service standards and financial penalties for non-compliance.

In 1977, EMSA was established in Tulsa. Today, EMSA is the exclusive ambulance provider for 15 Oklahoma cities. EMSA has two divisions, the eastern division, with Tulsa as the major city, and the western division centered around Oklahoma City.

Goals

- 1. Provide the highest quality emergency response and pre-hospital care.
 - **Objective 1.1:** Meet or exceed professionally recognized standards for emergency response.
- 2. Provide efficient and reliable services at a reasonable cost to consumers.
 - **Objective 2.1:** Meet or exceed budgeted number of transports per year.
- **3.** Process billing accounts in a timely fashion.
 - **Objective 3.1:** Meet or exceed budgeted patient service revenue.

Emergency Medical Services Authority

Performance Measures	FY 15-16 Actual	FY 16-17 Target	FY 16-17 Estimate	FY 17-18 Target
1.1.1: % of emergency responses that meet standards	91%	90%	91%	91%
2.1.1: % of budgeted transports completed	103%	100%	103%	100%
2.1.2: Total # of transports completed	71,018	69,000	71,100	71,100
3.1.1: % of budgeted patient service revenue collected	104%	100%	100%	100%
3.1.2: Revenue collected per patient transport	355.00	351.00	351.00	351.00
3.1.3: Average bill processing time	8 days	8-10 days	9 days	8-10 days

Budget Strategy Overview

Resources allocated to Emergency Medical Services Authority will be dedicated to Mayor, Tulsa City Council and Citizen Survey priorities.

EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES AUTHORITY

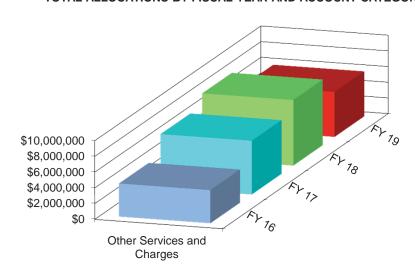
BUDGET HIGHLIGHTS

FY 2017 - 2018 & FY 2018 - 2019

(amounts expressed in thousands)

							Dollar Percent		FY 19				
	FY 16 FY 17		FY 16		FY 16		F	Y 18	Dif	f. From	Diff. From	FIN	ANCIAL
	A	CTUAL	OR	IGINAL	В	JDGET	FY	17 Orig.	FY 17 Orig.	F	PLAN		
Operating Budget													
Other Services and Charges	\$	4,215	\$	6,831	\$	8,357	\$	1,526	22.3%	\$	5,735		
Total Budget	\$	4,215	\$	6,831	\$	8,357	\$	1,526	22.3%	\$	5,735		

TOTAL ALLOCATIONS BY FISCAL YEAR AND ACCOUNT CATEGORY



RESOURCES FOR BUDGET

7060 EMSA Enterprise Fund **TOTAL**

		Percent	I	FY 19	
FY 18		Diff. From	m FINANC		
В	JDGET	FY 17 Orig.	PLAN		
\$	8,357	22.3%	\$	5,735	
\$	8,357		\$	5,735	

FY 18 CHANGES FOR OPERATION

1. Appropriations reflect anticipated cash available for transfer to EMSA **TOTAL OPERATING CHANGES**

AMOUNT	
\$	1,526
\$	1,526

FY 19 CHANGES FOR OPERATION

No major changes in operations expected in FY19.

Tulsa Area Emergency Management Agency

Department Budget Summary

FY 2017-2018

Mission Statement

TAEMA is dedicated to the protection of the citizens of Tulsa and Tulsa County from all emergencies and disasters.

Overview of Services

The Tulsa Area Emergency Management Agency (TAEMA) is responsible for the coordination of preparing for, responding to, recovering from, and mitigation of major emergencies and disasters. TAEMA collaborates with City and County departments and various other agencies to ensure readiness to manage response to emergencies and disasters. This includes naturally occurring events such as tornadoes, straight line winds, floods, winter storms, wild fires, drought, extreme heat, earthquakes, and Planning is also done for man-made events that may involve acts of pandemics. terrorism or accidents that could include plane crashes or hazardous chemical releases. TAEMA conducts numerous disaster exercises with the response community each year to test emergency plans and enhance readiness to respond to disasters. TAEMA manages the Community Warning System consisting of 99 warning sirens covering the City and portions of the unincorporated area of Tulsa County. TAEMA coordinates with volunteer groups, including amateur radio clubs who assist during severe weather and disaster events, and other volunteer agencies active in disasters (VOADs) that perform varied and numerous activities after disasters.

TAEMA is jointly funded with the City of Tulsa and Tulsa County each contributing 40 percent and the federal government contributing 20 percent of operational revenue.

Goals

- 1. Manage the Community Warning System and activate the 99 warning sirens appropriately for tornado warnings, 80 mile per hour straight line winds, major floods, and nuclear attacks.
 - **Objective 1.1:** TAEMA personnel will test the warning sirens at least once each week with the live test being done on Wednesdays at noon, weather permitting.
- 2. Manage the Emergency Operations Center emergency communications system and maintain system readiness by servicing radio equipment and takin part in regularly scheduled radio tests.
 - **Objective 2.1:** TAEMA personnel will take part in all Oklahoma Department of Emergency Management Op-Secure (high frequency) and 800 MHz weekly radio tests.

Tulsa Area Emergency Management Agency

- **Objective 2.2:** TAEMA, in coordination with the Oklahoma Department of Emergency Management, will conduct bi-monthly Northeast Region radio tests for primary users of 800 MHz 6A TAEMA talk group, along with a Northeast Regional Mutual Aid talk group (NERMA).
- 3. Improve readiness measures by reaching more citizens through social media.
 - **Objective 3.1:** TAEMA personnel will post preparedness measures weekly to Twitter and Facebook to actively increase preparedness in citizens.
 - **Objective 3.2:** TAEMA will promote their new preparedness mobile application known as "Tulsa Ready" and encourage overall preparedness throughout the community.
- **4.** TAEMA personnel will monitor emergency and disaster situations and activate the Emergency Operations Center as appropriate to provide public warning functions and assistance to Incident Command.
 - **Objective 4.1:** TAEMA will activate Emergency Operations per Standard Operating Guidelines for weather or other response activities.
 - **Objective 4.2:** As the designated point of contact for the National Weather Service, TAEMA will monitor weather events to determine if EOC activation is warranted.
- **5.** TAEMA will ensure that Jurisdictional Emergency Operations Plans and Hazard Mitigation Plans are reviewed and updated per Federal and State requirements.
 - **Objective 5.1:** TAEMA will maintain a record of all School System Emergency Plans, ensure that they are reviewed in a timely manner, and on file for current year.
 - **Objective 5.2:** TAEMA will provide timely updates and reviews of the emergency operations plan for the City of Tulsa.
- **6.** To ensure understanding and proper implementation of the Emergency Operations Plan, TAEMA will plan or facilitate emergency exercises with area response agencies. TAEMA will complete After Action Reports and Improvement plans as document record regarding these exercises.
 - **Objective 6.1:** TAEMA will conduct a minimum of 4 emergency exercises of any type with complete after action reports and improvement plans.
 - **Objective 6.1:** TAEMA will conduct 1 full scale exercise each year with completed after action report and improvement plan.

Tulsa Area Emergency Management Agency

7. TAEMA is mandated under Title III SARA by Region 6 Environmental Protection Agency and the Oklahoma Department of Environmental Quality to participate and take a leadership role in the Local Emergency Planning Committee (LEPC) alongside local Hazardous Materials Experts and members of the First Responder Community.

Objective 7.1: TAEMA will participate in the Quarterly LEPC meeting.

Objective 7.2: TAEMA will maintain an active role in LEPC by serving on the LEPC Board.

8. TAEMA will actively participate and ensure that the City of Tulsa maintains its certification in the National Weather Service StormReady Community Program.

Objective 8.1: Maintain 4 methods for EOC to receive information from the National Weather Service.

Objective 8.2: Maintain and operate the Emergency Operations Center that will serve as the point of contact for weather related events.

Objective 8.3: Maintain and utilize 4 methods for dissemination of local warnings.

Objective 8.4: Host annual Storm Spotter training seminar in coordination with the National Weather Service office in Tulsa.

Objective 8.5: Utilize at least 4 methods for gathering and monitoring hydrometeorological data.

Objective 8.6: Annually meet with Meteorologists from the National Weather Service

Performance Measures	FY 15-16 Actual	FY 16-17 Target	FY 16-17 Estimate	FY 17-18 Target
1.1.1: # of weekly warning siren tests conducted per year	49	49	49	49
2.1.2 # of weekly OK Dept. of Emergency Management radio test participated in each year.	94	96	94	96
2.2.1: # of bi-monthly regional radio tests conducted each year	12	6	6	6
3.1.1 # of Likes on Facebook	921	1100	1180	1400
3.1.2: # of Followers on Twitter	113	140	152	170
3.2.1: # of downloads of "Tulsa Ready"	None *	None *	None *	200
4.1.1: # of times EOC staffed for weather or other response activities	19	None **	36	None **
4.2.1: # of total weather events monitored	39	None **	47	None **

Tulsa Area Emergency Management Agency

5.1.1.: # of School System EOP reviewed and on file for current year	33	33	33	33
5.2.1: Is the City of Tulsa Emergency Operations Plan current and in keeping with state and federal guidelines	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
6.1.1: # of Emergency Exercises conducted	10	4	8	4
6.2.1: # of Full Scale Exercises conducted	2	2	2	1
7.1.1: # of LEPC meetings attended	6	4	4	4
7.2.1: Does TAEMA have a staff member serving on the LEPC Board	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
8.1.1 : # of methods for EOC to receive information from NWS	4	4	4	4
8.2.1: Does TAEMA staff and operate the Emergency Operations Center and act as point of contact for NWS	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
8.3.1: # of methods for dissemination of local warnings	4	4	4	4
8.4.1: Has TAEMA offered a storm spotter training seminar with the weather service this year	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
8.5.1: # of methods available for TAEMA to gather hydrometeorological data	4	4	4	4
8.6.1: Has TAEMA held a meeting with the National Weather Service this year	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

^{*} Data was not measured during that period

Budget Strategy Overview

Resources allocated to Tulsa Area Emergency Management Agency will be dedicated to Mayor, Tulsa City Council, and Citizen Survey priorities including public safety. Due to budget reductions realized in the General Fund in previous budgets, the agency is challenged to maintain reduced costs and enhance efficiency in order to meet current service levels and key performance indicators listed above. Performance Measures will be reevaluated and adjusted as necessary for FY19.

^{**} The metric depends entirely upon elements out of the group's control so there is no way to establish realistic targets

TULSA AREA EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY

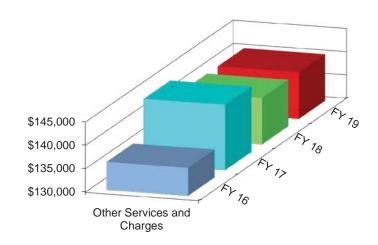
BUDGET HIGHLIGHTS

FY 2017 - 2018 & FY 2018 - 2019

(amounts expressed in thousands)

						D	oliar	Percent		FY 19
F'	Y 16	F'	Y 17	F	Y 18	Diff.	From	Diff. From	FIN	IANCIAL
AC'	TUAL	ORI	GINAL	BU	DGET	FY 1	7 Orig.	FY 17 Orig.	I	PLAN
\$	136	\$	144	\$	140	\$	(4)	-2.8%	\$	140
\$	136	\$	144	\$	140	\$	(4)	-2.8%	\$	140
	-		* 136 \$	ACTUAL ORIGINAL \$ 136 \$ 144	ACTUAL ORIGINAL BU \$ 136 \$ 144 \$	ACTUAL ORIGINAL BUDGET \$ 136 \$ 144 \$ 140	FY 16 ACTUAL FY 17 ORIGINAL FY 18 BUDGET Diff. FY 13 \$ 136 \$ 144 \$ 140 \$	ACTUAL ORIGINAL BUDGET FY 17 Orig. \$ 136 \$ 144 \$ 140 \$ (4)	FY 16 ACTUAL FY 17 ORIGINAL FY 18 BUDGET Diff. From FY 17 Orig. Diff. From FY 17 Orig. \$ 136 \$ 144 \$ 140 \$ (4) -2.8%	FY 16 ACTUAL FY 17 ORIGINAL FY 18 BUDGET Diff. From FY 17 Orig. Diff. From FY 17 Orig. FIN FY 17 Orig. \$ 136 \$ 144 \$ 140 \$ (4) -2.8% \$

TOTAL ALLOCATIONS BY FISCAL YEAR AND ACCOUNT CATEGORY



RESOURCES FOR BUDGET

1080 General Fund

TOTAL

,	\$ 140		\$	140		
7	\$ 140	-2.8%	\$	140		
BUDGET		FY 17 Orig.	PLAN			
FY 18		Diff. From	FINANCIAL			
		Percent	F	Y 19		

FY 18 CHANGES FOR OPERATION

- 1. Benefit and compensation adjustments
- 2. Computer replacements and software (one-time in FY17)

TOTAL OPERATING CHANGES

FY 19 CHANGES FOR OPERATION

No major changes in operations expected in FY19.

AMC	DUNT
\$	1
	(5)
\$	(4)

READER'S GUIDE TO DEPARTMENTAL HIGHLIGHTS



\$197.5 PUBLIC SAFETY AND PROTECTION

Municipal Court

Police

Fire

EMSA

Tulsa Area Emergency Management Agency

\$30.2 CULTURAL DEVELOPMENT AND RECREATION

YOU ARE HERE

Park and Recreation
Gilcrease Museum
Performing Arts Center
River Parks Authority
BOK and Convention Centers

\$29.7 SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Mayor's Office of Economic Development Working in Neighborhoods Planning and Development

\$347.4 PUBLIC WORKS AND TRANSPORTATION

Engineering Services Streets and Stormwater Water and Sewer Tulsa Transit

\$117.4 ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPORT SERVICES

Elected Officials
Mayor's Office
City Auditor
City Council
Mayor's Office of Human Rights
Legal
Human Resources
Workers' Compensation
General Government
Indian Nations Council of Governments (INCOG)
Finance
Information Technology
Customer Care

\$99.2 TRANSFERS TO OTHER FUNDS

Communications
Asset Management

\$129.5 DEBT SERVICE

Department Budget Summary

FY 2017-2018

Mission Statement

The Tulsa Park and Recreation Department provides and preserves quality park and recreation opportunities for all.

Overview of Services

With oversight from the Park Board, the City of Tulsa manages 134 parks covering roughly 8,278 acres. This includes 2 nature centers, 5 community centers, WaterWorks Art Studio, 66 miles of walking trails, 2 skate parks, 2 dog parks and 5 swimming pools. In addition, there are 186 sports fields, 88 playgrounds, 34 tennis courts, 14 water playgrounds, 19 splash pads as well as 79 picnic shelters, 4 golf courses and 5 disc golf courses.

The Department's primary focus is to provide a variety of recreational opportunities to the public. The Park Master Plan, adopted in February 2010, guides future planning with oversight from the Master Plan Citizen's Committee.

Goals

- 1. Work in partnership with other City of Tulsa departments and volunteer groups to mobilize citizen engagement, human investment, neighborhood vitality, public safety and sustainability.
 - **Objective 1.1:** Provide a quarterly newsletter to the public.
 - **Objective 1.2:** Communicate effectively with the public regarding the Oxley Nature Center services and the availability for volunteer assistance.
 - **Objective 1.3:** Participate in the Mayor's Initiative Reading Program.
- 2. Provide Parks and Recreation development programs to increase available of recreation opportunities to citizens of the City of Tulsa.
 - **Objective 2.1:** Open all Recreation Centers (Central, Hicks, Lacy, Oxley, Reed, Waterworks and Whiteside) for a minimum of 65 hours per week.
 - **Objective 2.2:** Provide a wide variety of aquatic activities to the public.
 - Objective 2.3: Provide youth sports recreational activities to City of Tulsa youth.

Objective 2.4: Charge appropriate fees for rent of facilities for special events to ensure that the department has sufficient revenues to continue to provide quality facilities to the general public.

Objective 2.5: Provide opportunities for youth to develop in healthy eating habits.

3. Provide Parks and Recreation facilities maintenance, landscape maintenance, and emergecy response so that City of Tulsa residents and visitors have safe parks and trails.

Objective 3.1: Plant 75-100 trees per year, water and mulch young trees to decrease tree loss.

Objective 3.2: Respond to structural repair requests for all park facilities and amenities within 7 calendar days.

Objective 3.3: Perform routine preventative maintenance on park lighting, restroom facilities, park buildings, pools and detention ponds.

Objective 3.4: Perform graffiti abatement in all City of Tulsa parks within 24 hours of being notified.

Objective 3.5: Perform monthly playground inspections for all playground structures.

Objective 3.6: Install Park Rules Signs and Park ID Signs.

Objective 3.7: Fertilize park greenery, oversee mowing contractors for parks and sports complexes, clean out creek banks within parks, perform field maintenance of sports fields in sports complexes, clean outdoor restrooms and clean shelters prior to each confirmed rental.

Objective 3.8: Install bicycle trails.

4. Provide Parks and Recreation staff the tools they need to do their jobs safely and efficiently.

Objective 4.1: Provide monthly training opportunities for staff.

Performance Measures	FY 15-16 Actual	FY 16-17 Target	FY 16-17 Actual	FY 17-18 Target
1.1.1: # of "Purely Parks" Newsletters distributed quarterly by all centers	2,000	7,000	6,427	7,000
1.2.1 : % increase in distribution of the bimonthly Oxley Nature Center newsletter	10%	30	5%	20%
1.2.2: # of new volunteers recruited for Oxley Nature Center	10	15	37	15

Performance Measures	FY 15-16 Actual	FY 16-17 Target	FY 16-17 Actual	FY 17-18 Target
1.3.1. # of park staff involved with the reading program.	NEW	NEW	NEW	4
2.1.1: Average # of hours Recreation Centers were open on a weekly basis	65	55	55	60
2.1.2: Total revenue generated by all Recreation Centers	\$505,000	\$510,000	\$534,420	\$540,000
2.2.1: # of attendees to City of Tulsa pools	36,900	27,000	42,428	42,000
2.2.2: Revenue generated by McClure, Lacy, and Reed pools	\$33,400	\$24,000	\$22,464	\$24,000
2.3.1: Revenue generated by Youth Sports activities	\$56,320	\$60,000	\$50,405	\$52,000
2.3.2: # of attendees at Youth Sports healthy activities	4,510	8,000	11,514	11,000
2.4.1: \$ of rental fees collected for events or activities held at parks	\$35,540	\$40,000	\$253,876	\$180,000
2.4.2: # of exercise programs held per quarter at each recreation center	25	35	38	35
2.5.1 # of day camp children who participated in a healthy lunch challenge	NEW	NEW	NEW	150
3.1.1: # of trees planted	75	100	174	50
3.1.2: % of young trees (planted in previous 5 years) that are lost due to lack of care	0	2	1	2
3.2.1: Average time to respond (in days) to structural repair requests	7	7	<7	7
3.3.1: % of preventative maintenance inspections needed that were performed on City Park facilities	100%	100%	100%	100%
3.4.1: Average time to respond (in hours) to graffiti abatement requests	24	16	<16	16
3.5.1: % of playground structures which received a monthly playground inspection	100%	100%	100%	100%
3.6.1: # of Parks Rules Signs and Park ID signs installed	55	55	65	30
3.7.1: % of citizens surveyed who indicate they are "Very Satisfied" or "Somewhat Satisfied" with the cleanliness and maintenance of park facilities	75%	80%	80%	80%
3.8.1 # miles of bike trails installed annually	NEW	NEW	NEW	2
4.1.1 # of training sessions held annually	NEW	NEW	NEW	12

Budget Strategy Overview

Well-Being

• Tulsa Parks will be implementing a "Healthy Lunch Challenge" initiative in its day camp programs. This challenge will be an exciting and fun way to engage children (and parents) in developing healthy eating habits. The goal of the program is to enhance the health and well-being of children who attend our day camp programs. Children who eat healthier have the needed nutrition and energy to engage in an active daily life and activities.

Opportunity

- Several parks are in close proximity to elementary schools. Research shows that children who are active have improved school attendance and enhanced academic performance. We will be developing, in partnership with Tulsa Public Schools, an agreement to utilize under-improved park land for bike trails. These trails would improve student training in riding and health awareness. The trails would also provide walkable trails for park visitors.
- In addition to bike trails, recreation staff will, once the program is initiated, participate in the Reading Partners program established by the Mayor.

Inside City Hall

- To continue to enhance camaraderie among staff, we have implemented several
 "fun" days among the recreation center staff throughout the year. These "fun"
 days help to not only bring a sense of enjoyment to the job, but it also promotes
 healthy competition among staff. Employees who enjoy their job and their coworkers become a more productive team.
- The department also has training sessions that are held at least once a month.
 These training sessions, whether recreational staff or maintenance staff, cover topics that give our staff the tools they need to do their jobs safely, efficiently and maintain the level of professionalism that is expected of City employees.

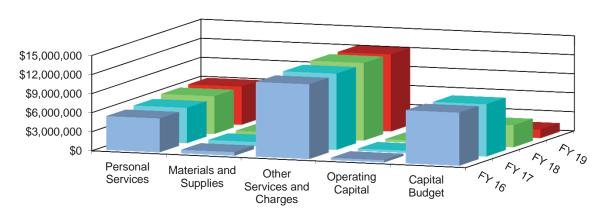
PARK AND RECREATION

BUDGET HIGHLIGHTS FY 2017 - 2018 & FY 2018 - 2019

(amounts expressed in thousands)

								Dollar	Percent		FY 19
		FY 16		FY 17		FY 18	Di	ff. From	Diff. From	FIN	IANCIAL
	Α	CTUAL	OF	RIGINAL	В	JDGET	FY	17 Orig.	FY 17 Orig.		PLAN
Operating Budget											
Personal Services	\$	5,344	\$	5,567	\$	5,942	\$	375	6.7%	\$	6,021
Materials and Supplies		569		671		671		0	0.0%		676
Other Services and Charges		11,771		12,006		12,245		239	2.0%		12,170
Operating Capital		360		368		396		28	7.6%		367
Total Operating Budget		18,044		18,612		19,254		642	3.4%		19,234
Capital Budget		8,360		8,235		3,480		(4,755)	-57.7%		1,350
Total Budget	\$	26,404	\$	26,847	\$	22,734	\$	(4,113)	-15.3%	\$	20,584
			_			·					

TOTAL ALLOCATIONS BY FISCAL YEAR AND ACCOUNT CATEGORY



	FY 18	Diff. From	FINANCIAL
RESOURCES FOR BUDGET	BUDGET	FY 17 Orig.	PLAN
1080 General Fund	\$ 15,693	4.1%	\$ 15,701
2910 Short-Term Capital	304	10.1%	275
7010 Stormwater Management Enterprise Fund	186	0.5%	187
7050 Golf Course Operating Fund	3,071	0.0%	3,071
6014 2014 Sales Tax Fund	3,480	-57.7%	1,350
TOTAL	\$ 22,734		\$ 20,584

FY 18 CHANGES FOR OPERATION	AM	OUNT
Benefit and compensation adjustments	\$	239
2. Independent Employment Services moved between Account Groups		0
a. Personal Service Account Group 136		
b. Other Service Account Group (136)		
3. Internal equipment management services		(54)
4. Zoo management contract (contractual increase 2.5%)		132
a. Management Fees 124		
b. Maintenance Fees 8		

Percent

FY 19

FY 18 CHANGES FOR OPERATION (continued)	Al	MOUNT
5. Demolish three pools (one-time)	\$	186
6. Treat city-owned ash trees for emerald ash borer (one-time)		111
7. Capital additions/replacements:		
Security systems for rec centers		42
b. Pick-up truck (2)		76
c. 5-yard Dump truck		160
d. Basketball goals		5
e. Billiard table		4
f. Treadmill		10
g. Pugmill mixer		5
h. Sound system		2
i. Golf capital		92
 j. Adjustment to eliminate previous year's capital 		(368)
TOTAL OPERATING CHANGES	\$	642
CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS PROJECTS		
Pool Construction - Whiteside	\$	1,200
New playground and safety surface - Eight Parks		1,780
3. Tulsa Zoo Master Plan - Carnivores Exhibits		500
4. Adjustment to eliminate previous year's capital projects		(8,235)
TOTAL CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS PROJECTS CHANGES		(4,755)
TOTAL CHANGES	\$	(4,113)

FY 19 CHANGES FOR OPERATION
A 2.5% contract increase for management of the Zoo. Water charges for two new water parks.

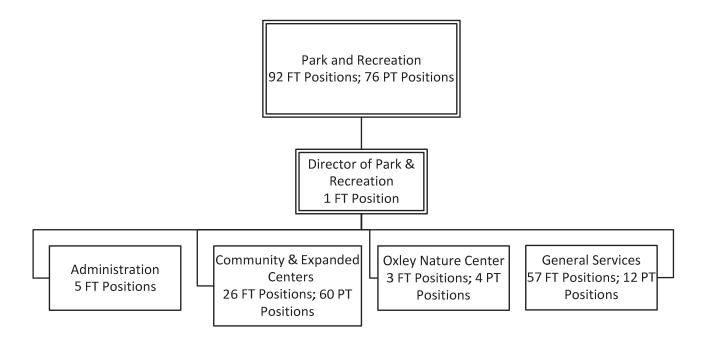
PARK AND RECREATION

STAFFING SUMMARY

	ı	NUMBER OF	:		NUMBER OF		
OCCUPATIONAL DESCRIPTION	AUTHO	PRIZED POS	ITIONS	AUTHORIZED POSITIONS			
	FY 17	FY 18	FY 19	FY 17	FY 18	FY 19	
Administration							
Administrative & Technical	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Exempt/Professional	3	3	3	3.0	3.0	3.0	
Office & Technical	3	3	3	3.0	3.0	3.0	
Total Administration	6	6	6	6.0	6.0	6.0	
General Services				0.0	0.0	0.0	
Administrative & Technical	1	1	1	1.0	1.0	1.0	
Exempt/Professional	5	5	5	5.0	5.0	5.0	
Labor & Trades	50	50	50	50.0	50.0	50.0	
Office & Technical	1	1	1	1.0	1.0	1.0	
Seasonal Labor	12	12	12	6.0	6.0	6.0	
Total	69	69	69	63.0	63.0	63.0	
Community & Expanded Centers							
Administrative & Technical	15	15	15	14.5	14.5	14.5	
Exempt/Professional	6	6	6	6.0	6.0	6.0	
Labor & Trades	6	6	6	6.0	6.0	6.0	
Seasonal Labor	61	59	59	13.0	13.0	13.0	
Total Community & Expanded Centers	88	86	86	39.5	39.5	39.5	
Oxley Nature Center Operations							
Administrative & Technical	2	4	4	2.0	2.5	2.5	
Exempt/Professional	1	1	1	1.0	1.0	1.0	
Seasonal Labor	4	2	2	2.0	1.0	1.0	
Total Oxley Nature Center Operations	7	7	7	5.0	4.5	4.5	
DEPARTMENT TOTAL	170	168	168	113.5	113.0	113.0	

PARK AND RECREATION

STAFFING SUMMARY



Department Budget Summary

FY 2017-2018

Mission Statement

Gilcrease Museum, through its collections, is dedicated to bringing art, history and people together to research, discover, enjoy and understand the diverse heritage of the Americas.

Overview of Services

The Thomas Gilcrease Institute of American History and Art, better known as Gilcrease Museum, was gifted to the City of Tulsa in 1954 by Mr. Gilcrease with the stipulation that the City would (1) make payment on his debts; (2) preserve, protect, and display his collection of art, artifacts, documents, and books; and (3) care for his facility. The collection includes paintings by well-known artists such as George Catlin, Thomas Moran, Charles Russell and bronzes by Frederic Remington. Documents include one of the earliest extant letters from the Western Hemisphere, a letter dated 1512 from Diego Columbus (Christopher's son) and the only certified copy of the Declaration of Independence. Among the artifact collection is a Bedford Mound beaver pipe, dated to 200 A.D., that is considered the finest Hopewell effigy pipe known to be in existence. The collection of more than 400,000 items is one of international significance. Gilcrease is fortunate to have a state-of-the-art conservation laboratory, 203 seat auditorium, restaurant, Museum store, rental facilities, and 23 acres of formal gardens within its 460 acre property.

The City of Tulsa and The University of Tulsa (TU) entered into a partnership agreement on July 1, 2008, allowing TU to administer the day-to-day operations of Gilcrease Museum. TU continues to make capital improvements to the facility and expand its collections through seeking donations and purchasing art, archival and anthropological/ethnological material.

2016-17 has been an exciting and successful year for Gilcrease Museum on many fronts including presentation of strong and diverse exhibitions, offering educational programing for all ages and audiences and continuation of the collaboration with the city of Tulsa and TU to facilitate the capital improvement projects as part of the *Improve our Tulsa* funding package. The most exciting occurrence was the passage of the Vision 2025 package for the expansion of Gilcrease Museum.

Exhibitions for the coming fiscal year include the continuation of *Masterworks from the Gilcrease Collection*; new exhibitions – *Plains Indian Art: Created in Community, Textured Portraits: The Ken Blackbird Collection, Black Bodies in Propaganda: The Art of the War Poster, Emergence of the Cherokee Nation in the Indian Territory 1828-1866, and Kay WalkingStick: An American Artist.*

Goals:

1. Continue to expand educational programming opportunities and outreach programs.

Objective 1.1: Provide educational services to at least 20,000 school-aged children per year.

2. Increase community interest and attendance to museum and exhibits.

Objective 2.1: Attract 100,000 visitors per year.

Key Performance Indicators	FY 14-15 Actual	FY 15-16 Actual	FY 16-17	FY 17-18 Target
1.1.1: # of school-aged children				
receiving services per year	35,326	24,419	14,409 *	20,000
2.1.1: # of visitors attracted annually	81,384	72,100	40,381 *	100,000

^{*} As of January 31, 2017

Budget Strategy Overview:

The appropriation request from The University of Tulsa to the city for the fiscal year 2017-18 is \$3,066,341. Funding for FY17-18 supports the Museum's operational costs, maintenance, renovations and improvements to the city-owned facility.

Well-Being

Improve Tulsan's overall health, with a focus on reducing health disparities. Address mental health issues for Tulsa's residents.

- Strategy to achieve goal:
 - o Create personal experiences in the arts:

Commitment to exploring the connections and synergies in human creativity.

- Institutions that offer and promote educational programming improve the quality of life and indirectly impacts health.
- In FY2018, the redesign of Gilcrease Museum Road between Edison Street and Pine Street will be undertaken and include a multi-purpose walking/biking trail that will connect to the Katy and Newblock Trail system, major destinations and attractions, such as the Gathering Place, Tulsa and Sand Springs River Parks, and downtown Tulsa.
- Commitment to Life-Long Learning and Discovery:
 Continuous development of human potential by offering creative educational programming, exhibitions, and experiences that inform, stimulate and empower individuals throughout their lifetime.

Action plan to implement strategy:

- Objective 1: Develop a schedule of exhibitions, programs and activities that appeal to broader local and regional audiences including students, young adults, families, and underserved populations.
- Objective 2: Develop a plan to increase accessibility to the museum for underserved populations and re-position the museum as a venue for dialog on local and regional issues including afterhours programming and broadening representation on boards and committees.
- Objective 3: Explore the use of technology in the development of exhibitions, incorporating greater interactivity and experiential learning to enhance the visitor experience throughout the Museum.
- Objective 4: Expand and enhance children and family-friendly activities, spaces, amenities, and programming within the museum, and enhance and sustain educational outreach programming locally and regionally.

Opportunity

Foster broader community engagement and identification with the museum.

- Strategy to achieve goal:
 - Community Building: Unite the diverse elements of our community by forming respectful relationships and fostering understanding. Foster broader community engagement and identification with the museum.

Action plan to implement Strategy:

- Objective 1: Develop a schedule of exhibitions, programs and activities that appeal to broader local and regional audiences including students, young adults, families, and underserved populations.
- Objective 2: Develop a plan to increase accessibility to the museum for underserved populations and re-position the museum as a venue for dialog on local and regional issues including afterhours programming and broadening representation on boards and committees.
- Objective 3: Explore the use of technology in the development of exhibitions, incorporating greater interactivity and experiential learning to enhance the visitor experience throughout the Museum.
- Objective 4: Expand and enhance children and family-friendly activities, spaces, amenities, and programming within the museum, and enhance and sustain educational outreach programming locally and regionally.

The City Experience

Increase Tourism

- Strategy to achieve goal: Enhance the visitor experience through the implementation of a comprehensive master plan for the facility and grounds.
 - o In FY2018, the redesign of Gilcrease Museum Road between Edison Street and Pine Street will be undertaken and include a multi-purpose walking/biking trail that will connect to the Katy and Newblock Trail system, major destinations and attractions, such as the Gathering Place, Tulsa and Sand Springs River Parks, and downtown Tulsa.
 - Gilcrease has secured funding to improve the museum's entry and Stuart Park making it more user friendly, accessible to hikers, and ADA compliant.

Action plan to implement Strategy:

- Objective 1: In collaboration with the City of Tulsa and The University of Tulsa, improve and expand the primary museum building to house and exhibit the extensive Gilcrease collection, provide for expanded educational and family-friendly activities, improve and modernize visitor amenities, and accommodate major traveling exhibitions.
- Objective 2: Develop the 460-acre grounds of the museum to improve and expand Stuart Park and gardens, incorporate biking and hiking trails, and incorporate an outdoor amphitheater and activity spaces.
- Objective 3: In collaboration with the City of Tulsa, develop a plan to improve Gilcrease Museum Road to include wider lanes, a bike path, designer street lighting, and overall beautification.
- Objective 4: Restore and renovate the Gilcrease House for use as a special event venue and tell the story of the life and times of Thomas Gilcrease.
- Objective 5: Redesign road access to the museum and expand parking facilities to accommodate increased visitation.
- Objective 6: Develop immediate interventions and programs to improve the visitor experience in the current facility.
- Objective 7: Develop an exhibition master plan that integrates collections, stories, and experiences and connects visitors to a more comprehensive and inclusive story of the American experience and formalizes the exhibition planning process.

Pursuant to the management agreement, The University of Tulsa will provide an annual report to the Gilcrease Board of Trustees and elected officials documenting the management activities at the museum.

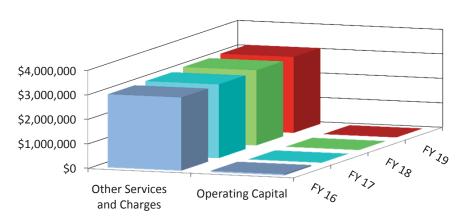
GILCREASE MUSEUM

BUDGET HIGHLIGHTS FY 2017 - 2018 & FY 2018 - 2019

(amounts expressed in thousands)

							Do	llar	Percent	ı	FY 19
	FY 16		FY 17		FY 18		Diff. From		Diff. From	FIN	ANCIAL
	A	CTUAL	OR	IGINAL	BU	JDGET	FY 17	Orig.	FY 17 Orig.	F	PLAN
Operating Budget											
Other Services and Charges	\$	2,982	\$	3,003	\$	3,067	\$	64	2.1%	\$	3,100
Operating Capital		55		0		0		0	N/A		0
Total Budget	\$	3,037	\$	3,003	\$	3,067	\$	64	2.1%	\$	3,100

TOTAL ALLOCATIONS BY FISCAL YEAR AND ACCOUNT CATEGORY



RESOURCES FOR BUDGET

1080 General Fund **TOTAL**

F	Y 18
BU	JDGET
\$	3,067
\$	3,067

Percent	FY 19					
Diff. From	FINANCIAL					
FY 17 Orig.	PLAN					
2.1%	\$	3,100				
	\$	3 100				

FY 18 CHANGES FOR OPERATION

1. Contractual increase (2.1% CPI adjustment)

TOTAL OPERATING CHANGES

AMO	TNUC
\$	64
\$	64

FY 19 CHANGES FOR OPERATION

Anticipated 1.1% contract increase with the University of Tulsa for management of the museum.

Performing Arts Center

Department Budget Summary

FY 2017-2018

Mission Statement

Maintain a safe, attractive and inclusive facility that serves the public and in which can be provided a wide range of enlightening and engaging arts and entertainment in a comfortable setting, thereby contributing to the vitality of the City and its neighboring communities.

Overview of Services

Opened in 1977, the Performing Arts Center (PAC) was designed with a special emphasis on staging, lighting and acoustic conductivity. The PAC is known as the cultural apex of Tulsa. It houses five separate performance areas and one large reception hall in one building including the 2,365-seat Chapman Music Hall with seating on three levels, another proscenium theatre seating 420 and three studio theatres of varying capacities. The facility added a beautifully appointed reception hall and additional restrooms in 2000. Tulsa Symphony, Tulsa Opera, Tulsa Ballet, Choregus Productions, American Theatre Company, Theatre Tulsa, Playhouse Tulsa, Theatre North, Chamber Music Tulsa, Celebrity Attractions and Tulsa Town Hall all call the PAC home. National touring companies and other local community groups use the facilities as well.

Goals

- 1. Continue the Performing Art Center's commitment to a quality arts and entertainment experience.
 - **Objective 1.1:** Host a minimum of 500 performances each year.
- 2. Offer marketing services that make the Performing Arts Center attractive to user groups, and effectively assist touring promoters.
 - **Objective 2.1:** Annually achieve a minimum of \$7 million per year in gross ticket sales at the Performing Arts Center.
 - **Objective 2.2:** Provide a venue and services that contribute a \$23 million economic impact to the City of Tulsa and surrounding businesses downtown.
 - **Objective 2.3:** Annually attract 225,000 people to attend Performing Arts Center events and generate revenue that can better support the facility's expenses.

Performing Arts Center

3. Effectively manage the calendar of available performance dates to ensure maximum utilization of the facility.

Objective 3.1: Achieve a 40% utilization rate of available days for non-performance activities.

Objective 3.2: Achieve a 30%utilization rate of available days for performance activities.

Performance Measures	FY 15-16 Actual	FY 16-17 Target	FY 16-17 Estimate	FY 17-18 Target
1.1.1: # of performances per year	555	500	525	500
1.2.1: User group survey rating	9.7	9.7	9.7	9.7
2.1.1: \$ amount of gross ticket sales	\$7.5	\$7M	\$7M	\$7M
2.2.1 Estimated economic impact	\$24.8M	\$23M	\$21M	\$23M
2.3.1 Total annual attendance	224,288	225,000	220,000	225,000
3.1.1 % of available days utilized for non-performance event activities	101%	40%	60%	60%
3.1.2 % of available days utilized for performance activities	129%	30%	50%	60%

Budget Strategy Overview

The PAC will endeavor to continue meeting its goals and objectives in spite of ever shrinking financial resources and no additional personnel. As the expense budget has stayed flat over the past three years and most expenses have increased, the challenges mount from year to year.

The City Experience

• With the outcome of Entertainment, the PAC estimates it will schedule at least 500 performances in FY17 and again for FY18. In every year for the last 10, at least 500 performances occurred. Every performance generates economic impact for the City in the form of sales tax on tickets, PAC patrons eating in local restaurants before and after performances, out-of-town patrons staying in Tulsa hotels and even occasionally limousines getting hired to transport patrons to and from special events. Performers hired by local nonprofit organizations live in the community and thereby contribute to its welfare in the form of every-day

Performing Arts Center

expenses such as rent, groceries and income tax. It is estimated that PAC events generate as much as \$54 million per year in economic impact.

- The PAC ticket office records gross sales in excess of \$7 million every year for PAC events. In addition, the PAC's regional ticketing initiative, MyTicketOffice.com generates fees from the ticket sales of other performing arts facilities in the area using the PAC's system.
- For FY18, the PAC faces a serious crisis in the form of a sharp reduction in funding from the City's Hotel Tax Fund for capital projects and purchases.
 Projected appropriations for FY18 are reduced by 64% from FY17 and FY17 appropriations were reduced by 76% from FY16. This negative trend creates a daunting challenge to maintain and update the 40-year-old building.
- The PAC celebrated its 40th anniversary in FY17. Special recognition was given by its primary user groups throughout the year and a concert featuring jazz singer Jane Monheit, trumpeter Nicholas Payton and the Tulsa Symphony was presented by the PAC Trust in honor of the occasion.

While the PAC cannot claim to influence such things as the suicide rate, the number of homeless or number of violent crimes in the Tulsa community, it can and does claim that arts entertainment is good for the soul of every citizen attending an event.

PERFORMING ARTS CENTER

BUDGET HIGHLIGHTS FY 2017 - 2018 & FY 2018 - 2019

(amounts expressed in thousands)

NANCIAL PLAN
PI AN
/ \
1,809
90
992
0
2,891
710
3,601

TOTAL ALLOCATIONS BY FISCAL YEAR AND ACCOUNT CATEGORY \$3,000,000 \$2,000,000 \$1,000,000 \$0 Personal Materials Other Operating Capital Services and Capital Services Supplies Budget and

Charges

		FY 18	Diff. From	FIN	ANCIAL
RESOURCES FOR BUDGET	Bl	JDGET	FY 17 Orig.	F	PLAN
1080 General Fund	\$	2,077	1.8%	\$	2,099
2810 Convention Fund		791	-12.8%		792
6009 2006 Extended Sales Tax Fund		210	N/A		210
6014 2014 Sales Tax Fund		0	-100.0%		0
6015 2016 Tulsa Economic Vision Fund		500	N/A		500
TOTAL	\$	3,578		\$	3,601
FY 18 CHANGES FOR OPERATION			AMOUNT		
Benefit and compensation adjustments			\$ 81		
2. Independent Employment Services moved between Account Groups			0		
a. Personal Service Account Group		27			
b. Other Service Account Group		(27)			
3. Capital additions/replacements:					
 Adjustment to eliminate previous year's capital 			(161)		
TOTAL OPERATING CHANGES			\$ (80)		

Percent

FY 19

CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS PROJECTS

PAC General Renovation	\$ 210
2. Tulsa Economic Vision Funding - Master Plan renovations	500
3. Adjustment to eliminate previous year's capital projects	(2,850)
TOTAL CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS PROJECTS CHANGES	(2,140)
TOTAL CHANGES	\$ (2,220)

FY 19 CHANGES FOR OPERATION

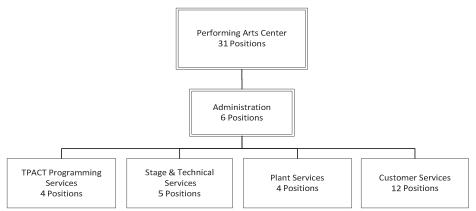
No major changes in operations expected in FY19.

PERFORMING ARTS CENTER

STAFFING SUMMARY

OCCUPATIONAL DESCRIPTION	_	NUMBER OF DRIZED POS		NUMBER OF FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT AUTHORIZED POSITIONS			
	FY 17	FY 18	<u>FY 19</u>	FY 17	FY 18	<u>FY 19</u>	
Administration Administrative & Technical Exempt/Professional Total Administration	2 — 4 — 6	2 4 6	2 	2.0 4.0 6.0	2.0 4.0 6.0	2.0 4.0 6.0	
Stage & Technical Serv.							
Artistic & Creative	5	5	5	5.0	5.0	5.0	
Total Stage & Technical Serv.	5	5	5	5.0	5.0	5.0	
Customer Services Administrative & Technical Exempt/Professional Office & Technical Total Customer Services	5 1 <u>6</u> 12	5 1 6 12	5 1 6 12	4.5 1.0 3.0 8.4	4.5 1.0 3.0 8.5	4.5 1.0 3.0 8.5	
Plant Services Labor & Trades Exempt/Professional Total Plant Services	3 1 4	3 1 4	3 1 4	3.0 1.0 4.0	3.0 1.0 4.0	3.0 1.0 4.0	
TPACT Programming Serv. Administrative & Technical Exempt/Professional Total TPACT Programming Serv.	3 — 1 — 4 — 21	3 — 1 — 4 — 21	3 1 4	2.0 1.0 3.0	2.0 1.0 3.0	2.0 1.0 3.0	
TOTAL	<u>31</u>	<u>31</u>	<u>31</u>	26.5	26.5	26.5	

• ORGANIZATION CHART •



River Parks Authority

Department Budget Summary

FY 2017-2018

Mission Statement

To maintain, preserve, develop and promote the Arkansas River and adjacent land areas under the Authority's jurisdiction within Tulsa County for the economic and cultural benefit of the community. Vision: to be the region's premier park, recreation and entertainment destination.

Overview of Services

River Parks is unique among Tulsa's public spaces because of its location on the banks of the Arkansas River. The river corridor offers opportunities and challenges to blend preservation and enhancement of green space and wildlife habitat with select commercial development such as the Blue Rose Café, and family destination attractions such as the 41st Street Plaza, River West Festival Park, and Turkey Mountain.

Goals

- **1. Development and Preservation:** To provide safe, attractive, and well-maintained park facilities for public use, year-round.
 - **Objective 1.1:** Make River Parks' trails and facilities available year-round, to serve an estimated 1 million visitors' outdoor recreational, fitness and entertainment interests.
- **2. Funding:** River Parks supplements its funding from Tulsa County and the City of Tulsa with private fundraising for operations, programming and capital improvements.
 - **Objective 2.1:** Raise at least \$1,300,000 from private sources.
- **3. Community Relations:** Web-based communications are easy to navigate, providing useful and timely information about all facets of River Parks, including its outdoor events and entertainment.
 - **Objective 3.1:** Increase usage numbers for websites and social media managed by River Parks by showing regular and ongoing communications and allowing ease of inquiry.
- **4. Programming:** Major events are hosted by River Parks, primarily for earned revenues; minor events are facilitated by River Parks' staff for various user groups.

River Parks Authority

Objective 4.1: Attract at least 9 major events and 75 minor events per year.

Performance Measures	FY 15-16	FY 16-17	FY 17-18	FY 18-19
	Actual	Target	Estimate	Estimate
1.1.: Estimated number of annual visits to River Parks	1,140,000	1,175,000	1,210,000	1,250,000
2.1.: City & Count operating support; private contributions received for capital, operating, and programming	\$1,352,500	\$1,351,500	\$1,351,500	\$1,519,500
	\$1,311,412	\$3,500,000	\$1,320,000	\$1,325,000
3.1.: Number of website visitors and social media followers	121,853	125,500	129,000	132,800
	& 25,551	& 26,300	& 27,000	& 27,800
4.1.: Number of major and minor events available to the public	7 major	8 major	9 major	9 major
	75 minor	75 minor	75 minor	75 minor

Budget Strategy Overview

Well-Being

• Citizen health and well-being lay a foundation of strength and resilience for our city, especially with the correlation among health, health care costs and financial stability. Viewed as Tulsa's largest, free "fitness facility," River Parks offers abundant opportunities to maintain, increase or regain health through its 26 miles of recreational trails, multiple play areas, sports fields, and the simple respite of benches overlooking the Arkansas River. Mental and physical health are enhanced by leisure activities ranging from intense cycling or running to a quiet stroll with the family pet or reveling in the cool water of the 41st Street Plaza fountains on hot summer days. Whether hiking through the thick woods of Turkey Mountain or picnicking beneath a canopy of shade trees, River Parks offers year-round fitness and leisure activities that can form the basis of personal health and well-being that spreads to positively impact the city as a whole.

Opportunity

Quality of life – that intrinsic element that sparks desire to live in and be a part of
a community – is the key to why Tulsans have chosen to invest almost equal
amounts of public and private funding (\$100MM) into River Parks during the past
40 years. The Arkansas River is central to Tulsa's identity and uniquely links
residents of all economic strata, drawing diverse segments of the population to a
variety of outdoor experiences. Quality of life drives civic pride and how we see
and share our community. River Parks is a focal "selling point" for attracting
young people to live, work and build a life in Tulsa, for retaining those who make

River Parks Authority

their homes here, and a perfect park and recreation complement to Tulsa's revitalized downtown with its growing residential and commercial development.

The City Experience

- What do German oompah bands, Scottish bagpipes, thundering fireworks, and clouds of rainbow-colored dust all have in common? They are signature features of Linde Oktoberfest Tulsa, ScotFest, Folds of Honor FreedomFest Presented by QuikTrip, and "the happiest 5k on the planet," The Color Run. These events and many more entertain Tulsans and draw visitors from across the country and around the world. Cycling teams from Europe visit Tulsa and River Parks to compete in the annual Saint Francis Tulsa Tough and experience the infamous "Cry Baby Hill." This year, 5 de MayoFest moves from its east Tulsa roots to the greater expanse of the newly-renovated River West Festival Park and women musicians and songwriters will take center stage at the inaugural MISFest (Music Is She). These attractions – some free and some with admission fees – expand entertainment options and enrich what it means to experience Tulsa. Visitors to these and other events explore the city beyond River Parks and enjoy hotels, dining, museums, shopping, and many other local activities. River Parks' trail system also serves as a transportation corridor to allow easy access to events held in the park, as well as offering a safe way for pedestrians and cyclists to commute to jobs in nearby commercial areas.
- In mid to late Fiscal 2017-18, Tulsa's Gathering Place will open its doors and welcome Tulsans and visitors into a new and altogether different riverfront park experience. This privately-financed world-class facility, gifted to River Parks Authority, will be staffed and programmed for fun and enjoyment appealing to all ages and demographics.

RIVER PARKS AUTHORITY

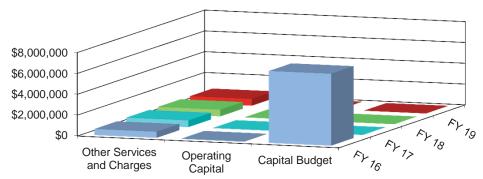
BUDGET HIGHLIGHTS

FY 2017 - 2018 & FY 2018 - 2019

(amounts expressed in thousands)

					Dollar		Percent	FY 19			
	FY	FY 16 FY 17		FY 18		Diff. From		Diff. From	FINA	NCIAL	
	ACT	UAL	ORIO	SINAL	BUI	DGET	FY 17	Orig.	FY 17 Orig.	Р	LAN
Operating Budget											
Other Services and Charges	\$	583	\$	639	\$	646	\$	7	1.1%	\$	646
Operating Capital		37		36		36		0	0.0%		36
Total Operating Budget		620		675		682		7	1.0%		682
One 'tal Bushest		0.000		0				^	N1/A		0
Capital Budget		6,890		0		0		0	N/A		0
Total Budget	\$	7,510	\$	675	\$	682	\$	7	1.0%	\$	682

TOTAL ALLOCATIONS BY FISCAL YEAR AND ACCOUNT CATEGORY



RESOURCES FOR BUDGET

1080 General Fund 2910 Short-Term Capital Fund **TOTAL**

			Percent	FY 19			
	FY 18		Diff. From	FINANCIAL			
	BUDGET		FY 17 Orig.		PLAN		
	\$	646	1.1%	\$	646		
		36	0.0%		36		
l	\$	682		\$	682		
-			_				

FY 18 CHANGES FOR OPERATION		
Benefit and compensation adjustments	\$	7
Capital additions/replacements:		
a. Utility vehicle		22
b. Shop Bulk Storage		6
c. Pull behind blower		8
d. Adjustment to eliminate previous year's capital		(36)
TOTAL OPERATING CHANGES	\$	7

FY 19 CHANGES FOR OPERATION

No major changes in operations expected in FY19.

BOK Arena & Convention Center

Department Budget Summary

FY 2017-2018

Mission Statement

To provide professional management to administer, operate, market and maintain the Cox Business Center and BOK Center for the presentation and enjoyment of events involving entertainment, education and cultural, sports, religion, banquets, dances and conventions.

Overview of Services

Opened in 1964, the Cox Business Center (formerly the Tulsa Convention Center) has accommodated over 25 million people and more than 20,000 events. With an impressive expansion completed in January 2010, the Tulsa Convention Center's Tulsa Ballroom is the largest in Oklahoma.

Opened in 2008, the BOK Center is Tulsa's state-of-the-art sports and entertainment venue. The 19,199 seat arena is the home of the ECHL's Tulsa Oilers. BOK Center was designed to host major concerts, family shows, sporting events, ice shows and other types of world-class entertainment.

The 565,000 square-foot BOK Center and the 227,000 square-foot Cox Business Center make a huge impact on the community and attract world-class events to Tulsa.

Goals

- 1. Welcome patrons to City of Tulsa event centers and the downtown Tulsa area.
 - **Objective 1.1:** Welcome a minimum of 950,000 attendees to event centers per year.
- **2.** Maintain an active schedule of performances and other events.
 - **Objective 2.1:** Gross a minimum of \$18 million in ticket sales per year.
 - **Objective 2.2:** Schedule and service a minimum of 575 event days/performances annually.

BOK Arena & Convention Center

Performance Measures	FY 15-16 Actual	FY 16-17 Target	FY 16-17 Estimate	FY 17-18 Target	
1.1.1: # of attendees to event centers per year	1,057,590	950,000	1,000,000	950,000	
2.1.1: Gross ticket sales per year	\$16,902,142	\$22,000,000	\$20,000,000	\$18,000,000	
2.2.1: # of attended events scheduled and serviced annually	609	550	600	575	

Budget Strategy Overview

The FY18 BOK Center & Convention Center budget is set to meet the service levels and key performance indicators outlined above.

The City Experience

- SMG (the management company that operates both BOK Center and Cox Business Center) works to develop unique programming and maintain a booking calendar to provide Tulsans with quality entertainment options.
- BOK Center has emerged as one of the nation's premiere concert venues and is consistently ranked as a top venue for ticket sales. SMG is working to develop a concert calendar for FY18 that will feature stellar musicians representing a wide variety of genres of music and also a compelling line-up that will complement the arena's 10th Anniversary Celebration. The venue has also developed a strong relationship with the Big 12 Conference and will host the Big 12 Wrestling Championships in FY18.
- Cox Business Center and SMG work diligently with Visit Tulsa to lure national convention and expo business to the city as well as sporting events like USA Gymnastics, wrestling, soccer, and cheer competitions. SMG also programs the Tulsa Ballroom with several ticketed comedy and family shows each year featuring national entertainers.
- SMG also has developed a portfolio of in-house produced special events that enliven downtown every year while enhancing quality of life for all Tulsans. The marquee event is Arvest Winterfest which welcomes over 125,000 visitors annually for ice skating on a 9000sf outdoor ice rink beneath the skyline. SMG-produced special events in total bring an additional 250,000 visitors to the venue every single year.

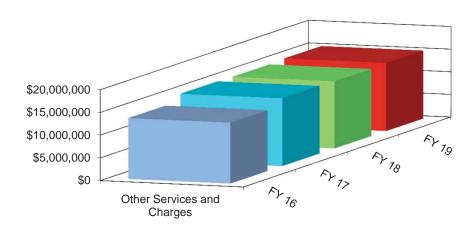
BOK ARENA & COX BUSINESS CENTER

BUDGET HIGHLIGHTS FY 2017 - 2018 & FY 2018 - 2019

(amounts expressed in thousands)

						_		Joliar	Percent		FY 19
	FY 16		FY 17		FY 18 Diff. From		Diff. From	FINANCIAL			
ACTUAL		OF	RIGINAL	В	UDGET	FY	FY 17 Orig. FY 17 Orig.		PLAN		
Operating Budget											
Other Services and Charges	\$	13,404	\$	14,915	\$	14,812	\$	(103)	-0.7%	\$	15,037
Total Budget	\$	13,404	\$	14,915	\$	14,812	\$	(103)	-0.7%	\$	15,037

TOTAL ALLOCATIONS BY FISCAL YEAR AND ACCOUNT CATEGORY



RESOURCES FOR BUDGET

Event Income
Other Operating Income
2810 Convention Fund
TOTAL

	Percent	FY 19			
FY 18	Diff. From	FINANCIAL			
BUDGET	FY 17 Orig.	Orig. PLAN			
8,833	-0.7%		8,833		
3,589	3.2%		3,814		
2,390	-5.9%		2,390		
\$ 14,812		\$	15,037		

FY 18 CHANGES FOR OPERATION

1. Changes in operation

TOTAL OPERATING CHANGES

AMOUNT							
\$	(103)						
\$	(103)						

FY 19 CHANGES FOR OPERATION

No major changes in operations expected in FY19.

TOTAL OPERATING AND CAPITAL BUDGET (IN MILLIONS) FY 17-18

READER'S GUIDE TO DEPARTMENTAL HIGHLIGHTS



\$197.5 PUBLIC SAFETY AND PROTECTION

Municipal Court

Police

Fire

EMSA

Tulsa Area Emergency Management Agency

\$30.2 CULTURAL DEVELOPMENT AND RECREATION

Park and Recreation

Gilcrease Museum

Performing Arts Center

River Parks Authority

BOK and Convention Centers

\$29.7 SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

YOU ARE HERE

Mayor's Office of Economic Development

Working in Neighborhoods

Planning and Development

\$347.4 PUBLIC WORKS AND TRANSPORTATION

Engineering Services

Streets and Stormwater

Water and Sewer

Tulsa Transit

\$117.2 ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPORT SERVICES

Elected Officials

Mayor's Office

City Auditor

City Council

Mayor's Office of Human Rights

Legal

Human Resources

Workers' Compensation

General Government

Indian Nations Council of Governments (INCOG)

Finance

Information Technology

Customer Care

Communications

Asset Management

\$99.2 TRANSFERS TO OTHER FUNDS

\$129.5 DEBT SERVICE

Economic Development

Department Budget Summary

FY 2017-2018

Mission Statement

To work proactively to promote, encourage and facilitate the development of responsible and properly planned business growth within the community in order to expand and strengthen the local economy and to diversify the community's tax base. Provide support and advice for planning and management of improvement, maintenance and marketing of Downtown Tulsa and develop Downtown Tulsa as a vibrant center for living, commerce, arts, entertainment and education.

Overview of Services

The Mayor's Office of Economic Development was created in March 2014 to prioritize economic development and maximize collaboration between multiple teams working for the higher goal of economic development.

Services include:

- Downtown Coordinating Council staffing and support to increase economic development within the Inner Dispersal Loop (IDL)
- Oversight of the Tulsa Regional Chamber's contractual obligations
- Coordination of development efforts with the Economic Development Commission and Tulsa Regional Chamber
- Management of Brownfields Program grant funds to assist in redevelopment of brownfield sites,
- Retail marketing and impact analysis for economic development incentive applications.

Goals

- 1. Provide technical assistance and guidance to businesses, entrepreneurs and developers to maximize the likelihood of success related to population and job metrics.
 - **Objective 1.1:** Support new businesses, entrepreneurs, and developers in production increase.
 - **Objective 1.2:** Assist in new and expanded developments downtown.
 - **Objective 1.3:** Contribute to increase in median household income.

Mayor's Office of

Economic Development

Objective 1.4: Assist in the commercial permitting process to ensure Tulsa is business-friendly city.

Objective 1.5: Facilitate TIF districts that will lead to increases in sales tax generation.

2. Attract and retain retail businesses.

Objective 2.1: Attend annual ICSC events

Objective 2.2: Maintain good relationships with commercial brokers

Objective 2.3: Facilitate creation of Business Associations within Tulsa

3. Reduce vacancy rates of existing retail spaces.

Objective 3.1: Create development tools to help market vacant space and incentivize development and utilization of vacant retail centers

Performance Measures	FY 15-16 Actual	FY 16-17 Target	FY 16-17 Estimate	FY 17-18 Target
1.1.1: # of new businesses, entrepreneurs and developers who increased production	New Metric	New Metric	New Metric	New Metric
1.2.1: Value of developments (new and expansion) assisted by MOED	New Metric	New Metric	New Metric	\$25.5MM
1.3.1: +/- change in Median Household Income (ACS data and projections)	New Metric	New Metric	\$42,284	New Metric
1.4.1: Increase in total value of COT issued commercial permits	New Metric	New Metric	\$303,480,778	New Metric
1.4.2: Total # of COT issued Commercial Permits	1397	No Target	1350	No Target
1.5.1: Increase in Assessed TIF Values	New Metric	New Metric	New Metric	New Metric
1.5.2: Increase in sales tax from TIFs	New Metric	New Metric	New Metric	New Metric

Mayor's Office of

Economic Development

Performance Measures	FY 15-16 Actual	FY 16-17 Target	FY 16-17 Estimate	FY 17-18 Target
1.5.3: TIF Project expenditures	New Metric	New Metric	New Metric	New Metric
2.1.1: # of ICSC events attended	New Metric	New Metric	New Metric	2
2.2.1: # of annual broker meetings	New Metric	New Metric	New Metric	15
2.3.1: # of new business associations	New Metric	New Metric	New Metric	3
3.1.1: Retail space vacancy rate	New Metric	New Metric	New Metric	No Target ¹

¹The department is currently working to revise strategies and targets for this metric. Data will be tracked and collected through FY 17-18 and a realistic target, based upon up to date strategies, will be set with the FY 18-19 Budget.

Budget Strategy Overview

Under a new Mayor and Chief of Economic Development, the department will work in FY18 to finalize a variety of strategies to impact objectives related to **Well-Being**, **Opportunities**, and **City Experience**. Recruitment of new retail businesses and additional support to existing business will help grow Tulsa's population and increase the labor force participation rate. Assistance to developments will ensure that Tulsa is a world-class city where more businesses want to operate and more families want to live.

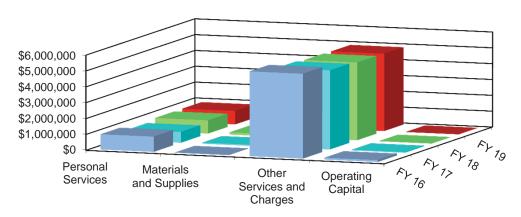
MAYOR'S OFFICE OF ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

BUDGET HIGHLIGHTS FY 2017 - 2018 & FY 2018 - 2019

(amounts expressed in thousands)

						_		Oollar	Percent		FY 19
	F	Y 16	F	Y 17	F	Y 18	Dif	f. From	Diff. From	FIN	NANCIAL
	AC	CTUAL	OR	IGINAL	В	JDGET	FY	17 Orig.	FY 17 Orig.		PLAN
Operating Budget							-				
Personal Services	\$	965	\$	680	\$	836	\$	156	22.9%	\$	845
Materials and Supplies		31		68		138		70	102.9%		68
Other Services and Charges		5,347		4,989		4,905		(84)	-1.7%		4,881
Operating Capital		119		37		0		(37)	-100.0%		0
Total Budget	\$	6,462	\$	5,774	\$	5,879	\$	105	1.8%	\$	5,794
						_					
Capital Budget		0		0		1,200		1,200	N/A		175
Total Budget	\$	6,462	\$	5,774	\$	7,079	\$	1,305	22.6%	\$	5,969

TOTAL ALLOCATIONS BY FISCAL YEAR AND ACCOUNT CATEGORY



RESOURCES FOR BUDGET

1080 General Fund

2710 Economic Development Commission Fund

2720 Convention & Visitors Fund

4102 Tulsa Stadium Improvement District

6015 2016 Tulsa Ecnomic Vision Fund

TOTAL

		Percent	FY 19			
F	Y 18	Diff. From	FINANCIAL			
BU	JDGET	FY 17 Orig.		PLAN		
\$	444	32.5%	\$	454		
	357	-0.3%		357		
	3,714	-2.7%		3,714		
	1,364	8.1%		1,269		
	1,200	N/A		175		
\$	7,079		\$	5,969		

FY 18 CHANGES FOR OPERATION		AMO	DUNT
Benefit and compensation adjustments		\$	26
2. FY18 Position Add: Deputy Director			104
3. Independent Employment Services moved between Account Groups			0
a. Personal Service Account Group	26		
b. Other Service Account Group	(26)		
4. Economic model software update every other year			(5)
5. Promotion and Marketing Services - Convention and Visitor's Fund		(105)
Tulsa Stadium Improvement District			122
a. Security and Other Services	20		
b. Roadway Lighting Repairs (one-time)	75		
c. Advertising (one-time)	25		
d. Water Internal billing	2		

FY 18 CHANGES FOR OPERATION (continued)	AMOUNT
7. Capital additions/replacements:	
 a. Adjustment to eliminate previous year's capital 	\$ (37)
TOTAL OPERATING CHANGES	\$ 105
CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS PROJECTS	
Commercial revitalization along Route 66	\$ 1,200
TOTAL CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS PROJECTS CHANGES	1,200
TOTAL CHANGES	\$ 1,305

FY 19 CHANGES FOR OPERATION

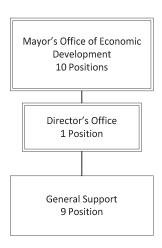
No major changes in operations expected in FY19.

MAYOR'S OFFICE OF ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

STAFFING SUMMARY

OCCUPATIONAL DESCRIPTION		NUMBER OF DRIZED POS		NUMBER OF FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT AUTHORIZED POSITIONS			
	FY 17	FY 18	FY 19	FY 17	FY 18	FY 19	
Director's Office							
Unclassified	1	1	1	1.0	1.0	1.0	
Total Director's Office	1	1	1	1.0	1.0	1.0	
General Support							
Administrative & Technical	4	4	4	4.0	4.0	4.0	
Exempt/Professional	3	4	4	3.0	4.0	4.0	
Office & Technical	1	1	1	1.0	1.0	1.0	
Total General Support	8	9	9	8.0	9.0	9.0	
DEPARTMENT TOTAL	9	10	10	9.0	10.0	10.0	

• ORGANIZATION CHART •



Department Budget Summary

FY 2017-2018

Mission Statement

To promote community education, develop and sustain private-public partnerships that encourage neighborhood revitalization, enhance public safety and healthy living, while improving the quality of life of all residents within the City of Tulsa

Overview of Services

The Working in Neighborhoods (WIN) department was created in October 2006 to focus on the following areas: Housing, Neighborhood Services, Neighborhood Investigations (Code Enforcement) and Animal Welfare. Primary functions of the department include:

- Providing housing programs that maintain the City's affordable housing stock by: assisting homeowners with emergency housing repairs and rehabilitation; preventing early institutionalization of the elderly; creating incentives for development of affordable housing in partnership with other neighborhood revitalization initiatives; and revitalizing neighborhoods by addressing substandard housing through replacement, property maintenance and demolition.
- Increasing opportunities for neighborhood reinvestment by: developing database and mapping system to identify, target and prioritize neighborhood needs; serving as the contact between residents and the City in coordinating the delivery of public/private resources and services to benefit neighborhoods; and establishing neighborhood associations and/or block groups to stabilize and improve neighborhood environments such as public safety, education and economic development
- Promote voluntary compliance and enforcement of City nuisance codes by: assisting residents wanting to voluntarily correct code violations; providing a fair and unbiased enforcement program to correct nuisance violations and land use requirements; providing opportunities to residents and neighborhood groups wanting to participate in neighborhood enhancements initiatives.
- Providing for the efficient and effective operation of the animal shelter and animal services in the field by: providing a safe, healthy environment for companion animals in the community; supporting and educating neighborhood residents on responsible pet ownership and codes; and providing increased opportunities for adoption of animals.

Goals

1. Continue to work toward the elimination of substandard housing in Tulsa.

Objective 1.1.1: Reduce the number of substandard, vacant and abandoned housing in Tulsa that violates minimum property maintenance standards or identified as nuisances.

- **Objective 1.2.1:** Identify property owners with repeated violations of property maintenance and nuisance codes.
- **Objective 1.3.1:** Continue to monitor EMSA's Medical Service Program's Opt Out requirements for multifamily apartment units.
- 2. Increase opportunities for public/private re-investment to stabilize and improve neighborhoods.
 - **Objective 2.1.1:** Utilize a neighborhood-mapping database to prioritize the delivery of public/private resources to help strengthen, rebuilding and sustain Tulsa's older urban neighborhoods.
 - **Objective 2.2.1:** Facilitate neighborhood enhancement initiatives in partnership with citizen volunteers to help area residents and neighborhood groups, identify and solve neighborhood issues and concerns.
 - **Objective 2.3.1:** Encourage new housing type such as affordable workforce housing, special needs housing, appropriate infill housing.
- **3.** Implement a proactive education program designed to enhance code compliance, collaboration and coordination of public/private services throughout the City's neighborhoods.
 - **Objective 3.1.1:** Educate residents and commercial property owners on prevention of code violations and ways to promote the public safety of Tulsa neighborhoods by bringing 1200 code violations to voluntary compliance per month.
 - **Objective 3.2.1:** Investigate code complaints professionally and in a timely manner.
 - **Objective 3.3**.1: Utilize citations and mediation to encourage quicker code compliance.
 - **Objective 3.4.1:** Identify property owners with repeated violations of property maintenance and nuisance codes.
- **4.** Implement a proactive education program designed to promote spaying and neutering of animals.
 - **Objective 4.1.1:** Reduce the number of animals euthanized at Tulsa Animal Welfare by 5%.
 - **Objective 4.2.1:** Increase the number of live exits of animals from Tulsa Animal Welfare by 10%
 - Objective 4.3.1: Reduce animal intake at Tulsa Animal Welfare by 5%.
 - **Objective 4.4.1:** Increase the number of pet licenses issued annually by 20%

Performance Metrics	FY 15-16 Actual	FY 16-17 Target	FY 16-17 Estimate	FY 17-18 Target				
1.1.1: Total # of substandard and/or dangerous structure cases investigated per month	52	45	45	45				
1.2.1: Average # of housing rehabilitations per month	23	27	27	27				
1.2.2: Average # of housing demolitions per month	32	25	25	15				
1.3.1: Total # of EMSA Opt Out reviews performed per month	20	15	15	15				
2.1.1: Number of neighborhoods that have undergone a mapping process per year	4	3	3	3				
2.1.2: Number of neighborhoods clean-up initiative per year	20	20	25	25				
2.1.3: Number of housing types built/replaced in targeted NET areas per year	New Measurement	New Measurement	New Measurement	3				
3.1.1: Average # of voluntary compliance of code violations per month	1,100	1,000	1,200	1,200				
3.2.1: Total # of code violation cases investigated per month	700	700	700	700				
3.3.1: Total # of cases resolved through use of citations	New Measurement	New Measurement	New Measurement	180				
3.4.1: Total # of summary abatement cases investigated per month	100	100	120	120				
4.1.1: % reduction of animals euthanized at TAW	15% reduction	13% reduction	15% reduction	15% reduction				

4.2.1.: Average length of stay a. before live exit b. before euthanasia	a13% b. +17%	a11% b. +10%	a12% b. +15%	c12% d. +15%
4.2.2: % of live exits of	10%	8%	10%	10%
animals from TAW	increase	Increase	Increase	Increase
4.3.1: % reduction of	5%	5%	5%	5%
animal intake at TAW	Reduction	Reduction	Reduction	Reduction
4.4.1: % increase of licensed pets	New Measurement	25%	25%	50%

Budget Strategy Overview

Resources allocated to Working in Neighborhoods will be dedicated to neighborhood stabilization, public safety, beautification, economic development and enforcement of City codes. Additionally, these resources will support the Mayor's, Tulsa City Council's and Citizen's survey priorities including: Well-Being, Opportunity, City Experience and Inside City Hall. WIN's goal is to enhance the delivery of public service which helps build sustainable neighborhoods while maintaining or reducing cost. Performance measures will be reevaluated and adjusted as necessary during FY18. It should be noted that due to budget constraints realized in the General Fund in FY15, FY16 and FY17 and; the mandate to departments to maintain current FY17 funding levels for their FY18 budgets, the WIN department without financial resources will continue to experience challenges in meeting current service levels and key performance indicators listed above.

On a positive noted, during FY17 WIN implemented a new strategy for investigating and responding to code complaints/violations by modifying its City Council based system to a zone base system. This change has shorted both the time it takes to investigate a violations and the actual time to have the violation abated. Additionally, WIN remains committed to exploring new methods and strategies that will allow a more pro-active approach to addressing code violations that have plagued neighborhoods for years, i.e., illegally parked cars, illegal businesses and other zoning violations. Staff is currently streamlining its process for the issuance of citation which is on target to be fully implemented in FY18.

Below are the performance measurements WIN will use in support of the strategic goal areas outlined by the Mayor.

Well Being

- Affordable safe and healthy housing improves life expectancy and increase equity through homeownership.
 - Number of dangerous/dilapidate structures demolished.
 - ° Number of houses saved through emergency repair and rehab.

 Number of substandard houses cases resolved through enforcement of property maintenance code.

Opportunity

- Stabilizing neighborhoods contributes to population growth and increase high school graduation rate.
 - Number of neighborhood and citywide volunteers recruited.
 - Number of neighborhood enhancement/clean-up initiatives.
 - Number of new and sustained neighborhood associations/block groups/others.

The City Experience

- Build upon inter-department collaboration to address neighborhoods public safety concerns
 - Number of vacant, abandon houses investigated.
 - Number of reduced nuisance violations through voluntary compliance.
 - Reduction in unlicensed animals.

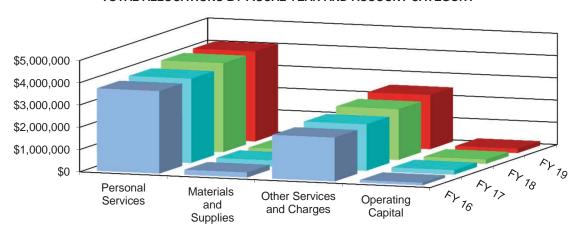
WORKING IN NEIGHBORHOODS

BUDGET HIGHLIGHTS FY 2017 - 2018 & FY 2018 - 2019

(amounts expressed in thousands)

						_	D	ollar	Percent	F	Y 19
	FY 16 ACTUAL		FY 17 ORIGINAL		FY 18 BUDGET		Diff. From FY 17 Orig.		Diff. From FY 17 Orig.	FINANCIAI PLAN	
Operating Budget											
Personal Services	\$	3,707	\$	3,783	\$	4,000	\$	217	5.7%	\$	4,053
Materials and Supplies		229		272		255		(17)	-6.2%		255
Other Services and Charges		1,969		2,081		2,280		199	9.6%		2,440
Operating Capital		118		197		197		0	0.0%		197
Total Budget	\$	6,023	\$	6,333	\$	6,732	\$	399	6.3%	\$	6,945

TOTAL ALLOCATIONS BY FISCAL YEAR AND ACCOUNT CATEGORY



			Percent	ŀ	-Y 19
		FY 18	Diff. From	FIN	ANCIAL
RESOURCES FOR BUDGET	В	JDGET	FY 17 Orig.	F	PLAN
1080 General Fund	\$	4,899	5.0%	\$	4,946
2910 Short-Term Capital Fund		197	0.0%		197
5561 Home Investment Partnership Program		300	N/A		300
5565 Community Development Block Grant Fund		1,261	-9.7%		1,426
7060 EMSA Enterprise Fund		75	2.7%		76
TOTAL	\$	6.732		\$	6.945

18 CHANGES FOR OPERATION	AM	IOUNT
Benefit and compensation adjustments	\$	217
2. HUD Grants		164
a. Home Investment Partnership Program (HOME) 300		
b. Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) (136)		
3. Materials, supplies and other services		18
a. Animal Welfare Saving the Pets of Tulsa (SPOT) program 16		
b. Miscellaneous adjustments to materials and services 2		
4. Capital additions/replacements:		
a. Ruggedized laptop computers (28), truck chasis (2),		197
animal box with hydraulic lift (2)		
b. Adjustment to eliminate previous year's capital		(197)
TOTAL OPERATING CHANGES	\$	399

FY 19 CHANGES FOR OPERATION

FY

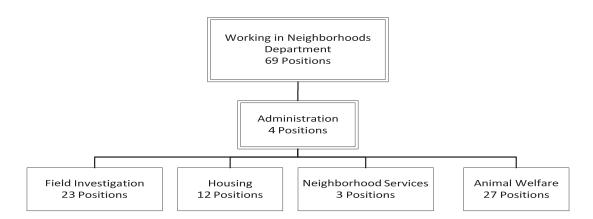
No major changes anticipated for FY19

WORKING IN NEIGHBORHOODS

STAFFING SUMMARY

					NUMBER OF	:		
	· ·	NUMBER OF		FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT				
OCCUPATIONAL DESCRIPTION		RIZED POS		AUTHORIZED POSITIONS				
	<u>FY 17</u>	<u>FY 18</u>	<u>FY 19</u>	<u>FY 17</u>	<u>FY 18</u>	<u>FY 19</u>		
Administration								
Exempt/Professional	3	3	3	2.0	3.0	3.0		
Office & Technical	1	1	1	0.0	1.0	1.0		
Total Administration	4	4	4	2.0	4.0	4.0		
Field Investigations								
Administrative & Technical	2	2	2	2.0	2.0	2.0		
Exempt/Professional	3	3	3	3.0	3.0	3.0		
Office & Technical	18	18	18	17.0	18.0	18.0		
Total Field Investigations	23	23	23	22.0	23.0	23.0		
Neighborhood Services								
Administrative & Technical	3	3	3	3.0	3.0	3.0		
Total Neighborhood Services	3	3	3	3.0	3.0	3.0		
Animal Welfare								
Administrative & Technical	3	3	3	3.0	3.0	3.0		
Exempt/Professional	4	4	4	4.0	4.0	4.0		
Labor & Trades	17	17	17	19.0	17.0	17.0		
Office & Technical	3	3	3	2.0	3.0	3.0		
Total Animal Welfare	27	27	27	28.0	27.0	27.0		
Housing								
Administrative & Technical	3	3	3	3.0	3.0	3.0		
Exempt/Professional	2	2	2	2.0	2.0	2.0		
Office & Technical	7	7	7	7.0	6.5	6.5		
Total Housing	12	12	12	12.0	11.5	11.5		
TOTAL	69	69	69	67.0	68.5	68.5		

• ORGANIZATION CHART •



Planning & Development

Department Budget Summary

FY 2017-2018

Mission Statement

To assist Tulsans in improving their lives, neighborhoods and community by planning for efficient and sustainable development and providing dependable, cost effective, high-quality customer services while assisting the public in achieving their development goals without compromising the ordinances of the City of Tulsa.

Overview of Services

The Planning and Development department was created by the Mayor in April 2011The department is responsible for the implementation of the City's comprehensive plan and development permitting including infrastructure and building plan review and inspection services for all private development within the City of Tulsa.

The department coordinates current planning services through the Indian Nations Council of Governments (INCOG) and supports development-related authorities, boards and commissions including the Tulsa Development Authority, Tulsa Parking Authority, Tulsa Metropolitan Planning Commission, City of Tulsa Board of Adjustment and others.

Goals

- 1. Implement PLANiTULSA, the City of Tulsa's comprehensive plan.
 - **Objective 1.1:** Complete or update small area planning for at least twokey areas to jump-start priority projects and initiatives.
 - **Objective 1.2:** Implement tools, programs and regulations recommended in the comprehensive plan and subsequent small area plans.
 - **Objective 1.3:** Conduct education and outreach activities to inform the community about PLANiTULSA.
- 2. Promote economic development while protecting public safety.
 - **Objective 2.1:** Issue permits and conduct inspections for customers within established timeframes.
- **3.** Efficiently facilitate required historic preservation review processes to support both public and private investment in historic properties and districts citywide, in accordance with the Comprehensive Plan and the goals of Chapter 10A of the zoning code.
 - **Objective 3.1:** Assist Working in Neighborhoods and Grants Administration efforts by processing at least 250 applications under Section 106 Review for federally-funded actions.

Planning & Development

Objective 3.2: Assist owners of historic properties by facilitating 60 applications for Certificates of Appropriateness in Historic Preservation Zoning Districts.

Performance Metrics	FY 15-16 Actual	FY 16-17 Target	FY 16-17 Estimate	FY 17- 18 Target
1.1.1: # of small area plans created or updated by 6/30/16	2	3	2	2
1.2.1: # of tools, programs and regulations created that were recommended in the comprehensive plan and subsequent small area plans.	5	5	5	5
1.3.1: # of education and outreach activities conducted to inform the community about PLANiTULSA	3	4	5	5
1.2.2: # of housekeeping amendments initiated by staff to reflect legislative actions (zoning changes, adopted plans, etc.)	5	4	25	5
2.1.1: Average # of working days for plans review	10	8	10	10
2.1.2: Average # of calendar days to issue permits for commercial projects under \$1 million	30	43	35	35
2.1.3: Average # of working days to complete IDP reviews	7	7	7	7
2.1.4: Average # of inspections performed per day per inspector	15	12	15	13
3.1.1: # of Historic Preservation Section 106 applications processed annually	260	330	300	300
3.2.1: # of permits granted for Historic Preservation work under Certificate of Appropriateness processed annually	60	70	75	65

Planning & Development

Budget Strategy Overview

Well-Being

 Ensuring a safe built environment is a daily priority for the Development Services division. Reviewing plans and inspecting development sites for compliance with building and safety codes will continue to be a core service. Updating the City's antiquated permit and license system will offer a new and improved platform for customers and staff to use for managing the development process in a more efficient and transparent manner.

Opportunity

- Population growth is dependent upon the development of new housing units as well as the redevelopment of properties that are not operating at their full potential. Improvements to subdivision and landscape regulations are planned for FY18 that will result in development that matches the community's vision for the future as expressed in PLANiTULSA.
- A two-day workshop presented as part of a Smart Growth Technical Assistance grant will provide valuable knowledge about repositioning property for fiscal sustainability. Desired growth will be further informed by a city-wide retail study (funded by Vision 2025) that outlines strategies and possible programs for commercial revitalization throughout Tulsa. Quality development with the highest possible return on investment of public funds will ensure continued opportunities for our citizens and visitors.

The City Experience

 The Planning Division will develop a Strategic Mobility Plan (funded through Improve our Tulsa) to establish a methodology for prioritizing transportation projects based on community values and the highest possible return on investment. Safe and accessible streets are necessary to support appropriate growth and options for all modes of transportation.

PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT

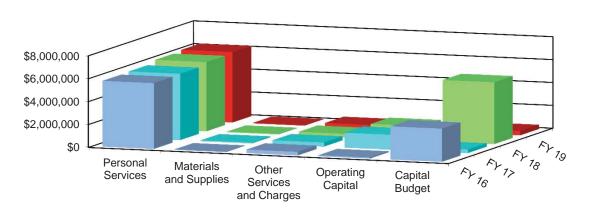
BUDGET HIGHLIGHTS

FY 2017 - 2018 & FY 2018 - 2019

(amounts expressed in thousands)

						_	D	ollar	Percent	F	FY 19								
	FY 16		FY 16 FY 17		FY 18		Diff. From		Diff. From	FIN	ANCIAL								
	A	CTUAL	ORIGINAL		ORIGINAL		ORIGINAL		ORIGINAL		ORIGINAL		BUDGET		FY '	17 Orig.	FY 17 Orig.	F	PLAN
Operating Budget																			
Personal Services	\$	5,750	\$	5,792	\$	6,047	\$	255	4.4%	\$	6,154								
Materials and Supplies		46		58		48		(10)	-17.2%		49								
Other Services and Charges		310		345		317		(28)	-8.1%		318								
Operating Capital		99		1,284		1,284		0	0.0%		94								
Total Operating Budget		6,205		7,479		7,696		217	2.9%		6,615								
Capital Budget		2,900		300		5,400		5,100	>500.0%		375								
Total Budget	\$	9,105	\$	7,779	\$	13,096	\$	5,317	68.4%	\$	6,990								
					_					_									

TOTAL ALLOCATIONS BY FISCAL YEAR AND ACCOUNT CATEGORY



RESOURCES FOR BUDGET 1080 General Fund 2750 Streets and Transit Fund

2910 Short-Term Capital Fund

6014 2014 Sales Tax Fund

6015 2016 Tulsa Economic Vision Fund

TOTAL

EV 40 Diff From FINIANCIA	FY 18			Percent		FY 19				
FY 18 DITT. From FINANCIA		FY 18		Diff. From	FIN	FINANCIAL				
BUDGET FY 17 Orig. PLAN	BUDGET		BUDGET	FY 17 Orig.		PLAN				
\$ 6,412 3.5% \$ 6,52°	6,412	\$	\$ 6,412	3.5%	\$	6,521				
1,200 0.0%	1,200		1,200	0.0%		0				
84 0.0% 94	84		84	0.0%		94				
4,200 >500.0% 200	4,200		4,200	>500.0%		200				
,				N/A		175				
\$ 13,096	13,096	\$	\$ 13,096		\$	6,990				

18 CHANGES FOR OPERATION		AM	IOUNT	
Benefit and compensation adjustments		\$	255	
2. Miscellaneous			(5)	
3. Internal equipment management services			(33)	
4. Street Maintenance and PublicTransportation Sales Tax (carried over from FY17)			1,200	
a. Structured Parking Study	300			
b. Public Space and Streetscape	150			
c. Transit System Study and Traffic Plan	750			
5. Capital additions/replacements:				
a. Utility vehicle (3)			84	
b. Adjustment to eliminate previous year's capital			(1,284)	
TOTAL OPERATING CHANGES		\$	217	266
Departmental Highlights 4-75				

CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS PROJECTS				
1. Projects in 6014 2014 Sales Tax Fund				
a. Corridor and Small Area Planning	\$	450		
 b. Phase I – Northland Strategic Acquisition and Street Improvements 		3,750		
2. Citywide Beautification and Reinvestment along Rt 66		1,200		
3. Adjustment to eliminate previous year's capital projects		(300)		
TOTAL CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS PROJECTS CHANGES		5,100		
TOTAL CHANGES	\$	5,317		

FY 19 CHANGES FOR OPERATION

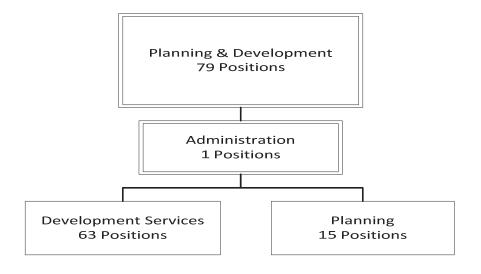
No major changes in operations expected in FY19.

PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT

STAFFING SUMMARY

OCCUPATIONAL DESCRIPTION		NUMBER OF DRIZED POS		FULL-1	NUMBER OF TIME EQUIV PRIZED POSI	ALENT
	FY 17	FY 18	FY 19	<u>FY 17</u>	FY 18	FY 19
Director's Office						
Exempt/Professional	1	1	1	1.0	1.0	1.0
Total Director's Office	1	1	1	1.0	1.0	1.0
Planning						
Administrative & Technical	7	7	7	7.0	7.0	7.0
Exempt/Professional	8	8	8	8.0	8.0	8.0
Office & Technical	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Planning	15	15	15	15.0	15.0	15.0
Development Services Administration						
Administrative & Technical	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Exempt/Professional	2	2	2	2.0	2.0	2.0
Office & Technical	1	3	3	1.0	3.0	3.0
Total Administration	3	5	5	3.0	5.0	5.0
Permitting Services						
Administrative & Technical	13	12	12	13.0	12.0	12.0
Exempt/Professional	10	11	11	10.0	11.0	11.0
Office & Technical	10	9	9	10.0	9.0	9.0
Total Permitting Services	33	32	32	33.0	32.0	32.0
Inspection Services		0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Administrative & Technical Exempt/Professional	6 4	6 4	6 4	6.0 4.0	6.0 4.0	6.0 4.0
Office & Technical	17	16	16	4.0 17.0	16.0	16.0
Total Inspection Services	27	26	26	27.0	26.0	26.0
<u>-</u>	63	63	63	63.0	63.0	63.0
Total Development Services						
TOTAL	<u>79</u>	<u>79</u>	<u>79</u>	<u>79.0</u>	<u>79.0</u>	<u>79.0</u>

• ORGANIZATION CHART •



TOTAL OPERATING AND CAPITAL BUDGET (IN MILLIONS) FY 17-18

READER'S GUIDE TO DEPARTMENTAL HIGHLIGHTS

\$197.5 PUBLIC SAFETY AND PROTECTION

Municipal Court

Police

Fire

EMSA

Tulsa Area Emergency Management Agency

\$30.2 CULTURAL DEVELOPMENT AND RECREATION

Park and Recreation

Gilcrease Museum

Performing Arts Center

River Parks Authority

BOK and Convention Centers

\$29.7 SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Mayor's Office of Economic Development

Working in Neighborhoods

Planning and Development

\$347.4 PUBLIC WORKS AND TRANSPORTATION

YOU ARE HERE

Engineering Services

Streets and Stormwater

Water and Sewer

Tulsa Transit

\$117.4 ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPORT SERVICES

Elected Officials

Mayor's Office

City Auditor

City Council

Mayor's Office of Human Rights

Legal

Human Resources

Workers' Compensation

General Government

Indian Nations Council of Governments (INCOG)

Finance

Information Technology

Customer Care

Communications

Asset Management

\$99.2 TRANSFERS TO OTHER FUNDS

\$129.5 DEBT SERVICE

Engineering Services

Department Budget Summary

FY 2017-2018

Mission Statement

To provide our customers dependable, cost effective, high-quality services in the area of engineering and architectural services. Build a strong, positive public image, create and promote a safe, productive workforce and work environment by efficiently using all financial, human and material resources.

Overview of Services

The Engineering Services department plans, designs and field-inspects public improvement and capital projects for the benefit of the City of Tulsa. Engineering Services provides and/or administers planning, engineering/architectural design and construction quality assurance services for projects involving water systems, wastewater systems, transportation, stormwater, parks and all City departments.

Goals

- 1. Manage the planning, design and construction of public improvement and capital projects so that projects are completed on schedule and within budget, while ensuring engineering/architectural integrity and meeting all applicable local, state and federal rules and regulations.
 - **Objective 1.1:** Capital projects will be designed and right-of-way/easements acquired within the scheduled time frame.
 - **Objective 1.2:** Capital projects will be constructed within the scheduled time frame.
 - **Objective 1.3:** Capital projects will be completed within appropriated budgets.
 - **Objective 1.4:** Capital projects will be performed with the change order amounts at or less than amounts allowed by state statutes.
 - **Objective 1.5:** Design agreements will be executed within five months for projects funded for design in the fiscal year.
 - **Objective 1.6:** Capital project will pass one year maintenance period without major issues.
- 2. Increase efficiency of public construction projects bidding process.
 - **Objective 2.1:** Maintain current postings for all public construction projects' bid advertisement information on the City of Tulsa website, in local newspapers and in designated plan room locations.

Engineering Services

Objective 2.2: Contracts will be executed within four months of award of bid.

Performance Metrics	FY 15-16 Actual	FY 16-17 Target	FY 16-17 Estimate	FY 17-18 Target
1.1.1: % of capital projects designed, right-of-way easements acquired and utilities relocated within scheduled time frames	51%	80%	78%	80%
1.2.1: % of capital projects constructed within scheduled time frames	96.5%	90%	91%	90%
1.3.1: % of capital projects completed within appropriated budgets	100%	95%	100%	95%
1.4.1: Change order % for capital projects (State statute: Projects valued at: a) \$1,000,000 or less: 15% maximum; b) Above \$1,000,000: 10% maximum	8.2%	7%	1.2%	7%
1.5.1: % of design agreements that are executed within five months after funding is available.	81%	100%	89%	100%
1.6.1: % of capital projects that pass the one year maintenance period without major issues.	100%	100%	100%	100%
2.1.1: % of bid advertisements posted and updated in all locations	100%	95%	100%	95%
2.2.1: % of contracts executed within four months of the date a bid is awarded.	100%	100%	100%	100%

Budget Strategy Overview

Resources allocated to Engineering Services will be dedicated to Mayor and Tulsa City Council strategic planning customer outcomes of Well Being, Opportunity, and The City Experience. Priority/Emphasis is given to efficient government, public safety, and capital maintenance and improvements to City infrastructure. City infrastructure programs/projects involve: transportation, water and sewer, stormwater, cultural and recreational facilities, public safety, public facilities, and economic development. Engineering Services is funded by General and Enterprise funds.

Engineering Services

In FY18 Engineering Services will administer and manage approximately \$280.5 million in new funding for capital projects, from design to completion, for street improvements, rehabilitation and repairs, water and sewer system improvements, stormwater flood control and improvements to public facilities. The major funding sources for FY18 are: Improve Our Tulsa Sales Tax and Bond Issues: \$174 million; Water Enterprise and Bonds: \$55 million; Sewer Enterprise, Bonds, and Loans: \$46 million; and Stormwater Enterprise: \$5.5 million.

The Vision Tulsa program approved by voters in April 2016 represents Engineering Services project management and oversight responsibilities for economic development projects valued at \$76 million in FY18. Funding is based on 15 years of sales tax revenue with plans for advance funding approximately 80% of the economic development projects with revenue bonds.

ENGINEERING SERVICES

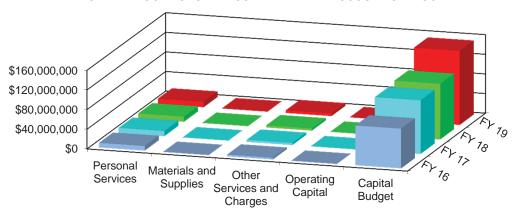
BUDGET HIGHLIGHTS

FY 2017 - 2018 & FY 2018 - 2019

(amounts expressed in thousands)

							Oollar	Percent	FY 19
I	FY 16		FY 17		FY 18	Dif	f. From	Diff. From	FINANCIAL
A	CTUAL	OF	RIGINAL	В	UDGET	FY	17 Orig.	FY 17 Orig.	PLAN
\$	9,461	\$	10,440	\$	11,019	\$	579	5.5%	\$ 11,172
	36		110		210		100	90.9%	210
	3,552		4,182		4,817		635	15.2%	5,428
	0		30		158		128	426.7%	158
	13,049		14,762		16,204		1,442	9.8%	16,968
	80,846		109,062		113,185		4,123	3.8%	150,976
\$	93,895	\$	123,824	\$	129,389	\$	5,565	4.5%	\$ 167,944
	A	36 3,552 0 13,049 80,846	* 9,461 \$ 36 3,552 0 13,049 80,846	ACTUAL ORIGINAL \$ 9,461 \$ 10,440 36 110 3,552 4,182 0 30 13,049 14,762 80,846 109,062	ACTUAL ORIGINAL B \$ 9,461 \$ 10,440 \$ 36 110 3,552 4,182 0 30 14,762 80,846 109,062 109,062	ACTUAL ORIGINAL BUDGET \$ 9,461 \$ 10,440 \$ 11,019 36 110 210 3,552 4,182 4,817 0 30 158 13,049 14,762 16,204 80,846 109,062 113,185	FY 16 ACTUAL FY 17 ORIGINAL FY 18 BUDGET Diff FY 18 BUDGET \$ 9,461 \$ 10,440 \$ 11,019 \$ 210 36 110 210 4,817 0 30 158 13,049 14,762 16,204 80,846 109,062 113,185	ACTUAL ORIGINAL BUDGET FY 17 Orig. \$ 9,461 \$ 10,440 \$ 11,019 \$ 579 36 110 210 100 3,552 4,182 4,817 635 0 30 158 128 13,049 14,762 16,204 1,442 80,846 109,062 113,185 4,123	FY 16 ACTUAL FY 17 ORIGINAL FY 18 BUDGET Diff. From FY 17 Orig. Diff. From FY 17 Orig. \$ 9,461 \$ 10,440 \$ 11,019 \$ 579 5.5% 36 110 210 100 90.9% 3,552 4,182 4,817 635 15.2% 0 30 158 128 426.7% 13,049 14,762 16,204 1,442 9.8% 80,846 109,062 113,185 4,123 3.8%

TOTAL ALLOCATIONS BY FISCAL YEAR AND ACCOUNT CATEGORY



	ı	Y 18	Diff. From	FINANCIAL
RESOURCES FOR BUDGET	Bl	JDGET	FY 17 Orig.	PLAN
1080 General Fund	\$	3,801	10.6%	\$ 3,849
7010 Stormwater Management Enterprise Fund		4,979	16.9%	5,637
7020 TMUA-Water Operating Fund		3,573	6.9%	3,604
7030 TMUA-Sewer Operating Fund		3,851	3.4%	3,878
6009 2006 Special Extended Sales Tax Fund		(382)	-117.4%	(382)
6014 2014 Sales Tax Fund		37,820	-34.8%	66,485
6015 2016 Tulsa Economic Vision Fund		14,620	N/A	26,115
6021 TMUA-Water Capital Projects Fund		39,135	32.7%	31,086
6031 TMUA-Sewer Capital Projects Fund		16,892	18.8%	22,672
6041 Stormwater Capital Projects Fund		5,100	-7.3%	5,000
	\$ 1	29,389		\$ 167,944

Percent

FY 19

275

18 CHANGES FOR OPERATION	AN	/IOUNT
Benefit and compensation adjustments	\$	579
2. Stormwater asset management system (inventory & condition)		600
3. Internal equipment management services, office services, subscribtions, and utilities		15
4. Indirect costs		20
5. Computer replacements/additions		100
6. Capital replacements/additions:		
a. Crew cab pickup, extended cab pickup (4)		158
b. Adjustment to eliminate previous year's capital		(30)
TOTAL OPERATING CHANGES	\$	1,442

CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS PROJECTS	Αľ	MOUNT
1. 6009 Special Extended Sales Tax Fund	\$	(382)
2. 2014 Sales Tax Fund		37,820
3. 2016 Tulsa Economic Vision Fund		14,620
4. Water Capital Fund 6021 projects		39,135
5. Wastewater Capital Fund 6031 projects		16,892
6. Stormwater Management Fund 6041 projects		5,100
7. Adjustment to eliminate previous year's capital projects	(1	109,062)
TOTAL CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS PROJECTS CHANGES	\$	4,123
TOTAL CHANGES	\$	5,565

FY 19 CHANGES FOR OPERATION

No major changes in operations expected in FY19.

ENGINEERING SERVICES

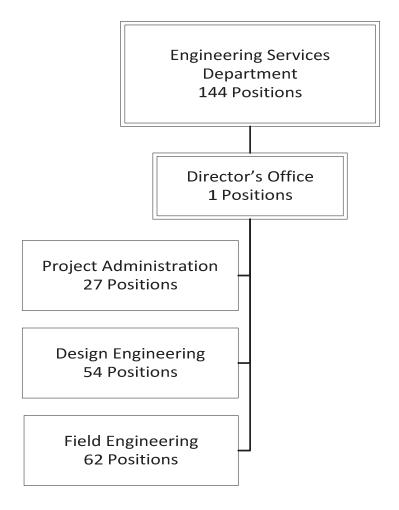
STAFFING SUMMARY

		NUMBER OF	:	NUMBER OF FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT				
OCCUPATIONAL DESCRIPTION		ORIZED POS		AUTHORIZED POSITIONS				
ENGINEERING SERVICES	FY 17	FY 18	FY 19	FY 17	FY 18	FY 19		
Admin Director								
Exempt/Professional	1	1	1	1.0	1.0	1.0		
Total Admin Director	1	1	1	1.0	1.0	1.0		
Design Engineering:								
Administrative & Technical	10	10	10	10.0	10.0	10.0		
Exempt/Professional	26	26	26	26.0	26.0	26.0		
Office & Technical	18	17	17	18.0	17.0	17.0		
Seasonal Labor	1	1	1	0.3	0.3	0.3		
Total Design Engineering:	55	54	54	54.3	53.3	53.3		
Field Engineering								
Administrative & Technical	3	3	3	3.0	3.0	3.0		
Exempt/Professional	12	12	12	12.0	12.0	12.0		
Office & Technical	46	47	47	46.0	46.0	47.0		
Total Field Engineering	61	62	62	61.0	61.0	62.0		
Project Administration								
Administrative & Technical	14	14	14	14.0	14.0	14.0		
Exempt/Professional	11	11	11	11.0	11.0	11.0		
Office & Technical	2	2	2	2.0	2.0	2.0		
Total Project Administration	27	27	27	27.0	27.0	27.0		
DEPARTMENT TOTAL	144	144	144	143.3	142.3	143.3		

ENGINEERING SERVICES

STAFFING SUMMARY

• ORGANIZATION CHART •



Department Budget Summary

FY 2017-2018

Mission Statement

Improve quality of life and safety for citizens of Tulsa by providing consistent, costeffective and high quality services in the areas of streets maintenance and inspections, stormwater and land management, refuse and recycling and traffic control.

Overview of Services

The Streets and Stormwater department's primary areas of responsibility are street maintenance and rights-of-way inspections, traffic control, stormwater, land management, refuse and recycling service through the Tulsa Authority for the Recovery of Energy (TARE).

Goals

- **1.** Maintain and improve the safety, quality and appearance of City of Tulsa streets and rights-of-way.
 - **Objective 1.1:** Respond to requests for emergency street repairs within one hour of notification.
 - **Objective 1.2:** Monitor mowing and landscape maintenance of public rights-of-way on a 21-day basis to ensure grass height is compliant with City of Tulsa ordinance.
 - Objective 1.3: Maintain clean arterial and residential streets.
- 2. Maintain and improve the safety and efficiency of movement of traffic within City of Tulsa.
 - **Objective 2.1:** Review, modify and update traffic signal timing and synchronization plans.
 - **Objective 2.2:** Maintain well-marked, highly visible pavement markings to ensure efficient traffic operations and public safety.
 - **Objective 2.3:** Maintain a safe and efficient transportation system by improving, reviewing and implementing new traffic signs.
- **3.** Maintain and improve the safety, quality and appearance of the City of Tulsa stormwater facilities.
 - **Objective 3.1:** Respond to requests for stormwater emergencies within 60 minutes of notification.

- **Objective 3.2:** Maintain channel and detention pond capacity to prevent flooding and improve stormwater quality.
- **Objective 3.3:** Protect creek and channel integrity, protect infrastructure and improve stormwater quality.
- **Objective 3.4:** Maintain good drainage along streets for public safety and infrastructure protection.
- **Objective 3.5:** Prevent the discharge of pollutants to the stormwater collection system.
- **Objective 3.6:** Provide citizens the opportunity to dispose of household hazardous waste in an environmentally safe manner.
- **4.** Provide timely collection of residential refuse and recycling services.
 - **Objective 4.1:** Provide residential collection services on the scheduled collection day(s).
 - **Objective 4.2:** Respond to requests and notifications of illegally dumped items on public rights of way and city properties.
 - **Objective 4.3:** Respond to requests and notifications of dead animals on rights of way and public streets.
 - **Objective 4.4:** Provide the citizens and other local government agencies with an area to drop off green waste and pick up mulch and firewood.

Performance Measures	FY 15-16 Actual	FY 16-17 Target	FY 16-17 Estimate	FY 17-18 Target
1.1.1: Average # of minutes it takes to respond to emergency street repair requests	41.11 minutes	60 minutes	51.47 minutes	60 minutes
1.1.2:% of safety critical potholes reported by citizens repaired within 24 hours	100%	100%	100%	100%
1.2.1: % compliance with City grass height ordinance	Non-compliant due to 45 day mowing cycle	100%	Non-compliant due to 45 day mowing cycle	100%

Performance Measures	FY 15-16 Actual	FY 16-17 Target	FY 16-17 Estimate	FY 17-18 Target
1.2.2: # of confirmed citizen mowing complaints received on City ROW and City property excluding parks and enterprise funded sites.	New Measure	No Target ¹	135 7/1/16 through 2/15/17	<135
1.3.1: % lane miles swept per cycle within target date	100%	100%	100%	100%
2.1.1: Average response time to traffic signal trouble calls	45	45	45	45
2.2.1: # miles of lane marking striped yearly	425	250	3,000	1,000
2.2.2.: Linear feet of crosswalks and stop bars striped	67,333	35,000	25,000	35,000
2.3.1: Signs fabricated yearly	11,969	6,000	8,000	6,500
2.3.2: Signs installed yearly	4,903	1,600	5,000	4,000
3.1.1: Average # of minutes it takes to respond to stormwater emergencies	58.60	60	60	60
3.2.1: Cubic yards of siltation removed from creek and detention ponds	108,339	65,000	70,000	65,000
3.3.1: Square yards of erosion control work performed along creeks & channels	55,804	55,000	41,000	50,000
3.4.1: Linear feet of roadside ditch cleaned per year	84,107	30,000	42,000	35,000
3.5.1: # of storm water quality inspections conducted	2227	1,200	1600	2000
3.6.1: # of customers served by the Household Pollutant Collection Facility	647	2,400	1300	1500
4.1.1: % of verified missed collections of residential refuse services	.08	≤5%	≤5%	≤5%
4.1.2: % of verified missed collections of recycling services	.152	≤5%	≤5%	≤5%
4.1.3: % of verified missed collections of bulky waste pickups	1.9	<u><</u> 5%	2.1%	<u><</u> 3.5%
4.2.1: % of illegal dumping requests responded to within 48 hours	New Measure	100%	100%	100%

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¹ "No Target" has been input because the department has not historically tracked this metric. During FY 16-17 the Department will gather the data and based upon the information learned will be able to set a realistic target for FY 17-18.

Performance Measures	FY 15-16 Actual	FY 16-17 Target	FY 16-17 Estimate	FY 17-18 Target
4.3.1: % of dead animal pickup requests responded to within 24 hours.	New Measure	100%	100%	100%
4.4.1: # of customers served by the mulch site	86,379	22,000	84,000	85,000

Budget Strategy Overview

Well Being

- The department's community involvement coordinator meets with hundreds of Tulsa's citizens and children educating them on the importance of sustainability which is about meeting the needs of the present without compromising the wellbeing of future generations.
- The Stormwater Maintenance division budget strategy for FY18 focuses on several goals.
 - The first goal is the continued maintenance of all of Tulsa's storm sewer system and flood control facilities at a level that continues to provide Tulsans and their property, with the nation's best protection against potential floods due to inclement weather. At the same time, Stormwater Maintenance will provide Tulsans with areas for recreation and leisure activities in park like settings. This will be accomplished through the addition of critical staff and replacement of aging equipment with enterprise funding.
 - The second goal is to continue to operate Tulsa's mulch site/Land Reclamation Site in the most cost effective and efficient manner while reducing the operational carbon foot print. This will be achieved through the continued operations of the new electric tub grinder and replacement of aging equipment with modern, more efficient models.
 - The last budget goal is to continue to insure Tulsa's compliance with all the permits issued by the Oklahoma Department of Environmental Quality to which Stormwater Maintenance provides guidance, direction and oversite. These include the Stormwater Quality Discharge Permit #OKS000201, the Pesticide General Permit #OKG87A015, the Solid Waste Permit #3572055 and the Construction General Permit #OKR1027130 for the Tulsa Land Reclamation Site. This will be accomplished through the continued upgrade and implementation of work management software.

City Experience

- Our department is responsible for promptly responding to concerns about the
 pavement condition on arterial streets. Last year, over 64,000 pot holes were filled,
 and over 450 job orders for milling and profiling were completed to help ensure the
 safety of Tulsa's drivers from potentially hazardous street conditions. Additionally,
 our department clears roads of snow, ice and debris after storm events to keep them
 safe and drivable. The Safety Tax will fund additional staff and equipment to
 maintain the pavement condition on arterial streets
- Traffic signals, signs, pavement markings, are high impact programs in the pursuit of reducing crashes and traffic fatalities on the city streets.

Inside City Hall

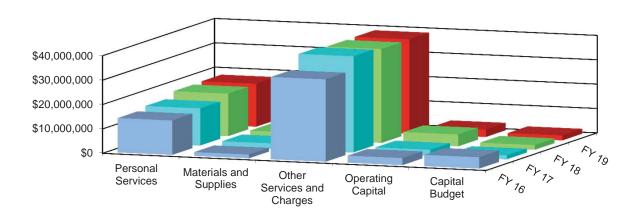
- The Streets and Stormwater department has developed, with Human Resources' approval, a Stormwater Operator Certification Program. This program provides relevant and valuable training at no additional cost to the Department. Not only does this training make our employees more knowledgeable about the Stormwater collection system in Tulsa, it is also used toward their progressions in their positions.
- Some of our positions have been reviewed and reclassified to better describe the responsibilities and tasks required by the department. Reductions in staff, combined with the need for higher levels of technical skills, had made some of the position descriptions obsolete. Job descriptions have been updated that more accurately describe the competency of the City employee. The Department feels employee morale is higher when working with proper pay and job descriptions.

STREETS AND STORMWATER

BUDGET HIGHLIGHTS FY 2017 - 2018 & FY 2018 - 2019

(amounts expressed in thousands)

						_		Dollar	Percent		FY 19
	- 1	FY 16		FY 17		FY 18	Dif	f. From	Diff. From	FII	NANCIAL
	Α	CTUAL	OF	RIGINAL	В	UDGET	FY	17 Orig.	FY 17 Orig.		PLAN
Operating Budget		,		,							
Personal Services	\$	14,111	\$	15,210	\$	17,427	\$	2,217	14.6%	\$	17,646
Materials and Supplies		1,559		2,139		2,667		528	24.7%		2,753
Other Services and Charges		33,783		39,354		38,524		(830)	-2.1%		38,676
Operating Capital		2,912		2,405		4,869		2,464	102.5%		3,052
Total Budget		52,365		59,108		63,487		4,379	7.4%		62,127
Capital Budget		4,660		1,550		1,925		375	24.2%		1,995
Total Budget	\$	57,025	\$	60,658	\$	65,412	\$	4,754	7.8%	\$	64,122



		_	1 CIOCIII		
	FY 1	8	Diff. From	FIN	IANCIAL
RESOURCES FOR BUDGET	BUDG	ET	FY 17 Orig.		PLAN
1080 General Fund	\$ 14,	735	-8.2%	\$	14,847
2750 Streets and Transit Fund	3,	540	249.8%		2,855
2910 Short-Term Capital Fund	1,	228	-13.9%		1,229
3623 Tulsa Authority for Recovery of Energy Fund	24,	034	3.2%		23,634
5565 Community Development Block Grant (CDGB)		400	0.0%		400
7010 Stormwater Management Enterprise Fund	19,	117	15.8%		18,725
7020 TMUA-Water Operating Fund	;	356	3.8%		360
7030 TMUA-Sewer Operating Fund		77	4.1%		77
6014 2014 Sales Tax Fund	1,	925	24.2%		1,995
TOTAL	\$ 65,	412		\$	64,122

FY 18 CHANGES FOR OPERATION

- 1. Benefit and compensation adjustments
- 2. Independent Employment Services moved between Account Groups
 - a. Personal Service Account Group
 - b. Other Services Account Group

	AIVI	AMOUNT		
	\$	700		
		0		
8				
(8)				

AMOUNT

FY 19

284

Percent

FY 18 CHANGES FOR OPERATION (continued)			AMOUNT
Street Maintenance operational changes			\$ (1,509)
 a. Contracted paving cut repairs - pavement repairs from water repairs have decreased. 	line	(1,471)	
b. Salt - 9,825 tons on hand		(79)	
c. Graffiti supplies - zero budgeted in FY17		25	
d. Training		5	
e. Computer replacements/additions		11	
Right of Way Maintenance	•		328
a. Arterial mowing - total eight cycles and one pre-emergent		311	020
b. Cemetery mowing contract		3	
c. Treat city-owned ash trees for emerald ash borer (one-time)		14	
	,	14	260
Stormwater operational changesa. TV inspection crew for stormsewer lines		105	200
·	02	103	
Pipeline Inspection & Rehabilitation Technician and	93		
Crew Leader II	40		
2. Supplies	12	4.47	
b. Emergency response crew for stormwater calls		147	
Crew Leader II and Crew Worker I	85		
2. Supplies	4		
3. Crew truck	58		
c. Reduce service contracts to fund higher priority		(252)	
inspection and emergency response crews			
d. Roadside ditch mowing - total eight cycles and one pre-eme	rgent	96	
e. Streetsweeping contract bid increase	i	164	
Refuse operational changes			526
a. Illegal dumping investigations		50	
Sr. Environmental Monitoring Technician	50		
b. Bulky Waste collections - service backlog	40	218	
Equipment Operator II	43		
2. Grapple truck	175	474	
c. Refuse and recycling service - CPI increase		174 23	
d. Dumping fees - CPI increasee. Electricity for new electric tub grinder at Green Waste site		50	
f. One time costs for recycling containers and computers		(45)	
g. Remove onetime consulting costs		(190)	
h. Reduce legal fees budget to actual		(50)	
Reduce printing to average usage		(25)	
j. Expand recycling education program		321	
7. Internal equipment management services		0	(623)
a. General fund equipment		(334)	(/
b. Stormwater fund equipment		(27)	
c. TARE fund equipment		(262)	
8. Fee in Lieu of Taxes - fee increased to 6.175% and Stormwater	r rate incre		389
a. Stormwater fund		257	
b. TARE fund		132	
9. Indirect Cost charges	'		(80)
a. Stormwater fund		(44)	
b. TARE fund	i	(36)	
10. Street Maintenance and Public Transportation Sales Tax			2,953
a. Street Maintenance		929	
 Full year funding for six positions added in FY17 	313		
2. Street Maintenance Crew (5 positions)	147		
Concrete & aggregate	349		
4. One-ton truck	55		
5. Pavement crack seal machine	65	4.000	
b. Traffic Operations	547	1,882	
Full year funding for six positions added in FY17 Fundamental Tech I (2). Funding Tech II (1)	517		
2. Engineering Tech II (2), Engineering Tech II (1)	269		
Engineering Tech III (2), Electrician III (2)	274		
 Traffic signal materials Traffic signal contracted services 	271 149		
5. Bucket truck (3)	450		
Departmental Highlights			

6. Sport utility vehicle (2), pickup truck (2) 7. Ruggedized laptops (6) 26		
7. Ruggedized laptops (6) 26 FY 18 CHANGES FOR OPERATION (continued)	Λ.	MOUNT
c. Administration (continued)		VICCINI
1. Uniforms and safety shoes 42		
2. Internal equipment management services 100		
11. Capital additions/replacements:		
a. Streets Maintenance and Traffic Operations Capital		
1. Dump truck (3), pickup (2), SUV	\$	579
2. Hot box, Bobcat (2)		395
3. Trailer, plows (3), compressor, spreader (3) and miscellaneous		255
b. Stormwater Capital		
Vacuum sewer cleaning truck		650
2. Dump truck (5), tractor, pickup (3)		1,186
3. Excavator		150
Water quality sampling and monitoring meter		4
c. Solid Waste Capital		
1. Dump truck (2), stake bed truck		517
2. Trailer, dumpsters, radio		41
3. Ruggedized laptops (3)		13
4. Roof replacement (carryover from FY17)		50
d. Adjustment to eliminate previous year's capital		(2,405)
TOTAL OPERATING CHANGES	\$	4,379
CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS PROJECTS		
1. 2014 Sales Tax Fund 6014	\$	1,925
a. Citywide traffic signalization 500		
b. Signing, pavement marking and delineation 500		
c. Traffic calming 425		
d. Traffic signal installation, modification, and safety improvements 500		
Adjustment to eliminate previous year's capital projects		(1,550)
TOTAL CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS PROJECTS CHANGES	\$	375
TOTAL CHANGES	\$	4,754

FY 19 CHANGES FOR OPERATION

No major changes in operations are expected in FY19.

STREETS AND STORMWATER

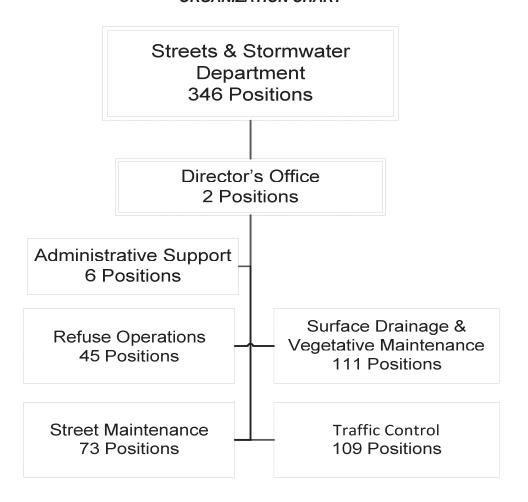
STAFFING SUMMARY

		NUMBER OF		NUMBER OF FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT				
OCCUPATIONAL DESCRIPTION	AUTHO	ORIZED POS	ITIONS	AUTHORIZED POSITIONS				
STREETS & STORMWATER	FY 17	FY 18	FY 19	FY 17 FY 18 FY 19				
Administrative								
Administrative & Technical	0	1	1	0.0	1.0	1.0		
Exempt/Professional	3	3	3	3.0	3.0	3.0		
Office & Technical	5	4	4	5.0	4.0	4.0		
Total Administrative	8	8	8	8.0	8.0	8.0		
Surface Drainage/Veg.Maint.								
Administrative & Technical	1	0	0	1.0	0.0	0.0		
Exempt/Professional	12	14	14	12.0	14.0	14.0		
Labor & Trades	72	75	75	72.0	75.0	75.0		
Office & Technical	22	22	22	22.0	22.0	22.0		
Total Surface Drainage/Veg.Maint.	107	111	111	107.0	111.0	111.0		
Street Maintenance								
Administrative & Technical	4	3	3	4.0	3.0	3.0		
Exempt/Professional	8	9	9	8.0	9.0	9.0		
Labor & Trades	43	48	48	43.0	48.0	48.0		
Office & Technical	13	13	13	13.0	13.0	13.0		
Total Street Maintenance	68	73	73	68.0	73.0	73.0		
Traffic Control								
Administrative & Technical	8	15	15	8.0	15.0	15.0		
Crossing Guard	56	56	56	7.0	7.0	7.0		
Exempt/Professional	8	8	8	8.0	8.0	8.0		
Labor & Trades	24	24	24	24.0	24.0	24.0		
Office & Technical	6	6	6	6.0	6.0	6.0		
Total Traffic Control	102	109	109	53.0	60.0	60.0		
Refuse Operations								
Administrative & Technical	1	1	1	1.0	1.0	1.0		
Exempt/Professional	7	7	7	7.0	7.0	7.0		
Labor & Trades	15	16	16	15.0	16.0	16.0		
Office & Technical	20	21	21	20.0	21.0	21.0		
Total Refuse Operations	43	45	45	43.0	45.0	45.0		
DEPARTMENT TOTAL	328	346	346	279	<u>279</u> <u>297</u>			

STREETS AND STORMWATER

STAFFING SUMMARY

• ORGANIZATION CHART •



Water & Sewer

Department Budget Summary

FY 2017-2018

Mission Statement

To provide our customers dependable, cost effective, high-quality services in the areas of water and sewer; build a strong, positive public image; and create and promote a safe, productive work force and work environment by efficiently using all financial, human and material resources.

Overview of Services

The Water and Sewer Department manages, operates and maintains the City's water and wastewater systems. Tulsa's drinking water comes from two sources: Lakes Spavinaw and Eucha on Spavinaw Creek and Lake Oologah on the Verdigris River. Lakes Spavinaw and Eucha are owned and operated by the City. Lake Oologah is operated by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers. A third emergency source of water is available from Lake Hudson on Grand River. Water is treated at two treatment plants: Mohawk and A.B. Jewell, and provided to customers through a water distribution system. Collected wastewater is treated at four treatment plants: Southside, Northside, Haikey Creek and Lower Bird Creek.

Goals

- **1.** Provide dependable, cost-effective, high quality service to all water and sewer customers while complying with all federal, state and local regulations.
 - **Objective 1.1:** Supply the public with drinking water in compliance with health based National Primary Drinking Water Standards.
 - **Objective 1.2:** Operate and maintain wastewater collection and treatment systems in compliance with the Oklahoma Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (OPDES) permits.
- 2. Make timely and effective responses to water and sewer related emergencies.
 - **Objective 2.1:** Maintain average of less than five hours water service disruption per customer for water emergency repairs.
 - **Objective 2.2:** Provide on-site responses to sanitary sewer stoppage and overflow calls within two hours.

Water & Sewer

Performance Metrics	FY 15-16 Actual	FY 16-17 Target	FY 16-17 Estimate	FY 17-18 Target
1.1.1: % of customer service demand met for treated water	100%	100%	100%	100%
1.1.2: Drinking water compliance rate (# of days in full compliance divided by 365 days)	100%	100%	100%	100%
1.1.3: Water treatment energy use (kWh per MG treated)	1,761	1,800	1,752	1,800
1.1.4: Average residential water bill per month	\$29.18	\$35.38	\$36.38	\$37.50
1.2.1: Wastewater compliance rate (# days in full compliance divided by 365 days)	98.1%	98.6%	99.7%	98.6%
1.2.2: Wastewater treatment energy use (kWh per MG treated)	1.805	2,000	2,313	2,000
1.2.3: Average residential sewer bill per month	\$29.56	\$39.93	\$31.85	\$43.52
2.1.1: Average # hours for water turned off per 1000 customers during emergency repairs	4.83	5.00	5.30	5.00
2.1.2: # of water interruptions of services per 1000 customers	4.4	10.0	6.4	10.0
2.1.3: Water Distribution System Integrity (# of water main breaks and leaks per 100 miles of pipe)	26	34	38	34
2.2.1: % of on-site responses to sanitary sewer stoppage and overflow calls within two hours	97.86%	95%	96.8%	95%
2.2.2: # of collection system overflows per 100 miles per year	13.5	6.0	8.5	7.0

Water & Sewer

Budget Strategy Overview

The FY18 Water and Sewer budget is set to meet the service levels and key performance indicators outlined above. Resources allocated to this department will be dedicated to Mayor and Tulsa City Council goal priorities including Well-being, Opportunity, The City Experience, and Inside City Hall.

Well Being

- Improve Tulsans' overall health with a focus on reducing health disparities, and support financial stability for Tulsa's residents
 - Utilize Customer Assistance Programs to ensure water is affordable to segments of the population below the poverty level.

Opportunity

- Increase the graduation rate in Tulsa's high schools
 - Utilize staff to provide outreach to K-12 students with an emphasis on STEM students

The City Experience

- Pavement condition index on arterial streets
 - Reductions in waterline breaks/leaks reduce pavement damage

Inside City Hall

- Percent of employees reporting good morale
 - Reduce turnover of new employees

The Water and Sewer budget continues to fund the operation and maintenance of the City's water and sewer systems at a level which meets or exceeds EPA drinking water and clean water standards.

Resources have been dedicated to the implementation of the Utility Enterprise Initiative. The initiative is the result of an intensive study, by outside consultants, of the water and sewer systems' governance, management and operations. This initiative includes: a strategic business plan; performance management; operations and capital improvement program optimization; and asset management program. The implementation of the plan should result in operational savings and reduced borrowing for capital improvements while still providing outstanding service to customers.

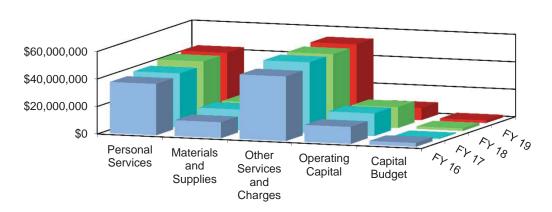
WATER AND SEWER

BUDGET HIGHLIGHTS FY 2017 - 2018 & FY 2018 - 2019

(amounts expressed in thousands)

				Dollar	Percent	FY 19
	FY 16	FY 17	FY 18	Diff. From	Diff. From	FINANCIAL
	ACTUAL	ORIGINAL	BUDGET	FY 17 Orig.	FY 17 Orig.	PLAN
Operating						
Personal Services	\$ 37,432	\$ 39,262	\$ 42,259	\$ 2,997	7.6%	\$ 42,794
Materials and Supplies	11,651	14,911	14,109	(802)	-5.4%	14,081
Other Services and Charges	47,070	51,515	51,753	238	0.5%	53,183
Operating Capital	12,479	16,439	15,237	(1,202)	-7.3%	8,854
Total Operating Budget	108,632	122,127	123,358	1,231	1.0%	118,912
Capital Budget	2,900	560	1,852	1,292	230.7%	1,908
Total Budget	\$ 111,532	\$ 122,687	\$ 125,210	\$ 2,523	2.1%	\$ 120,820

TOTAL ALLOCATIONS BY FISCAL YEAR AND ACCOUNT CATEGORY



RESOURCES FOR BUDGET

3623 Tulsa Authority for Recovery of Energy Fund 7010 Stormwater Management Enterprise Fund

7020 TMUA-Water Operating Fund

7030 TMUA-Sewer Operating Fund

7060 EMSA Fund

6021 TMUA-Water Capital Fund

6031 TMUA-Sewer Capital Fund

TOTAL

	Percent	FY 19
FY 18	Diff. From	FINANCIAL
BUDGET	FY 17 Orig.	PLAN
\$ 66	450.0%	\$ 67
675	-12.5%	575
66,228	-2.4%	62,100
56,374	5.4%	56,155
15	25.0%	15
1,332	137.9%	1,372
520	N/A	536
\$ 125,210		\$ 120,820

FY 18 CHANGES FOR OPERATION	AN	MOUNT	
1. Benefit and compensation adjustments		\$	2,764
2. Independent Employment Services moved between Acco		0	
a. Personal Service Account Group	117		
b. Other Sevices Account Group	(117)		
3. Administration			(115)
 a. Soft and hard skills employee training 	120		
b. Tulsa sewer flows through Broken Arrow lines	40		

FY 18 CHANGES FOR OPERATION (continued)			AMOUNT	
c. Position additions and subtractions	(40)			
Senior Data Analyst 84				
2. Payroll Clerk (47)				
3. Management Intern Analyst (77)				
d. Internal office services	(30)			
e. Licensing and pike pass	(35)			
f. Internal equipment management services	(170)			
Wastewater Treatment Plants	· · · · · ·		\$ 223	
a. Overtime and stand by pay to cover historical usage		140		
b. Lower Bird Creek Plant		(15)		
Utilities to match usage	(35)	` ,		
2. Plant equipment repairs	10			
3. Vegetative maintenance at creeks	10			
c. Haikey Creek Plant		70		
Electrical supplies	50			
2. Repair 3 aerators	50			
3. Utilities to match usage	(30)			
d. Southside Plant	(/	(34)		
Utilities to match usage	(90)	,		
2. Plumbing supplies to match usage	(40)			
3. Contracts for plant repairs	56			
4. Training for electrical staff	10			
5. Temporary maintenance staff	30			
e. Northside Plant		(64)		
Utilities to match usage	(90)			
Mowing contract	26			
f. Administration and Support Services		126		
Onsite training for SCADA and Siemens	26			
2. Biosolids hauling and lagoon cleaning	100			
5. Sewer Operations and Maintenance			1,034	
a. Crew Leader III				
Salary and benefits		49		
b. Manhole condition assessments		500		
c. Residential Sewer connection and rehabilitation program		300		
d. Mowing and clearing over trunk mains		185		
6. Water Treatment Plants			(875)	
a. A.B. Jewell facility road repairs		45		
b. Plumbing, electrical and other operating supplies		(75)		
adjusted for actual usage				
 c. Completed projects and miscellaneous contracts 		(125)		
d. Chemicals		(400)		
e. Utilities to match usage		(320)		
7. Raw Water Supply			(530)	
 a. New security contract with Spavinaw Police 		30		
b. Oologah storage rights		(170)		
c. Propane and utilities to match usage		(390)		
Water Distribution			(1,655)	
a. Plumbing supplies, concrete and aggregate and other		(100)		
supplies to reflect reduced usage		(, ===)		
b. Paving cut repairs to reflect reduced breaks		(1,500)		
c. Fire protection supplies		(75)		
d. SCADA Maintenance Support		50		
e. Utilities to match usage		(30)	7.4	
9. Quality Assurance		20	74	
a. Chemicals b. Public Outreach Coordinator		20		
Salary and benefits		54		
1. Galary and Delicities				293

FY 18 CHANGES FOR OPERATION (continued)		Al	MOUNT
10. Fee in Lieu of Taxes - fee increased to 6.175% and utility rate increases		\$	1,692
a. Water fund	777		
b. Sewer fund	915		
11. Indirect cost charges	_		(179)
12. Capital additions/replacements:			
a. Operating capital			8,451
b. Sewer treatment plant equipment replacement			3,143
c. Water treatment plant equipment replacement			3,643
d. Adjustment to eliminate previous year's capital		(16,439)
TOTAL OPERATING CHANGES		\$	1,231
CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS PROJECTS			
Water Capital Fund 6021 projects		\$	1,332
2. Sewer Capital Fund 6031 projects			520
3. Adjustment to eliminate previous year's capital projects			(560)
TOTAL CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS PROJECTS CHANGES			1,292
TOTAL CHANGES		\$	2,523

FY 19 CHANGES FOR OPERATION

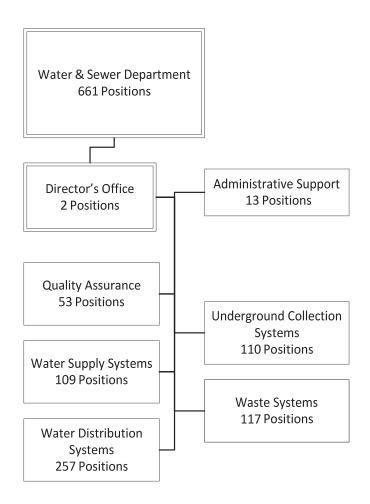
No major changes in operations expected in FY19.

WATER AND SEWER

STAFFING SUMMARY

		NUMBER OF		NUMBER OF FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT				
OCCUPATIONAL DESCRIPTION	AUTHORIZED POSITIONS			AUTHORIZED POSITIONS				
WATER & SEWER	FY 17	FY 18	FY 19	FY 17	FY 18	FY 19		
Administrative Support								
Administrative & Technical	3	3	3	3.0	3.0	3.0		
Exempt/Professional	8	8	8	8.0	8.0	8.0		
Office & Technical	5	4	4	5.0	4.0	4.0		
Total Administrative Support	16	15	15	16.0	15.0	15.0		
Quality Assurance								
Administrative & Technical	2	2	2	2.0	2.0	2.0		
Exempt/Professional	9	8	8	9.0	8.0	8.0		
Scientific & Technical	27	27	27	27.0	27.0	27.0		
Office & Technical	17	16	16	17.0	16.0	16.0		
Total Quality Assurance	55	53	53	55.0	53.0	53.0		
Water Supply Systems								
Administrative & Technical	21	23	23	21.0	23.0	23.0		
Exempt/Professional	15	17	17	15.0	17.0	17.0		
Labor & Trades	65	63	63	65.0	63.0	63.0		
Office & Technical	5	6	6	5.0	6.0	6.0		
Total Water Supply Systems	106	109	109	106.0	109.0	109.0		
Water Distribution Systems								
Administrative & Technical	4	5	5	4.0	5.0	5.0		
Exempt/Professional	22	22	22	22.0	22.0	22.0		
Labor & Trades	189	189	189	189.0	189.0	189.0		
Office & Technical	41	41	41	41.0	41.0	41.0		
Total Water Distribution Systems	256	257	257	256.0	257.0	257.0		
Waste Systems								
Administrative & Technical	19	19	19	19.0	19.0	19.0		
Exempt/Professional	16	16	16	16.0	16.0	16.0		
Labor & Trades	75	77	77	75.0	77.0	77.0		
Office & Technical	5	5	5	5.0	5.0	5.0		
Total Waste Systems	115	117	117	115.0	117.0	117.0		
Underground Collection Sys.								
Administrative & Technical	4	5	5	4.0	5.0	5.0		
Exempt/Professional	12	12	12	12.0	12.0	12.0		
Labor & Trades	71	72	72	71.0	72.0	72.0		
Office & Technical	22	21	21	22.0	21.0	21.0		
Total Underground Collection Sys.	109	110	110	109.0	110.0	110.0		
DEPARTMENT TOTAL	657	661	661	657.0	661.0	661.0		
				<u> </u>	<u> </u>			

• ORGANIZATION CHART •



Tulsa Transit

Department Budget Summary

FY 2017-2018

Mission Statement

The mission of Tulsa Transit is to be a premier transportation provider, committed to safe, professional, efficient, reliable, accessible and quality service.

Overview of Services

Tulsa Transit provides an array of public transportation programs which serve residents in the City of Tulsa, and connecting service to the cities of Broken Arrow, Jenks, and Sand Springs. These services include fixed route bus service, ADA Para-transit services for the disabled, commuter bus service and special events service. To coordinate these services and provide information to the public, Tulsa Transit operates a customer call center, which processes over 600,000 inquiries annually. Tulsa Transit also operates two transit stations in Tulsa, which are located at Fourth and Denver, and Thirty-third and Memorial.

Goals

1. Provide an efficient and effective public transit service for our riders.

Objective 1.1: Operate a safe transit system and provide quality customer service for Fixed Route and Lift Program passengers by meeting internal benchmarks for safety and customer satisfaction.

Objective 2.1: Operate an efficient transit system and Increase operating revenue by meeting internal benchmarks for fixed route and Lift Program passengers per hour.

Performance Measures	FY 15-16 Actual	FY 16-17 Target	FY 16-17 Estimate	FY 17-18 Target
1.1.1: # of Fixed Route accidents per 100K miles	1.75	2.0	1.75	2.0
1.1.2: # of Lift Program accidents per 100K miles	2.22	2.0	1.75	2.0
1.1.3: # of Fixed Route complaints per 10,000 boardings	4.17	4.25	4.25	4.25
1.1.4: # of Lift Program complaints per 10,000 boardings	20.87	23.0	22.75	23.0
1.1.5: Fixed Route on-time performance	93%	95%	95%	95%
1.1.6: Lift Program on-time performance	97%	95%	96%	95%

Tulsa Transit

2.1.1: Fixed Route cost per trip	\$4.75	\$4.70	\$4.70	\$4.70
2.1.2: Lift Program cost per trip	29.45	\$35.30	\$34.25	\$35.30
2.1.3: Fixed Route revenue per trip	\$.82	\$.78	\$.78	\$.79
2.1.4: Lift Program revenue per trip	\$2.78	\$2.75	\$2.78	\$2.79
2.1.5 Fixed Route annual ridership (FY18 Includes new Sunday Service)	2,906,433	3,101,046	2,925,000	3,029,750
2.1.6 Lift Program annual ridership	121,248	118,358	120,400	123,740
2.1.7 Fixed Route passengers per hour	16.04	17.00	16.00	16.00
2.1.8 Lift Program passengers per hour	2.10	2.00	2.13	2.00

Budget Strategy Overview

Beyond maintaining core services, the FY 17-18 budget will be utilized to deliver a variety of strategies geared towards achieving goals of the Mayor, Council and Citizens.

Well-being

- Tulsa Transit will reduce life expectancy gap between north and south Tulsa by:
- Promoting physical activity for passengers waiting at bus shelters in north Tulsa by:
 - Adding signs to shelters suggesting both low impact and high impact exercises that can be done while waiting for the bus.
 - Adding asphalt pads to the rear of shelters that have painted sidewalk games for children and families to play while waiting for the bus.
 - This project would be completed in cooperation with the Tulsa Health Department.
 - o Hire a Marketing staff member to coordinate this and other similar activities.
- Introduce a mobility on-demand pilot program for Lift-eligible riders living in North Tulsa so they can get to and from doctor appointments and other needed health services on a same-day basis.
 - Develop contractual agreements with Uber, Lyft, and at least one local taxicab company to provide the service.
 - Ensure at least one provider can transport persons who use electric wheelchairs and scooters.

Tulsa Transit

o Promote the service to Lift-eligible riders as a more convenient, same-day alternative to Lift service.

Opportunity

Tulsa Transit will increase the high school graduation rate by:

- Teach and encourage Tulsa Public School students to ride public transportation.
 - Hire a Marketing staff member to coordinate this and other similar activities.
 - o Create transportation curriculum for all ages of TPS students.
 - Provide free field trips to classes to teach students how to ride the bus.
 - o Create individual trip plans for students interested in riding the bus.
 - Provide a "cool" Travel Trainer for groups of middle school and high school students who want to ride the bus, but want a fun travel guide the first time. (The Travel Trainer would also provide training for seniors, persons with disabilities, or any others who want a buddy for their first trip on the bus.)
 - Secure annual funding for Travel Trainer in the amount of \$30-\$35k plus benefits.

TULSA TRANSIT

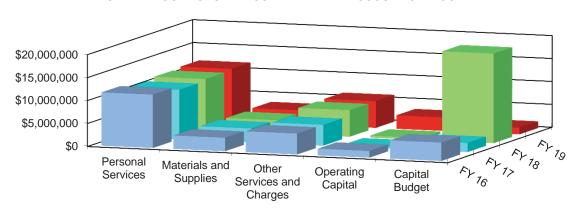
BUDGET HIGHLIGHTS

FY 2017 - 2018 & FY 2018 - 2019

(amounts expressed in thousands)

						_	ı	Dollar	Percent		FY 19		
		FY 16		FY 17		FY 18		ff. From	Diff. From	FIN	IANCIAL		
	Α	CTUAL	ORIGINAL		ORIGINAL		В	UDGET	FY	17 Orig.	FY 17 Orig.		PLAN
Operating Budget													
Personal Services	\$	11,632	\$	10,756	\$	11,188	\$	432	4.0%	\$	11,489		
Materials and Supplies		2,939		3,019		2,899		(120)	-4.0%		3,116		
Other Services and Charges		4,557		4,524		5,802		1,278	28.2%		5,840		
Operating Capital		1,473		460		460		0	0.0%		2,960		
Total Operating Budget		20,601		18,759		20,349		1,590	8.5%		23,405		
Capital Budget		3,994		1,981		19,534		17,553	886.1%		1,466		
Total Budget	\$	24,595	\$	20,740	\$	39,883	\$	19,143	92.3%	\$	24,871		

TOTAL ALLOCATIONS BY FISCAL YEAR AND ACCOUNT CATEGORY



			Percent	-	FY 19
		FY 18	Diff. From	FIN	IANCIAL
RESOURCES FOR BUDGET	В	UDGET	FY 17 Orig.	PLAN	
1080 General Fund	\$	7,442	1.3%	\$	7,442
Federal Transit Administration - Operations		6,857	11.6%		6,857
State of Oklahoma - Revolving Transit Fund		1,000	2.6%		1,000
Other Funding Sources		867	221.1%		867
Operating Revenues - Core Operations		3,050	-2.1%		3,050
Operating Revenues - Lift & Contract		343	15.9%		343
2750 Streets and Transit Fund		330	230.0%		3,386
2910 Short-Term Capital Fund		92	0.0%		92
Federal Transit Administration - Capital		368	0.0%		368
6014 2014 Sales Tax		19,534	>500%		1,466
TOTAL	\$	39,883		\$	24,871

FY 18 CHANGES FOR OPERATION	AMOUNT		
Compensation adjustments	\$	270	
2. Benefit adjustments: Hospital, Medical & Dental; Employee Leave		534	
3. Benefit adjustments: Worker's Compensation Ins (self-insured)		(372)	
4. Purchase worker's compensation insurance		204	
5. Contract increase for Lift and Nightline service		581	

FY 18 CHANGES FOR OPERATION (Continued)	Al	MOUNT
6. Security systems - bus security cameras	\$	13
7. Fuel cost		(119)
Utility and communication costs		21
9. Marketing		128
10. Street Maintenance and Public Transportation Sales Tax		330
a. Sunday Service330		
11. Capital additions/replacements:		
a. Automatic passenger counters		187
b. Maintenance equipment		189
c. Security equipment		84
d. Adjustment to eliminate previous year's capital		(460)
TOTAL OPERATING CHANGES	\$	1,590
CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS PROJECTS		
1. 2014 Sales Tax	\$	19,534
2. Adjustment to eliminate previous year's capital projects		(1,981)
TOTAL CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS PROJECTS CHANGES		17,553
TOTAL CHANGES	\$	19,143

FY 19 CHANGES FOR OPERATION

Tulsa Transit will receive funding from the Street Maintenance and Public Transportation Tax for Peoria BRT operating and Downtown/Midtown Circulator service capital and operating.

TOTAL OPERATING AND CAPITAL BUDGET (IN MILLIONS) FY 17-18

READER'S GUIDE TO DEPARTMENTAL HIGHLIGHTS

30K

\$197.5 PUBLIC SAFETY AND PROTECTION

Municipal Court

Police

Fire

EMSA

Tulsa Area Emergency Management Agency

\$30.2 CULTURAL DEVELOPMENT AND RECREATION

Park and Recreation

Gilcrease Museum

Performing Arts Center

River Parks Authority

BOK and Convention Centers

\$29.7 SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Mayor's Office of Economic Development

Working in Neighborhoods

Planning and Development

\$347.4 PUBLIC WORKS AND TRANSPORTATION

Engineering Services
Streets and Stormwater

Water and Sewer

Tulsa Transit

\$117.4 ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPORT SERVICES

YOU ARE HERE

Elected Officials

Mayor's Office

City Auditor

City Council

Mayor's Office of Human Rights

Legal

Human Resources

Workers' Compensation

General Government

Indian Nations Council of Governments (INCOG)

Finance

Information Technology

Customer Care

Communications

Asset Management

\$99.2 TRANSFERS TO OTHER FUNDS

\$129.5 DEBT SERVICE

Elected Officials

Department Budget Summary

FY 2017-2018

Mission Statement

Overview of Services

The official duties of the City's elected officials are stated in the City Charter. The Mayor is responsible for the administration of all City departments; the City Council is responsible for enacting laws and approving all proposed budgets and budget amendments; and, the Internal Auditor is responsible for keeping an independent watch over City operations and resources to ensure citizens' resources are safeguarded and efficiently and effectively applied to the intended purposes.

The service measurements below pertain to the City Auditor's department only. No measurements are included for the Mayor or City Council in this summary.

The mission of the City Auditor is to provide accountability of city government.

Goals

- 1. Recommend adequate controls and safeguarding of assets.
 - **Objective 1.1:** Achieve at least 90% acceptance rate from management on recommended solutions for improving work processes and controlling risk.
 - **Objective 1.2:** Achieve at least 90% implementation rate from management on recommended solutions for improving work processes and controlling risk.
- **2.** Assist management in improving operations and reducing risk of loss or waste.
 - **Objective 2.1:** Provide quality audits as judged by clients with quality ranking above three on a one (poor) to four (excellent) scale.

Elected Officials

Performance Measures	FY 15-16 Actual	FY 16-17 Target	FY 16-17 Estimate	FY 17-18 Target
1.1.1: % of acceptance rate for recommendations	90%	90%	90%	90%
1.2.1: % of implementation rate for recommendations	86%	90%	87%	90%
2.1.1: Quality ranking on a 1-4 scale	3.62	3.25	3.50	3.50

Budget Strategy Overview

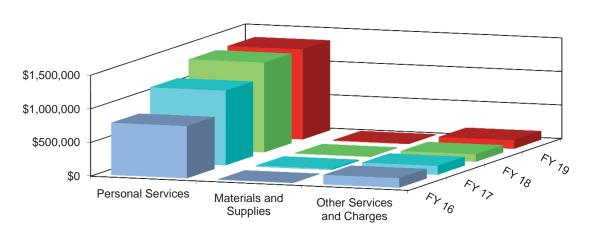
The City Auditor's budget provides resources to perform internal audits as part of an annual plan including evaluation of internal controls and compliance with regulations, statutes, ordinances and established practices. The budget of the City Auditor is set to be sufficient to meet City Charter duties of the City Auditor and to meet the key performance indicators shown above.

MAYOR'S OFFICE BUDGET HIGHLIGHTS FY 2017 - 2018 & FY 2018 - 2019

(amounts expressed in thousands)

Diff. From	FINANCIAL
. FY 17 Orig.	PLAN
20.3%	\$ 1,344
-50.0%	11
-15.9%	130
15.5%	\$ 1,485
9 (6)	6 20.3% -50.0%) -15.9%

TOTAL ALLOCATIONS BY FISCAL YEAR AND ACCOUNT CATEGORY



RESOURCES FOR BUDGET

1080 General Fund **TOTAL**

		Percent	- 1	-Y 19	
	FY 18	Diff. From	FINANCIAL		
BUDGET		FY 17 Orig.	PLAN		
\$	1,458	15.5%	\$	1,485	
\$	1,458		\$	1,485	

FY 18 CHANGES FOR OPERATION	AM	OUNT
Benefit and compensation adjustments	\$	84
2. Independent Employment Services moved between Account Groups		0
a. Personal Services Account Group 15		
b. Other Services Account Group (15)		
Create Office of Performance Strategy & Innovation		127
4. Dashboard software		3
5. Membership fees		(6)
6. Miscellaneous materials, supplies, services and training		(12)
TOTAL OPERATING CHANGES	\$	196

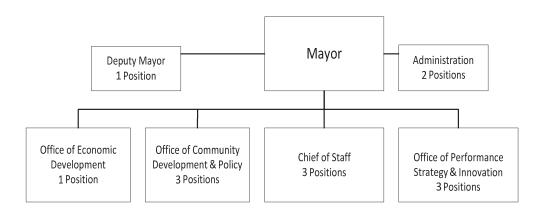
FY 19 CHANGES FOR OPERATION

Funding for Innovation Teams to test, measure, and scale new practices in delivery of services.

STAFFING SUMMARY

OCCUPATIONAL DESCRIPTION		UMBER OF DRIZED POS	ITIONS	FULL-	NUMBER OF TIME EQUIV ORIZED POS	ALENT
	FY 17	<u>FY 18</u>	FY 19	FY 17	FY 18	<u>FY 19</u>
Mayor	1	1	1	1.0	1.0	1.0
Exempt/Professional	1	2	2	1.0	2.0	2.0
Unclassified Appointments	8	11	11	8.0	11.0	11.0
TOTAL	10	14	14	10.0	14.0	14.0

• ORGANIZATION CHART •



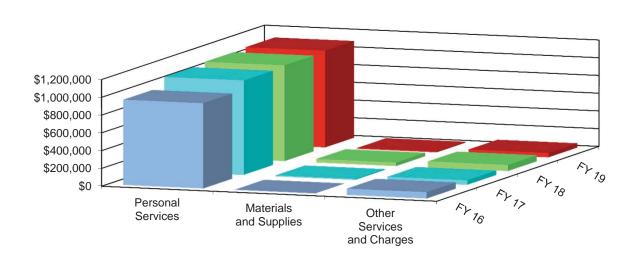
CITY AUDITOR

FY 2017 - 2018 & FY 2018 - 2019

(amounts expressed in thousands)

							Do	ollar	Percent	- 1	-Y 19
	FY 16 ACTUAL					FY 18 JDGET			Diff. From FY 17 Orig.		ANCIAL PLAN
Operating Budget											
Personal Services	\$	960	\$	1,062	\$	1,079	\$	17	1.6%	\$	1,091
Materials and Supplies		4		10		40		30	300.0%		10
Other Services and Charges		72		50		69		19	38.0%		49
Total Budget	\$	1,036	\$	1,122	\$	1,188	\$	66	5.9%	\$	1,150

TOTAL ALLOCATIONS BY FISCAL YEAR AND ACCOUNT CATEGORY



RESOURCES FOR BUDGET

1080 General Fund

TOTAL

		Percent	F	TY 19	
F	Y 18	Diff. From	FINANCIAL		
BU	JDGET	FY 17 Orig.	F	PLAN	
\$	1,188	5.9%	\$	1,150	
\$	1,188		\$	1,150	
		_			

AMOUNT \$ (47)

64

64

30 20

(1)

66

FY 18 CHANGES FOR OPERATION

- 1. Benefit and compensation adjustments
- 2. FY17 Mid year position changes:
 - a. Part-time to full-time Deputy City Auditor
- 3. Computer replacements/additions
- 4. Quality assurance review of City Auditor
- 5. Internal equipment management services

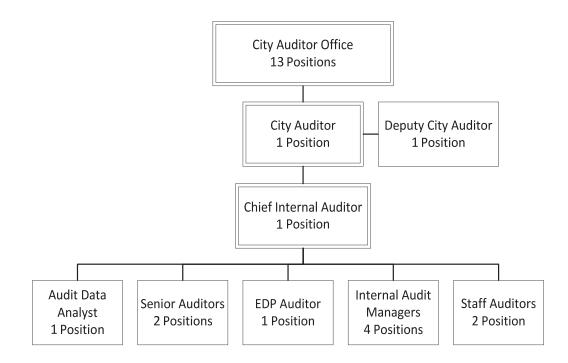
TOTAL OPERATING CHANGES

FY 19 CHANGES FOR OPERATION

FY18 deferred funding for positions will continue in FY19.

				NUMBER OF				
OCCUPATIONAL DESCRIPTION	_	NUMBER OF DRIZED POS		_	TIME EQUIV DRIZED POS			
	FY 17	FY 18	FY 19	FY 17	FY 18	FY 19		
City Auditor	1	1	1	1.0	1.0	1.0		
Unclassified Appointments	1	1	1	1.0	1.0	1.0		
Administrative & Technical	2	3	3	2.0	3.0	3.0		
Exempt/Professional	9	8	8	9.0	8.0	8.0		
TOTAL	13	13	13	13.0	13.0	13.0		

• ORGANIZATION CHART •



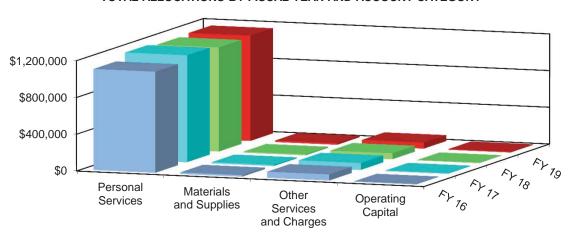
CITY COUNCIL

FY 2017 - 2018 & FY 2018 - 2019

(amounts expressed in thousands)

-		-				Diff	. From	Percent Diff. From FY 17 Orig.	FIN	FY 19 FINANCIAL PLAN	
						'					
\$	1,100	\$	1,163	\$	1,134	\$	(29)	-2.5%	\$	1,147	
	17		12		12		0	0.0%		17	
i	67		74		65		(9)	-12.2%		65	
	4		6		4		(2)	-33.3%		8	
\$	1,188	\$	1,255	\$	1,215	\$	(40)	-3.2%	\$	1,237	
	A	17 67 4	* 1,100 \$ 17 67 4	* 1,100	* 1,100 \$ 1,163 \$ 17 12 67 74 4 6	ACTUAL ORIGINAL BUDGET \$ 1,100 \$ 1,163 \$ 1,134 17 12 12 67 74 65 4 6 4	FY 16 ACTUAL FY 17 ORIGINAL FY 18 BUDGET Diff FY 1 \$ 1,100 \$ 1,163 \$ 1,134 \$ 12 6 67 74 65 65 4 6 4 4	ACTUAL ORIGINAL BUDGET FY 17 Orig. \$ 1,100 \$ 1,163 \$ 1,134 \$ (29) 17 12 12 0 67 74 65 (9) 4 6 4 (2)	FY 16 ACTUAL FY 17 ORIGINAL FY 18 BUDGET Diff. From FY 17 Orig. Diff. From FY 17 Orig. Diff. From FY 17 Orig. \$ 1,100 \$ 1,163 \$ 1,134 \$ (29) -2.5% 17 12 12 0 0.0% 66 67 74 65 (9) -12.2% 4 6 4 (2) -33.3%	FY 16 ACTUAL FY 17 ORIGINAL FY 18 BUDGET Diff. From FY 17 Orig. Diff. From FY 17 Orig. FIN FY 17 Orig. \$ 1,100 \$ 1,163 \$ 1,134 \$ (29) -2.5% \$ 100 \$ 67 74 65 (9) -12.2% 4 6 4 (2) -33.3%	

TOTAL ALLOCATIONS BY FISCAL YEAR AND ACCOUNT CATEGORY



RESOURCES FOR BUDGET

1080 General Fund 2910 Short-Term Capital Fund

TOTAL

	_	Percent	- 1	- Y 19		
	FY 18	Diff. From	FINANCIAL			
ВІ	JDGET	FY 17 Orig.		PLAN		
\$	1,211	-3.0%	\$	1,229		
	4	-33.3%		8		
\$	1,215		\$	1,237		

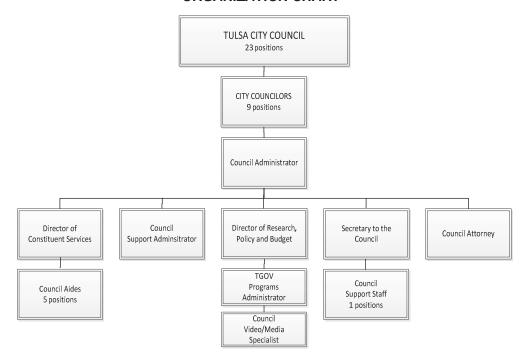
FY 18 CHANGES FOR OPERATION		AM	OUNT
Benefit and compensation adjustments		\$	(29)
2. Independent Employment Services moved between Account Groups			(3)
a. Personal Service Account Group	0		
b. Other Service Account Group	(3)		
3. Employee food and meeting expenses			(2)
4. Internal office services			(6)
5. Internal equipment management services			2
6. Capital additions/replacements:			
 a. Information Technology software and equipment 			4
b. Adjustment to eliminate previous year's capital			(6)
TOTAL OPERATING CHANGES		\$	(40)

FY 19 CHANGES FOR OPERATION

FY18 deferred funding for positions will continue in FY19.

OCCUPATIONAL DESCRIPTION	NUMBER OF NUMBER OF FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT AUTHORIZED POSITIONS AUTHORIZED POSITIONS					ALENT	
	<u>FY 17</u>	<u>FY 18</u>	FY 19	<u>FY 17</u>	FY 18	FY 19	
City Councilor Council Staff TOTAL	9 14 23	9 14 23	9 14 23	9.0 14.0 23.0	14.0 14.0		

• ORGANIZATION CHART •



Mayor's Office for Human Rights (MOHR)

Department Budget Summary

FY 2017-2018

Mission Statement

Promote equal opportunity, democratic rights and to protect human rights of persons in Tulsa against discrimination because of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age, disability, marital status, familial status, sexual orientation or gender identity through advocacy, advisory, education and enforcement services.

Overview of Services

The Mayor's Office for Human Rights' (MOHR) current strategy is to promote human and civil rights through advisory, educational training and enforcement services. The primary functions of MOHR include:

- Compliance Investigation: Ensuring all City of Tulsa contractors are in compliance with City, State and Federal regulations;
- Complaint Investigation: Investigating complaints of discrimination including, but not limited to, race, religion, age, sex, sexual preference and disability within City of Tulsa facilities, programs and services and public accommodations;
- Title 5 Commissions staffed by Mayor's Office for Human Rights: Providing administrative, technical and professional support to City of Tulsa Title 5 Commissions;
- Small Business Enterprise (SBE) Program: Increasing contracting opportunities with the City of Tulsa and private industries for small businesses with net worth of 1.5 million dollars or less.

Goals

- **1.** Provide prompt and equitable investigation and resolution of discrimination complaints within the Tulsa community, programs and services.
 - **Objective 1.1:** Initiate investigations and conduct compliance monitoring of all matters that fall under Title 5 jurisdiction within 60 days of receipt of complaint.
- Administrate and maintain the Small Business Enterprise (SBE) Program. MOHR
 coordinates the processing of membership applications, maintains an online
 membership database, and provides educational and networking opportunities for
 members.
 - **Objective 2.1:** Process applications for the SBE Program within 30 days of receipt.
 - **Objective 2.2:** Provide educational training for SBE members on a quarterly basis.

Mayor's Office for Human Rights (MOHR)

Objective 2.3: Maintain 6-10% utilization of SBE members successfully being awarded sub-contracting bids.

3. Provide administrative and technical support to City of Tulsa Title 5 Boards and Commissions.

Objective 3.1: As mandated under Charter, staff attends all meetings for (1) Human Rights Commission, (2) Greater Tulsa Area Indian Affairs Commission, (3) Greater Tulsa Area Hispanic Affairs Commission, and (4) Mayor's Commission on the Status of Women. Staff as mandated by Executive Order No. 2016-02, all meetings for the Mayor's Office for Human Rights' Advisory Committee.

Objective 3.2: Communicate regularly and on an as needed basis to respond to, educate, and advise members of the Commissions outlined in Objective 3.1.

Performance Metrics	FY 15-16	FY 16-17	FY 16-17	FY 17-18
	Actual	Target	Estimate	Target
1.1.1: % investigation of	100%	100%	100%	100%
discrimination complaints initiated				
within 60 days				
1.1.2: Total # of discrimination	10	No Target	7	No Target
complaints received				
1.1.3: # of pre-bids and pre-works	208	No Target	70	No Target
attended				
2.1.1: # of SBE applications	6	10	6	10
processed per month				
2.1.2: % of applications processed	100%	100%	100%	100%
within 30 days				
2.1.3: # of training courses provided	0	4	2	4
per quarter				
2.1.4: % utilization of SBE members	New	New		
successfully awarded sub-contracting	Measure	Measure	No Target	No Target
bids	ivieasure	ivieasure		
3.1.1: # Board, Commission and	55	55	20	44
Advisory Committee meetings staffed	55	55	20	44

Budget Strategy Overview:

Resources allocated to the Mayor's Office for Human Rights (MOHR) will be dedicated to focusing on the Mayor and Tulsa City Council's priorities for Well-Being, Opportunity, City Experience and Inside City Hall. MOHR completed a successful transition from the former BRIDGE Program to the newly created Small Business Enterprise (SBE) Program, to comply with state law changes. The goal has been to add ten new (10) members to the program, monthly. MOHR averaged 6.8 members per month since launching the SBE Program in March 2016.

Mayor's Office for Human Rights (MOHR)

Staff reductions that occurred at the end of the 2015 calendar year resulted in the remaining MOHR staff taking on additional duties. The additional duties include providing staff support to Title 5 Commissions. Additionally the Mayor has approved, and the City Council has confirmed the creation of the African American Commission, which will add further to MOHR's responsibilities. An assessment of the current Title 5 Commissions staffed by MOHR led to a need to review Title 5 City Ordinance. An Advisory Committee created by Executive Order 2016-02 has recommended that the existing and future Title 5 Commissions maintain their status as individual Commissions. The Advisory Committee has made a recommendation also to create a similar advisory group made up of 2 representatives from each Title 5 Commission staffed by MOHR. The newly created Committee will be responsible for addressing common areas of concerns of the Commissions by examining the structures and functions of current and newly created Commissions. If the Mayor follows the recommendation of the Advisory Committee, MOHR will be responsible for staffing 2 additional Commissions.

MOHR believes that the goals set forth for the upcoming fiscal year coincide with the Mayor's goal of improving the well-being of Tulsa citizens, through its Title 5 Commissions. Each Commission will be empowered with providing a voice in their respective communities to address police, education, health and disparity concerns. MOHR also believes the services of the SBE Program will assist small businesses in developing their businesses, and increasing potential for economic growth which runs parallel to the Mayor's goal of "Opportunity".

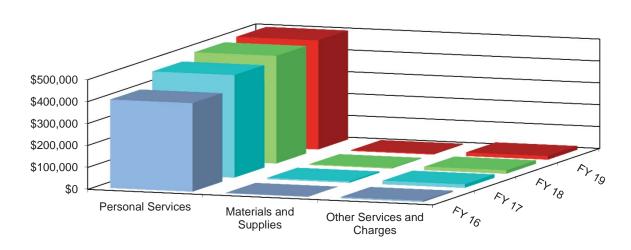
MAYOR'S OFFICE OF HUMAN RIGHTS

BUDGET HIGHLIGHTS FY 2017 - 2018 & FY 2018 - 2019

(amounts expressed in thousands)

						_	Do	ollar	Percent		FY 19
	F	Y 16	F	Y 17	F	Y 18	Diff.	From	Diff. From	FIN	IANCIAL
	AC	TUAL	ORI	GINAL	BU	DGET	FY 1	7 Orig.	FY 17 Orig.		PLAN
Operating Budget											
Personal Services	\$	404	\$	468	\$	492	\$	24	5.1%	\$	499
Materials and Supplies		1		6		4		(2)	-33.3%		4
Other Services and Charges		6		16		16		0	0.0%		17
Total Budget	\$	411	\$	490	\$	512	\$	22	4.5%	\$	520

TOTAL ALLOCATIONS BY FISCAL YEAR AND ACCOUNT CATEGORY



RESOURCES FOR BUDGET

1080 General Fund

TOTAL

		Percent		Y 19
F	Y 18	Diff. From	FINA	ANCIAL
BU	DGET	FY 17 Orig.	Р	LAN
\$	512	4.5%	\$	520
\$	512		\$	520

FY 18 CHANGES FOR OPERATION

- 1. Benefits and compensation adjustments
- 2. Materials and other services

TOTAL OPERATING CHANGES

AMO	TNUC
\$	24
	(2)
\$	22

FY 19 CHANGES FOR OPERATION

No major changes in operations expected in FY19.

MAYOR'S OFFICE OF HUMAN RIGHTS

STAFFING SUMMARY

OCCUPATIONAL DESCRIPTION		NUMBER OF PRIZED POSI	TIONS	NUMBER OF FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT AUTHORIZED POSITIONS			
	FY 17	FY 18	FY 19	FY 17	FY 18	FY 19	
Office of the Director							
Administrative & Technical	2	2	2	2.0	2.0	2.0	
Exempt/Professional	1	1	1	1.0	1.0	1.0	
Total Office of the Director	3	3	3	3.0	3.0	3.0	
Community Involvement							
Administrative & Technical	1	1	1	1.0	1.0	1.0	
Total Community Involvement	1	1	1	1.0	1.0	1.0	
Compliance/Investigation							
Administrative & Technical	2	2	2	2.0	2.0	2.0	
Office & Technical	1	1	1	1.0	1.0	1.0	
Total Compliance/Investigation	3	3	3	2.0	2.0	3.0	
TOTAL	7	7		7.0	7.0	7.0	

• ORGANIZATION CHART • Mayor's Office of Human Rights Department 7 Positions Office of the Director 3 Positions Community Compliance

Involvement 1 Position

Investigation

3 Positions

Legal

Department Budget Summary

FY 2017-2018

Mission Statement

To provide the City with high quality, innovative and professional legal services in a timely and cost-effective manner.

Overview of Services

The City Attorney and the Legal department provide all the City's municipal legal services. The department prepares and reviews ordinances, resolutions, executive orders and contracts, and handles litigation, claims and controversies involving the City. Attorneys give advice and legal opinions to the City's elected officials, officers, employees, and to City boards, trusts, authorities and agencies.

Goals

- 1. Prosecute violators of City of Tulsa ordinances in a timely manner.
 - **Objective 1.1:** Determine whether to prosecute offenders on arrest charges within two working days of receipt of information.
 - **Objective 1.2:** Provide effective and efficient municipal ordinance prosecution to ensure efficient resolution of municipal criminal complaints.
- **2.** Draft and approve all City contracts and other instruments, to which the City of Tulsa is a party, in a timely manner.
 - **Objective 2.1:** Complete initial reviews of routine contracts within ten business days of receipt.
- **3.** Provide legal advice, consultation, training and client representation to the City of Tulsa.
 - **Objective 3.1:** Represent the City of Tulsa in claims and cases.

Legal

Performance Measures	FY 15-16 Actual	FY 16-17 Target	FY 16-17 Estimate	FY 17-18 Target
1.1.1: % of reviews for prosecutions completed within two working days	100%	100%	100%	100%
1.2.1: # of charges filed	3890	No Target ¹	4048	No Target
1.2.2: # of charges reviewed	4116	No Target	4305	No Target
2.1.1: % of contracts completed within ten business days	93%	90%	90%	90%
3.1.3: # of claims received	346	No Target	362	No Target

Budget Strategy Overview

The Legal Department's budget strategy continues to focus on maximizing our limited resources to provide legal services and protect the City's interests. As 99% of the department's budget is spent on labor costs, there is no ability to shift funds elsewhere. The department has, however, focused on filling its vacant positions with high caliber employees to achieve the best results possible for the City.

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¹ "No Target" indicates this is a metric that is not completely controlled by the department. The metric is tracked to show volume of work, but the department cannot anticipate yearly targets ahead of time due to changes in circumstances from year to year.

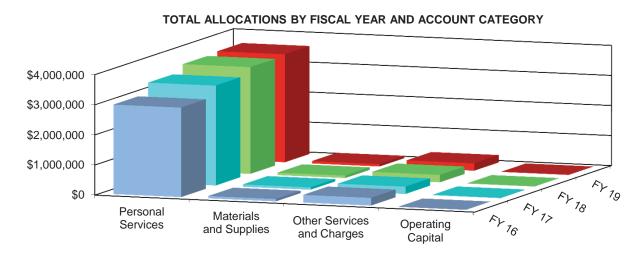
LEGAL

BUDGET HIGHLIGHTS

FY 2017 - 2018 & FY 2018 - 2019

(amounts expressed in thousands)

							ע	ollar	Percent	- 1	FY 19
	-	TY 16 CTUAL	-	Y 17 IGINAL	_	FY 18 JDGET		. From 7 Orig.	Diff. From FY 17 Orig.		ANCIAL PLAN
Operating Budget											
Personal Services	\$	2,972	\$	3,319	\$	3,550	\$	231	7.0%	\$	3,597
Materials and Supplies		77		76		81		5	6.6%		81
Other Services and Charges		256		240		248		8	3.3%		246
Operating Capital		0		12		5		(7)	-58.3%		5
Total Budget	\$	3,305	\$	3,647	\$	3,884	\$	237	6.5%	\$	3,929



RESOURCES FOR BUDGET

1080 General Fund 2320 P.A. Law Enforcement Training Fund 2910 Short-term Capital Fund

TOTAL

	_	Percent	ı	FY 19
	FY 18	Diff. From	FIN	ANCIAL
В	UDGET	FY 17 Orig.	- 1	PLAN
\$	3,877	6.7%	\$	3,924
	2	0.0%		0
	5	-58.3%		5
\$	3,884		\$	3,929

FY 18 CHANGES FOR OPERATION	AM	OUNT
Benefit and compensation adjustments	\$	231
2. Computer replacements/additions		7
3. International Municipal Law Assoc training		(22)
4. Material, supplies, and other service		39
5. Outside medical expertise, review and consultation		(11)
6. Capital replacements/additions:		
a. Disk drives (4)		5
b. Adjustment to eliminate previous year's capital		(12)
TOTAL OPERATING CHANGES	\$	237

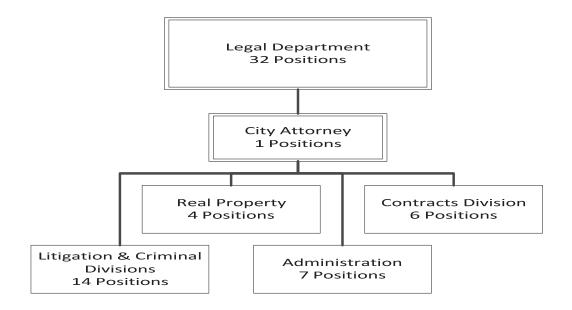
FY 19 CHANGES FOR OPERATION

No major changes in operations expected in FY19.



OCCUPATIONAL DESCRIPTION		NUMBER OF DRIZED POS		FULL-	NUMBER OF TIME EQUIV DRIZED POS	ALENT
	<u>FY 17</u>	<u>FY 18</u>	<u>FY 19</u>	<u>FY 17</u>	<u>FY 19</u>	
Legal Department						
Administrative & Technical	3	3	3	3.0	3.0	3.0
City Attorney	21	21	21	21.0	21.0	21.0
Exempt/Professional	2	2	2	2.0	2.0	2.0
Office & Technical	6	6	6	6.0	6.0	6.0
DEPARTMENT TOTAL	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$				32.0	32.0

• ORGANIZATION CHART •



Department Budget Summary

FY 2017-2018

Mission Statement

To manage, promote, and maintain professional employer/employee relationships within a safe and healthy work environment.

Overview of Services

The Human Resources department exists in order to assist the City's workforce with serving the citizens of Tulsa by maintaining a safe and healthy work environment and provides consultation with City management in order to accomplish objectives relating to employee relations and maintaining healthy employer/employee relationships.

The Human Resources Department's major areas of responsibility include:

- Employment
- Compensation and Classification
- Occupational Health
- Workers' Compensation
- Employee Development
- Insurance and Retirement Services

Goals

- 1. Under the auspices of the City Charter, recruit and retain qualified employees for all City departments.
 - **Objective 1.1:** Recruit and screen qualified internal and external applicants for vacant positions.
 - **Objective 1.2:** Promptly respond to salary requests.
- 2. Provide good faith workers' compensation claims management for City employees.
 - **Objective 2.1:** Close reported injury claims within 90 days of submission.
- **3.** Provide occupational health services to ensure the City of Tulsa employs and maintains a healthy workforce.
 - **Objective 3.1:** Provide timely occupational \health services, including preemployment physicals and medical evaluations, through the medical clinic.

- **4.** Provide benefits and retirement plan services to city employees so they can have a cost effective health and welfare benefit plan for a more secure financial future.
 - **Objective 4.1**: Effectively communicate benefits with employees through a variety of Communications tools (email, City Walk, regular updates in My Foundation newsletter).
- **5.** Maintain positive employee and labor relations to retain a quality workforce.
 - **Objective 5.1:** Develop policies and enforce appropriate standards so that human resources are managed effectively.
 - **Objective 5.2:** Promptly investigate and resolve complaints regarding policy violations.
- **6.** Ensure the City of Tulsa employs and maintains a well-trained and safe workforce.

Objective 6.1: Provide training opportunities and safety contacts to share with employees on a regular basis, and update City policies as needed to address safety concerns.

Performance Measures	FY 15-16 Actual	FY 16-17 Target	FY 16-17 Estimate	FY 17-18 Target
1.1.1: % of internal non-sworn vacancies filled within 45 days of closing date	93%	80%	95%	80%
1.1.2: % of external non-sworn vacancies filled within 45 days of closing date	83%	80%	88%	80%
1.2.1: % of salary requests responded to within 24 hours	90%	100%	95%	95%
2.1.1: % or reported injury claims closed within 90 days of submission	77%	65%	80%	70%
3.1.1: % of new hire physicals conducted within 5 working days of request	97%	100%	98%	100%
3.1.2: % of specialist/imaging referrals made within two days of the patient's visit	99%	95%	95%	95%
3.1.4: # of physical examinations provided	263	No Target	350	No Target
4.1.1: % of new employees enrolled in benefits prior to eligibility date	97%	100%	100%	100%
5.1.1: # of grievances filed	84	No Target	90	No Target

Performance Measures	FY 15-16	FY 16-17	FY 16-17	FY 17-18
	Actual	Target	Estimate	Target
5.1.2: # of grievances conducted per City policy and collective bargaining agreements	16	No Target	20	No Target
5.1.3: % of grievances resolved without arbitration	22	No Target	20	No Target
5.1.4: % of investigation reports provided within 90 days of initiating the investigation	39	80%	80%	80%
6.1.1: % reduction in job site injuries over previous year	-2%	50%	50%	50%
6.1.2: # of job site injuries	472	No Target	415	No Target
6.1.4: % of registered employees who attend workshops or training	93%	100%	85%	100%
6.1.5: % of employees rating meetings, workshops, training as effective	88%	90%	90%	90%

Budget Strategy Overview

Well-Being

- Wellness As part of our overall health and wellness programming, human resources will prioritize wellness programming and communication. We will strive to provide comprehensive health and wellness programs that emphasis basic fitness, nutrition and the importance of routine medical screenings. These efforts, over time, should provide positive improvements in employee morale, attendance and general health and wellbeing of our employee population.
- Safety The City has committed to a total safety culture transformation and has made positive strides through inter-departmental collaboration and education to reduce on the job injury and the cost of workers' compensation claims. Focus in FY18 will be to achieve a city-wide 20% reduction to our injury rate and work to eliminate future injuries by implementing a city-wide near miss reporting process. These efforts will improve employee morale, and ensure that all employees return home to their loved ones in the same condition that they were in when they left the house that morning.

City Experience

- Recruitment Our application and employment process is the first contact that
 many citizens have with the City of Tulsa. Through new technology (ERP) and
 streamlined processes, we will be upgrading the recruitment experience for all
 applicants. HR staff will be renewing our focus on Customer Service during the
 coming year to further provide a positive experience to job-seekers.
- Corporate Culture As we continue to work to establish a revised City Mission, Vision and Values, we have the opportunity to make positive changes in the perception of city employee in the eyes of our citizen customers. We will focus on policy and training initiatives that are aligned with new corporate mission and values and focus on change management to make positive improvements in our employee culture.

Inside City Hall

- Onboarding/orientation The onboarding process is the entry point for the total employee experience. We will be focusing efforts on improving this process and providing not just a single focused orientation, but providing a map for a new employee that takes them through their first year of employment.
- Improve Morale This will be the largest and most difficult task. We will be using data collected from our employee survey and polling employees regarding policy revisions and other projects to gauge support and acceptance. Focus will shift to transparency and communication, employee engagement and collaboration in all aspects of Human Resources service delivery. Current working groups have served as a model to successfully implement process changes. Our success will be measured annually in the survey process and through feedback and overall reduction in grievances and complaints related to morale issues.

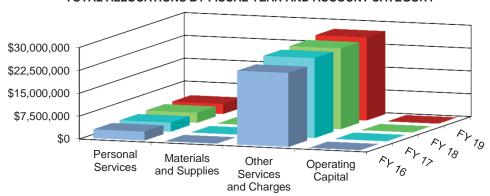
HUMAN RESOURCES

BUDGET HIGHLIGHTS FY 2017 - 2018 & FY 2018 - 2019

(amounts expressed in thousands)

					_		Dollar		Percent	FY 19	
		FY 16	Y 16		FY 18		Diff. From		Diff. From	FINANCIAL	
	Α	CTUAL	OF	RIGINAL	NAL BUDGET		FY 17 Orig.		FY 17 Orig.	PLAN	
Operating Budget											
Personal Services	\$	2,939	\$	2,991	\$	3,334	\$	343	11.5%	\$	3,377
Materials and Supplies		97		115		118		3	2.6%		128
Other Services and Charges		24,258		26,221		26,541		320	1.2%		27,293
Operating Capital		0		57		0		(57)	-100.0%		0
Total Budget	\$	27,294	\$	29,384	\$	29,993	\$	609	2.1%	\$	30,798

TOTAL ALLOCATIONS BY FISCAL YEAR AND ACCOUNT CATEGORY



	F	FY 18	Diff. From	FIN	IANCIAL
RESOURCES FOR BUDGET	Bl	JDGET	FY 17 Orig.		PLAN
1080 General Fund	\$	3,801	4.0%	\$	3,848
2910 Short-Term Capital Fund		0	-100.0%		0
3000 Municipal Employees' Retirement Plan Fund		370	7.2%		375
8025 Employees' Insurance Service Fund		25,822	2.0%		26,575
TOTAL	\$	29,993		\$	30,798

FY 18 CHANGES FOR OPERATION								
Benefit and compensation adjustments	\$	120						
2. Mid year addition - Insurance Coordinator		87						
3. FY18 Position Changes		57						
a. Add - Telecommunicator position funding transferred to Human 57	_							
Resources for E911 recruiting analyst								
Independent Employment Services moved between Account Groups		0						
a. Personal Service Account Group 79								
b. Other Service Account Group (79)	_							
5. Computer replacement/additions	_	3						
6. Staffing support moved to financial system project restored		71						
7. Tulsa Spirit Ambassadors		5						
Consulting fees for sworn position testing		(73)						
Internal equipment management services		(6)						
10. Employer Benefit Contribution - mid-year 10% Increase		402						
11. Capital additions/replacements:								
a. Adjustment to eliminate previous year's capital		(57)						
TOTAL OPERATING CHANGES	\$	609						

FY 19 CHANGES FOR OPERATION

FY 19

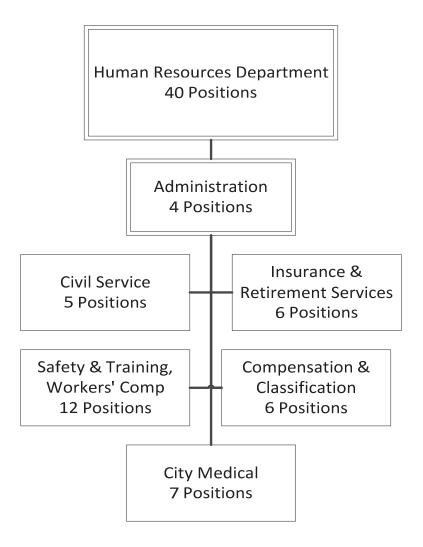
Percent

HUMAN RESOURCES

STAFFING SUMMARY

				NUMBER (
	'	NUMBER OF	•	FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT							
OCCUPATIONAL DESCRIPTION	AUTHO	PRIZED POS	ITIONS	AUTHO	TIONS						
	<u>FY 17</u>	FY 18	FY 19	<u>FY 17</u>	FY 18	FY 19					
Administration											
Administrative & Technical	2	2	2	2.0	2.0	2.0					
Exempt/Professional	2	2	2	2.0	2.0	2.0					
Office & Technical	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0					
Total Administration	4	4	4	4.0	4.0	4.0					
Safety & Training, Workers' Comp											
Administrative & Technical	10	10	10	10.0	10.0	10.0					
Exempt/Professional	2	2	2	2.0	2.0	2.0					
Total Safety & Training, Workers' Comp	12	12	12	12.0	12.0	12.0					
Civil Service											
Administrative & Technical	4	5	5	4.0	5.0	5.0					
Total Civil Service	4	5	5	4.0	5.0	5.0					
Insurance & Retirement				_							
Administrative & Technical	4	4	4	4.0	4.0	4.0					
Exempt/Professional	1	2	2	1.0	2.0	2.0					
Office & Technical	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0					
Total Insurance & Retirement	5	6	6	4.0	6.0	6.0					
Comp/Class											
Administrative & Technical	4	4	4	4.0	4.0	4.0					
Exempt/Professional	2	2	2	2.0	2.0	2.0					
Office & Technical	0	0	0	1.0	0.0	0.0					
Total Comp/Class	6	6	6	7.0	6.0	6.0					
City Medical											
Exempt/Professional	2	2	2	2.0	2.0	2.0					
Office & Technical	5	5	5	5.0	5.0	5.0					
Total City Medical	7	7	7	7.0	7.0	7.0					
TOTAL	38	40	40	38.0	40.0	40.0					

• ORGANIZATION CHART •



Workers' Compensation

Department Budget Summary

FY 2017-2018

Mission Statement

Overview of Services

Workers' Compensation is not a department in the traditional sense; and therefore, does not have a mission statement, goals, objectives or key performance indicators.

Workers' Compensation, administered by the Human Resources department, is responsible for managing state mandated salary continuation and medical benefits for injured employees. Funding for this program includes fees for physicians and surgeons for injury evaluation and treatment, payment of court costs, temporary and on-going disability payments and handling of related claims. Pension system mandated salary continuation, as well as injury leave benefit programs arising under collective bargaining agreements and policies, are determined and administered within this funding area; however, direct payments are made through the individual department budgets.

The City of Tulsa is self-insured for Workers' Compensation and payments are made from the Workers Compensation Fund. Contributions to this fund are automatically transferred monthly from each City department having salary accounts. The transfer is based on a department's historical claims experience percentage that reflects the relationship between administrative workers' compensation costs to salaries.

Goals

There are no goals for this area. It is not a department in a traditional sense. It is a cost center designed to capture and account for Workers' Compensation costs.

Budget Strategy Overview

This section is not applicable to this area.

WORKERS' COMPENSATION

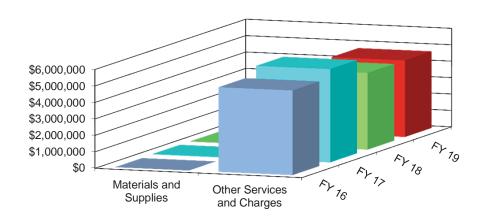
BUDGET HIGHLIGHTS

FY 2017 - 2018 & FY 2018 - 2019

(amounts expressed in thousands)

					_	Dollar		Percent	FY 19	
FY 16		FY 17		FY 18		Diff. From		Diff. From	FINANCIAL	
A	CTUAL	OR	ORIGINAL		BUDGET		17 Orig.	FY 17 Orig.	PLAN	
	_									
\$		\$	33	\$	33	\$	0	0.0%	\$	33
	5,138		5,667		4,667		(1,000)	-17.6%		4,667
\$	5,138	\$	5,700	\$	4,700	\$	(1,000)	-17.5%	\$	4,700
	A	* 5,138	* \$ 5,138	* \$ 33 5,138 5,667	* \$ 33 \$ 5,138 5,667	ACTUAL ORIGINAL BUDGET \$ 33 \$ 33 5,138 5,667 4,667	FY 16 ACTUAL FY 17 ORIGINAL FY 18 BUDGET Di FY \$ 33 5,138 \$ 33 5,667 \$ 4,667	ACTUAL ORIGINAL BUDGET FY 17 Orig. \$ 33 \$ 33 \$ 0 5,138 5,667 4,667 (1,000)	FY 16 ACTUAL FY 17 ORIGINAL FY 18 BUDGET Diff. From FY 17 Orig. Diff. From FY 17 Orig. Diff. From FY 17 Orig. \$ 33 \$ 33 \$ 0 0.0% 5,138 5,667 4,667 (1,000) -17.6%	FY 16 ACTUAL FY 17 ORIGINAL FY 18 BUDGET Diff. From FY 17 Orig. Diff. From FY 17 Orig. FIN FY 17 Orig. \$ 33 5,138 \$ 33 5,667 \$ 33 4,667 \$ 0 (1,000) 0.0% -17.6% \$ 10 -17.6%

TOTAL ALLOCATIONS BY FISCAL YEAR AND ACCOUNT CATEGORY



RESOURCES FOR BUDGET

8020 Workers' Compensation Service Fund **TOTAL**

	_	Percent	FY 19				
F	Y 18	Diff. From	FINANCIAL				
BUDGET		FY 17 Orig.	F	PLAN			
\$	4,700	-17.5%	\$	4,700			
\$	4,700		\$	4,700			

FY 18 CHANGES FOR OPERATION

1. Workers Compensation rate reduced 17.5% to expected experience levels **TOTAL OPERATING CHANGES**

AMOUNT								
\$	(1,000)							
\$	(1,000)							

FY 19 CHANGES FOR OPERATION

No major changes in operations expected in FY19.

General Government

Department Budget Summary

FY 2017-2018

Mission Statement

Overview of Services

General Government is not a department in the traditional sense; and therefore, does not have a mission statement, goals, objectives or key performance indicators.

The General Government program, administered by the Finance Department, is responsible for general-purpose expenditure requirements that are not chargeable to a specific department. Expenses include City memberships, advertising, property and casualty insurance premiums, property revaluation payments to Tulsa County, election expenses and outside legal counsel. Typically, no personnel costs are charged to this program.

Goals

There are no goals for this area. It is not a department in a traditional sense. It is a center to pay for city-wide activities that are not confined to one department.

Budget Strategy Overview

This section is not applicable to this area.

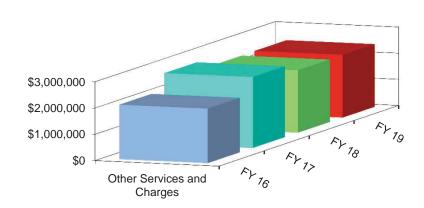
GENERAL GOVERNMENT

BUDGET HIGHLIGHTS FY 2017 - 2018 & FY 2018 - 2019

(amounts expressed in thousands)

	_	TY 16	-	TY 17	Y 18 JDGET	Dif	ollar f. From 17 Orig.	Percent Diff. From FY 17 Orig.	FIN	FY 19 IANCIAL PLAN
Operating Budget										
Other Services and Charges	\$	2,075	\$	2,700	\$ 2,383	\$	(317)	-11.7%	\$	2,399
Total Budget	\$	2,075	\$	2,700	\$ 2,383	\$	(317)	-11.7%	\$	2,399

TOTAL ALLOCATIONS BY FISCAL YEAR AND ACCOUNT CATEGORY



RESOURCES FOR BUDGET

1080 General Fund **TOTAL**

	Percent	FY 19			
FY 18	Diff. From	FINANCIAL			
BUDGET	FY 17 Orig.	PLAN			
\$ 2,383	-11.7%	\$	2,399		
\$ 2,383		\$	2,399		

FY 18 CHANGES FOR OPERATION

- 1. Remove 911 Operations Efficiency Study (FY17 one-time cost)
- 2. Return outside litigation cost to prior levels (FY17 one-time cost)
- 3. Reduce consulting services
- 4. 'A Better Way' pilot project

TOTAL OPERATING CHANGES

AN	IOUNT
\$	(42)
	(300)
	(25)
	50
\$	(317)

FY 19 CHANGES FOR OPERATION

No major changes in operations expected in FY19.

Department Budget Summary

FY 2017-2018

Mission Statement

To provide local and regional planning, coordination, information, administration, implementation and management services to member governments and their constituent organizations resulting in regional cooperation and the enhancement of public and private decision-making capabilities and the solution of local and regional challenges.

Overview of Services

A cooperative and coordinative approach to local government problem-solving is the basis for the Indian Nations Council of Governments (INCOG) operations. It provides staff to the Tulsa Metropolitan Area Planning Commission (TMAPC), the City Board of Adjustment (BOA), and the Metropolitan Environmental Trust (M.e.t). INCOG provides a wide array of regional programs in transportation and environmental planning, community and economic development, aging services, public safety, GIS/mapping and data services and regional legislative and public policy advocacy.

INCOG is the Metropolitan Planning Organization for regional transportation planning and is designated as an Economic Development District by the federal Economic Development Administration for the Tulsa area, creating access to federal funding for City projects. INCOG's Ozone Alert! Program strives to improve air quality through voluntary measures and maintaining attainment status. INCOG's Area Agency on Aging provides nutrition and other community-based services to older adults.

INCOG worked in partnership with city of Tulsa Planning and Development Department on the new Zoning Code which went into effect in 2016 and led the effort to establish River Design Overlay Zoning in Tulsa. In the coming year, INCOG staff is playing a significant role in updating the Subdivision Regulations and the landscape regulations in the zoning code.

INCOG staff assists applicants through the land development process with rezoning, lot splits and lot combinations, site plan reviews, BOA applications, and other related land development approvals to promote quality, orderly development. INCOG staff continues to serve as the lead agency for amendments and general maintenance of the Comprehensive Plan. The "master" document is maintained by INCOG staff and kept up to date as amendments are adopted. Since 2013, 58 amendments to the Comprehensive plan have been approved.

INCOG's transportation planning program assures the COT eligibility for federal surface transportation funding. INCOG provides data analysis and traffic modeling and identifies federal funding opportunities for COT to secure additional resources to support priority projects. INCOG serves in a leadership role engaging appropriate city departments to pursue community initiatives related to Bus Rapid Transit, Bike Share, enhanced bike/pedestrian infrastructure, and highway lighting.

Goals

- 1. Maintain eligibility and secure funding for Tulsa transportation and economic development projects.
 - **Objective 1.1:** Pursue and secure federal grant funding for strategically important Tulsa surface transportation projects.
 - **Objective 1.2:** Pursue and secure federal grant funding for economic development projects that support job creation.
 - **Objective 1.3:** Monitor air quality and develop strategies for maintaining compliance with current EPA ozone standards.
- Provide consistent delivery of timely and reliable land development reviews and services for TMAPC and the BOA to maintain and implement the City of Tulsa Comprehensive Plan and growth policies.
 - **Objective 2.1:** Process approximately 950 land development applications/reviews annually.
 - **Objective 2.2:** Promote and utilize new tools and processes in the new Zoning Code to implement the Comprehensive Plan including Mixed Use development and River District design guidelines.
 - **Objective 2.3:** Provide guidance in the development, adoption and implementation of the Subdivision Regulations update, landscape regulations update, and other planning and zoning initiatives.
 - **Objective 2.4:** Maintain the Comprehensive Plan as a living document through plan amendments, and provide Comprehensive Plan conformance reviews for capital improvement projects and tax increment/incentive district projects and other relevant plans and studies.
- 3. Maintain eligibility and secure state and federal funding for aging services programs
 - **Objective 3.1:** Provide funding for aging services programs including nutrition, transportation, homemaker and related services in the Tulsa and the Tulsa area.
 - **Objective 3.2:** Provide information and assistance regarding community based services for older Americans in the City of Tulsa.
 - **Objective 3.3:** Respond to and investigate complaints regarding services provided by licensed long term care facilities, as required by the Older Americans Act.
- **4.** Support City of Tulsa goals through other INCOG programs including robust GIS and mapping capabilities, data collection and analysis, 9-1-1 coordination services, and legislative advocacy.
 - **Objective 4.1:** Utilize GIS capability to support the City's strategic planning framework and initiatives.

Objective 4.2: Continuously update MSAG database to encompass all new addressing and development in the city of Tulsa.

Objective 4.3: Pursue legislative and regulatory reforms that support City goals and support efforts to enhance local authority, flexibility and funding to address local needs.

Performance Measures	FY 15-16 Actual	FY 16-17 Target	FY 16-17 Estimate	FY 17-18 Target
1.1.1: Federal funding approved for City roads, transit, and bike/ped facilities	\$15.5M	\$25M	\$25M	\$15M
1.1.2: \$ amount of federal grants secured for Tulsa area economic development projects	\$.35M	\$1M	0	\$1M
1.1.3: Ozone design value (calendar yr)	67	70	65	65
2.1.1: # of land development applications/reviews (calendar yr)	893	950	950	950
2.1.2: # of mixed use zoning/river overlay district projects (calendar yr)	0	2	2	5
2.1.3: # updated or new planning tools adopted (calendar yr)	1	1	2	2
2.1.4: (a) # comprehensive plan amendments	17	16	15	16
(b) # of comprehensive plan conformance reviews	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
3.1.1: # of units of service delivery for aging services programs	540,251	500,000	454,950	450,000
3.1.2: # calls assisted for information and assistance	1,801	1,600	1,564	1,500
3.1.3 # of complaints addressed by ombudsmen	350	350	342	350
4.1.1: GIS support for Office of Performance, Strategy, and Innovation project initiatives	N/A	S. Mingo Crash Study	Crash analysis & Population growth working groups	3 initiatives to be determined
4.2.1: City of Tulsa addresses verified and/or added to MSAG database	N/A	500 est.	500 est.	500 est.
4.3.1: Bills initiated/supported by CTAG on behalf of the City of Tulsa	2	3	4	3

Budget Strategy Overview

INCOG supports the City's strategic planning framework and the focus on Goal/Outcome and Measures. The following INCOG activities assist in addressing the City of Tulsa's priority goal areas.

Well-Being

- Identify, pursue, and secure state and federal transportation resources and partnerships to achieve City of Tulsa priorities and program initiatives in such areas as:
 - Address traffic safety and highway lighting to decrease traffic fatalities
 - Expand bike and pedestrian infrastructure to support transportation alternatives to improve Tulsa's overall health and provide a quality transportation network
 - In partner with OTA and ODOT in the expansion of the Gilcrease Expressway to provide a quality transportation network.

City Experience

- Provide consistent delivery of timely and reliable land development reviews and services for TMAPC and the BOA to maintain and implement the City of Tulsa Comprehensive Plan and growth policies. INCOG staffing of the Tulsa Metropolitan Planning Commission and City Board of Adjustment provides timely and professional review that supports orderly development which will result in economic and population growth in the city.
 - Add new jobs to the local economy, grow Tulsa's population, increase tourism, and facilitate quality entertainment options

Opportunity

- Pursue and secure federal funding for economic development projects to add new jobs to the local economy and grow Tulsa's population
- Maintain eligibility and secure state and federal funding for aging services programs (Goal/Outcomes – Improve Tulsan's overall health, with a focus on reducing health disparities and Support financial stability for Tulsa's residents)

INCOG's abilities and capabilities are ideally suited to respond to the City of Tulsa initiatives and goals. INCOG often serves as an extension of the City of Tulsa staff working with the Mayor's Office, Council and numerous city departments to accomplish city goals. A robust GIS system, substantial mapping capabilities, as well as expertise in data collection and analysis inform planning and policy development that support the City's initiatives. INCOG'S expertise and track record of securing and administering state and federal grants provides an assessable on-call resource for the city. In addition, opportunities for state statute and regulatory changes to address local policy challenges are identified, coordinated with strategic partners, and pursued at the state level.

INDIAN NATIONS COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS (INCOG)

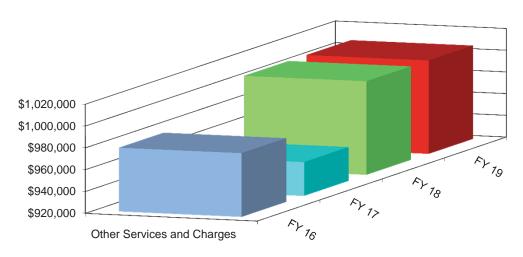
BUDGET HIGHLIGHTS

FY 2017 - 2018 & FY 2018 - 2019

(amounts expressed in thousands)

					Dollar			Percent	FY 19		
	F	FY 16		FY 17		FY 18		From	Diff. From	FINANCIAL	
	AC	ACTUAL		ORIGINAL		BUDGET		Orig.	FY 17 Orig.	PLAN	
Operating Budget											
Other Services and Charges	\$	978	\$	951	\$	1,006	\$	55	5.8%	\$	1,006
Total Budget	\$	978	\$	951	\$	1,006	\$	55	5.8%	\$	1,006
									i		

TOTAL ALLOCATIONS BY FISCAL YEAR AND ACCOUNT CATEGORY



RESOURCES FOR BUDGET

1080 General Fund

TOTAL

		Percent	FY 19				
F	FY 18	Diff. From	FINANCIAL				
В	JDGET	FY 17 Orig.	PLAN				
\$	1,006	5.8%	\$	1,006			
\$	1,006		\$	1,006			
		•					

FY 18 CHANGES FOR OPERATION

1. Benefit and compensation adjustments

TOTAL OPERATING CHANGES

AMOUNT							
\$	55						
\$	55						

FY 19 CHANGES FOR OPERATION

No major changes in operations expected in FY19.

Department Budget Summary

FY 2017-2018

Mission Statement

Provide accountable information and services that empowers the community, elected officials, and City departments to make informed financial and performance-based decisions.

Overview of Services

The Finance department provides centralized public financial functions for the City of Tulsa through 7 divisions: Administration, Budget and Planning, Treasury, Purchasing, Accounting, Utility Services and City Clerk.

Services include:

- Accounting for City revenues, expenditures, assets and liabilities;
- Preparing and administering the annual operating and capital budgets and strategic planning;
- Processing all requests for purchase of goods and services;
- Maintaining and securing the highest possible prudent return on the City's investment portfolio;
- Assuring timely payment of the City's bills, claims, and debt liabilities;
- Developing and monitoring the City's annual five year capital plan;
- Maintaining and providing copies of all official and financial documents;
- Developing and implementing financial policies and programs consistent with legal requirements;
- Administrating the City's and authorities' debt programs;
- Administrating the City's Housing and Urban Development Department (HUD) funded grant programs;
- Supports other City Departments and partner agencies with the identification, application and administration of state, federal and local grants;
- Maintains custody of the city seal, ordinances, resolutions, records, and archives in the Office of the City Clerk as provided by law
- Preparing and administering the billing, recording, and collecting charges for water, sewer, refuse, EMSA, and storm water services.

Goals

1. Protect the City's financial assets.

Objective 1.1: Invest cash reserves to preserve capital, meet liquidity needs and maximize returns.

- 2. Maintain the City's financial health.
 - **Objective 2.1:** Maintain or improve the City's general obligation bond ratings.
 - **Objective 2.2:** Maintain general fund emergency operating reserve at the level set by policy.
 - **Objective 2.3:** Develop a budget document that qualified for GFOA Distinguished Budget Presentation Award.
 - **Objective 2.4:** Prepare financial reports that are timely and of the quality warranting GFOA awards for excellence in financial reporting.
- **3.** Ensure good stewardship of City revenues.
 - **Objective 3.1:** Achieve collection of 99.3% of revenue billed by Utilities Services.
 - **Objective 3.2:** Achieve collection of 35% of revenue billed by other City services.
 - **Objective 3.3:** Effectively manage Grants allocated through the City of Tulsa.
- **4.** Contribute to efficient and reliable local government.
 - **Objective 4.1**: Complete the purchasing cycle on average purchases of commodities within 12 business days.
 - **Objective 4.2:** Sell City property that has been declared surplus in an efficient and thorough manner while maximizing revenues.
 - **Objective 4.3:** Increase efficiency by utilizing electronic payments.
 - **Objective 4.4:** Efficiently and effectively manage City records by ensuring the Adopted Records Retention Schedule is followed.

Performance Measures	FY 15-16 Actual	FY 16-17 Target	FY 16-17 Estimate	FY 17-18 Target
1.1.1: Basis points over the treasury bill rate	98	75	75	75
2.1.1: City's Standard and Poor bond rating	AA	AA	AA	AA
2.1.2: City's Moody's Investor Service bond rating	Aa ¹	Aa ¹	Aa ¹	Aa ¹
2.2.1: Average % of General Fund emergency operating reserve set by policy (6.25%)	8.20%	6.25%	6.25%	6.25%
2.3.1: Receive GFOA distinguished budget award	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
2.4.1: Earn GFOA Award for excellence in financial reporting	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
3.1.1: Collection rate % of revenue billed for Utilities Services	99.6%	99.4%	99.4%	99.4%
3.2.1: \$ net receipts from TSID Billing and Collection	\$3,450,000	\$3,380,000	\$3,400,000	\$3,450,000
3.2.2: Collection rate of % of revenue billed for TSID	99%	98%	98%	98%
3.2.3: \$ net receipts from A/R Assigned to Collections	\$1,253,342	\$1,100,000	\$1,100,000	\$1,200,000
3.2.4: Collection rate of % of revenue billed for A/R assigned to collections	53%	50%	50%	50%
3.3.1: Total number of persons assisted with HUD funded non-housing services or activities	45,166	56,248	56,248	49,921
3.3.2: Total number of households assisted with HUD funded housing programs	674	929	875	794
4.1.1: % of commodity purchases completed within 12 business days	57.5%	70%	62.0%	70%
4.2.1: \$ revenue received from Surplus Auction*	\$909,867	\$750,000	\$1,215,000	\$1,000,000
4.3.1: % of total revenue received via electronic payment	20%	20%	20%	20%
4.3.2: % of utilities customers utilizing electronic payment	20.6%	21%	21.9%	22%

Performance Measures	FY 15-16	FY 16-17	FY 16-17	FY 17-18
	Actual	Target	Estimate	Target
4.4.1: % boxes past retention date that were destroyed or permanently removed from offsite storage	83%	70%	90%	90%

^{*} Note: this is Total Surplus Revenues, including sale of items for outside entities.

Budget Strategy Overview

Well-Being

The Finance Department, in conjunction with the Mayor's Office, the City Council and other City Departments, has assisted in the planning, development and ongoing implementation of the Vision Tulsa capital program. Through this program citizens will see an increase in public safety officials, improvements to streets and transit, and new economic development projects. Many of these project contribute to the well-being of Tulsa's residents and businesses.

Opportunity

The City Clerk's Office has hosted multiple High School Interns over the last two years. These interns worked one-on-one with City Clerk's Office staff projects within the office, obtaining hands-on experience in a fast paced, highly regulated, professional office environment. Given the opportunity the City Clerk's Office will continue to host high school students looking to obtain hands-on experience in an office environment.

The Finance Department supports projects in Vision Tulsa aimed at creating opportunity through creating two Bus Rapid Transit routes on Peoria and 11th Street connecting over 20% of the city's jobs.

The City Experience

Through the implementation of the Vision Tulsa package, several tourism-related projects will be completed. Namely, the Gilcrease Museum expansion and improvements to the Cox Business Center. Both contribute to tourism and entertainment options which drive economic development.

Inside City Hall

The Finance Department has a large number of Innovation champions who are working both internally and with other departments to identify business process improvements that will reduce errors and improve process workflow. We are also actively implementing the Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) System which will automate many processes, provide a high level of continuity across the organization and allow for a greater understanding of workflows across the organization.

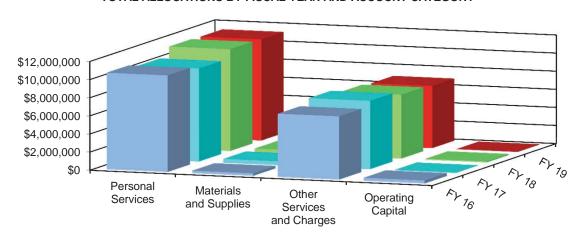
FINANCE

BUDGET HIGHLIGHTS FY 2017 - 2018 & FY 2018 - 2019

(amounts expressed in thousands)

				_	Dollar		Percent		FY 19		
	FY 16		FY 17			FY 18	Diff. From		Diff. From	FIN	NANCIAL
	Α	CTUAL	ORIGINAL		В	UDGET	ET FY 17 Orig		FY 17 Orig.		PLAN
Operating Budget											
Personal Services	\$	10,658	\$	10,267	\$	11,251	\$	984	9.6%	\$	11,191
Materials and Supplies		274		407		395		(12)	-3.0%		395
Other Services and Charges		6,978		7,532		7,054		(478)	-6.3%		6,874
Operating Capital		331		33		114		81	245.5%		29
Total Budget	\$	18,241	\$	18,239	\$	18,814	\$	575	3.2%	\$	18,489

TOTAL ALLOCATIONS BY FISCAL YEAR AND ACCOUNT CATEGORY



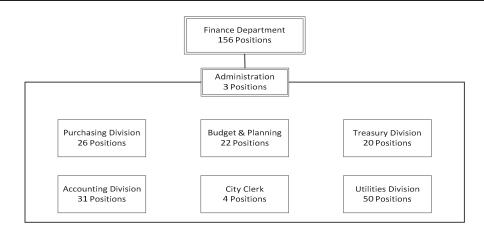
	Percent		FY 19		
FY 18 UDGET	Diff. From FY 17 Orig.	FINANCIAL PLAN			
\$ 8,494	9.4%	\$	8,385		
0	-100.0%		29		
529	4.5%		534		
88	4.8%		89		
20	0.0%		20		
975	-23.6%		972		
284	0.0%		284		
2,284	-7.5%		2,098		
361	0.0%		361		
541	-4.6%		546		
2,824	5.1%		2,735		
2,258	9.2%		2,279		
156	4.7%		157		
\$ 18,814		\$	18,489		
<u> </u>	•				

FY 18 CHANGES FOR OPERATION		AM	OUNT
Benefit and compensation adjustments		\$	668
2. Independent Employment Services moved between Account Groups			0
a. Personal Service Account Group	16		
b. Other Services Account Group	(16)		
Staffing support moved to financial system project restored			316
Economic revenue forecast service			24
5. Surplus auctioneer commissions (revenue offset)			48
Estimated retail incentive payouts			(50)
7. Miscellaneous reductions in materials and supplies			(11)
8. Miscellaneous reductions in services			(14)
9. HUD Grants			(487)
a. Home Investment Partnership Program (HOME)	(301)		
b. Community Development Block Grant (CDBG)	(186)		
10. Capital additions/replacements:			
a. Forklift - Warehouse operations			114
b. Adjustment to eliminate previous year's capital			(33)
TOTAL OPERATING CHANGES		\$	575

FY 19 CHANGES FOR OPERATION

FY19 will be the first full year of the Munis and Energov (finance, licensing, permitting, workflow) systems.

	ı	NUMBER OF	:	NUMBER OF FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT AUTHORIZED POSITIONS				
OCCUPATIONAL DESCRIPTION	AUTHO	RIZED POS	ITIONS					
	FY 17	FY 18	FY 19	FY 17	FY 18	FY 19		
<u>Administration</u>								
Exempt/Professional	3	3	3	3.0	3.0	3.0		
Total Administration	3	3	3	3.0	3.0	3.0		
Treasury Division								
Administrative & Technical	9	9	9	9.0	9.0	9.0		
Exempt/Professional	4	4	4	4.0	4.0	4.0		
Office & Technical	7	7	7	6.5	6.5	6.5		
Total Treasury Division	20	20	20	19.5	19.5	19.5		
Purchasing Division Administrative & Technical	_	,	4	2.0	4.0	4.0		
Exempt/Professional	2 6	4 6	6	2.0 6.0	4.0 6.0	4.0 6.0		
Labor & Trades	13	12	12	13.0	12.0	12.0		
Office & Technical	5	4	4	5.0	4.0	4.0		
Total Purchasing Division	26	26	26	26.0	26.0	26.0		
Accounting Division				20.0	20.0	20.0		
Administrative & Technical	5	5	5	5.0	5.0	5.0		
Exempt/Professional	19	19	19	19.0	19.0	19.0		
Office & Technical	7	7	7	7.0	6.5	6.5		
Total Accounting Division City Clerk's Office	31	31	31	31.0	30.5	30.5		
Administrative & Technical	1	1	1	1.0	1.0	1.0		
Exempt/Professional	1	1	1	1.0	1.0	1.0		
Office & Technical	2	2	2	2.0	2.0	2.0		
Total City Clerk's Office	4	4	4	4.0	4.0	4.0		
Budget & Planning Division Administrative & Technical	9	11	11	9.0	11.0	11.0		
Exempt/Professional	10	10	10	10.0	10.0	10.0		
Office & Technical	3	1	1 1	3.0	1.0	1.0		
Total Budget & Planning Division	22	22	22	22.0	22.0	22.0		
Maximizing and Advancing				22.0	22.0	22.0		
Performance Office								
Exempt/Professional	2	0	0	2.0	0.0	0.0		
Total Maximizing and Advancing			0	2.0	0.0	0.0		
Performance Office	_			2.0	0.0	0.0		
Utilities Division								
Administrative & Technical Exempt/Professional	8 14	8 14	8 14	8.0 14.0	8.0 14.0	8.0 14.0		
Office & Technical	28	28	28	28.0	28.0	28.0		
Total Utilities Division	50	50	50	50.0	50.0	50.0		
ו סנמו סנווונופט בועוטוטוו								
TOTAL	158	<u>156</u>	<u>156</u>	157.5	155.0	155.0		



Department Budget Summary

FY 2017-2018

Mission Statement

To provide cost effective and highly efficient technology services for our clients.

Overview of Services

The Information Technology Department (IT) is an internal service organization that is committed to providing the technology needs of all City departments. The goals of every department become the goals of IT. The department will be managed following industry standard work breakdown structures ensuring a cost effective and highly efficient service delivery. The department will consist of the following divisions:

Information Technology Client Services

Information Technology Client Services is responsible for all direct client services. The division consists of the following sections:

Project Management – Provides IT project management, resource planning and strategic deployment planning

Development Services – Provides development services including application development, web development, and application integration services

Deployment Services – Provides system and application deployment services including testing, deployment, and documentation of applications and systems

Support Services – Provides support services including service desk, application support, and minor application configuration

Information Technology Operations

Maintains, supports, and secures the City-wide network, network-delivered applications including email and internet, servers, data center, system backup and recovery, business continuity/disaster recovery planning, desktop and laptop computer management, audio/visual technology, voice systems, radios and regional radio system, vehicular electronic equipment and emergency warning systems. The division consists of the following sections:

Database Services – Provides maintenance and support of all City databases and database infrastructure services.

Server Services – Provides maintenance and support of all City servers, datacenters and City-Wide application services.

Network Services – Provides maintenance and support of all City network and voice communication services.

Radio Services – Provides installation, maintenance and support of all City emergency warning systems, vehicular electronic equipment and radio communications services.

Administration Services

Administration Services coordinates audit compliance, technology budgeting and procurement, technology asset management, contract review and management, governance, policies and procedures administration, forecasting, and City-wide office services including print services, mail, supplies and records management.

Architecture Services

Architecture Services provides future-focused application, data, system and security architecture services. Coordinates vendor pilots, research and development projects, and provides direction to all City department ensuring a consistent architecture across applications and systems.

Goals

- 1. Provide redundant, resilient and reliable Information Technology services for the City
 - **Objective 1.1:** Monthly and annual customer satisfaction surveys with a score of 3 or lower will be reviewed to resolve customer service issues and concerns.
 - **Objective 1.2:** Manage service levels with statistics from the IT Service Desk including ticket resolution within 30 days.
 - **Objective 1.3:** Efficiently manage IT resource utilization to resolve at least 40% of customer requests on first contact thereby allowing more time for strategic endeavors.
- **2.** Align services and resources with customer goals.
 - **Objective 2.1:** Manage resource capacity and utilization to ensure proper project prioritization and planning. Establish total available capacity and ensure general and administrative tasks do not exceed 20% of total capacity.
 - **Objective 2.2:** Provide technology needs analysis and project administration services to City management and project sponsors so they can complete technology projects that meet their business goals within agreed schedules.
- **3.** Reform our approach from reactive to proactive.

Objective 3.1: Manage operations to ensure average system uptime of 99.90% excluding regularly scheduled maintenance.

Objective 3.2: Efficiently install technology for city vehicles and consistently provide IT support of city devices (computers, two-way radios, wireless devices, etc.)

Key Performance Indicators	FY 15-16	FY 16-17	FY 16-17	FY 17-18
	Actual	Target	Estimate	Target
1.1: Annual and monthly customer service rating (1-5)	4.00	4.00	4.5	4.00
1.2.1: % of IT service tickets over 30 days old	16%	1%	0.97%	1%
1.2.2: Total # of HelpDesk requests received	22,387	Metric Only ¹	26,489	Metric Only
1.3.1: First contact resolution rate	31%	40%	51.4%	40%
1.3.2: # of endpoints served (includes desktops, laptops, smart phones, tablets and other devices)	N/A	Metric Only	5259	Metric Only
1.3.3: # of servers supported	N/A	Metric Only	502	Metric Only
1.3.4: # of databases supported	N/A	Metric Only	2055	Metric Only
2.1: Resource Utilization: Project and Operational Task Utilization	80	80	85%	80%
2.1.2: Resource Utilization: General and Administrative	20	20	15%	20%
2.2.1: # of technology projects managed	N/A	Metric Only	20	Metric Only
2.2.2: % of technology projects managed with budget of \$1million or more	N/A	Metric Only	30%	Metric Only
2.2.3: # of technology projects completed	N/A	Metric Only	2	Metric Only
2.2.4: # of built in-house IT applications supported	N/A	Metric Only	110	Metric Only

¹ "Metric Only" refers to information gathered for the purposes of better understanding the workload of the department and planning to meet the needs of departments served.

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Key Performance Indicators	FY 15-16	FY 16-17	FY 16-17	FY 17-18
	Actual	Target	Estimate	Target
2.2.5: # of purchased IT applications supported	N/A	Metric Only	187	Metric Only
3.1.1: Average System Uptime	99.90%	99.90%	99.98%	99.90%
3.1.2: Financial systems availability	99.90%	99.90%	99.98%	99.90%
3.2.1: # of radios in service	N/A	Metric Only	14530	Metric Only
3.2.2: # of radios repaired	N/A	Metric Only	1186	Metric Only
3.2.3: # of vehicles serviced	N/A	Metric Only	1774	Metric Only
3.2.4: # of tower site repairs	N/A	Metric Only	27	Metric Only
3.2.5: # of in-car laptops repaired or exchanged	N/A	Metric Only	1179	Metric Only
3.2.6: # fire station responses	N/A	Metric Only	30 Monthly 360 Annually	Metric Only
3.2.6: # of work orders opened	N/A	Metric Only	3684	Metric Only
3.2.6: # of weather sirens and sensors repaired	N/A	Metric Only	296	Metric Only

Budget Strategy Overview

The FY18 Information Technology budget is being set to improve existing service levels and meet the key performance indicators. In FY15 and FY16, the IT Department underwent a complete re-organization implementing many of the changes set forth in the PCG Study completed in 2013. The FY18 budget account structure represents these changes resulting in a number of expenses moving between account numbers. Making these changes in FY18 will allow an easier transition to new ERP system.

Well Being, Opportunity, and The City Experience

 Information Technology recognizes the increased need for data transformation and analytics services. Information Technology will endeavor to create a Data Transformation and Analytics Team to assist in these efforts.

Inside City Hall

- Information Technology will be experimenting with the concept of Play in the Workplace which has proven to:
 - Increase productivity, innovation and creativity
 - o Increase job satisfaction, well-being and strengthen social bonds
 - Decrease absenteeism, stress and health care costs

Many tech-driven companies such as Google and Apple have successfully integrated play into their work environment producing happier and healthier employees that perform better on the job.

Resources dedicated to Information Technology will continue to address priorities from the Mayor, City Council and Citizen Survey priorities, which include improving government, efficiency, and reliability, public safety, and economic development. The FY18 budget includes continued support for all business operations of the City as well as new and ongoing technology initiatives such as virtual desktop infrastructure pilot, improved system and network security monitoring, improved business continuity and disaster recovery, improved backup and restoration systems, business intelligence and predictive analytics, radio enhancements, implementation of a new financial system, implementation of a new permit and planning system, and a planning and implementation of a new police and courts records management system.

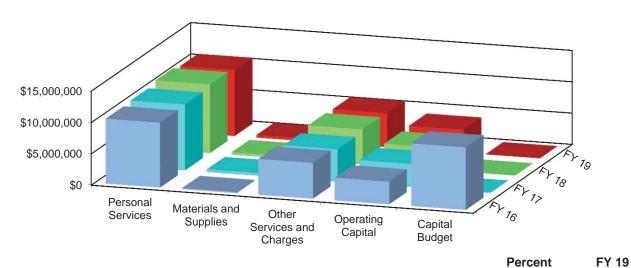
INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

BUDGET HIGHLIGHTS FY 2017 - 2018 & FY 2018 - 2019

(amounts expressed in thousands)

						_		Oollar	Percent		FY 19
	FY 16 FY		FY 17 FY 18		FY 18	Diff. From		Diff. From	FINANCIAL		
	Α	CTUAL	ORIGINAL		В	BUDGET		17 Orig.	FY 17 Orig.		PLAN
Operating Budget											
Personal Services	\$	10,374	\$	10,510	\$	10,989	\$	479	4.6%	\$	10,538
Materials and Supplies		174		425		411		(14)	-3.3%		425
Other Services and Charges		5,738		5,144		5,592		448	8.7%		5,431
Operating Capital		3,633		3,675		3,574		(101)	-2.7%		3,678
Total Operating Budget		19,919		19,754		20,566		812	4.1%		20,072
Capital Budget		10,000		0		0		0	N/A		0
Total Budget	\$	29,919	\$	19,754	\$	20,566	\$	812	4.1%	\$	20,072

TOTAL ALLOCATIONS BY FISCAL YEAR AND ACCOUNT CATEGORY



	FY 18	Diff. From	FINANCIAL
RESOURCES FOR BUDGET	BUDGET	FY 17 Orig.	PLAN
1080 General Fund	\$ 10,833	4.5%	\$ 10,578
2420 E911 Fee Operating Fund	152	-56.7%	163
2910 Short-Term Capital Fund	3,214	-3.0%	3,318
3623 Tulsa Authority for Recovery of Energy Fund	397	1.8%	368
7010 Stormwater Management Enterprise Fund	355	-15.3%	327
7020 TMUA-Water Operating Fund	2,298	5.4%	2,199
7030 TMUA-Sewer Operating Fund	1,926	10.7%	1,728
8011 Office Services - Internal Service Fund	1,391	40.4%	1,391
TOTAL	\$ 20,566		\$ 20,072

FY 18 CHANGES FOR OPERATION	AMC	DUNT
Benefit and compensation adjustments	\$	479
2. Hardware and software annual maintenance and support changes		128
3. Fixed end maintenance agreement for SCADA System		44
4. Increase internet bandwidth to accommodate new financial system		35
5. Radio system tower inspections (required by FCC/FAA every three years)		12
6. Internal equipment management services		6
7. Wireless services		400

FY 18 CHANGES FOR OPERATION (continued)					
8. Time and attendance hosting fee charged to capital project	\$	(264)			
9. NightWatchman		(13)			
10. Software support contracts		(29)			
11. Material and supplies reductions		(14)			
12. OpenGov - Cloud Solution		129			
13. Capital additions/replacements:					
a. Network infrastructure components		806			
b. City wide ruggedized laptops (182)		701			
c. Data center servers and storage		461			
d. Radio equipment		1,221			
e. Vehicle replacement		25			
f. Enterprise funded server upgrades		360			
g. Adjustment to eliminate previous year's capital		(3,675)			
TOTAL OPERATING CHANGES	\$	812			

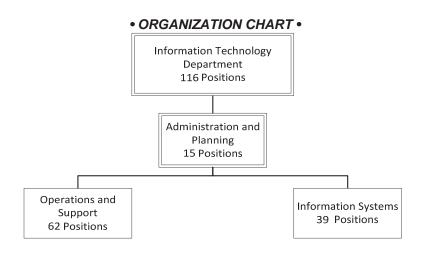
FY 19 CHANGES FOR OPERATION

Changes in IT hardware and software maintenance and lease agreements will continue in FY19. Microsoft Office 365 Cloud annual license subscription.

INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

STAFFING SUMMARY

OCCUPATIONAL DESCRIPTION	-	NUMBER OF		NUMBER OF FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT AUTHORIZED POSITIONS			
	FY 17	FY 18	FY 19	FY 17	FY 18	FY 19	
Administration and Planning							
Exempt/Professional	1	1	1	1.0	1.0	1.0	
Information & Technical	3	3	3	3.0	3.0	3.0	
Information Systems	9	9	9	9.0	9.0	9.0	
Office & Technical	2	2	2	2.0	2.0	2.0	
Total Administration and Planning	15	15	15	15.0	15.0	15.0	
Operations and Support							
Administrative & Technical	1	1	1	1.0	1.0	1.0	
Information & Technical	38	38	38	38.0	38.0	38.0	
Information Systems	22	22	18	22.0	22.0	18.0	
Office & Technical	1	1	1	1.0	1.0	1.0	
Total Operations and Support	62	62	58	62.0	62.0	58.0	
Information Services							
Information & Technical	11	11	11	11.0	11.0	11.0	
Information Systems	28	28	27	28.0	28.0	27.0	
Total Information Services	39	39	38	39.0	39.0	38.0	
TOTAL	116	116	111	116.0	116.0	111.0	



Customer Care Center

Department Budget Summary

FY 2017-2018

Mission Statement

To serve as the central point of contact for the City of Tulsa, facilitating responsive, accessible and accountable City government.

Overview of Services

The purpose of the Tulsa 311 Customer Care Center is to enhance the City's ability to provide consistent, timely and quality responses to citizens' requests for information and assistance with services and programs.

The Tulsa 311 Customer Care Center provides a friendly, helpful and knowledgeable staff to listen and help answer or address citizen requests and concerns in both English and Spanish. Citizens can contact the Tulsa 311 Customer Care Center in a variety of ways including:

- Calling 311 inside the city limits of Tulsa or 918-569-7777 out of the city
- Using our new Tulsa311 mobile app that can be downloaded from either <u>Android</u> or <u>iPhone</u> app stores
- You can report service requests online through our <u>Tulsa311 online reporting</u>. By creating an account, you will be able to track your service requests.
- Chatting with one of our agents Monday Friday using our new Live Chat tool
- Mail or email

Requests are resolved in the Customer Care Center or automatically routed to the appropriate departments for review and resolution. Citizens will receive automated email responses to let them know when cases are opened and closed on their behalf. Examples of call types include: water requests, refuse concerns, nuisance, zoning, potholes, animal welfare, citizen comments and general inquiries.

Goals

- **1.** Provide friendly, helpful and knowledgeable customer service to all customers.
 - **Objective 1.1:** Answer 85% of Customer Care Center calls within 45 seconds with a less than 8% call abandonment rate.

Objective 1.2: Maintain a 92% customer service quality score level through our recording and monitoring program.

Customer Care Center

Performance Measures	FY 15-16 Actual	FY 16-17 Target	FY 16-17 Estimate	FY 17-18 Target
1.1.1: % of calls answered within 45 seconds	52%	85%	66%	85%
1.1.2: Average call abandonment %	16%	8%	8%	8%
1.2.1: Customer service quality score % for recorded and monitored calls	94%	90%	90%	90%

Budget Strategy Overview

The Tulsa 311 Customer Care Center budget will meet the goals listed above in conjunction with working on priorities outlined by the Mayor, Council and Citizens. Below is preview of areas of focus and initiatives to help achieve those priorities.

Well-Being

Our department will make it easier for the Citizens to do business with the City of Tulsa through all the new technology we have implemented. Our new easy to reach 311 phone number will enhance our ability to serve Citizens and provide a one stop shopping experience to City services.

We will use our knowledge and community relationships to inform and refer Citizens to services that will improve their lives. Some of those service referrals includes:

- 211 for social services like housing, food, medical services and child care
- Health Department referrals to help with safe food, personal issues, family issues and environmental concerns
- Tulsa Senior services referrals for adult day health, caregiver support, senior centers and volunteer opportunities
- Veteran information and referrals to Tulsa Vet Center, Ernest Childers VA clinic, Veterans Crisis line and DAV (Disabled American Veterans) where vets could get help with health issues, general benefits and other general veteran concerns.

Customer Care Center

Opportunity

Our department will help increase graduation rates in Tulsa high schools by participate in the Reading Partners program. We will inform, recruit and enable employees to participate on a monthly basis. The goal in our department will be to have six employees participate on a monthly basis.

The City Experience

We will leverage our new technology and employees to help make Tulsa safer place for our Citizens to work, travel and play.

- Our department will add more service order types that focus on improving safety. These issues will be reported in timely manner to the appropriate department so they can resolve the issues. We will also add more detailed knowledge articles in our knowledge base to help agents identify safety related issues quickly so they can be addressed. Some of our current examples are reporting potholes, down trees in the streets and malfunctioning street lights.
- We will add safety tips to our on-hold messaging to inform Citizens on safety issues that are seasonal in nature.

Inside City Hall

Our team is constantly coming up with ways to promote positive morale for our employees. We do this with a variety of recognition and appreciation initiatives. We will work on these initiatives to make them even more robust.

- We will add to our employee appreciation events to make employees feel more appreciated. Some of these events include the annual Customer Service Week, Halloween decorating and costume contests and Fall Holiday week events to mention a few. These events are mostly employee funded and help us improve morale, community engagement within our department and a sense of belonging to the City culture.
- We will have additional employee recognition events for performance and attendance. Some examples from the past have been Certificates for quality performance on calls with customers and Customer compliment recognition awards.
- Employees recently started an art painting exchange program that will be promoted more in the future. The program encourages employees to share homemade art pieces with other members of the department utilizing a library checkout process.

CUSTOMER CARE CENTER

BUDGET HIGHLIGHTS

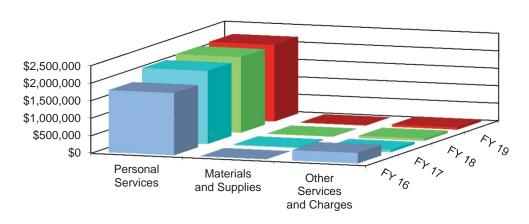
FY 2017 - 2018 & FY 2018 - 2019

(amounts expressed in thousands)

Dallar

							D	ollar	Percent	- 1	FY 19
	I	FY 16	F	Y 17	F	Y 18	Diff	From	Diff. From	FIN	ANCIAL
	A	CTUAL	OR	IGINAL	В	JDGET	FY 1	7 Orig.	FY 17 Orig.	F	PLAN
Operating Budget											
Personal Services	\$	1,778	\$	2,088		2,166	\$	78	3.7%	\$	2,197
Materials and Supplies		13		25		14		(11)	-44.0%		14
Other Services and Charges		302		68		68		0	0.0%		68
Total Budget	\$	2,093	\$	2,181	\$	2,248	\$	67	3.1%	\$	2,279
						· ·					

TOTAL ALLOCATIONS BY FISCAL YEAR AND ACCOUNT CATEGORY



RESOURCES FOR BUDGET

1080 General Fund

3623 Tulsa Authority for Recovery of Energy Fund

7010 Stormwater Management Enterprise Fund

7020 TMUA-Water Operating Fund

7030 TMUA-Sewer Operating Fund

7060 EMSA Enterprise Fund

TOTAL

	Percent	FY 19			
FY 18	Diff. From	FINANCIAL			
BUDGET	FY 17 Orig.		PLAN		
\$ 494	21.4%	\$	501		
270	54.3%		274		
158	-19.8%		160		
674	-6.6%		683		
607	-1.0%		615		
45	-32.8%		46		
\$ 2,248		\$	2,279		

FY 18 CHANGES FOR OPERATION

- 1. Benefit and compensation adjustments
- 2. Computer replacements/additions

TOTAL OPERATING CHANGES

AMOUNT							
\$	78						
	(11)						
\$	67						

FY 19 CHANGES FOR OPERATION

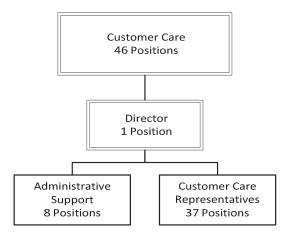
No major changes in operations expected in FY19.

CUSTOMER CARE CENTER

STAFFING SUMMARY

OCCUPATIONAL DESCRIPTION		NUMBER OF ORIZED POS		NUMBER OF FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT AUTHORIZED POSITIONS			
	<u>FY 17</u>	FY 18	FY 19	<u>FY 17</u>	FY 18	FY 19	
Customer Care Administrative & Technical Exempt/Professional Office & Technical Total Customer Care	3 6 37 46	3 6 37 46	3 6 37 46	3.0 6.0 34.5 43.5	3.0 6.0 34.5 43.5	3.0 6.0 34.5 43.5	
TOTAL	46	46	46	43.5	43.5	43.5	

• ORGANIZATION CHART •



Communications

Department Budget Summary

FY 2017-2018

Mission Statement

To facilitate open and accountable access to city government for the citizens of Tulsa and assist in communicating the prioritized initiatives set by the administration and all other City departments.

Overview of Services

The Department of Communications was created in October 2006. The primary functions of Communications include:

- Graphic Design Services: Ensure the consistency and quality in delivery of key messages and information to citizens of Tulsa through professional branding and visual communication services.
- Editorial Services: Advise and assist City of Tulsa departments in presenting a
 professional image through the distribution of timely information through internal
 and external outlets, from a centralized point, to ensure consistency in quality
 and delivery of information to citizens of Tulsa.
- Media Relations Services: Ensure consistency in quality and delivery of information and important messages to the citizens of Tulsa as the point of contact for media and public information.
- Social Media & Online: Promote City of Tulsa locally to increase awareness and knowledge of local government services and programs provided for taxpayer/customer benefit.

Goals

- **1.** Ensure consistency in quality and delivery of information and important messages to the citizens of Tulsa as the point of contact for media and public information.
 - **Objective 1.1:** Create and implement media training or refreshers for field supervisors, managers, Mayor's staff at a minimum of three City department sections per year.
- **2.** Educate and inform larger City of Tulsa employee and citizen audience through communication programs and media information campaigns.
 - **Objective 2.1:** Communicate important information to employees about compensation health and wellness, benefits, safety, internal programs and rewards while recognizing employee successes through a multi-media program of employee communication.

Communications

Objective 2.2: Increase awareness of City of Tulsa programs for citizens through a variety of media platforms.

Objective 2.3: Identify location and schedule for all street construction project meetings in advance of design and construction phases.

3. Support department communication efforts with internal and external customers.

Objective 3.1: Deliver comprehensive communications plans including goals, objectives, audience analysis, tactics and measurements using creative writing and video services.

Objective 3.2: Support communications efforts of departments by creating and implementing branding strategies that reflect the overall organization brand and deliver professional, high quality projects.

Objective 3.3: Facilitate media open records requests.

Performance Measures	FY 15-16 Actual	FY 16-17 Target	FY 16-17 Estimate	FY 17-18 Target	
1.1.1: # of media trainings performed for field supervisors	5	3	3	3	
2.1.1: # of MyFoundations publications created and released	228	184	184	185	
2.2.1: # of YouTube views	36,292	25,000	25,000	25,000	
2.3.1: # of Engineering Services meetings supported (through online postings, meeting notifications & mailings)	58	No Target	58	No Target	
2.3.2: Average # of attendees at meetings	14	No Target	16	No Target	
3.1.5: % of department/internal clients who respond positively in survey regarding services provided by Communications Department	NM	100%	NM	100	
3.2.1: # of graphic design projects logged	276	288	292	300	
3.2.2: % of graphic design projects logged "completed as of now"	84%	80%	82%	84%	
3.3.1: # of open records requests facilitated through Communications Department.	69	75	70	70	

Communications

Budget Strategy Overview

Inside City Hall

- Improve employee morale. No funding shifts at this time. Budget anticipated to be reduced. No budgetary request per instructions from Finance.
- Employee communications is a priority, including the promotion of employee activities and services provided to citizens via external channels.
- Proposed \$25,000 in funding to install monitors in targeted satellite facilities as "kiosks" to show multi-media presentations of information employees need to know or may like to know.
- We will be using existing resources to work on 2 major launches Vision Tulsa rollout and Pedestrian Bridge design. Existing resources also will be spread among many initiatives supporting mayoral priorities of public safety/crime reduction and job growth: To support public safety communications strategies working with TPD; support job growth by building out dynamic pages (within site limitations) to better support economic development and retail promotion.

COMMUNICATIONS

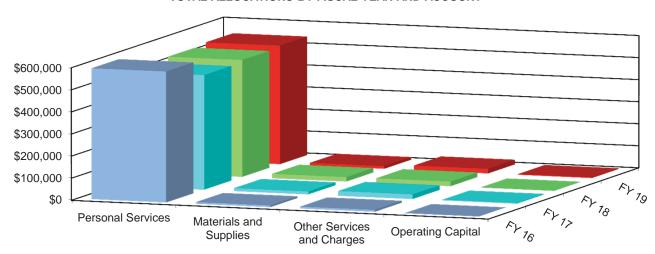
BUDGET HIGHLIGHTS

FY 2017 - 2018 & FY 2018 - 2019

(amounts expressed in thousands)

						_	Do	ollar	Percent	F	Y 19
	F'	Y 16	F'	Y 17	F	Y 18	Diff.	From	Diff. From	FIN	ANCIAL
	AC	TUAL	ORI	GINAL	BU	DGET	FY 17	7 Orig.	FY 17 Orig.	P	LAN
Operating Budget											
Personal Services	\$	593	\$	519	\$	530	\$	11	2.1%	\$	538
Materials and Supplies		8		13		20		7	53.8%		12
Other Services and Charges		9		21		21		0	0.0%		21
Operating Capital		0		3		0		(3)	-100.0%		3
Total Budget	\$	610	\$	556	\$	571	\$	15	2.7%	\$	574
	_										

TOTAL ALLOCATIONS BY FISCAL YEAR AND ACCOUNT



RESOURCES FOR BUDGET

1080 General Fund

2910 Short-Term Capital Fund

TOTAL

		Percent	FY 19			
F	Y 18	Diff. From	FINANCIAL			
BUDGET		FY 17 Orig.	PLAN			
\$	571	3.3%	\$	571		
	0	-100.0%		3		
\$	571		\$	574		

AMOUNT

11

7

(3)

15

FY 18 CHANGES FOR OPERATION

- 1. Benefit and compensation adjustments
- 2. Computer replacements/additions
- 3. Capital additions/replacements:
 - a. Adjustment to eliminate previous year's capital

TOTAL OPERATING CHANGES

FY 19 CHANGES FOR OPERATION

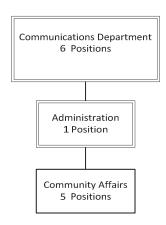
No major changes in operations expected in FY19.

COMMUNICATIONS

STAFFING SUMMARY

OCCUPATIONAL DESCRIPTION		NUMBER OF ORIZED POS		NUMBER OF FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT AUTHORIZED POSITIONS			
	FY 17	FY 18	FY 19	FY 17	FY 18	FY 19	
Administration Exempt/Professional Total Administration	1	1	1	<u>1.0</u> 1.0	1.0 1.0	<u>1.0</u> 1.0	
Community Affairs/Planning Exempt/Professional Administrative & Technical Total Community Affairs/Planning	1 	1 	1 4 5	1.0 4.0 5.0	1.0 4.0 5.0	1.0 4.0 5.0	
TOTAL	6	6	6	6	6	6	

• ORGANIZATION CHART •



Department Budget Summary

FY 2017-2018

Mission Statement

To provide a safe and secure environment for citizens, employees and customers while ensuring accountability for the City's assets using environmentally efficient and reliable services to ensure proper utilization of properties, facilities, and the fleet as well as provide the best possible parking value to the citizens of Tulsa.

Overview of Services

Asset Management, created by Executive Order 2014-01, March 2014, organizes various general governmental functions related to major assets of the City. Leadership is provided for the security of the City's property/facilities, for acquisitions, management, analysis of return on investment and disposition. The department's responsibilities include:

- City of Tulsa Fleet Management and Maintenance
- Parking Meter Repair and Installation
- Parking Enforcement
- Parking Garage Oversight
- Security
- Real Estate Procurement
- Building Operations

Goals

- 1. Be responsive to and accountable for meeting our customers' fleet mission requirements.
 - **Objective 1.1:** Meet or exceed industry standards of 93% for designated fleet availability.
- 2. Service and repair parking meters in an efficient and timely manner.
 - Objective 2.1: 90% of parking meters will remain operational.
- 3. Enhance enforcement of parking meter violations
 - **Objective 3.1:** Enforcement personnel will dedicate at least 80% of their total paid time to monitoring parking meters for violations.
- 4. Continue to deliver high quality security services.
 - **Objective 4.1:** Respond to 90% of security incidents within thirty minutes of calls for help.

- **5.** The economical preservation of City of Tulsa facilities, equipment, and systems at a level satisfactory to perform their designated functions.
 - **Objective 5.1:** Emergency immediate response and action plan in progress within 2 hours, 93% of the time
 - **Objective 5:2**: Urgent 93% of such work orders completed within 48 hours
 - Objective 5:3: Routine 93% of such work orders completed within 7 days
- **6.** Centralization and management of City of Tulsa real property inventory.
 - **Objective 6.1:** Complete 80% of inventory data entry
 - **Objective 6.2:** Complete all property acquisition needs within 12 months or less from the receipt of a valid legal description.

Key Performance Indicators	FY 15-16	FY 16-17	FY 16-17	FY 17-18
	Actual	Target	Estimate	Target
1.1.1: % of designated fleet availability	93%	93%	93%	93%
2.1.1: % of parking meters that are	85%	90%	85%	90%
operational per year	05/0	90 %	05%	90 %
3.1.1: % of direct labor hours dedicated	75%	70%	80%	80%
to parking meter enforcement per year	75%	7070	00 %	00 /0
4.1.1: % of arrival on scene within thirty	95%	90%	95%	90%
minutes from receipt of call for security	95%	90%	95%	90%
5.1.1: % of time responding to	100%	90%	100%	93%
emergency repairs within 2 hours	100%	90%	100%	93%
5.2.1: % of time completing work orders	100%	93%	100%	93%
for urgent repairs within 48 hours	100%	93%	100%	93%
5.3.1: % of time completing work orders	94%	93%	95%	93%
for routine repairs within 7 days	94 /0	9370	9576	9370
6.1.1: % of data entry completed during	100%	80%	80%	80%
fiscal year	100%	00%	00%	00%
6.2.1: % of acquisitions completed				
within 12 months of receipt of complete	82%	100%	100%	100%
and accurate legal description				

Budget Strategy Overview

The FY18 Asset Management budget is set to meet the service levels and key performance indicators outlined above. Resources allocated to this department will be dedicated to the Mayor, Tulsa City Council and Citizen Survey priorities including:

Well-Being

- The Security Division, working with John 3:16, has followed a strategy which identifies homeless camps, identifies the campers needs, and transitions them from street life to a more secure environment by providing counseling and permanent housing. This in turn makes neighborhoods cleaner and safer by removing camps adjacent to the neighborhoods.
- Our four Compressed Natural Gas (CNG) fueling stations provide cleaner burning fuel and help reduce harmful carbon emissions in the Tulsa air shed. Adding Zero Emissions Vehicles to the City's fleet (electric vehicles) will lead to further reductions in harmful emissions.

Opportunity

- We will be starting our fourth school year with Tulsa Union High School in our Learning with a Wrench Program. This program provides a structured environment for high school students to learn about automotive and heavy equipment mechanics by studying and interning at a City of Tulsa maintenance garage. According to Union High School, this program has been instrumental in increasing school attendance and graduation because students are so interested by the program that they want to learn. If student attendance is poor and/or they fall behind in their school work, they are not allowed to continue in the program. This program motivates students to study harder and stay in school. Many participants have decided to pursue in career in automotive technology.
- The department is in its second year working with Chouteau Elementary School.
 Department personnel serve as lunch buddies, provide clothing to needy students,
 provide supplies to underpaid teachers, and are available to tutor and read with students.
 This year we will join the Reading Partners Program with our current school.

The City Experience

• Our work crews offer offenders an opportunity to work off fines and beautify the City by working on PPWP crews. These crews are responsible for patching pot holes in City parking lots which improves the paving condition index on City property. Additionally, they remove over 17,000 bags of trash which equates to 753 tons of trash from the Right-of-Way. Additionally, we perform over 200 field inspections of illegal dump sites which results in a reduction of dumping at sites such as 2700 N. Norfolk. Trash removal beautifies Tulsa along with the area between the airport and downtown and gives Tulsa a better first impression on its visitors along with reducing the amount of trash which enters our stormwater system.

- The department will utilize grant funds to install Electric Vehicle (EV) charging stations in the downtown corridor for public use. This will attract electric vehicle owners to Tulsa's entertainment venues.
- The department will open its second public Compressed Natural Gas fueling station in early 2017. This will provide Tulsan's and out-of-town travelers with a centrally located fueling station off of a major national interstate and another low cost fuel option.

Inside City Hall

- We revised job descriptions for many job classifications that allow employees to obtain
 multiple pay increases by obtaining industry certifications that allow them to demonstrate
 advanced skills and competencies within their respective trade. We are working with
 Human Resources to expand this opportunity to more job classifications.
- We monthly and annually honor employees at our shop of the month lunches and annual Christmas dinner. Employees have stated that the return of the Christmas dinner makes them feel like we are "One Department," because it gives us one time a year where everyone is together creating department unity.

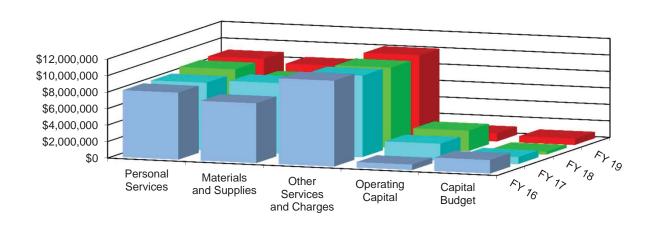
ASSET MANAGEMENT

BUDGET HIGHLIGHTS FY 2017 - 2018 & FY 2018 - 2019

(amounts expressed in thousands)

						_	D	ollar	Percent		FY 19
	ı	FY 16	FY 17		FY 18		Diff. From		Diff. From	FIN	IANCIAL
	Α	CTUAL	OR	RIGINAL	В	JDGET	FY '	17 Orig.	FY 17 Orig.		PLAN
Operating Budget											
Personal Services	\$	8,134	\$	8,165	\$	8,650	\$	485	5.9%	\$	8,779
Materials and Supplies		7,257		8,515		7,772		(743)	-8.7%		8,316
Other Services and Charges		10,412		9,864		9,688		(176)	-1.8%		10,036
Operating Capital		677		2,027		2,461		434	21.4%		983
Total Operating Budget		26,480		28,571		28,571		0	0.0%		28,114
Capital Budget		1,640		840		340		(500)	-59.5%		765
Total Budget	\$	28,120	\$	29,411	\$	28,911	\$	(500)	-1.7%	\$	28,879

TOTAL ALLOCATIONS BY FISCAL YEAR AND ACCOUNT CATEGORY



RESOURCES FOR BUDGET
1080 General Fund
2240 Air Force Plant 3 Fund
2420 E911 Fee Operating Fund
2910 Short-Term Capital Fund
3450 One Technology Center Fund
3623 Tulsa Authority for the Recovery of Energy Fund
7010 Stormwater Management Fund
7020 TMUA - Water Operating Fund
7030 TMUA - Sewer Operating Fund
8030 Equipment Management Service Fund
6014 2014 Sales Tax Fund
TOTAL

	Percent		FY 19			
FY 18	Diff. From	FIN	IANCIAL			
BUDGET	FY 17 Orig.		PLAN			
\$ 4,086	1.8%	\$	4,238			
1,506	15.4%		75			
307	4.4%		316			
262	269.0%		130			
5,230	-2.8%		5,437			
758	6.9%		725			
478	-4.8%		522			
921	3.8%		983			
790	-1.5%		822			
14,233	-2.6%		14,866			
340	-59.5%		765			
\$ 28,911		\$	28,879			

FY 18 CHANGES FOR OPERATION		ΑN	OUNT
1. Benefit and compensation adjustments		\$	485
2. Equipment Management			(652)
a. Reduce per gallon fuel cost from \$1.95 to \$1.70	(688)		
b. Fleet maintenance software	11		
c. Outsourced motor vehicle repairs	25		
3. Right of Way			12
a. Computer replacements/additions	12		
4. Security and Metered Parking			(29)
a. Center for Employment Opportunities services contract	25		
b. Repair parts and supplies	(39)		
c. Various outside services	(65)		
d. 'A Better Way' pilot project (one-time)	50		
5. Internal equipment management service			25
6. Materials, supplies and other services adjustments			7
7. Facilities Maintenance			(281)
a. Outside services, repairs & utilities	(255)		
b. Materials and supplies	(26)		
8. Capital additions/replacements:			
a. Short Term Capital Fund			
1. Pickup (5) and utility vehicle (2)			256
2. GIS Software			6
b. Air Force Plant 3			
1. Improvements to Air Force Plant 3			1,486
c. One Technology Center Fund			
 Parking garage annual assessment and repairs 			100
2. Elevator upgrade			99
d. Solid Waste Fund			
1. Van and pickup			88
e. Stormwater Fund			
1. Van			49
f. TMUA-Water Operating Fund			
1. Pickup			44
g. TMUA-Sewer Operating Fund			
1. Van			32
h. Equipment Management Service Fund			
 Diagnostic and testing software - Ford, Cummins, Int'l, Cat 			22
2. Refurbish wrecker			62
3. Miscellaneous shop equipment			166
Replace fuel dispensors			30
Card reader for West 23rd Street fuel island			20
Adjustments to eliminate previous year's capital			(2,027)
TOTAL OPERATING CHANGES		\$	0
CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS PROJECTS			
Equipment Management facilities improvements & repairs		\$	340
Adjustment to eliminate previous year's capital projects		*	(840)
TOTAL CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS PROJECT CHANGES			(500)
		<u> </u>	
TOTAL CHANGES		\$	(500)

FY 19 CHANGES FOR OPERATION

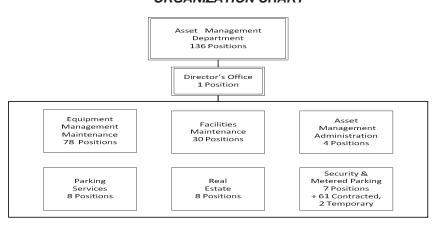
No major changes in operations expected in FY19.

ASSET MANAGEMENT

STAFFING SUMMARY

OCCUPATIONAL DESCRIPTION		NUMBER OF ORIZED POSI	TIONS	NUMBER OF FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT AUTHORIZED POSITIONS				
	<u>FY 17</u>	FY 18	FY 19	FY 17	FY 18	FY 19		
<u>Director's Office</u>								
Exempt/Professional	1	1	1	1.0	1.0	1.0		
Total Director's Office	1	1	1	1.0	1.0	1.0		
Asset Mngt Administration								
Administrative & Technical	1	2	2	1.0	2.0	2.0		
Exempt/Professional	2	2	2	2.0	2.0	2.0		
Office & Technical	1	0	0	1.0	0.0	0.0		
Total Asset Mngt Administration	4	4	4	4.0	4.0	4.0		
Equipment Management								
Administrative & Technical	1	1	1	1.0	1.0	1.0		
Exempt/Professional	9	9	9	9.0	9.0	9.0		
Labor & Trades	62	62	62	60.5	60.5	60.5		
Office & Technical	6	6	6	6.0	6.0	6.0		
Total Equipment Management	78	78	78	76.5	76.5	76.5		
Parking Services								
Exempt/Professional	1	1	1	1.0	1.0	1.0		
Labor & Trades	2	2	2	2.0	2.0	2.0		
Office & Technical	5	5	5	3.3	3.3	3.3		
Total Parking Services	8	8	8	6.3	6.3	6.3		
Real Estate								
Administrative & Technical	6	6	6	6.0	6.0	6.0		
Exempt/Professional	2	2	2	2.0	2.0	2.0		
Total Real Estate	8	8	8	8.0	8.0	8.0		
Security and Metered Parking		Ü	Ü	0.0	0.0	0.0		
Administrative & Technical	3	3	3	3.0	3.0	3.0		
Exempt/Professional	2	3	3	2.0	3.0	3.0		
Information Systems	1	0	0	1.0	0.0	0.0		
Office & Technical	1	1	1	1.0	1.0	1.0		
Total Security and Metered Parking	7	7	7	7.0	7.0	7.0		
Facilities Maintenance								
Exempt/Professional	5	5	5	5.0	5.0	5.0		
Labor & Trades	22	22	22	22.0	22.0	22.0		
Office & Technical	3	3	3	3.0	3.0	3.0		
Total Facilities Maintenance	30	30	30	30.0	30.0	30.0		
DEPARTMENT TOTAL	136	136	136	132.8	132.8	132.8		

• ORGANIZATION CHART •



TRANSFERS TO OTHER FUNDS

BUDGET HIGHLIGHTS

FY 2017 - 2018 & FY 2018 - 2019

(amounts expressed in thousands)

						_	_	Dollar	Percent		FY 19
		FY 16		FY 17		FY 18	Di	ff. From	Diff. From	FIN	IANCIAL
	Α	CTUAL	OF	RIGINAL	В	UDGET	FY	17 Orig.	FY 17 Orig.		PLAN
Operating											
Operating Transfers	\$	13,461	\$	17,907	\$	10,095	\$	(7,812)	-43.6%	\$	8,250
Operating Capital Transfers		386		3,486		9,986		6,500	186.5%		10,186
Debt Service Transfers		13,416		13,938		12,984		(954)	-6.8%		11,651
Total Operating Budget		27,263		35,331		33,065		(2,266)	-6.4%		30,087
Capital Transfers		51,572		50,058		63,255		13,197	26.4%		60,942
Total Budget	\$	78,835	\$	85,389	\$	96,320	\$	10,931	12.8%	\$	91,029
			_								

		Percent	FY 19
	FY 18	Diff. From	FINANCIAL
TRANSFERS OUT FOR BUDGET	BUDGET	FY 17 Orig.	PLAN
OPERATING TRANSFERS 1080 General Fund (Operating Transfer) 2810 Convention Fund (Operating Transfer) 7060 EMSA Enterprise Fund (Operating Transfer) 8020 Workers Compensation Fund (Operating Transfer)	\$ 5,529 3,166 650 750	-0.7% 10.7% 0.0% -62.5%	\$ 5,097 2,503 650 0
OPERATING CAPITAL TRANSFERS 2910 Short-Term Capital Fund 6014 2014 Sales Tax Fund	386 9,600	0.0% 209.7%	386 9,800
DEBT SERVICE TRANSFERS			
2810 Convention Fund (Debt Service Transfer)	1,411	-20.7%	1,237
3450 One Technology Center Fund (Debt Service Transfer)	5,362	10.3%	4,687
3623 Tulsa Authority for Recovery of Energy (Debt Service Transfer)	1,561	-1.6%	1,534
4102 Tulsa Stadium Improvement District Fund (Debt Service Transfer)	2,178	-1.8%	2,178
7030 TMUA-Sewer Operating Fund (Debt Service Transfer)	2,472	-29.2%	2,015
CAPITAL TRANSFERS			
3450 One Technology Center (OTC) Fund (Capital Transfer)	276	0.0%	276
7010 Stormwater Operating Fund (Capital Transfer)	5,100	-7.3%	5,000
7020 TMUA-Water Operating Fund (Capital Transfer)	40,467	34.6%	32,458
7030 TMUA-Sewer Operating Fund (Capital Transfer)	17,412	22.4%	23,208
TOTAL TRANSFERS	\$ 96,320		\$ 91,029

OVERVIEW

The City's debt management program states, "General obligation (GO) and revenue bonds shall be issued for capital improvements and major capital maintenance. No operating expenses shall be funded using long-term borrowing." All long-term borrowing shall be planned and incorporated into the five-year Capital Improvements Program. To date the City has only issued GO bonds. All revenue bonds have been issued by authorities for whom the City is the beneficiary. Cities in Oklahoma could not issue revenue bonds until the 1990s. Authorities are still used for revenue bond debt financing because revenue streams are pledged under master indentures that run the life of previously issued long term bonds. Any revenue bonds issued by the City would have to be subordinate to the existing debt and carry higher interest costs.

GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS

The City's GO indebtedness is rated AA and Aa1 by Standard & Poor's and Moody's, respectively. GO indebtedness is paid from the Sinking Fund. The primary revenue sources for the Sinking Fund are property taxes, and in the case of GO bonds for sanitary sewer improvements, sanitary sewer system user fees.

The Constitution of the State of Oklahoma prohibits the City from becoming indebted in an amount exceeding the revenue to be received for any fiscal year, without the approval of the voters. GOs are required to be fully paid within 25 years from the date of issue and are backed by the full faith and credit of the City. They have been approved by the voters and issued by the City for various municipal improvements.

Article 10 of the Oklahoma Constitution contains provisions under which municipalities can issue GO bonds. Section 27, which the city uses to structure GO bond issues, does not have any limits on the amount of bonds that can be issued given approval by the local voters.

Policies are in place to prohibit outstanding indebtedness of the City in total to exceed such levels as to cause the City's credit rating to be lower than a AA rating for general obligation debt. In no event shall the Net General Obligation Debt of the City exceed twenty-five percent (25%) of the net assessed market valuation of the taxable property of the City as established by the County Assessor.

With the issuance of new debt or refinancing existing debt, to the extent possible, bond sales are structured to achieve level debt service payments. This structuring helps to moderate the year over year change in property tax rates that support the repayment of the general obligation debt.

The FY18 appropriation for general obligation debt payment in the amount of \$73,470,000 provides for principal retirement of \$56,220,000 and interest expense of \$17,250,000. A schedule of annual principal and interest payments for general obligation serial bonds and a summary of general obligation bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2017 follows.

REVENUE BONDS AND OTHER LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Revenue bonds and other outstanding long-term obligations consist of debt issued by several authorities and trusts of the City. The debt of these authorities and trusts does not constitute debt of the City and is payable solely from resources of the authorities and trusts.

Under an agreement between the City of Tulsa and the Tulsa Metropolitan Utility Authority (TMUA), the City prepares and adopts a budget for the Authority, which includes debt service on revenue bonds and other long-term obligations supported by revenues of the Water Operating Fund and the Sanitary Sewer Operating Fund.

A summary of revenue bonds and other long-term obligations of the authorities and trusts of the City outstanding as of June 30, 2017 follow. It should be noted that other than TMUA and the Tulsa Authority for the Recovery of Energy (TARE), the budgets for authorities and trusts are not approved by the City Council nor are their budgets prepared under the provisions of the Oklahoma Municipal Budget Act. Their debt is included in this document for information purposes only.

CITY OF TULSA PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST PAYMENTS OF GENERAL OBLIGATION INDEBTEDNESS

As of June 30, 2017

<u>Year</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2017	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
2018	56,220,000	17,250,000	73,470,000
2019	56,375,000	15,037,000	71,412,000
2020	58,230,000	12,600,000	70,830,000
2021	50,345,000	10,501,000	60,846,000
2022	40,830,000	8,780,000	49,610,000
2023	27,715,000	7,620,000	35,335,000
2024	22,525,000	6,816,000	29,341,000
2025	22,175,000	6,217,000	28,392,000
2026	19,815,000	5,627,000	25,442,000
2027	18,575,000	5,062,000	23,637,000
2028	15,300,000	4,512,000	19,812,000
2029	15,300,000	4,038,000	19,338,000
2030	15,300,000	3,543,000	18,843,000
2031	15,300,000	3,048,000	18,348,000
2032	14,950,000	2,552,000	17,502,000
2033	12,650,000	2,095,000	14,745,000
2034	12,650,000	1,674,000	14,324,000
2035	10,020,000	1,227,000	11,247,000
2036	10,020,000	883,000	10,903,000
2037	7,025,000	538,000	7,563,000
2038	2,915,000	283,000	3,198,000
2039	2,915,000	189,000	3,104,000
2040	2,915,000	95,000	3,010,000
Total	<u>\$ 510,065,000</u>	<u>\$ 120,187,000</u>	<u>\$ 630,252,000</u>

CITY OF TULSA GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS OUTSTANDING

As of June 30, 2017

Bond Issue		Ori	ginal Amount	(Principal Outstanding 30-Jun-17	Final Maturity Date	Interest Rate
General Obligation		Oii	giriai Amount		30-3un-17	Date	interest ivate
Series 2008		\$	44,510,000	\$	_	May-2028	4.0-4.75%
Series 2009		*	51,800,000	*	_	Jun-2029	2.75-4.25%
Series 2009B			70,000,000		23,200,000	Oct-2019	5.0%
Series 2009A Refunding			14,685,000		3,080,000	Mar-2019	4.00%
Series 2009B Refunding			20,745,000		7,115,000	Mar-2021	4.0-5.0%
Series 2010			70,000,000		31,000,000	Dec-2020	5.00%
Series 2011			50,000,000		39,400,000	Dec-2031	3.0-3.5%
Series 2011A Refunding			21,105,000		8,750,000	Mar-2022	2.75-4.25%
Series 2012A Refunding			10,575,000		-	Jun-2017	4.0%
Series 2013A Refunding			32,280,000		20,035,000	Mar-2025	2.5%
Series 2013			45,000,000		30,000,000	Mar-2023	4.0%
Series 2014			50,000,000		44,710,000	Mar-2034	3.0-4.0%
Series 2014-A, Refunding			16,305,000		12,910,000	Sep-2025	3.00%
Series 2015-A, Refunding			45,420,000		36,745,000	Mar-2027	2.0-2.5%
Series 2015			70,000,000		67,045,000	Mar-2040	2.0-3.25%
Series 2016			57,000,000		57,000,000	Apr-2036	3.0%
Series 2016A Refunding			28,720,000		17,720,000	May-2019	5.0%
Series 2017			78,000,000		78,000,000	Mar-2037	3.0-4.0%
Series 2017A Refunding			33,355,000		33,355,000	Dec-2021	5.0%
	Total	\$	809,500,000	\$	510,065,000		

CITY OF TULSA REVENUE BONDS OUTSTANDING

As of June 30, 2017

	,	13 01	ouric 30, 2017		Principal Outstanding	Final Maturity	
Bond Issue		0	riginal Amount	•	30-Jun-17	Date	Interest Rate
Tulsa Public Facilities Authority			- Igiliai / Ilioani				mitoroot reato
TPFA Lease Revenue bonds - 2007A		\$	34,620,000	\$	34,620,000	Nov-2037	4.625 - 5.25%
TPFA Lease Revenue bonds - 2007B		Ψ	33,130,000	Ψ	23,925,000	Nov-2029	6.30 - 6.60%
					8,470,000	Apr-2027	6.069%
TPFA Capital Improvements - 2008			16,000,000			•	
TPFA Capital Improvements - 2012	40		10,900,000		4,275,000	Apr-2020	4.00%
TPFA Capital Improvements - Taxable Refunding 20		_	9,480,000	_	3,975,000	Nov-2018	1.25%
	Total	\$	104,130,000	\$	75,265,000		
Tulsa Parking Authority							
Series 2012 - Parking Systems		\$	17,860,000	\$	10,930,000	Jul-2028	3.00 - 4.00%
	Total	\$	17,860,000	\$	10,930,000		
Tulsa Metropolitan Utility Water Fund (* principal su	-		•	•			
Series 2009 Revenue Bonds	;	\$	21,500,000	\$	-	May-2029	3.00 - 4.75%
Series 2010 Revenue Bonds			14,510,000		40.000.000	Jan-2030	2.25 - 4.00%
Series 2011 Revenue Bonds			24,100,000		18,900,000	Mar-2031	3.00 - 4.375%
Series 2012 Refunding Revenue Bonds			12,685,000		7,850,000	May-2025	2.00 - 2.65%
Series 2013 Refunding Revenue Bonds			61,280,000		43,900,000	Sep-2025	2.50 - 3.00%
Series 2014 Revenue Bonds			17,825,000		16,500,000	Oct-2034	2.00 - 3.50%
Series 2015 Refunding Revenue Bonds			9,940,000		7,765,000	May-2027	2.00 - 3.00%
Series 2016A Revenue Bonds			16,565,000		15,665,000	Apr-2031 Feb-2030	3.00 - 3.25%
Series 2017A Refunding Revenue Bonds	otal :	t	27,765,000	\$	27,765,000	Feb-2030	3.00-3.125%
			206,170,000		138,345,000		
Tulsa Metropolitan Utility Authority Sewer Fund - Pr	omisso	y Note			additional drawdowns		
Series 1997A	;	\$	4,035,000	\$	-	Aug-2016	0.50%
Series 1998B			4,392,000		114,602	Aug-2017	0.50%
Series 2001B			4,996,000		788,772	Feb-2020	0.50%
Series 2002D			6,813,000		1,572,190	Aug-2021	0.50%
Series 2004B			1,560,000		520,000	Aug-2023	0.50%
Series 2005B *			7,900,000		4,543,343	Sep-2027	3.10%
Series 2005C			1,203,000		511,063	Sep-2025	0.50%
Series 2006			52,585,000		-	Sep-2025	4.15%
Series 2006A *			3,130,000		1,754,369	Sep-2028	3.10%
Series 2006C *			17,825,000		11,687,746	Sep-2029	3.10%
Series 2007A			5,131,000		2,499,804	Sep-2026	0.50%
Series 2007B			8,365,000		-	Sep-2026	4.150%
Series 2009A *			11,320,000		7,380,582	Sep-2031	3.22%
Series 2009B *			7,350,000		4,210,387	Mar-2032	2.91%
Series 2010A *			27,757,000		20,857,820	Sep-2032	2.89%
Series 2010B			29,380,000		22,690,000	Sep-2030	.0645 - 5.145%
Series 2011A *			23,480,000		19,361,753	Sep-2033	3.11%
Series 2011B			14,275,000		11,660,000	Sep-2031	.0545 - 5.145%
Series 2011C *			16,700,000		13,361,842	Sep-2033	3.30%
Series 2012A *			4,347,000		3,393,672	Sep-2034	2.43%
Series 2012B			11,355,000		9,360,000	Sep-2032	.0545 - 3.145%
Series 2012C			2,450,000		505,000	Sep-2017	.025 - 4.00%
Series 2013A *			9,850,000		4,918,735	Sep-2036	3.22%
Series 2013B			27,605,000		24,305,000	Sep-2038	3.16%
Series 2014A*			2,910,000		2,510,863	Sep-2039	2.58%
Series 2014B			10,180,000		9,120,000 16,575,000	Sep-2033	1.145-4.0599% 2.145-5.145%
Series 2014C			17,735,000		16,575,000 456 311	Sep-2034	
Series 2015A Series 2016B Revenue Bonds			28,330,000 10,885,000		456,311	Sep-2038	3.90% 2.00 - 3.50%
					10,465,000	Apr-2036	
Series 2016C Refunding Revenue Bonds	otal _	t	34,810,000	\$	34,810,000 239,933,853	Oct-2025	5.00%
Grand T		\$ \$	408,654,000 736,814,000		464,473,853		
Grand I	otai _	P	130,014,000	\$	404,413,033		

BUDGET HIGHLIGHTS

FY 2017 - 2018 & FY 2018 - 2019

(amounts expressed in thousands)

				Dollar	Percent	FY 19
	FY 16	FY 17	FY 18	Diff. From	Diff. From	FINANCIAL
	ACTUAL	ORIGINAL	BUDGET	FY 17 Orig.	FY 17 Orig.	PLAN
Operating						
Debt Service Payments	\$ 145,328	\$ 124,629	\$ 129,535	\$ 4,906	3.9%	\$ 139,457
Total Budget	\$ 145,328	\$ 124,629	\$ 129,535	\$ 4,906	3.9%	\$ 139,457

	FY 18	Diff. From	FINANCIAL
RESOURCES FOR BUDGET	BUDGET	FY 17 Orig.	PLAN
4306 Sinking Fund	\$ 86,299	3.9%	\$ 94,405
7020 TMUA-Water Operating Fund	14,915	-0.8%	16,028
7030 TMUA-Sewer Operating Fund	28,321	6.9%	29,024
TOTAL	\$ 129,535		\$ 139,457

FY 18 CHANGES FOR DEBT	AMO	DUNT
Change in Water Operating Fund	\$	(126)
Change in Sewer Operating Fund		1,824
3. Change in Sinking Fund		3,208
TOTAL DEBT CHANGES	\$	4,906

Percent

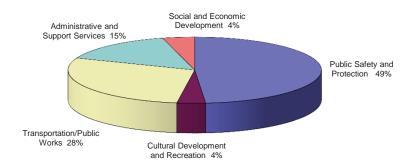
FY 19

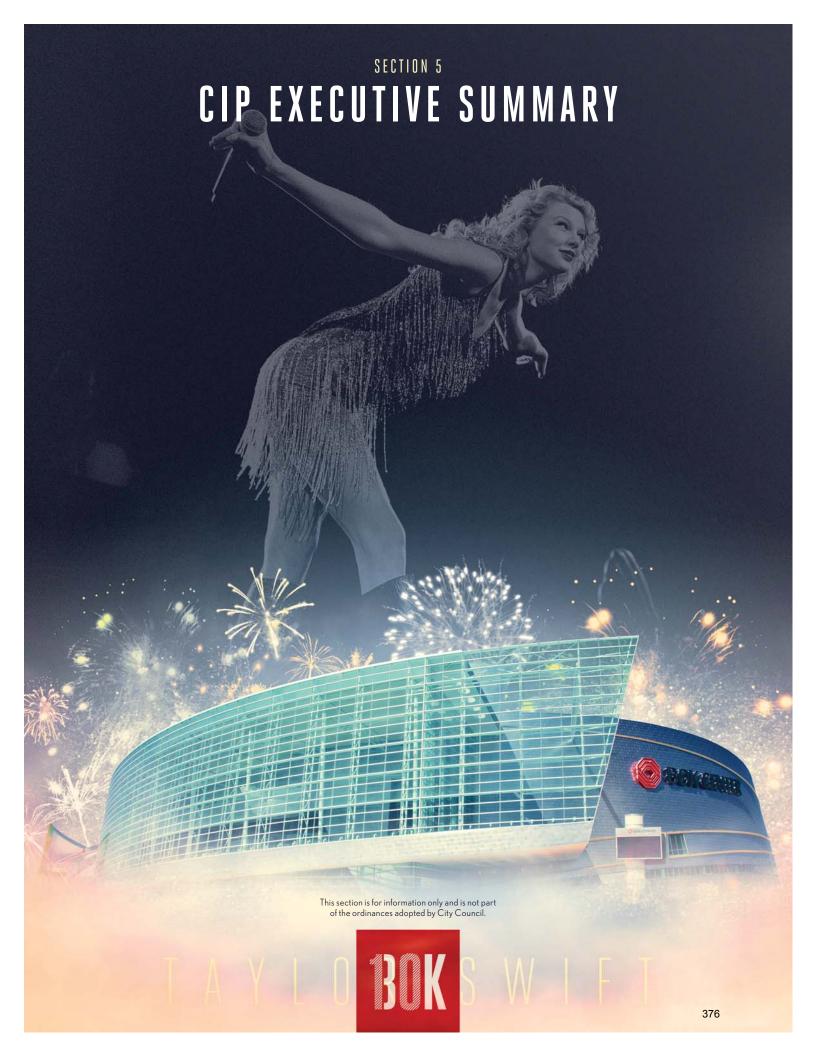
STAFFING SUMMARY

• ALL DEPARTMENTS •

	1	NUMBER O	F	NUMBER OF FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT				
DEPARTMENT	AUTHO	RIZED POS	SITIONS	AUTHORIZED POSITIONS				
	FY 17	FY 18	FY 19	<u>FY 17</u>	FY 18	FY 19		
Public Safety and Protection								
Municipal Court	39	39	39	32.0	33.0	33.0		
Police	1009	1048	1082	1009.0	1048.0	1082.0		
Fire	715	735	755	715.0	735.0	755.0		
Category Total	1763	1822	1876	1756.0	1816.0	1870.0		
Cultural Development and Recreation								
Park and Recreation	170	168	168	113.5	113.0	113.0		
Tulsa Performing Arts Center	31	31	31	26.5	26.5	26.5		
Category Total	201	199	199	140.0	139.5	139.5		
Social and Economic Development								
Mayor's Office of Economic Development	9	10	10	9.0	10.0	10.0		
Working in Neighborhoods	69	69	69	67.0	68.5	68.5		
Planning & Development	79	79	79	79.0	79.0	79.0		
Category Total	157	158	158	155.0	157.5	157.5		
Transportation/Public Works								
Engineering Services	144	144	144	143.3	142.3	143.3		
Streets and Stormwater	328	346	346	279.0	297.0	297.0		
Water and Sewer	657	661	661	657.0	661.0	661.0		
Category Total	1129	1151	1151	1079.3	1100.3	1101.3		
Administrative and Support Services								
Mayor's Office	10	14	14	10.0	14.0	14.0		
City Auditor	13	13	13	13.0	13.0	13.0		
City Council	23	23	23	23.0	23.0	23.0		
Mayor's Office of Human Rights	7	7	7	7.0	7.0	7.0		
Legal	32	32	32	32.0	32.0	32.0		
Human Resources	38	40	40	38.0	40.0	40.0		
Finance	158	156	156	157.5	155.0	155.0		
Information Technology	116	116	111	116.0	116.0	111.0		
Customer Care	46	46	46	43.5	43.5	43.5		
Communications	6	6	6	6.0	6.0	6.0		
Asset Management	136	136	136	132.8	132.8	132.8		
Category Total	585	589	584	578.8	582.3	577.3		
GRAND TOTAL	3835	3919	3968	3709.1	3795.6	3845.6		

FTE AUTHORIZED POSITIONS







FISCAL YEARS 2018-2022 CAPITAL PLAN EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

In April of 2016, City of Tulsa voters approved a temporary sales tax levy of a little over 3/10ths of a cent for the purpose of funding large scale economic development projects. The tax went into effect January, 2017 and will be in place for 15 years. The tax will fund over \$510.6 million in major capital and economic development projects across the city. Before passage, the most recent capital package was approved in 2013; the Improve Our Tulsa program. This program provides funding for projects during the FY15 to FY21 time period with roughly \$564 million from an extension of a 1.1 percent sales tax to address citywide needs, as well as \$355 million provided from general obligation bonds to address street improvements. In FY18, the City will sell its fifth bond issue of \$75 million bringing total Improve Our Tulsa bond appropriations to \$280 million. The shared Mayoral and City Council goal of continuing the commitment to improving the condition of our roadways, the need to provide funds for critical goals such as public safety, federal mandates, building code and short-term capital needs, and goals identified in PlaniTulsa were used to prioritize the allocation of the authorized \$918.7 million in the Improve Our Tulsa program. The commitment of these resources likely means that any newly identified or unfunded capital improvement projects will not be funded until the conclusion of these programs.

Historically, the City of Tulsa has had an aggressive capital improvements program. The Third Penny Sales Tax program by itself has financed almost \$2.4 billion in needed projects over the last thirty years. That amount has been augmented by \$2.0 billion of additional general obligation and revenue bond dollars and millions more from federal grants and loans. In November 2008, the City of Tulsa electorate approved a street improvement package totaling \$451.6 million. The program was comprised of \$285 million in general obligation bond proceeds and \$166.6 million in sales tax revenue which was derived from an extension of the existing third penny sales tax in addition to a 0.167 percent increase. The program funded 128 arterial and residential street projects across the City. The 2006 Sales Tax program, approved in May 2006, which provided \$465 million for capital projects throughout the City, is in the final stage of implementation. All of the appropriations to fund these improvements are complete. Information about these programs is contained in the FY18 Capital Budget Funded Programs Status and Operating Impact (Section 6) of this document, and includes a list of the proposed funding for FY18.

In the spring of 2009 and again in 2013, the City updated its Capital Improvement Project (CIP) policy and procedures. International City Managers Association (ICMA) and case study recommendations were reviewed with subsequent changes outlined in the following text. The updated policy requires departmental justification of expansion projects based on the project's potential return on investment (ROI), its potential leverage and linkages to other projects, and its contribution to the City's strategic initiatives. Additionally, all replacement and rehabilitation projects were prioritized and placed in 4 distinct tiers based on their contribution to public safety, asset preservation, and core service provision. The highest priority tiered and expansion projects have been included in the Constrained Inventory of projects in Section 7. The remaining projects have been placed in the unpublished deferred unconstrained inventory of projects. A summary is on page 9 of this section. To further illustrate the character of City spending allocations, a pie chart of the total recommended funding dedicated to the maintenance of the City's existing assets, which is defined as "renewal", in contrast to the allocation recommended for expansion or "growth" projects has been included on page 3 of this section. Additionally, the jointly identified Mayoral and City Council priorities have been added to individual projects in Section 7. These goals are identified and defined in Section 1 of the annual budget document.



FIVE-YEAR LEVEL OF RECOMMENDED FUNDING BY DEPARTMENT

Fiscal Years 2018 – 2022

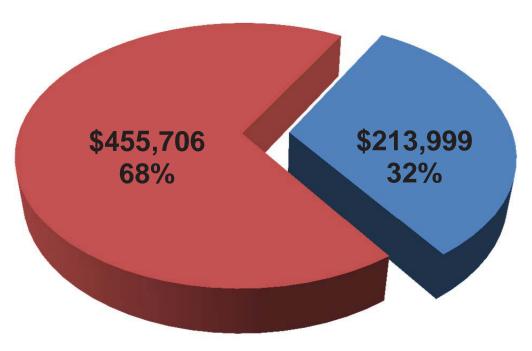
(amount expressed in thousands)

Project Type	onstrained Requests	Reco	TY18-22 ommended unding	Inventory Percent Funding	Total Percent Funding
Police Department Projects	\$ 23,345	\$	3,400	15%	1%
Fire Department Projects	 62,005	-	4,900	8%	1%
Total Public Safety and Protection	\$ 85,350	\$	8,300	10%	1%
Park and Recreation Projects	63,228		600	1%	0%
Tulsa Zoo Projects	111,900		500	0%	0%
Gilcrease Museum Projects	13,499		1,950	14%	0%
Cox Business Center and BOK Center	40,018		2,800	7%	0%
Performing Arts Center	99,820		150	0%	0%
River Parks Projects	 60,454		900	1%	0%
Total Cultural Development and Recreation	\$ 388,919	\$	6,900	2%	1%
Street and Expressway Projects	1,658,980		164,100	10%	25%
Water System Projects	1,507,579		198,844	13%	30%
Sanitary Sewer System Projects	628,187		255,761	41%	38%
Flood Control Projects	90,893		25,100	28%	4%
Facilities Maintenance Projects	 179,522	-	6,000	3%	1%
Total Public Works and Development	\$ 4,065,161	\$	649,805	16%	97%
Planning and Development	78,330		-	0%	0%
Working In Neighborhoods (WIN)	 5,850		100	2%	0%
Total Social and Economic Development	\$ 84,180	\$	100	0%	0%
Tulsa Transit Projects	13,135		800	6%	0%
Total Transportation	\$ 13,135	\$	800	6%	0%
Information Technology Department	2,978		-	0%	0%
Equipment Management Projects	8,600		800	9%	0%
Short-Term & Contracted Capital Projects	43,500		3,000	7%	0%
Total Administrative and Support Services	\$ 55,078	\$	3,800	7%	1%
Total of All Capital Project Types	\$ 4,691,823	\$	669,705	14%	100%



FY 2018 - 2022
RECOMMENDED CIP FUNDING
RENEWAL VS. GROWTH
(\$000)

Total \$669,705



■ GROWTH ■ RENEWAL

Executive Summary

A SUMMARY OF THE CAPITAL BUDGET AND FIVE-YEAR CAPITAL PLAN

The following is a summary of all proposed, but unfunded capital expenditures for the next five years. It does not include project allocations in previously approved capital programs. The amount shown does not include each department's funding from the approved 2017 Limited Purpose Sales Tax Program, 2014 Sales Tax Extension, 2014 General Obligation Bond Program, the 2008 Street Improvement Program, or the 2006 Sales Tax Extension. Information on the projects and appropriations for these programs is contained in Section 6. Due to the commitment of sales tax and bond proceeds to projects authorized in 2016, new or unfunded capital projects will likely not be funded until the conclusion of the Improve Our Tulsa program in 2021.

PROGRAM/DEPARTMENT	Proposed <u>5-Year Funding</u>
PUBLIC SAFETY AND PROTECTION Police and E-911 Department The Police Department's highest priority is the renovation of the Police Courts and 911 Facilities, as well as its communications hardware.	\$3.4 million
Fire The Fire Department's highest priority is the replacement of its apparatus, followed by the construction and strategic relocation of several stations.	\$5 million
Total Public Safety and Protection	\$8.4 million
CULTURAL DEVELOPMENT AND RECREATION Park and Recreation Department The maintenance of the Park systems aging facilities is the Department's highest priority. Park system projects have been prioritized in the Park's Master Plan and funding has been allocated toward its implementation in previous capital programs.	\$0.6 million
Tulsa Zoo Implementation of the Zoo Master Plan is the highest priority.	\$0.5 million
Gilcrease Museum Fully restoring the Thomas Gilcrease house, as well as a thorough review and upgrade of all mechanical equipment within the facility, remains the Gilcrease's highest priorities.	\$2 million
Cox Business Center and BOK Center Fire alarm systems at both the BOK Center and the Cox Business Center are the highest priorities. Additionally, both centers are in need of general facility rehabilitation and replacements; including electrical, security, and ADA improvements.	\$2.8 million
Performing Arts Center The highest priorities at the PAC are the replacement of the Chapman Music Hall ceiling, Doenges Theatre seating replacement and HVAC upgrades. The PAC is also planning for an expansion of its facility.	\$0.1 million

Executive Summary

PROGRAM/DEPARTMENT Proposed 5-Year Funding

River Parks \$0.9 million

The Authority's highest priorities continue to be an expansion of the trail system further south to serve the rapidly growing south Tulsa area, as well as expanded parking and riverbank stabilization along the Arkansas River.

Total Cultural Development and Recreation

\$6.9 million

PUBLIC WORKS AND INFRASTRUCTURE

Streets and Expressways

\$164.1 million

One of the top priorities of the City continues to be arterial and residential street resurfacing. Funding to match ODOT eight year plan improvements and improvements identified in the Bicycle and Pedestrian Master Plan currently underway are a high priority.

Water \$198.8 million

The City continues implementing the IMG Water System Study, which identified the most critical needs in this area, such as protecting the Spavinaw watershed from pollution and the maintenance of the existing distribution system.

Sanitary Sewer \$255.7 million

The City completed all required projects to meet the consent orders issued in the late 1990's by State and Federal regulatory authorities. Additional isolated consent orders have been issued since then to eliminate recent specific incidents of residential sewage overflows. However, all consent orders have been completed presently. Future Utility Revenue Bonds and Enterprise Fund resources will be dedicated to the completion of any future consent orders, as well as the upkeep of existing assets.

Flood Control \$25.1 million

The continued implementation of the Citywide Flood Control Plan is the highest priority. Floodplain acquisition, planning services for the Hazard Mitigation Program, and urgent small drainage improvements are identified as the highest priorities by the plan.

Facilities \$6 million

ADA improvements at public facilities are top priority. Additionally, sources of maintenance capital need to be identified as an inventory backlog of over \$100 million in roofing and facility maintenance needs exists.

Total Public Works and Infrastructure

\$649.7 million

SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Planning and Development

\$0 million

Planning and Development will continue to pursue application of the Comprehensive Plan through the initial steps of implementing several small area plans, as well as the beautification of Route 66 and infrastructure to support the Peoria/Mohawk Business Park.

Executive Summary

PROGRAM/DEPARTMENT	Proposed
	5-Year Funding
Working In Neighborhoods (WIN) The Animal Shelter's highest priority is completing the remaining phases of the shelter expansion. This expansion would focus on adoption and community outreach program spaces.	\$0.1 million
Total Social and Economic Development	\$0.1 million
Metropolitan Tulsa Transit Authority Projects (MTTA) MTTA's highest priorities are the continued replacement of its fleet, the construction of additional passenger shelters, and to improve and expand its service.	\$0.8 million
Total Transportation	\$0.8 million
ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPORT SERVICES Information Technology The Information Technology Department's highest priority is the need for more rigorous backup and recovery applications for the City's server and enterprise systems. A secondary priority is the automation of the Municipal Court's Courtroom Ticketing System.	\$0 million
Asset Management Projects AMD's top priorities include the modification of existing maintenance facilities to perform CNG repairs, as well as expanding the City's Compressed Natural Gas Fleet Fueling Infrastructure, and the replacement of one underground fuel tank.	\$0.8 million
Short Term Capital Projects Projects in this category include the replacement of various existing capital equipment, such as; department fleet, facility equipment, and minor facility purchases and repairs.	\$3 million
Total Administrative and Support Services	\$3.8 million
TOTAL PROPOSED FIVE-YEAR FUNDING PROGRAM	\$669.7 million

Executive Summary

CITY OF TULSA

FISCAL YEARS 2018-2022 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS FUNDING SCHEDULE SUMMARY OF HIGH PRIORITY FUNDING REQUESTS BY DEPARTMENT

Prepared by the Department of Finance in Collaboration with the Operating Departments All Dollars in Thousands

Project Type	Est. Cost	FY18	FY19	FY20	FY21	FY22	Total
Police Department Projects	\$ 23,345	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,400	\$ 3,400
Fire Department Projects	62,005	-	-	-	-	4,900	4,900
Total Public Safety and Protection	\$ 85,350	\$ -	\$ 	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,300	\$ 8,300
Park and Recreation Department Projects	63,228	-	-	-	-	600	600
Tulsa Zoo Projects	111,900	-	-	-	-	500	500
Gilcrease Museum Projects	13,499	-	-	-	-	1,950	1,950
CBC/BOK Projects	40,018	-	-	-	-	2,800	2,800
Performing Arts Center Projects	99,820	-	-	-	-	150	150
River Parks Projects	60,454	-	-	-	-	900	900
Total Cultural Devel. and Recreation	\$ 388,919	\$ -	\$ 	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,900	\$ 6,900
Street and Expressway Projects	1,658,980	-	-	50,000	50,000	64,100	164,100
Water System Projects	1,507,579	55,017	39,003	38,066	33,201	33,557	198,844
Sanitary Sewer System Projects	628,187	46,291	45,304	43,238	57,654	63,274	255,761
Flood Control Projects	90,893	5,100	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	25,100
Facilities Maintenance Projects	179,522	-	-	-	-	6,000	6,000
Total Public Works	\$ 4,065,161	\$ 106,408	\$ 89,307	\$ 136,304	\$ 145,855	\$ 171,931	\$ 649,805
Planning and Development Projects	78,330	-	-	-	-	-	-
Working In Neighborhoods (WIN) Projects	5,850	-	-	-	-	100	100
Total Social and Economic Development	\$ 84,180	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 100	\$ 100
Metropolitan Tulsa Transit Authority Projects	13,135	-	-	-	-	800	800
Total Transportation	\$ 13,135	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 800	\$ 800
Information Technology Projects	2,978	_	_	_	_	_	
Equipment Management Projects	8,600	-	-	-	-	800	800
Short Term & Contracted Capital Projects	43,500	-	-	-	-	3,000	3,000
Total Administrative and Support	\$ 55,078	\$ -	\$ 	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,800	\$ 3,800
Total of All Capital Project Types	\$ 4,691,823	\$ 106,408	\$ 89,307	\$ 136,304	\$ 145,855	\$ 191,831	\$ 669,705

Amounts shown do not reflect the value of the Capital Inventory. Dollars reflect the estimated cost of those projects needed in the next five years.



CITY OF TULSA FISCAL YEARS 2018-2022 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS FUNDING SCHEDULE SUMMARY OF FUNDING REQUESTS BY FUNDING SOURCE *

Prepared by the Department of Finance in Collaboration with the Operating Departments (amount expressed in thousands)

Funding Source		Est. Cost		<u>FY18</u>		<u>FY19</u>		FY20		FY21		FY22		<u>Total</u>
Future Bond Program	\$	976.900	\$	-	\$	_	\$	50.000	\$	50,000	\$	50.000	\$	150,000
Future Sales Tax Program	*	240,301	*	-	*	-	*	-	*	-	*	40,000	*	40,000
Water Enterprise		727,217		40,467		32,458		29,673		30,501		31,958		165,057
Water Revenue Bond		780,362		14,550		6,545		8,393		2,700		1,599		33,787
State Sewer (FAP)		27,487		4,519		10,630		4,673		7,346		4,561		31,729
Sewer Enterprise		492,909		17,412		23,208		30,735		39,141		46,513		157,009
State Sewer Loan		107,791		24,360		11,466		7,830		11,167		12,200		67,023
Storm Sewer Enterprise		54,250		5,100		5,000		5,000		5,000		5,000		25,100
Deferred Funding		1,284,606								-				
Total Funding by Source	\$	4,691,823	\$	106,408	\$	89,307	\$	136,304	\$	145,855	\$	191,831	\$	669,705

^{*} Other Funding Sources: Existing Sales Tax Programs; Golf Course Fees; Tax Increment Financing; Equipment Management Fund; Special Purpose Revenue Bonds; and Private Matching Funding.

Amounts shown do not reflect the value of the Capital Inventory. Dollars reflect the estimated cost of those projects needed in the next five years.

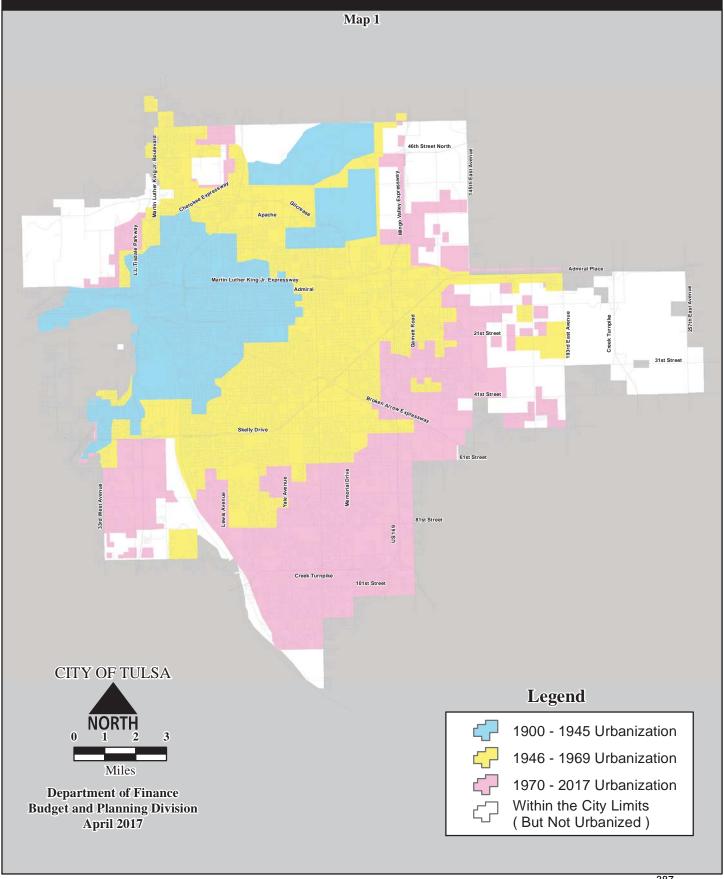
Executive Summary

CONSTRAINED VERSUS UNCONSTRAINED INVENTORY BY DEPARTMENT

Fiscal years 2018 – 2022 (amount expressed in thousands)

Project Type	Constrained Inventory			onstrained eventory	Total
Police Department Projects	\$	23,345	\$	29,960	\$ 53,305
Fire Department Projects		62,005			62,005
Total Public Safety and Protection	\$	85,350	\$	29,960	\$ 115,310
Park and Recreation Projects		63,228		98,350	161,578
Tulsa Zoo Projects		111,900		-	111,900
Gilcrease Museum Projects		13,499		-	13,499
Cox Business Center and BOK Center		40,018		61,706	101,724
Performing Arts Center		99,820		7,980	107,800
River Parks Projects		60,454		184,057	244,511
Total Cultural Development and Recreation	\$	388,919	\$	352,093	\$ 741,012
Street and Expressway Projects		1,658,980		1,341,280	3,000,260
Water System Projects		1,507,579		-	1,507,579
Sanitary Sewer System Projects		628,187		55,240	683,427
Flood Control Projects		90,893		306,798	397,691
		179,522		100,307	279,829
Total Public Works and Development	\$	4,065,161	\$	1,803,625	\$ 5,868,786
Planning and Development Projects		78,330		679,044	757,374
Working In Neighborhoods (WIN) Projects		5,850			5,850
Total Social and Economic Development	\$	84,180	\$	679,044	\$ 763,224
Tulsa Transit Projects		13,135		30	13,165
Total Transportation	\$	13,135	\$	30	\$ 13,165
Information Technology Department Projects		2,978		37,075	40,053
Equipment Management Projects		8,600		33,345	41,945
Short Term & Contracted Capital Projects		43,500		-	43,500
Total Administrative and Support Services	\$	55,078	\$	70,420	\$ 125,498
Total of All Capital Project Types	\$	4,691,823	\$	2,935,172	7,626,995

Urbanization Trends 1900 - 2017



SECTION 6

CAPITAL PROGRAMS & OPERATING IMPACT

This section of the document summarizes the status of previously approved major capital programs and lists all of the capital projects scheduled for funding. It also describes the primary funding sources available to finance the City's capital needs and provides an analysis of each. This section is for information only and is not part of the ordinances adopted by the City Council.

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Introduction

This section describes the status of projects financed as part of past multi-year capital programs and potential sources for financing future projects. Since 1980, elected officials have aggressively sought funding for a large number of capital needs. The third-penny sales tax, general obligation bonds, revenue bonds backed by user fees, and state and federal loans and grants have all been used to finance almost \$3.7 billion of capital improvements. The following text briefly describes the past programs. More detailed information is provided about the more recent programs.

In order to tie capital project funding and budgetary considerations together, a summary of any known annual operational impact has been included with the capital program summaries on the following pages. Impact is identified by project name, estimated fiscal year, and known costs. If the project represents an expansion of a current operation, then only the incremental cost above current operations is listed below.

The first six voter-approved five-year Third Penny Sales Tax Programs in 1980, 1985, 1991, 1996, 2001, and 2006 financed 503 projects costing over \$1.604 billion. All of the originally funded projects are now complete or substantially complete.

From 1983 to 1999 voters approved over \$378 million of general obligation bonds for streets, sanitary sewers, flood control, police and fire facilities, maintenance of city buildings, and parks. All of these projects are complete.

Since 1993, the Tulsa Metropolitan Utility Authority (TMUA) has authorized the issuance of over \$296 million in water revenue bonds. The 1993-2006 bonds financed the new Mohawk Water Treatment Plant and several other large water system projects. All have been completed and are in service except projects funded with water revenue bonds issued in the 2007 to 2016 calendar period. These bonds financed a number of new projects including water main and valve replacements, raw waterline and treatment plant improvements, and dam repairs.

In FY16, TMUA issued its first Utility Revenue Bond which provided \$25.2 million in funding for water and sanitary sewer projects. This was the first time the authority has issued a bond which financed projects for both systems. Previously, as noted above, the authority financed water and sanitary sewer projects separately thru the issuance of water revenue bonds and sanitary sewer loans thru the Oklahoma Water Resources Board (OWRB). The proceeds will be used to finance over \$13.0 million in water main replacements, \$4.0 million in concrete pipe replacement, \$3.5 million in sanitary sewer rehab and \$2.0 million to extend sanitary sewer service to currently unserved areas. If these bonds prove to be financially beneficial then the authority will likely continue issuing in this manner.

1992-2017 Oklahoma Water Resources Board Loans

Since 1992, the City of Tulsa has used the Oklahoma Water Resources Board (OWRB) loan program to address sanitary sewer system high priority needs. So far, this program, in addition to utility revenue bonds, has provided \$493.5 million in loans to finance 175 projects ranging from the \$15.5 million headwork improvement project at the Northside Wastewater Treatment Plant to the \$950,000 Southside Wastewater Treatment Plant dewatering facility improvement project. Most recently, in FY16, \$10.04 was issued through a utility revenue bond to fund two citywide rehab projects, and improvements on the Rose Dew Lift Station.

1992-2017 Oklahoma Water Resources Board Loans As of February 2017

Appropriation	Spent To Date	Obligated By Contract	Appropriation Balance*
\$493,478,000	\$428,082,541	\$28,515,601	\$36,879,858

^{*}Reserved for Projects

Source: City of Tulsa Department of Finance

Status of OWRB Loan Program Projects Not Yet Finished As of February 2017

	Title and Description	Projects Financed	Estimated Completion	Original Principal Amount*
1	2013 A/B Sewer Improvements	NSWWTP Nitrification Improvements SSWWTP Odor Control Improvements Mingo, Coal, & Flatrock FEB Impr. Nickel Creek Interceptor Extension	Summer 2017 Summer 2017 Winter 2017 Winter 2017	\$39,266,000
2	2014 C Sewer Improvements	Concrete Pipe Replacement Sewer Rehab Areawide Unsewered Areas RL Jones/Airport Lift Station Relief SSWWTP 71 st Lift Station Expansion	Summer 2017 Winter 2017 Winter 2017 Summer 2017 Winter 2017	\$18,716,000
3	2015 A Sewer Improvements	NS WWTP Nitrification Improvements Activated Sludge Diffused Aeration SS WWTP System Odor Control	Winter 2017 Summer 2018 Summer 2018	\$28,330,000

^{*}Estimated Cost represents part of project funded by OWRB Loan Program. Additional funding may be provided by other programs.

2005 General Obligation Bond Program

On April 5, 2005 the voters approved the issuance of \$250 million in General Obligation Bonds. General obligation bond debt is retired through property tax levies. Through February 2011, all issues are complete. This program financed over 200 projects including arterial and residential street rehabilitation, bridge repair, expressway improvements, and engineering and right-of-way acquisition for future arterial street widening projects estimated to cost \$154 million. Over \$30 million was provided for sanitary sewers and another \$33 million for stormwater projects. The Police Forensic Lab and Property Room as well as improvements at the Uniform Divisions were financed. A major project for the Fire Department, a new \$11.1 million Regional Training Facility, is now complete and in service. Improvements to the Gilcrease Museum and Performing Arts Center were also included. Project cost savings in this program were applied to approved unfunded street improvement projects.

2005 General Obligation Bond Program As of February 2017

Appropriation**	Spent To Date	Obligated By Contract	Appropriation Balance*
\$273,800,000	\$270,963,974	\$132,384	\$2,703,642

^{*}Reserved for Projects ** OSU-Tulsa share of forensics lab included.

Source: City of Tulsa Department of Finance

Streets and Transportation Projects - \$154 million

Over half of the streets and transportation funds were used to rehabilitate the city's streets - \$70 million for residential streets and \$54 million for arterial streets. The repair and replacement of bridges across the City received \$10 million in funding from the program. Another \$20 million was used for expressway projects along with arterial street engineering, right-of-way acquisition, and widening. Fifteen million was later captured from savings in completed projects, to address both arterials and intersections originally scheduled for funding in sales tax programs.

Sanitary Sewer Projects - \$33 million

Funding was spent on providing sewer to unserved areas in the city. Rehabilitation and extension projects were allocated over \$20 million.

Flood Control Projects - \$33 million

This funding was spent on critical repair and replacement of flood control facilities, such as the \$15 million Fred Creek rehabilitation program.

Police Projects - \$5 million

This funding was spent on critical expansion, repair and replacement of the Police Forensic Laboratory Facility and Property Room. The Uniform Division facilities also received needed funding for rehabilitation and for expansion at the Uniform Division Southwest (UDSW) facility.

Fire Projects - \$19 million

This funding was spent on the construction of a new \$11.1 million Regional Training Facility which is now complete and operational. The training center is located on the North Campus of Tulsa Community College (TCC). TCC, who will be a joint operator of the facility, will provide area Fire Departments training related to firefighting, hazardous incident response, emergency life support and security incident response. Funds from this allocation were also used to relocate Fire Station 16 and rehabilitate five other stations all of which are now complete and in operation.

Facilities Renovation and Capital Equipment - \$5 million

This funding was spent on critical repair and replacement of the Gilcrease Museum HVAC system to protect the multi-billion dollar collection. The stage floor at the Performing Arts Center was replaced as it was a safety issue. Major roof rehabilitation projects and security improvements citywide also received funding.

2006 Sales Tax Extension Program

To date, the tax has funded all of the original 130 projects in six broad categories. Program cost estimates refer to the part of the project funded by the 2006 Sales Tax Program - other programs may provide additional funding. The program, approved by voters on May 9, 2006, received its first sales tax revenue in September 2006. In addition to funding the shortfall in the 2001 program, \$383 million in new projects have been funded with this tax. Originally, the program was forecast to generate approximately \$463.5 million in revenue. However, current projections total \$451.7 million. This program received its final sales tax revenue in 2013. In FY17, \$2.2 million was appropriated to begin construction of a new East Tulsa Fire Station, as originally promised in the program. Most remaining projects are now either complete or nearing completion.

Current Projection 2006 Sales Tax Program February 2017

(amount expressed in thousands)

Fiscal Year

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	Total
	(1)									(2)	(3)	(3)	TOlai
Sales Tax	\$53,066	\$69,173	\$69,827	\$64,458	\$66,171	\$70,254	\$42,111	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$ 435,060
Interest	751	2,628	2,658	1,906	1,606	1,526	1,269	910	674	559	523	625	\$ 15,635
Misc Income	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,037	0	0	0	0	\$ 1,037
Total	\$53,817	\$71,801	\$72,485	\$66,364	\$67,777	\$71,780	\$43,380	\$1,947	\$674	\$559	\$523	\$625	\$ 451,732

^{(1) 9.5} months of collections in FY07

Public Safety - \$65 million

Funds in this category have been used to replace police cars and helicopters, and fire and emergency medical apparatus and equipment. The largest Police Department project, the \$16 million Forensic Laboratory, Research and Property Room Facility, is complete and operational. Over \$17 million was used to keep the Police vehicle fleet up to standards. A Homeland Security Equipment Storage Facility was funded as well. The Information Technology Department continues its program of upgrading the City's computer capabilities and replacing the aging Citywide Network. A new, cost saving, state-of-the-art Voice Over Internet Protocol (VoIP) telephone system has replaced the old telephone system.

Critical Weather Alert Sirens were replaced all over the city. Repairs and modifications to the City's two communications towers and backup power protection for the City's prime communications site were also funded. In FY17, the City used remaining funds to complete work on a network core for one communication tower. As part of the program, a wireless communications system for the City will enhance all forms of critical communications between departments such as Police, Fire and Emergency Management.

⁽²⁾ FY07 thru FY16 actuals;

⁽³⁾FY17 Estimate; FY18 Budget

Culture and Recreation - \$41 Million

Capital maintenance projects at most of the City parks and the Zoo are the largest projects in this category. Maintenance and renovation of shelters, bathrooms, irrigation systems, water lines, playground safety surfaces and walkways will serve to keep parks useful and safe. The Zoo projects included a new Asian Cat Exhibit, renovations to the North American Living Museum and the Zoo's security system.

Expansion and repairs at the sports complexes and the development of a soccer complex were included in the plan. This program has funded repairs and improvements to the Gilcrease Museum, the Convention Center and the Performing Arts Center.

River Parks received over \$16 million in funding to implement phases of the Arkansas River Corridor Master Plan. West Bank Festival Park expansion and renovation received funding as did the east bank of the river. The West Bank Festival Park expansion is now complete. Major trail resurfacing, widening, and maintenance were also funded in this program.

Downtown, Economic and Neighborhood Development - \$24 million

Over \$13 million of the funds in this category were used to support the development of the new Bank of Oklahoma Arena. Improved streets, parking, signage and linkages were built to coincide with the Center's opening. Another \$2 million continued the downtown property acquisition program in the arts and entertainment district. Other projects were funded in the Kendall-Whittier and Dirty Butter Creek areas, as recommended in various plans. A \$3 million economic development fund to support the city's economic recovery was included in this program to provide infrastructure improvements for future retailers and employment sectors.

Sanitary Sewer and Flood Control - \$52 million

Twenty-eight million dollars has been used to fund sanitary sewer projects. Most of the projects involve providing service to unserved areas or newly annexed eastern areas of the city including the largest - an \$11 million expansion of the Bird Creek Plant which is now complete. In the area of flood control, a \$12.5 million program continued the 2005 General Obligation Bond's Fred Creek Drainage project. A project in the Elm Creek area along 6th Street will create sites for mixed use development near downtown and the Central Park Centennial Center. Erosion control and bank stabilization projects all over the city were also financed.

Sreets and Transportation Projects - \$115 million

A significant portion of the streets and transportation funds have been used to rehabilitate the city's streets - \$26 million for residential streets and \$32 million for arterial streets. The remainder was spent on widening many of the city's overloaded major arterial streets and intersections. Streets improved included 41st, 61st, 81st, 91st, 129th E. Avenue, Peoria, Pine, Mingo, Garnett, and the Gilcrease Expressway. Five intersections were widened. Over \$12 million was spent on downtown streets around the new arena and almost \$5 million improved the Boulder Avenue Bridge. Funds were also set aside to perform street surface repairs and crack sealing; repair and replace bridges, and continue development of the Tulsa Trails. In addition, this program included money to purchase transit buses and vans to improve service to Tulsa's transit patrons.

Facilities Renovation and Capital Equipment - \$86 million

Out of the \$86 million allocated, \$58 million has been used to purchase capital equipment such as dump trucks, excavating equipment, vehicles, personal computers, and mowing equipment. Another \$14 million has been spent on replacing roofs, repairing parking lots, replacing air conditioning units, Americans with

Disabilities Act modifications, and other general building repairs. Additionally, \$2 million was allocated for Equipment Management facility renovation and construction.

2006 Sales Tax Program Capital Project Annual Operating Impact

Project	Impact Fiscal Year	Personnel	Utilities Fuel	Maintenance Materials Supplies	Total
Ben Hill Park		\$0	\$0	\$ 40,000	\$40,000
TOTAL		\$0	\$0	\$ 40,000	\$40,000

Source: City of Tulsa Department of Finance

2008 Street Improvement Program

On November 4, 2008, the City of Tulsa electorate approved a \$451.6 million capital improvements program to rehabilitate the City's arterial and residential streets. The original program consisted of \$166.6 million in sales tax and \$285 million in general obligation bond proceeds to fund the construction of 152 projects throughout the city. However, due to underperformance, current sales tax projections are estimated at \$145.8 million. Cost savings in other programs have enabled the City to fund all of the original projects. The bond portion of the program encompassed seven issues scheduled from 2009 to 2015. The first issue of \$11.1 million was completed in the spring of 2009, the \$70 million second issue was completed in the fall of 2009, the \$58.9 million third issue was completed in the fall of 2010, the \$50 million fourth issue was completed in the fall of 2011, the \$45 million fifth issue was completed in January of 2013, the \$35 million sixth issue was completed in March of FY14, and the \$15 million seventh and final issue was completed in FY15. The sales tax portion of the program was comprised of a 0.167 percent sales tax increase and an extension of the third penny sales tax.

Current Projection 2008 Street Improvement Program February 2017

(amount expressed in thousands)

Fiscal Year

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	Total
				(1)	(2)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	Total
Sales Tax	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$7,002	\$41,758	\$85,169	\$11,897	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$ 145,82
Interest	0	0	0	33	132	684	861	767	674	795	\$ 3,94
Bond Proceeds	11,100	70,000	58,900	50,000	45,000	35,000	15,000	0	0	0	\$ 285,00
TOTAL	\$11,100	\$70,000	\$58,900	\$57,035	\$86,890	\$120,853	\$27,758	\$767	\$674	\$795	\$ 434,77

- (1) Assumes 7.5 months of collections for 0.167% of the dedicated sales tax in FY12.
- (2) Assumes 6 months of collections for 1% of the dedicated sales tax in FY13.
- (3 Sales Tax: FY12 thru FY16 Actual; FY17 Estimate; FY18 Budget

2014 Sales Tax & Bond Program

In November of 2013, the City of Tulsa electorate approved a \$918.7 million capital improvements program to continue the rehabilitation of the City's arterial and residential streets, and address various departmental capital and infrastructure needs across the City as a whole. The program consists of \$563.7 million in sales tax and \$355 million in general obligation bond proceeds to fund the construction of 267 projects throughout the city. The program is currently projected to end in early FY21 once the \$563.7 million is collected.

Current Projection 2014 Sales Tax & Bond Program February 2017

(amount expressed in thousands)

Fiscal Year

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	 - Total
		(2)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(4)	Total
Sales Tax	\$0	\$71,286	\$83,335	\$81,834	\$82,133	\$82,133	\$82,954	\$83,784	\$567,459
Interest (1)	0	262	943	1,209	1,200	1,200	1,212	1,224	\$7,250
Bond Proceeds	15,000	55,000	57,000	78,000	75,000	75,000	0	0	\$355,000
Total	\$15,000	\$126,548	\$141,278	\$161,043	\$158,333	\$158,333	\$84,166	\$85,008	\$929,709

- (1) Assumption of 1% interest rate
- (2) Sales Tax: FY16 Actual
- (3) Sales Tax: FY17 Estimate; FY18-21 Budget
- (4) Sales Tax figure reflects full year collections, however collections will cease once program has collected \$563.7 million in total.

Public Safety - \$78 million

Funds in this category have been used to replace police cars and helicopters, fire apparatus and equipment, and facility repairs. The largest Police Department project, \$4 million, will go to renovation and repairs at the Police Academy, Courts, and COMPSTAT building. Over \$22 million will be used to keep the Police vehicle fleet up to standards. The Fire Department will spend the majority of its funding on apparatus replacement (\$17 million) and fire station rehabilitation (\$7 million). The Information Technology Department has funding set aside to replace the City's aging Financial System (\$10 million) and the Police Department's aging Law Enforcement Record Management System (\$7 million), both of which are in the early stages of implementation.

Culture and Recreation - \$83 Million

Capital maintenance projects at most of the City parks and the Zoo are the largest projects in this category. Maintenance and renovation of shelters, bathrooms, playground safety surfaces and walkways will serve to keep parks useful and safe. Additionally, five pools will receive a total renovation. Construction has currently begun on the McClure pool, with Lacy pool soon to follow. The Zoo projects include a new Tiger and Snow Leopard Exhibit, and Large Carnivores Exhibit. The Tiger and Snow Leopard exhibit is currently in progress.

This program has funded repairs and improvements to the Gilcrease Museum, safety improvements at the Performing Arts Center, and matching dollars for repairs at the now complete City/County Library.

River Parks will receive \$4 million in funding to address facility maintenance repairs, and \$8 million to renovate a Pedestrian Bridge over the Arkansas River to complement the Gathering Place as part of the George Kaiser Family Foundation development.

Social and Economic Development - \$39 million

Four million dollars have been dedicated to the first phase of the Tulsa Animal Shelter Expansion, as well as now complete minor rehabilitation projects on the existing facility. The expansion will focus primarily on the adoption and community outreach program spaces, creating a larger and more accommodating environment for pet adoption. Additionally, \$35 million has been dedicated to Planning and Development projects, including \$11 million for storm, sewer, and street infrastructure related to the Eugene Field Redevelopment project. Another \$6 million has been funded for the Annual Economic Development Priority Opportunities project. These tightly monitored, yet rapidly deployable funds will be available for remedial infrastructure improvements directly related to business retention expansion, and recruitment within Tulsa.

Flood Control - \$3 million

This package includes \$3 million for an engineering study of levees in Levee District 12, as well as limited and necessary improvements to the levee system.

Streets and Transportation Projects - \$655 million

A significant portion of the streets and transportation funds have been used to rehabilitate the city's streets - \$275 million for residential streets and \$208 million for arterial streets. Another \$81 million will be dedicated to widening many of the city's overloaded major arterial streets and intersections. Twenty million is dedicated to intersection improvements and another \$16 million for bridge repair and replacement. Funds were also set aside to perform street surface repairs and crack sealing, and various traffic related improvements. In addition, this program includes money to purchase transit buses and vans to improve service to Tulsa's transit patrons.

Facilities Renovation, Capital Equipment, and Equipment Management - \$60 million

Out of the \$60 million allocated, \$46 million has been dedicated to purchase capital equipment such as dump trucks, excavating equipment, and mowing equipment. Another \$9 million has been reserved for replacing roofs, repairing parking lots, replacing air conditioning units, Americans with Disabilities Act modifications, and other general building repairs. Lastly, \$6 million has been appropriated to the Equipment Management Department for Compressed Natural Gas fleet fueling infrastructure expansion, which is now near completion, facility maintenance and improvements, and Radio Frequency Identification Systems for use at all City fuel locations.

2014 Sales Tax Program Projected Capital Project Annual Operating Impact

Project	Impact Fiscal Year	Personnel	Utilities Fuel	Maintenance Materials Supplies	Total
CNG Fleet Fueling Infrastructure Expansion	FY18	-	4,000	-	\$ 4,000
Lacy Park Expansion	FY18	60,000	10,000	27,000	\$ 97,000
Peoria Bus Rapid Transit	FY18	185,625	61,875	82,500	\$ 330,000
Pools (Berry, Lacy, McClure, Reed, Whiteside Parks)	FY18	-	-	50,000	\$ 50,000
Replace Aging Vehicles (33 Fixed / 39 Lift)	FY18	-	29,400	12,600	\$ 42,000
Replace Helicopter	FY18	-	20,000	-	\$ 20,000
Water Playgrounds (Penney, Reed, and Lacy Parks)	FY18	-	120,000	-	\$ 120,000
Financial System Replacement	FY19	-	-	(849,000)	\$ (849,000)
Law Enforcement Records Management System	FY19	-	-	500,000	\$ 500,000
Animal Shelter Expansion	FY21	110,000	-	30,000	\$ 140,000
Cousins Park Improvements	FY21	-	20,000	120,000	\$ 140,000
Restroom Additions (Hunter Park)	FY21	-	-	20,000	\$ 20,000
	TOTAL	\$ 355,625	\$265,275	\$ (6,900)	\$ 614,000

Source: City of Tulsa Department of Finance

2016 Tulsa Economic Vision Sales Tax Program

The City of Tulsa electorate approved a temporary sales tax levy of a little over 3/10ths of a cent on April 5, 2016 for the purpose of funding economic development projects within the City of Tulsa. The temporary tax will be in place for 15 years. The sales tax went into effect on January 1, 2017 and will end on December 31, 2031. The tax will fund over \$510.6 million in major capital projects across the City.

Major focal points of the tax initiative are the Arkansas River, Gilcrease Museum, the Cox Business Center, Tulsa Zoo and a number of other community driven economic development projects. Improvements for the Arkansas River have been discussed for a number of years and were initially identified in the Arkansas River Corridor Master Plan in 2004. A total of \$127.2 million has been included in the program to fund two low water dams, one at 31st St. and Riverside Dr. and the other in south Tulsa near 96th Street, that form a major component of the vision for future development along the Arkansas River. The Gilcrease Museum is also an overwhelming priority of the citizens and the tax will provide \$65 million to completely redesign and re-imagine the museum and its multi-billion dollar collection. The Tulsa Zoo and Cox Business Center will receive a combined \$82.3 million to construct new exhibits and to implement a new master development plan for the business center and arena district. The remaining funding will be programed for improvements to the park system, airport infrastructure, and other tourism, education and healthcare related projects.

The City will utilize \$371,850,000 in revenue bonds to advance fund the construction of many of the projects contained in the program, with the first issuance occurring in FY17. Annual revenues from both the approved sales and use tax will be pledged for debt service. Projected revenue estimates for the program are shown in the table below:

Fiscal Year

	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	Total
	(1)(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	Total
Sales Tax	\$8,008	\$22,773	\$22,887	\$23,125	\$23,379	\$63,078	\$63,772	\$64,474	\$291,497
Use Tax	1,567	4,228	4,228	4,100	4,100	4,100	4,100	4,100	\$30,523
Interest	29	747	532	463	285	951	452	431	\$3,890
Total	\$9,604	\$27,748	\$27,647	\$27,688	\$27,764	\$68,129	\$68,324	\$69,005	\$325,910

Source: City of Tulsa Department of Finance

- (1) 4.5 months of estimated collected revenue
- (2) FY17-24: Budget Estimate
- (3) Total shows 8 year of collection; however entire program runs for 15 years and is expected to collect a total of \$510.6 million.

Fiscal Year 2018-2019 Capital Budget

As a part of the annual budget process, the Mayor and City Council determine the appropriations for approved Capital Improvement Projects. They are funded from numerous sources including Sales Tax, general obligation bonds, enterprise funds, sales tax revenue bonds, utility system revenue bonds, Oklahoma Water Resources Board loans, and federal transportation grants. The following is a list of capital projects, by funding source, being funded in FY17-18 and FY18-19.

Funding Source, Department and Project	FY17-18 Appropriations (in dollars)	FY18-19 Appropriations (in dollars)
Water Enterprise Capital Projects Fund (6021)		
Water Enterprise Capital Projects Fund (6021) A.B. Jewell Clarifier Upgrades/Rehabilitation	9,930,000	
A.B. Jewell WTP Electrical - Upgrade TMUA-owned medium voltage switchgear		-
Automatic Meter Reading - Citywide	2,600,000	309,000
Berry Hill Waterline Extension	2,300,000	309,000
Central Bus.Dist. Water Main Replacement	350,000	350,000
Cherokee Water Lines - 2020	330,000	9,220,000
Dead-End 12" Distribution Mains Connections & Extensions	350,000	350,000
Eucha Dam Radial Gates Rehabilitation	5,000,000	-
Eucha, Spavinaw Water Quality Court Master	580,000	600,000
Lake Yahola Terminal Storage Repair	2,000,000	-
Large Water Valve Replacement - Citywide	100,000	100,000
Modify Spavinaw/Oologah Intertie near Bird Creek Pump Station	-	105,000
Mohawk Pump Stations 1 & 2 Rehabilitation	-	90,000
Mohawk WTP HSPS Rehabilitation and Improvements	500,000	4,500,000
Powdered Activated Carbon Feed System Upgrade	62,000	634,000
Raw Water Flowlines Repairs Spavinaw	250,000	250,000
Raw Water Flowlines Repairs Tiawah Tunnel	-	1,000,000
Sodium Hydroxide Storage and Feed System Upgrade	-	109,000
Source Water Protection & Management Program	752,000	772,000
Spavinaw Pump Station Rehab & New Flowmeter	-	772,000
Transmission Line Condition Assessment - Citywide	200,000	-
Unruh Terminal Storage Repair	350,000	-
Unserved Areas	-	100,000
Utility Bridges - Repaint/Rehabilitation	100,000	100,000
W. 23rd St. 16" Transmission Line	1,236,000	-
Water Line Relocations - Citywide	1,900,000	1,050,000
Water Mains Replacements - City Wide	9,175,000	4,255,000
Water Mains Replacements - Less than 6-inches	2,732,000	4,502,000
Water Tanks - Repaint/Rehabilitation	-	3,090,000
Water Vault & Large Meter Upgrades		200,000
Total Water Enterprise Capital Projects	40,467,000	32,458,000
Water Revenue Bonds Capital Projects (Proposed)	F 050 033	0.545.000
Water Mains Replacements - City Wide	5,050,000	6,545,000
Cherokee Water Lines - 2020	9,500,000	
Total Water Revenue Bond Capital Projects	14,550,000	6,545,000
Sewer Enterprise Capital Projects Fund (6031)		
30-N Relief	385,000	396,000
71st Street Lift Station Electrical Upgrades	-	162,000
93-N Relief	-	4,871,000
Airport - Northeast LS & FM	359,000	3,380,000
Apache Lift Station Force Main	-	109,000
Areawide Point Repairs	_	4,050,000
Concrete Pipe Replacement	4,405,000	-
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	

Funding Source, Department and Project	FY17-18 Appropriations	FY18-19 Appropriations
	(in dollars)	(in dollars)
FEB Joint & Crack Repairs	1,000,000	-
Flatrock West (9-N) Relief	-	527,000
Haikey Creek Lift Station Electrical Upgrades	-	27,000
Haikey Creek WWTP Electrical Upgrades	-	172,000
Haikey Creek SAMS Replacements	520,000	536,000
Jones Creek Relief (91-N)	351,000	-
Lift Station Replacements or Upgrades	569,000	609,000
RL Jones Riverside Airport - Sewer Eastside	273,000	1,407,000
Sewer Rehab Area Wide	1,800,000	3,750,000
Southside WWTP Concrete Protective Coatings	-	309,000
Southside WWTP Digester MCC Replacement	-	205,000
Southside WWTP Solids Handling Access Road	3,000,000	-
Southside WWTP System Odor Control Study	1,750,000	-
Spunky Creek Main Stem South Contract 1	3,000,000	-
Unsewered Areas Areawide	-	2,388,000
West Tulsa 39, 40, 41-S Relief	-	310,000
Total Sewer Enterprise Capital Projects	17,412,000	23,208,000
OWRB Water Revolving Loan (Proposed)		
Jones Creek Relief (91-N)	-	4,342,000
Northgate LS Relief	1,273,000	-
71st Street Drying Bed Modifications	2,200,000	-
71st Street Dewatering Facility - Storage Tank Repair	1,300,000	-
Crow Creek 44-S Relief	-	1,751,000
Joe-LaFortune 70-S Relief	-	2,783,000
Activated Sludge Diffused Aeration and Primary Sludge Handling Improvements	8,837,000	-
Grit Facility Rehabilitation	1,650,000	-
Excess Flow Line from Lower Bird Creek WWTP to Port South	-	1,133,000
2008 Street Package - Sewer Rehab/Replacement	3,500,000	3,500,000
Concrete Pipe Replacement	-	4,537,000
Sewer Rehab Area Wide	5,600,000	4,050,000
Unsewered Areas Areawide	2,319,000	-
Areawide Point Repairs	2,200,000	-
Total OWRB Water Revolving Loan Projects	28,879,000	22,096,000
Stormwater Enterprise Fund (6041)		
Neighborhood Urgent Flood Control Projects	5,100,000	5,000,000
Total Stormwater Enterprise Capital Projects	5,100,000	5,000,000
		3,000,000
2006 Extended Sales Tax Fund (6009)		
E-911 Capital Equipment	172,000	172,000
PAC General Renovation	210,000	210,000
Arterial Street Rehabilitation	(382,000)	(382,000)
Total 2006 Extended Sales Tax Capital Projects	-	-
2014 Sales Tax Capital Projects Fund (6014)		
Police Department		
Replace helicopter	1,500,000	-
Police Five-Year Capital Equipment Needs as Described in the 2012 Equipment Study	3,100,000	3,300,000
Total Police Department Projects	4,600,000	3,300,000
Fire Department		
Apparatus replacement	4,800,000	4,600,000
Fire Station Rehabilitation	1,500,000	1,500,000
Total Fire Department Projects	6,300,000	6,100,000
Total 1 no Sopulation (10)oto	0,000,000	0,100,000

Funding Source, Department and Project	FY17-18 Appropriations (in dollars)	FY18-19 Appropriations (in dollars)
Parks and Recreation Department		
Security System Upgrades - Page Belcher Pro Shop	-	10,000
Hicks Park Improvements	-	560,000
Savage Park Improvements	-	15,000
Water Playgrounds - Reed	-	60,000
Whiteside - Upgrade and repair plumbing in community center	-	315,000
Pool Reconstruction - Reed	-	300,000
Pool Construction - Whiteside	1,200,000	-
New Playground and Safety Surface - Crawford	245,000	-
New Playground and Safety Surface - Helmerich	745,000	-
New Playground and Safety Surface - Hunter	425,000	-
New Playground and Safety Surface - Lacy	245,000	-
New Playground and Safety Surface - Langenheim	30,000	-
New Playground and Safety Surface - McClure	-	30,000
New Playground and Safety Surface - Minshall	30,000	-
New Playground and Safety Surface - Patrick	30,000	-
New Playground and Safety Surface - Penney	-	30,000
New Playground and Safety Surface - Pielsticker	-	30,000
New Playground and Safety Surface - Plaza	30,000	-
Total Parks and Recreations Department Projects	2,980,000	1,350,000
Tulsa Zoo		
Master Plan - Carnivores Exhibits	500,000	-
Total Tulsa Zoo Projects	500,000	-
Gilcrease Museum		
Helmerich Hall floor replacement	-	305,000
Gallery Wood Floor Refinishing	-	100,000
Kitchen Renovation	-	285,000
Perimeter fence replacement	295,000	-
North parking restoration	-	985,000
Vista Room - Electro-Chromatic Glass Replacement	-	25,000
Total Gilcrease Museum Projects	295,000	1,700,000
Performing Arts Center		
Roof replacement		150,000
Total Performing Arts Center Projects	-	150,000
River Parks		
Park Facilities Refurbishment	100,000	1,100,000
Total River Parks Projects	100,000	1,100,000
Stormwater		
Levee District #12 Rehabilitation		360,000
Total Stormwater Projects	<u> </u>	360,000
Streets Arterial Street Rehabilitation and Cityurida Projects		
Arterial Street Rehabilitation and Citywide Projects		
Charles Page Blvd 33rd W. Ave. to 25th W. Ave.	405.000	-
49th W. Ave Edison St. to Charles Page Blvd.	195,000	-
Utica Ave Pine St. to Admiral Blvd.	3,200,000	-
Lewis Ave 36th St. N. to Apache St.	160,000	-
Southwest Blvd W. 23rd St. to W. 31st St.	-	2,345,000
Southwest Blvd W. 31st St. to W. 40th St.	4 500 600	4,235,000
Union Ave W. 51st St. to W. 61st St	1,530,000	700.000
Riverside Dr Joe Creek to 81st St.	-	700,000
		401

Funding Source, Department and Project	FY17-18 Appropriations (in dollars)	FY18-19 Appropriations (in dollars)
Pine St Harvard Ave. to Yale Ave.	250,000	-
Admiral PI Lewis Ave. to Harvard Ave.	225,000	-
Admiral PI Harvard Ave. to Yale Ave.	-	3,340,000
Sheridan Rd Apache St. to Pine St.	1,570,000	-
Mingo Rd 46th St. N. to 36th St. N.	3,080,000	-
Mingo Rd 36th St. N. to Pine St.	530,000	4,770,000
Mingo Rd Admiral Blvd. to 11th St.	150,000	-
15th St Lewis Ave. to Harvard Ave.	3,000,000	-
Peoria Ave Admiral Blvd. to 11th St.	215,000	-
Peoria Ave 11th St. to 21st St.	2,575,000	-
Utica Ave Admiral Blvd. to 11th St.	-	280,000
Utica Ave 11th St. to 15th St.	-	1,565,000
Harvard Ave 15th St. to 21st St.	-	300,000
Harvard Ave 21st St. to 31st St.	320,000	-
21st St Yale Ave. to Sheridan Rd.	300,000	-
31st St Yale Ave. to Sheridan Rd.	-	330,000
41st St Sheridan Rd. to Memorial Dr.	260,000	405.000
Memorial Dr 21st St. to 31st St.	2,820,000	495,000
51st St Mingo Rd. to Garnett Rd.	180,000	-
71st St Memorial Dr. to Mingo Rd.	160,000	-
91st. St Mingo Rd. to Hwy 169.	-	50,000
Memorial Dr 81st St. to 91st St.	150,000	1,890,000
Sheridan Rd 91st St. to 101st St.	150,000	-
51st St Pittsburg Ave. to Yale Ave.	1,070,000	-
Harvard Ave 41st St. to 51st St.	235,000	-
36th. St. N Mingo Rd. to Hwy 169 Downtown Arterial Streets	200,000	1,440,000
	-	3,600,000
Intersections Pine St. & MLK Jr. Blvd Intersection	175 000	
Pine St. & Peoria Ave. Intersection	175,000	1 800 000
51st St. & Union Ave. Intersection	585,000	1,890,000
46th St. N. & Mingo Rd. Intersection	315,000	_
36th St. N. & Mingo Rd. Intersection	313,000	755,000
Admiral Blvd. & Lewis Ave. Intersection	60,000	755,000
11th St. & Utica Ave. Intersection	00,000	920,000
21st St. & Peoria Ave. Intersection	_	1,030,000
21st St. & Memorial Dr. Intersection	890,000	-
51st St. & Mingo Rd. Intersection	170,000	_
71st St. & Sheridan Rd. Intersection	170,000	1,115,000
71st St. & Memorial Dr. Intersection	100,000	-
81st St. & Memorial Dr. Intersection	-	680,000
61st St. & Yale Ave. Intersection	_	1,465,000
Citywide Non-Arterial Routine and Preventive Maintenance	_	320,000
Widen Yale Avenue, 81st St. to 91st Street South	_	16,500,000
Widen Yale Avenue, 96th St. South to 101st St. South	630,000	1,015,000
Gilcrease Expressway Local Match	1,500,000	500,000
Bridges - Replacement and Rehabilitation Programs	1,000,000	000,000
Bridge No. 275 - 10100 E. 36th St. N.	320,000	_
Bridge No. 185 - 4000 N. Hartford Ave.	50,000	_
Bridge No. 285 - 1900 W. 43rd St.	10,000	_
Bridge No. 232 - 3600 S. Southwest Blvd.	-	90,000
Bridge No. 181 - 300 N. Garnett Rd.	-	180,000
Bridge No. 204A - 200 S. Mingo Rd.	30,000	-
Bridge No. 250 - 11200 E. 11th St.	90,000	_
Bridge No. 239 - 2600 S. Yorktown Ave.	10,000	_
Bridge No. 311 - 3900 S. 90th E. Ave.	10,000	_
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Funding Source, Department and Project	FY17-18 Appropriations (in dollars)	FY18-19 Appropriations (in dollars)
Bridge No. 401 - 3800 S. Memorial Dr.	135,000	-
Bridge No. 310 - 2750 S. 90th E. Ave.	20,000	-
Bridge No. 254 - 8330 E. 14th St.	10,000	-
Bridge No. 403 - 4400 S. Memorial Dr.	135,000	-
Bridge No. 402 - 4200 S. Memorial Dr.	900,000	-
Bridge No. 307 - 2900 S. 87th E. Ave.	5,000	-
Bridge No. 266 - 13700 E. 28th St.	5,000	-
Bridge No. 262 - 19200 E. 21st St.	115,000	-
Bridge No. 333 - 1300 S. 177th E. Ave.	-	1,260,000
Bridge No. 209 - 3000 N. Mingo Rd.	-	2,250,000
Bridge No. 352 - 12300 E. State Farm Blvd.	25,000	-
Bridge No. 226 - 8200 S. Pittsburg Ave.	10,000	-
Bridge No. 222 - 3200 S. Peoria Ave.	320,000	-
Bridge No. 166 - 3200 S. Cincinnati Ave.	50,000	-
Bridge No. 194 - 5300 S. Louisville Ave.	5,000	-
Bridge No. 217 - 5300 S. New Have Ave.	5,000	-
Citywide guardrail replacement	-	250,000
Citywide traffic signalization	500,000	500,000
Signing, pavement marking and delineation	500,000	425,000
Traffic calming	425,000	-
Traffic signal installation, modification, and safety improvements	500,000	500,000
Citywide ADA Transition Plan Implementation (High/Medium Priority Needs)	1,750,000	1,710,000
Bicycle/Pedestrian Master Plan Implementation	-	1,300,000
IDL Entrance Rehabilitation (1st, 7th, 8th Streets; signals at 1st & Greenwood)		825,000
Total Streets Projects	32,735,000	60,820,000
Citywide Public Facilities		
ADA Transition Plan - Buildings	200,000	225,000
ADA Transition Plan - Parks	190,000	200,000
Public Facilities, OTC	475,000	650,000
Public Facilities, Roofing	500,000	475,000
Total Citywide Public Facilities Projects	1,365,000	1,550,000
Planning and Development		
Annual Economic Development Priority Opportunities	750,000	1,300,000
Corridor and Small Area Planning	450,000	200,000
Phase I – Northland Strategic Acquisition and Street Improvements	3,750,000	-
Phase I – Pearl District Flood Control and Redevelopment	3,000,000	<u> </u>
Total Planning and Development Projects	7,950,000	1,500,000
- ·		
Transit	5.040.000	4 400 000
Replace Aging Vehicles - local match (Replace 33 fixed-route & 39 LIFT program busses)	5,249,000	1,466,000
Peoria - Bus Rapid Transit (BRT)	14,285,000	-
Total Transit Projects	19,534,000	1,466,000
Accest Management Deposits and		
Asset Management Department		275 000
Install Radio Frequency Identification Devices (RFID) on fleet	-	375,000
EMD Facilities Maintenance	140,000	140,000
Lighting systems, driveways, sidewalks, energy upgrades, HVAC, & plumbing	200,000	250,000
Total Asset Management Department Projects	340,000	765,000
Canital Equipment		
Capital Equipment Five Year Capital Equipment Needs as Described in the 2012 Equipment Study (excluding Relice)	6 500 000	6 500 000
Five-Year Capital Equipment Needs as Described in the 2012 Equipment Study (excluding Police).		6,500,000
Total Capital Equipment Projects	6,500,000	6,500,000
Total 2014 Sales Tax Capital Projects	83,199,000	86,661,000

Funding Source, Department and Project	FY17-18 Appropriations	FY18-19 Appropriations
	(in dollars)	(in dollars)
2017 Limited-Purpose Economic Development Temporary Sales Tax Fund (6015)		
Zink Dam - Low-Water Dam with Recreational Gates & Flume	-	24,990,000
Citywide & Route 66 Beautification and Reinvestment	3,600,000	525,000
23rd & Jackson Redevelopment Site - Relocation Study, Design & Acquisition	250,000	250,000
Tulsa Performing Arts Center Trust	500,000	500,000
Community Health Connection East Clinic New Trail, East Bank-101st to Cousins Park (Design and Matching Funds)	4,570,000 600,000	700,000
Discovery Lab - Tulsa Children's Museum Permanent Site	8,000,000	700,000
Public Schools - Teacher Retention, Recruitment, Training	2,800,000	1,400,000
Tulsa Arts Commission	150,000	150,000
Debt Service - Transfer to TPFA	2,700,000	11,000,000
Total 2017 Limited-Purpose Economic Development Temporary Sales Tax Projects	23,170,000	39,515,000
2017 Advanced Funded Pavenus Pends Canital Projects (Proposed)*		
2017 Advanced Funded Revenue Bonds Capital Projects (Proposed)* Zink Dam - Low-Water Dam with Recreational Gates & Flume	5,000,000	11,010,000
New Pedestrian Bridge	15,000,000	-
Mitigation, Bank Stabilization & Outfall Protection	-	1,750,000
Turkey Mountain Urban Wilderness	-	3,000,000
Gilcrease Museum Expansion	6,000,000	-
Cox Business Center and Arena District Master Plan	3,750,000	47,750,000
Tulsa Fairgrounds	12,500,000	12,500,000
Airport Infrastructure	-	9,100,000
Langston University - Tulsa Healthcare Professions Complex Expansion	1,800,000	500,000
BMX National Headquarters	550,000 12,000,000	8,200,000
South Mingo Corridor Public Schools - Safety First Initiative	4,250,000	4,750,000
Peoria-Mohawk Business Park	-,230,000	10,000,000
Air National Guard F35 Simulator Training Center	_	7,900,000
Peoria Connection - North Peoria Avenue, 56th St. to Mohawk Blvd.	-	3,000,000
University Center at Tulsa Authority/OSU-Tulsa	3,600,000	-
McCullough Park	-	540,000
Mohawk Sports Complex	3,000,000	-
GO Plan - Priority Projects Identified in the Bicycle/Pedestrian Master Plan	3,125,000	-
Community Health Connection East Clinic Total 2017 Advanced Funded Revenue Bonds Capital Projects	5,405,000 75,980,000	120,000,000
Total 2017 Advanced Funded Nevenue Bonds Capital Projects	73,980,000	120,000,000
2014 General Obligation Bond Program (Issue 5 - 6332)		
Arterial Street Rehabilitation and Citywide Projects		
36th St N. MLK Jr. Blvd. to Peoria Ave.	2,920,000	-
Apache St Peoria Ave. to Lewis Ave.	2,365,000	-
Apache St Lewis Ave. to Harvard Ave. 11th St Lewis Ave. to Harvard Ave.	1,860,000	1 070 000
91st St Harvard Ave. to Yale Ave.	-	1,970,000 2,555,000
Peoria Ave - 41st St. South to 51st St. South	_	2,885,000
Citywide - Arterial Rehabilitation	900,000	900,000
Citywide - Arterial Sidewalk Improvements	300,000	300,000
Citywide - Arterial Routine and Preventive Maintenance	5,390,000	3,260,000
Citywide Matching Funds	655,000	650,000
ODOT Rehabilitation and Replacement Program	1,640,000	1,640,000
Non- Arterial Street Rehabilitation		
Maintenance Zone 1068: 12th St. S. north to Edison St. & 65th W. Ave. east to 25th W. Ave.	3,200,000	-
Maintenance Zone 1099: 56th St. N. north to 61st St. N. & MLK Jr. Blvd. east to Garrison Pl.	2,800,000	-
Maintenance Zone 3010: Admiral PI north to Pine St. & Yale Ave. east to Sheridan Rd.	7,130,000	- 405 000
Maintenance Zone 3011: Admiral PI north to Pine St. & Sheridan Rd. east to Memorial Dr. Maintenance Zone 3017: 11th St. S north to Admiral PI & Sheridan Rd. east to Memorial Dr.	-	8,485,000 5,015,000
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Funding Source, Department and Project	FY17-18 Appropriations (in dollars)	FY18-19 Appropriations (in dollars)
Maintenance Zone 3020: 11th St. S. north to Admiral Pl. & Garnett Rd. east to 129th E. Ave.	4,020,000	-
Maintenance Zone 4021: 21st St. S north to 11th St. S. & Cincinnati Ave. east to Lewis Ave.	3,280,000	-
Maintenance Zone 4031: 29th St. S north to 21st St. S. & Harvard Ave. east to Yale Ave.	10,480,000	-
Maintenance Zone 4152: Baltimore Ave. north to Easton St. & Southwest Blvd. east to Madison Ave	-	3,895,000
Maintenance Zone 5046: 51st St. S. north to 41st St. S. & Yale Ave. east to Sheridan Rd.	5,410,000	-
Maintenance Zone 5047: 51st St. S. north to Broken Arrow Exp. & Sheridan Rd. east to Memorial Dr.	2,905,000	6,465,000
Maintenance Zone 6028: 21st St. S. north to 11th St. S. & Garnett Rd east to 129th E. Ave.	-	7,060,000
Maintenance Zone 7040: 41st St. S. north to 31st St. S. & 89th E. Ave. east to Mingo Rd.	2,925,000	-
Maintenance Zone 7054: 61st St. S. north to 56th St. S. & Memorial Dr. east to Mingo Rd.	-	7,635,000
Maintenance Zone 8063: 81st St. S. north to 71st St. S. & Harvard Ave. east to Yale Ave.	-	5,820,000
Maintenance Zone 9049: 61st St. S. north to 51st St. S. & Riverside Dr. east to Lewis Ave.	-	8,795,000
Maintenance Zone 9050: 61st St. S. north to 51st St. S. & Lewis Ave. east to Harvard Ave.	2,625,000	-
Maintenance Zone 9051: 61st St. S. north to 51st St. S. & Harvard Ave. east to Yale Ave.	1,390,000	-
Citywide - Non-Arterial Rehabilitation	780,000	540,000
Citywide - Non-Arterial Routine and Preventive Maintenance	11,775,000	6,880,000
Citywide - Non-Arterial Sidewalk Improvements	100,000	100,000
Bond Issuance Costs	150,000	150,000
Total 2014 General Obligation Bond Capital Projects	75,000,000	75,000,000
Total FY 2018-2019 Capital Program Appropriations	\$ 363,757,000	\$ 410,483,000

^{*}In the 4th quarter of FY17, the City issued \$115,300,000 in revenue bonds which financed \$39,320,000 of projects in FY17. The remaining \$75,980,000 will be used to fund projects in FY18.

FINANCING CAPITAL PROJECTS

The City has identified a large inventory of capital needs. The primary funding sources available to finance them are:

- Sales Tax
- Enterprise funds and related revenue bonds
- Oklahoma Water Resources Board (OWRB) State loans for sanitary sewers
- General Obligation Bonds
- · Federal and state highway funds and transportation grants

Each is reviewed below and analyzed for availability and ease of use.

Sales Tax

The City has used a temporary sales tax for capital improvements since 1981. It has been popularly known as the "Third Penny Sales Tax", however, the rate has varied over the years from a penny to slightly more than a penny. This tax has provided over \$2.4 billion for all types of capital projects. The voters again approved the extension of this tax in November 2013 along with an accompanying 0.1 percent increase to generate \$564 million thru 2021 to address both street improvements throughout the city as well as citywide departmental capital needs. In 2016, voters approved a new 15 year extension of a 3/10ths penny sales tax, which will be used exclusively for economic development projects.

Enterprise Funds

Enterprise funds are used to finance operations in the city that are similar to private utilities. The intent is to recover the costs of providing these services by charging the persons using them through an approved rate structure. The City and its trusts have used this method of financing capital improvements and operations in a variety of areas including water, sanitary sewer, stormwater management, parking facilities, solid waste disposal, golf courses, and emergency medical services.

There are two ways capital facilities can be financed through user fees:

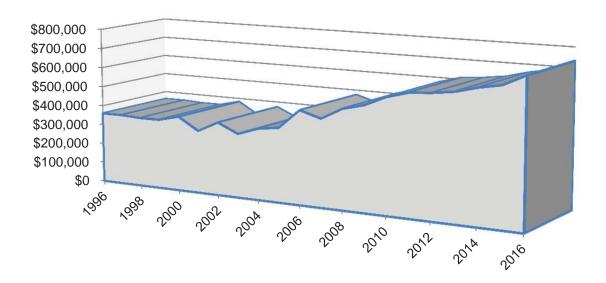
- 1) On an annual basis from collections (pay as you go), and
- 2) Revenue Bonds

It has been the policy of elected officials to finance all water, and solid waste disposal improvements with enterprise funds. Sanitary sewers, golf courses and flood-control facilities are not totally self-supporting and, barring a policy change, it is not contemplated they will be during the five-year time frame of this plan. Parking facilities are normally self-supporting, but two parking projects were included in the 2006 Sales Tax Proposal in support of downtown development.

The total revenue bond debt for the City's authorities from FY95 through FY16 and the outstanding revenue bond debt by category at the end of FY16 are shown below.

Revenue Bond Debt City of Tulsa Authorities FYs 1996 - 2016 As of June 30

(amount expressed in thousands)



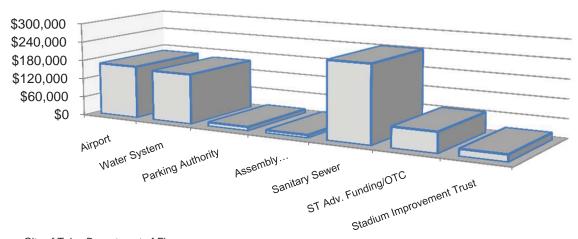
Source: City of Tulsa Department of Finance

State Loans for Sanitary Sewers

As part of the 1972 Clean Water Act, the Federal government provided municipalities with grants to construct sanitary sewer improvements needed to meet the new water quality standards. During the 1980s, the grants became loans and the State was placed in charge of administering the loan program. The City used this program to finance over \$465 million in sanitary sewer projects. The program had been an attractive financing tool, as the interest rates were often lower than could be achieved through traditional bonds. However in FY16, TMUA issued its first Utility Revenue Bond which provided \$10 million in funding for sanitary sewer projects. If these bonds prove to be financially beneficial, it is likely the authority will continue issuing in this manner.

Revenue Bond Debt By Type of Issue City of Tulsa Authorities As of June 30, 2016

(amount expressed in thousands)



Source: City of Tulsa Department of Finance

The estimated amounts of annual discretionary capital funds that will be available from the Water, Sewer, and Stormwater Funds from projected revenues in these funds are shown below. Any remaining water system needs will be financed with revenue bonds, while sales tax, general obligation bonds or OWRB loans will be used for sanitary sewer and, excepting OWRB loans, stormwater projects.

Projected Discretionary Annual Capital Funds Selected Enterprise Funds City of Tulsa FYs 2018 - 2022 (amount expressed in thousands)

Fund	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Water	\$40,467	\$32,458	\$29,673	\$30,501	\$31,958
Sewer	\$17,412	\$23,208	\$30,735	\$39,141	\$46,513
Stormwater	\$5,100	\$5,000	\$5,000	\$5,000	\$5,000

Source: City of Tulsa Department of Finance

General Obligation Bonds

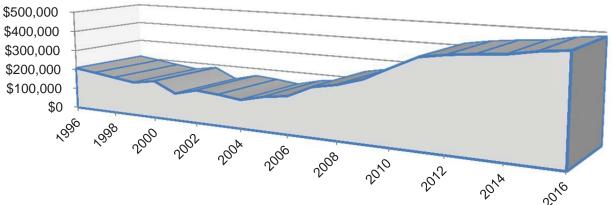
General Obligation (GO) Bonds can be issued by an Oklahoma municipality only upon the consent of the voters in the jurisdiction. They are retired with a dedicated annual levy on property. There are several ways to judge the appropriate level of a municipality's GO debt. One of the most common is the ratio between the jurisdiction's annual net assessed value and the amount of outstanding obligations. Tulsa's Net General Obligation Bond Debt was \$481 million on June 30, 2016. This is 14.5 percent of the City's net assessed valuation, well below the 25 percent used by bond underwriters as an indicator of fiscal prudence. Using the 25 percent limitation as a standard, the City has an additional \$351 million in general obligation bonding capacity.

Per capita debt is another measure of appropriate debt levels widely used by bond rating agencies and other financial firms. In FY16, Tulsa's per capita debt was \$1,194.

A final measurement is the mill levy required each year to retire maturing obligations. As shown below, the property tax levies in Tulsa increased as each bond issue was sold. The levy amount actually declined when the bonds authorized in 1999 were issued, with the last bonds being sold in February, 2002. The increase in the assessed valuation, along with low interest rates, caused this fortunate outcome. With the approval of the 2005 General Obligation Bonds, the required levy began increasing in FY07 and is currently 21.2 mills. With the approval of the 2008 General Obligation Bonds and 2014 General Obligation Bonds, the levy will continue to increase to a projected peak in 2019 of 21.8 mills.

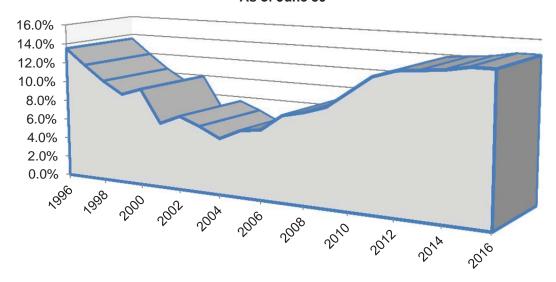
Net General Obligation Bond Debt FYs 1996 - 2016 As of June 30

(amount expressed in thousands)



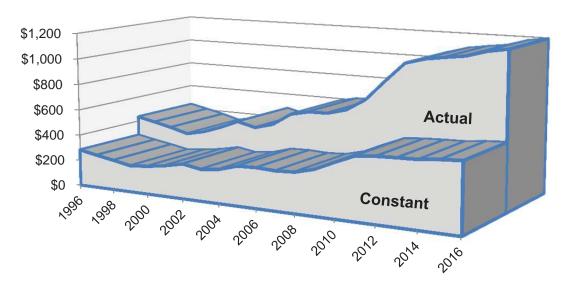
Source: City of Tulsa Department of Finance

Ratio of Net General Obligation Debt to Assessed Value of the City of Tulsa FYs 1996 - 2016 As of June 30



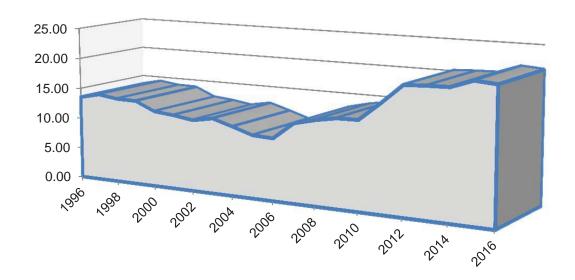
Source: City of Tulsa Department of Finance

Per Capita
General Obligation Bond Debt
(Actual and Constant=1982/84)
FYs 1996 – 2016
As of June 30



Source: City of Tulsa Department of Finance

Historic Property Tax Levy Amount FYs 1996 - 2016 (in Mills)



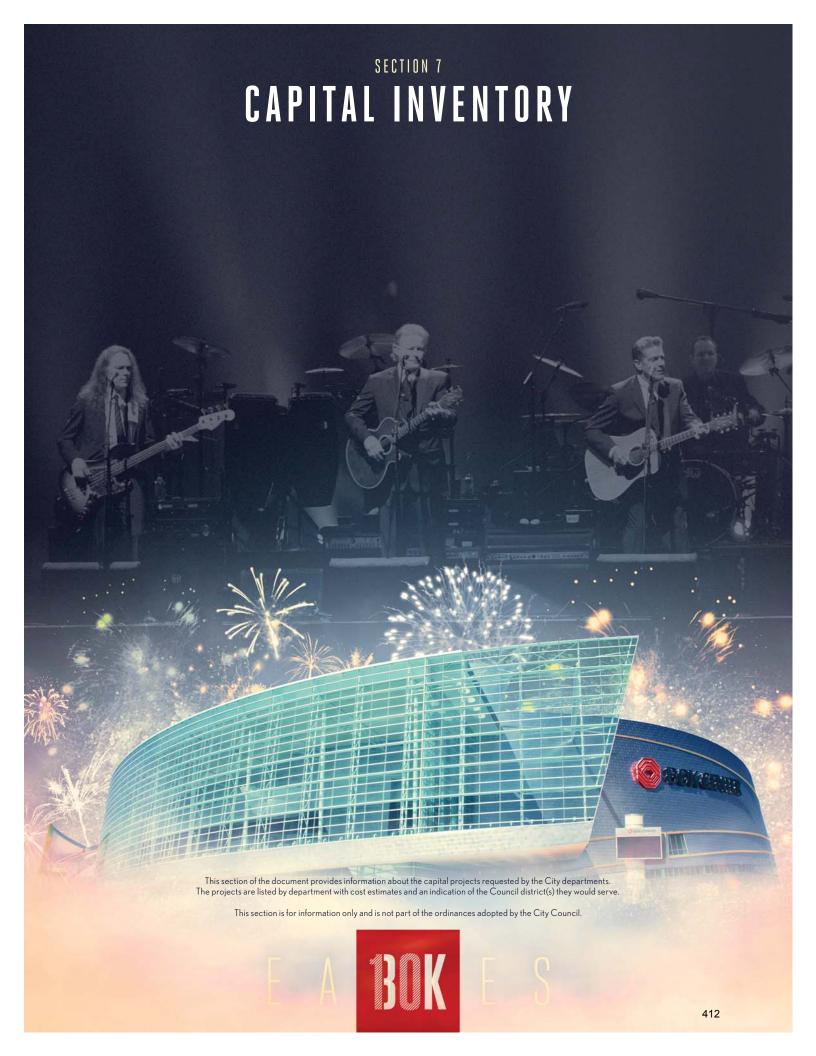
Source: City of Tulsa Department of Finance

Federal and State Highway Funds and Federal Aviation Administration Grants

Federal and state gasoline and diesel tax collections are used to maintain and build transportation facilities. Most of the Federal funds are granted to state departments of transportation for administration at the state level. Some of the money comes earmarked for interstate highways, some for other federal highways, some for local streets, and some for roads in rural areas. During the time frame of this plan, most of the money from this source will be needed to construct the Gilcrease Expressway, make improvements to I-44 and other area expressways, and provide matching funds for approved street projects; however, other arterial widening projects will utilize this funding source to a limited extent.

Conclusion

The City's capital financing programs will continue to utilize a uniform approach for meeting needs without overburdening any one financing source or segment of the city. This program continues the policy of a balanced use of available capital financing sources and proposing bond financing to continue systematic programmed infrastructure maintenance. The other resources include; state loans for sanitary sewers, federal funds for transportation and trail improvements, and revenue bonds and enterprise funding for water, sewer, stormwater, parking, and E911 projects.



CONSTRAINED CAPITAL PROJECTS INVENTORY



INTRODUCTION

The structure of the CIP project inventory and funding table reflects future funding constraints and the impact of capital projects on the operating budget. CIP projects classified as expansion must be justified based on three business case criteria. These criteria are:

- Return on Tax Dollars/Investment (ROI)
 - o Factors being considered;
 - Cost avoidances
 - Payback period
 - Effects on; efficiency, social conditions, service delivery and/or internal processes
 - Potential new revenues
- Linkages and Leveraging
 - o Factors being considered;
 - Coordination and incorporation of projects which span multiple departments
 - Coordination with county, state or federal governments
 - Priority in adopted comprehensive or designated master plans
 - Relation to an existing or uncompleted capital project
- Alignment with the City's Strategic Initiatives
 - Relation to:
 - Economic Development
 - Enterprising Local Government
 - Community Development
 - Public Safety
 - Energy Innovation

In addition, all projects will be categorized into tiers based on the following priority definitions:

> Tier I

Tier I represents projects that have pressing funding needs. These include projects that address one or more of the following categories;

- Health and Safety: A project that address' an immediate major health or safety hazard in the City.
- Emergency Capital Replacement: A project that address' an immediate degradation of the structural integrity to a City asset.
- Mandates: A project required by a binding commitment (legal, contractual, or regulatory).
- Matching Requirements: A failure to fund the project will result in a loss of funds committed to the City for a specific purpose.
- Economic Development

> Tier II

Tier II projects may not address an immediate need. If an expansion project, it should address the City's Strategic Initiatives, have a clearly defined return on the City's tax dollars and show an effort was made to identify linkages and leverages. Rehab and replacement projects should

CONSTRAINED CAPITAL PROJECTS INVENTORY

promote continued economic development, improve the integrity of a capital asset or promote service improvements.

> Tier III

Tier III projects may only address one or a couple of the business case criteria and/or City Strategic Initiatives and may not have an extraordinary identified need. The project may support continued growth or service improvements.

> Tier IV

Tier IV projects may address City strategic initiatives and have business case justifications, but may not be a necessity and potential alternatives may exist to supplement the projects' purpose. These projects may not be essential to the City's short term operations and/or goals, therefore may be deferred.

> Expansion

The expansion tier recognizes proposed projects that have a net financial benefit. The expansion tier represents 10% of the total unfunded inventory and consists of the top projects that have identified the most potential net financial return to the City.

The Constrained Capital Projects Inventory includes identified unfunded projects that fall within the priorities and estimated resources of the City for the next five years. This inventory totals \$4.7 billion. Water, sewer, and some stormwater projects will receive funding within the next 5 years, and all other department projects will be reviewed for funding in the next five years. Projects which fall outside this timeframe have been deferred and placed in the unconstrained inventory. A summary can be found on page 9 of Section 5. Projects scheduled for funding in FY 18 will be enterprise funded projects only. Upon the implementation of a new capital program, it is likely that Sales Tax proceeds will be allocated to projects beginning in FY 22, while general obligation bond proceeds could begin to be allocated to projects as early as FY 20. It is expected the majority of the bond proceeds would be dedicated to the major rehabilitation of streets, in order to meet the Pavement Condition Index (PCI) of 65 by FY 21.

The constrained inventory of capital needs is organized according to major program categories and departments. Each year elected officials decide which projects in the inventory should be funded. In many instances, the costs of the high priority projects are great enough to justify a sales tax or bond proposal. The following section lists the capital requests by department. Virtually all of the projects have been identified in various long-range plans adopted or approved by a board, an authority, or elected officials. They also have been reviewed by the Tulsa Metropolitan Area Planning Commission and judged to be in accordance with the City's Comprehensive Plan.

Projects that do not have a basis in adopted planning documents or have undocumented operating impacts are not considered for inclusion in the constrained inventory or funding table.

In addition to the project inventory, this section contains information about the origin of the projects, cost estimates, and an indication of the City Council Districts they serve. In most cases, the Council District number(s) correspond to the actual district(s) served, but in instances involving a facility with a citywide service area, the district served is represented by "Citywide". Projects listed in bold letters are new additions to the existing inventory since the last adoption of the Capital Improvements Plan by the City Council.

*Designations have been added to projects that are identified goals within the City's Strategic Plan. A summary of the strategic planning goals is included in section 1 of the Annual Budget and Capital Plan.

TOTAL CAPITAL PROJECT REQUESTS (IN MILLIOINS)

READER'S GUIDE TO CONSTRAINED CAPITAL PROJECTS INVENTORY



\$85.4 PUBLIC SAFETY AND PROTECTION

YOU ARE HERE

Police Fire

\$388.9 CULTURAL DEVELOPMENT AND RECREATION

Park and Recreation
Tulsa Zoo
Gilcrease Museum
Tulsa Convention Center and BOK Arena
Performing Arts Center
River Parks Authority

\$4,065.2 PUBLIC WORKS AND INFRASTRUCTURE

Streets
Water
Sanitary Sewer
Flood Control
Public Facilities Maintenance

\$84.2 SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Working in Neighborhoods Planning and Development

\$13.0 TRANSPORTATION

Tulsa Transit

\$99.2 ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPORT SERVICES

Information Technology Asset Management Short Term and Contracted Capital

\$4,691.8 CONSTRAINED CAPITAL PROJECTS INVENTORY TOTAL

POLICE DEPARMENT CONSTRAINED CAPITAL PROJECTS INVENTORY

The majority of the Police Department's existing capital needs have been included in the voter approved Improve Our Tulsa Capital Program. They will continue to receive funding in the coming years. These projects include improvements at various Police facilities, the scheduled replacement of their existing fleet, as well as the replacement of their existing helicopter.

Of the remaining unfunded needs, the Police Department's highest priority is the rehabilitation of the Police Courts facility. Improvement projects have also been submitted for the general rehabilitation of the 911 Facility, as well as to replace large equipment used by the Call Center.

The Police Department's unfunded request is listed below. Existing and proposed police and fire facilities are shown on *Map 2*.

	Project Title	Mayoral Council Goals	Cost Estimate (in \$000)	Council District Served
1	Eurocopter	(a)	3,500	Citywide
2	911 Facility Upgrades	③	145	Citywide
3	Police Courts Building		2,600	Citywide
4	Police CAD System and Reporting Tools		600	Citywide
5	Police Fleet - Short Term Capital	③	16,500	Citywide
	POLICE PROJECTS TOTAL		23,345	

Projects listed in bold are FY 18 additions to the inventory.

FIRE DEPARMENT CONSTRAINED CAPITAL PROJECTS INVENTORY

The replacement of apparatus remains to be the Fire Department's highest priority. Although both apparatus and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) were addressed in the Improve Our Tulsa Capital Package; they are ongoing needs. It will be necessary to carry these projects forward so they may continue to be addressed upon the end of the current capital package.

The Department's highest unfunded priorities include; replacing the existing Fire Station Dispatch Program. This is necessary to increase the effectiveness and reliability of Fire Department's responses.

The Department's remaining needs include: training props for the Regional Fire Training Academy, and storage for both fire equipment and apparatus.

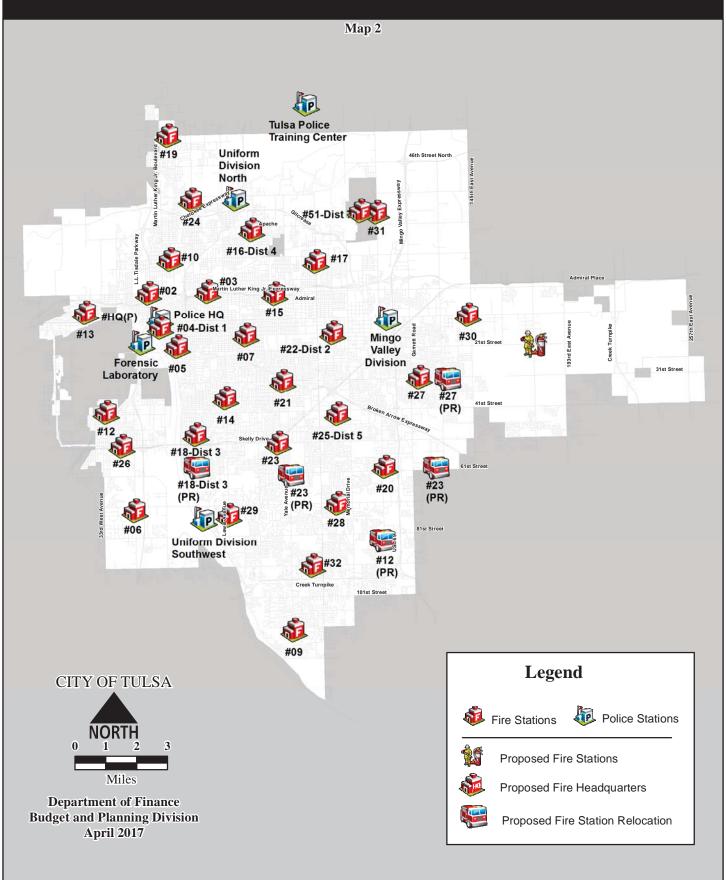
Additionally, the Fire Department has identified three sites for relocation, and four for construction. These sites would be necessary to increase/improve safety coverage of the City; as based upon current population density, call volume, and response times.

Fire Department capital improvement requests are listed below. Existing and proposed police and fire facilities are shown on *Map 2.*

	Project Title	Mayoral Council Goals	Cost Estimate (in \$000)	Council District Served
1	Regional Fire Training Props	(a)	7,000	Citywide
2	Fire Station Dispatch Program		2,500	Citywide
3	Apparatus Replacement	(a)	18,630	Citywide
4	Roofing replacement Fire Department.	(a)	7,575	Citywide
5	Fire Station 11 - Construct: 10400 E. Admiral Blvd.	<u></u>	4,479	1
6	Fire Station 18 - Relocate: 5600 S. Peoria Ave.	<u> </u>	3,829	9
7	Fire Station 23 - Relocate: 5800 S. Yale Ave.	@	4,071	9
8	Fire Station 27 - Relocate: 10400 E. 31st St.	<u> </u>	3,829	4
9	Fire Station 33 - Construct: 8400 S. Mingo Rd.	<u> </u>	4,721	7
10	Fire Station 34 - Construct: 3300 S. 177th E. Ave	<u> </u>	4,721	6
11	Fire Department Fitness Testing Facility - Construct	(a)	650	Citywide
	FIRE PROJECTS TOTAL		62,005	

Projects listed in bold are FY 18 additions to the inventory.

Police and Fire Stations



TOTAL CAPITAL PROJECT REQUESTS (IN MILLIOINS)

READER'S GUIDE TO CONSTRAINED CAPITAL PROJECTS INVENTORY



\$85.4 PUBLIC SAFETY AND PROTECTION

Police Fire

\$388.9 CULTURAL DEVELOPMENT AND RECREATION

YOU ARE HERE

Park and Recreation
Tulsa Zoo
Gilcrease Museum
Tulsa Convention Center and BOK Arena
Performing Arts Center
River Parks Authority

\$4,065.2 PUBLIC WORKS AND INFRASTRUCTURE

Streets Water Sanitary Sewer Flood Control Public Facilities Maintenance

\$84.2 SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Working in Neighborhoods Planning and Development

\$13.0 TRANSPORTATION

Tulsa Transit

\$55.1 ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPORT SERVICES

Information Technology Asset Management Short Term and Contracted Capital

\$4,691.8 CONSTRAINED CAPITAL PROJECTS
INVENTORY TOTAL

422

PARKS CONSTRAINED CAPITAL PROJECTS INVENTORY

The Park and Recreation Department's remaining unfunded high priority projects are related to system maintenance.

Parks Department Master Plan

The Park Department is involved in the implementation of the Park's Master Plan. The intention of the plan is to prioritize capital projects within the City's parks system which is made up of 134 parks covering roughly 8,278 acres. This includes nature centers, golf courses, 5 community centers, WaterWorks Art Studio, 5 swimming pools, 134 sports fields, 92 playgrounds, 34 tennis courts, 14 water playgrounds, 21 splashpads, 2 Skate Parks, 5 disc golf courses, 79 picnic shelters, fitness facilities, gymnasiums, meeting rooms and 66 miles of trails.

The Master Plan has integrated information from additional planning efforts for the City of Tulsa that have helped inform the planning process. These include:

- Summary of recent ten-year plan updates for Tulsa Neighborhood Implementation Plan Studies
- Downtown Tulsa Master Plan
- Brady Village Trail Plan
- Strategic Plan for the City of Tulsa Parks and Recreation Department
- Aquatics Inventory Analysis

Capital Project Inventory

While Tulsa is typical of many mid-sized cities in the United States with relatively low population densities, it nonetheless has a robust park system, with over 8,000 acres of parkland in the inventory, or about 23 acres per 1,000 persons. This is a healthy ratio and a satisfactory one that does not call for any major adjustments. The focus is on what is offered within this acreage and how it meets the needs of Tulsans.

A critical issue is the condition and configuration of the parks. Tulsa has many parks of approximately the same age that are reaching a point in their life cycle where repair and/or re-purposing is required. The plan calls for a new strategy. Tulsa's parks are looked at closely to determine what things within them are timeless, and what things are no longer relevant. Strategic prioritization is needed to determine if elements should be removed, replaced, or repurposed when funds become available. This strategy for addressing the repair and/or re-purposing of low-functioning components is included in the final Park's Master Plan.

As the Park's Department considers its existing infrastructure and resources, it has begun monitoring various trends so that preliminary strategies reflect them. Popularity has been growing in various specializations of parks, including; dog parks, skate parks, and water playgrounds. Conversely, with concern for more traditional parks, citizens are expressing a renewed desire for greater integration of nature into their parks. The desire is to create more natural areas to serve as a refuge from more urban landscapes. Additionally, demand for more educational opportunities is growing. As such, new focus is being directed at designing parks to encourage discovery, nature, adventure, and art play. Lastly, citizens are expressing desire for more events at local parks, in order to help serve as an anchor with which to build a sense of community.

PARKS

CONSTRAINED CAPITAL PROJECTS INVENTORY

The Park and Recreation Department's Master Plan capital improvement strategy is organized around these functional areas.

- Update parks and facilities to address changing needs and desires
 - Improve existing parks to meet community standards
 - Utilize an inventory analysis of existing pools to determine which pools are functional, which need repairs, and which should be replaced or decommissioned.
 - Improve water playgrounds.
 - Increase access to natural areas and open space
 - Create a series of destination parks throughout Tulsa
 - Achieve and maintain an appropriate level of service for all parts of Tulsa
- Maximize recreation program management
 - Enhance recreation program planning method
 - Conduct a program life cycle analysis
 - o Implement new programs based on research and feedback
 - Assess services to determine the City's responsibility for the provision of each type of service offered
 - Develop procedures and policies to accurately track program participation and drop-in facility use
 - Create and implement a cost recovery philosophy and policy
 - Track performance measures for all park and recreation services.

Conclusion

The Park Board's highest priority continues to be the maintenance of the existing system. The needs range from roof repairs to air conditioning. They also include remodeling existing facilities to more closely match the needs of today's users and adding storage to protect valuable equipment. The following is a listing of the unfunded needs identified for the park system. The programs are listed by functional category. The parks where improvements total over \$100,000 are shown on **Map 4**.

	Project Title	Mayoral Council Goals	Cost Estimate (in \$000)	Council District Served
1	Add Restroom Facility (Zink, Pielsticker, Helmerich @ averaging \$400,000 each)	225	1,200	1,2
2	Pond Dredging (Hunter, Leake, Minshall, Owen @ \$200,000 each)	@	875	4,8
3	Fred Johnson Park Rehabilitation		3,000	9
4	Hick Park Site Improvements	225	1,150	7
5	Lacy Tennis Expansion	225	935	1
6	New Playground Equipment and Safety Surfaces		1,525	Citywide

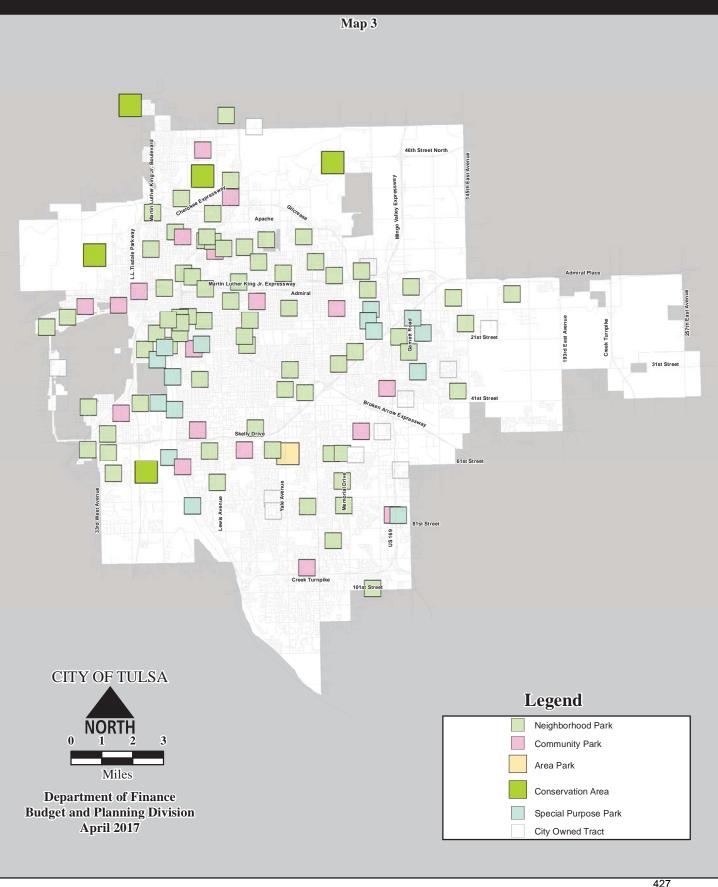
PARKS

CONSTRAINED CAPITAL PROJECTS INVENTORY

	Project Title	Mayoral Council Goals	Cost Estimate (in \$000)	Council District Served
7	Reed Community Center Rehabilitation	248	2,820	2
8	Security System Upgrades (Henthorne, Hicks, McClure, Newblock, North Tulsa Sports Complex, Skate North, Waterworks, Whiteside @ \$76,500 each)	3	612	1,3,4,7,9
9	Tennis Court Rehabilitation and Lighting (Florence, Heller, Hicks, Highland, Leake, West Highlands, Whiteside @ \$275,000 each)	288	1,925	2,4,5,7,8,9
10	Page Belcher and Mohawk Golf Course Facilities Roof Replacement/Repair	245	1,902	2,3
11	Mohawk Golf Renovation		16,500	3
12	Page Belcher Golf Course Improvements		14,080	2
13	Water Playgrounds (Archer, Carbondale, Dawson, Hicks, Highland, Turner, Zink @ \$500,000 each)	(43)	3,500	1,2,3,4,5, 7,9
13	Whiteside Park Weight Room and Multi-Purpose Room	241	3,854	9
14	Site Wide Parking rehabilitation	288	9,350	Citywide
	PARKS PROJECTS TOTAL		63,228	

Projects listed in bold are FY 18 additions to the inventory.

Park and Zoo Facilities



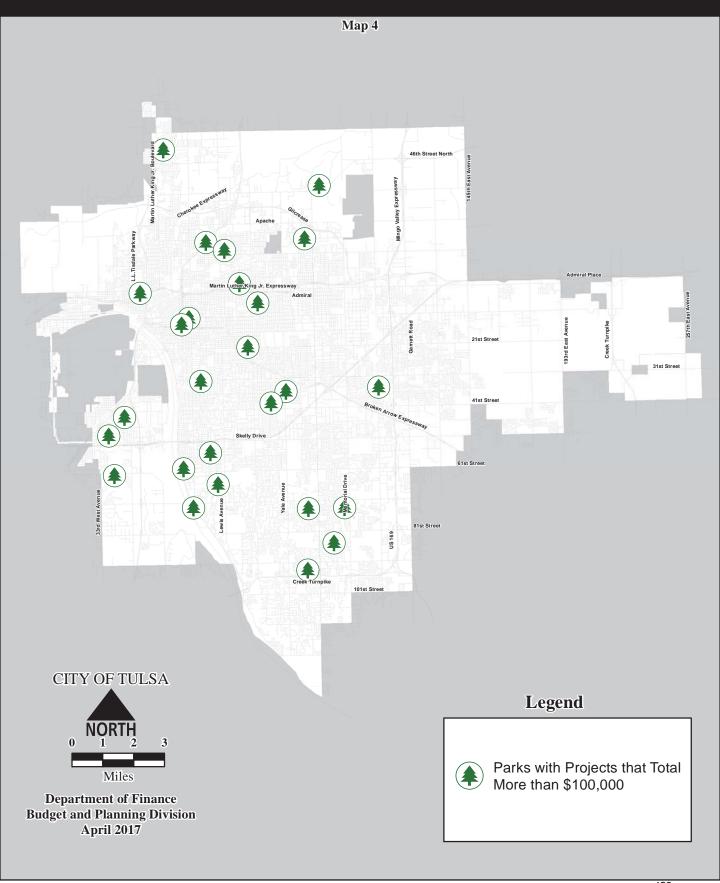
TULSA ZOO CONSTRAINED CAPITAL PROJECTS INVENTORY

In 2010, the City of Tulsa transferred maintenance and operations to the private company Tulsa Zoo Management Incorporated (TZMI). Through a comprehensive facility evaluation completed in 2010, and the Tulsa Zoo Master Plan completed in 2012; TZMI has identified \$111.9 million in necessary improvements for failing exhibits and buildings. In 2013 voters approved the Improve Our Tulsa Capital Program, of which \$11.75 million would go to address the *Carnivores* and *Tiger & Snow Leopard* Exhibits. Additionally, the Zoo is scheduled to receive \$25 million from the Tulsa Vision Capital Program. This funding will go towards the construction of new exhibits, as identified in the Zoo Master Plan. The remaining unfunded projects listed below were targeted because they address the general safety, health, and welfare issues of zoo patrons, staff and animals as well as deferred maintenance. By focusing on these exhibits, the zoo will continue to make progress on its 20-year master plan.

	Project Title	Mayoral Council Goals	Cost Estimate (in \$000)	Council District Served
1	Existing Master Plan Projects		65,000	Citywide
2	African Forest - Replace Chimpanzee Exhibit with New Chimpanzee and Gorilla Exhibit		30,000	Citywide
3	Expanded Parking Lot and Improved Mohawk Park Entry		4,800	Citywide
4	Pathways/Service Roads/Staff Parking Lot Improvements		2,000	Citywide
5	Zoo - Complete Roof Renovation		10,100	Citywide
	ZOO PROJECTS TOTAL		111,900	

Projects listed in bold are FY 18 additions to the inventory.

Park Sites and Improvements



GILCREASE MUSEUM CONSTRAINED CAPITAL PROJECTS INVENTORY

The majority of the Gilcrease Museum's capital needs were addressed in the most recent voter approved, Improve Our Tulsa; and Tulsa Vision Capital Programs. These improvements will include facility upgrades and repairs, as well as roof rehabilitation. Projects in the Improve Our Tulsa Program began receiving funding in 2014. Funding from the Tulsa Vision Capital Program will be appropriated at a future date; and will be used to expand the facilities, as well as construct a new entryway. The Museum's highest current priority is the upgrade and replacement of the existing and outdated Halon Fire Suppression system and Closed Circuit Television system. Of the museum's remaining unfunded priorities, is the Gilcrease Museum desire to address general repairs of the Museum itself, such as replacing steam boilers, air handlers, and lighting upgrades.

	Project Title	Mayoral Council Goals	Cost Estimate (in \$000)	Council District Served
1	Interior and Site Signage		160	Citywide
2	Restore Gilcrease House	(4)	1,273	Citywide
3	Gilcrease Loading Dock and Approach		888	Citywide
4	LED Lighting Upgrade - PHASE 2		363	Citywide
5	Install DAS Cellular Reception Booster		553	Citywide
6	Gilcrease Bike and Trail Connector	(4)	1,531	Citywide
7	Gilcrease Landscape Master Plan	(4)	4,840	Citywide
8	Fire Alarm Upgrades and System Review	③	245	Citywide
9	Halon System Replacement Lower Level	(a)	139	Citywide
10	Closed Circuit Television Security System	③	115	Citywide
11	Mechanical Repairs and Improvements		1,950	Citywide
12	Office Renovation		651	Citywide
13	Storage Building		504	Citywide
14	Test and Balance Mechanical Upgrades		287	Citywide
	GILCREASE PROJECTS TOTAL		13,499	

Projects listed in bold are FY 18 additions to the inventory.

COX BUSINESS CENTER & BOK ARENA CONSTRAINED CAPITAL PROJECTS INVENTORY

Vision 2025 funded the ballroom/meeting rooms and minor interior renovations to the public gallery areas and convention center arena. The Ballroom opened in January of 2010. Updating and renovating other areas of the facility are now the top priorities for future funding. The Sports Management Group's (SMG) highest priorities include replacing the now obsolete fire alarm systems located both at the BOK and at the Cox Business Center (CBC). The recent Tulsa Vision Capital Program will fund an improvement of the CBC to update and expand the facility in an effort to aid Tulsa in remaining competitive with other regional convention centers, and maximize efficiencies with the BOK.

Beyond the expansion, the desire of SMG staff continues to be to replace and upgrade various telecommunications, marquee, and video display units in order to remain competitive in attracting large performances and conventions to Tulsa. Additionally, staff remains committed to projects which will address general facility repairs at both the BOK Arena and the Cox Business Center; such as plumbing, electrical, flooring, and exterior improvements; in an effort that both sites should remain high quality facilities.

	Project Title	Mayoral Council Goals	Cost Estimate (in \$000)	Council District Served
1	BOK - Audio/Visual Improvements #2		420	Citywide
2	BOK - Audio/Visual Improvements #3		8,505	Citywide
3	BOK - Electrical Improvements		2,678	Citywide
4	BOK - Furniture, fixtures & Equipment		3,754	Citywide
5	BOK - General Building Improvements		1,344	Citywide
6	BOK - HVAC/Mechanical Improvements		567	Citywide
7	BOK - Life & Safety/Fire Improvements	③	656	Citywide
8	BOK - Plumbing Improvements		1,155	Citywide
9	BOK - Specialty Systems Improvements		3,389	Citywide
10	BOK - Telecommunications Improvements		478	Citywide
11	BOK & CBC - Food & Beverage Improvements		945	Citywide
12	CBC - ADA Improvements	③	39	Citywide
13	CBC - Electrical Improvements		2,846	Citywide
14	CBC - Exterior Improvements		2,653	Citywide

COX BUSINESS CENTER & BOK ARENA

CONSTRAINED CAPITAL PROJECTS INVENTORY

	Project Title	Mayoral Council Goals	Cost Estimate (in \$000)	Council District Served
15	CBC - Event Related Improvements		1,226	Citywide
16	CBC - Fire/Life Safety Improvements	③	1,470	Citywide
17	CBC - Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment Improvements		284	Citywide
18	CBC - General Building and Maintenance Improvements		152	Citywide
19	CBC - IT/AV/Tel-Com Improvements		1,988	Citywide
20	CBC - Mechanical Improvements		3,518	Citywide
21	CBC - Plumbing Improvements		675	Citywide
22	CBC - Resurfacing the Exhibit Hall Floors at the Cox Business Center		226	Citywide
23	CBC - Sound Systems Improvements		1,050	Citywide
	SMG PROJECTS TOTAL		40,018	

Projects listed in bold are FY 18 additions to the inventory.

PERFORMING ARTS CENTER CONSTRAINED CAPITAL PROJECTS INVENTORY

The Performing Arts Center's (PAC) most pressing needs were approved for funding in the Improve Our Tulsa Capital Program. With the exception of the HVAC Upgrade project, each of the PAC's remaining needs address interior finishes and repairs within the facility.

As more patrons continue to utilize the PAC, staff has expressed interest in adding a 2 ½ story space along the west wall; abutting 3rd Street. Additionally, this will create new foyers outside the existing front wall. This would provide a central lobby where individuals may congregate between shows, or the PAC may use for special event seating. Various interior finishing projects remain a priority as well, including; seat replacement in the Liddy Doenges Theater, repair of the Chapman ceiling and lighting units, and concrete repair of the loading docks.

	Project Title	Mayoral Council Goals	Cost Estimate (in \$000)	Council District Served
1	TPAC Facility wide HVAC upgrade		250	Citywide
2	Tulsa Performing Arts Center Exterior Door Replacement and Repair		200	Citywide
3	TPAC Loading Dock and perimeter concrete repair		150	Citywide
4	Chapman Music Hall Constellation and PA System Renovation		4,560	Citywide
5	Tulsa PAC Major Renovation and Expansion.		94,660	Citywide
	PAC PROJECTS TOTAL		99,820	

RIVER PARKS

CONSTRAINED CAPITAL PROJECTS INVENTORY

In 2007, the River Parks Authority, City, County and INCOG, along with the Corps of Engineers, completed a \$500,000 River Corridor Development Study. The study identified a number of projects throughout the River Parks system including the renovation of the River West Festival Park, improvements on the east bank between 11th and 21st streets, including a Route 66 center and commercial facilities at 19th and Riverside, and resurfacing and widening of the trails. These were the highest priorities of the Authority and proceeds from the 2006 Sales Tax Extension Program and Vision 2025 have been allocated for them. More recently, voters approved the Tulsa Vision Economic Development Capital Program which will fund the replacement of the deteriorating Zink Dam and the construction of a new low-water dam near Jenks, among other improvements along the Arkansas River.

The remaining unfunded high priorities in the River Park's capital project inventory are the acquisition of additional land in the 101st – 121st & Delaware area, the maintenance of existing facilities, river bank stabilization and expanded parking opportunities, as well as various improvements for economic development along the Arkansas River.

	Project Title	Mayoral Council Goals	Cost Estimate (in \$000)	Council District Served
1	Expanded Parking Solutions	(M)	3,578	Citywide
2	River Bank Stabilization	③	5,008	Citywide
3	Trail Renovation - East Bank River Spirit Casino to 101st		5,652	Citywide
4	East Bank Acquisition and Development - 101st to Cousin's Park (VISION)		12,100	Citywide
5	East Bank Acquisition and Development - 121st & Delaware		14,500	Citywide
6	West Bank Trail Extension - 71st to Jenks		7,489	Citywide
7	M.K. & T. (Katy Trail) - Resurfacing, Erosion control		5,440	Citywide
8	Renovate "Turkey Leg" Trail: I-44 to Turkey Mountain		2,746	Citywide
9	Upgrade Park Maintenance Facility		1,628	Citywide
10	Upgrade Rugby Facility		900	Citywide
11	West Tulsa Sports Complex	(M)	1,413	Citywide
	RIVER PROJECTS TOTAL		60,454	

TOTAL CAPITAL PROJECT REQUESTS (IN MILLIOINS)

READER'S GUIDE TO CONSTRAINED CAPITAL PROJECTS INVENTORY



\$85.4 PUBLIC SAFETY AND PROTECTION

Police Fire

\$388.9 CULTURAL DEVELOPMENT AND RECREATION

Park and Recreation
Tulsa Zoo
Gilcrease Museum
Tulsa Convention Center and BOK Arena
Performing Arts Center
River Parks Authority

\$4,065.2 PUBLIC WORKS AND INFRASTRUCTURE

YOU ARE HERE

Streets
Water
Sanitary Sewer
Flood Control
Public Facilities Maintenance

\$84.2 SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Working in Neighborhoods Planning and Development

\$13.0 TRANSPORTATION

Tulsa Transit

\$55.1 ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPORT SERVICES

Information Technology Asset Management Short Term and Contracted Capital

\$4,691.8 CONSTRAINED CAPITAL PROJECTS
INVENTORY TOTAL

436

The top priority for this area of the City's Capital Improvements Program continues to be arterial and residential street rehabilitation and resurfacing. Since 1996, GO Bond and Sales Tax programs have provided \$661 million for street construction and rehabilitation. In 2008, voters approved a \$452 million streets package to repair arterial and residential streets and bridges throughout the City of Tulsa over five years. In 2013, voters approved another \$624.9 million in general obligation bonds and dedicated sales tax; to repair arterial and residential streets throughout the City. Most recently, in 2016 voters approved a permanent 0.85% tax increase to fund routine and preventative street maintenance, as well as some infrastructure and limited operational funding for the City's public transportation system.

Planning Background

Two transportation-planning instruments are used to determine street and expressway projects in the Tulsa area. The Tulsa Metropolitan Area Transportation Study (TMATS) is the State-mandated planning program used to determine regional transportation funding priorities. The other planning tool, the Major Street and Highway Plan (MSHP) which was updated recently to reflect new cross sections developed for the City's updated comprehensive plan, has been in existence for over 50 years and delineates the routes and widths of street right-of-way and the suggested number of lanes that should be constructed when arterial streets are improved. All proposed expressway and street improvements are based on these plans. For arterial streets included in the 2013 funding program, a new planning tool called a Multimodal Mobility Study has been introduced as part of the City's ongoing commitment to planning, designing and constructing Complete Streets. The Complete Streets Procedural Manual has been developed to assist staff and design consultant engineers to develop street projects that serve the needs of all users including automobile, transit, bicycle and pedestrian. This analysis is utilized to determine alternative lane configurations and roadway cross sections that are viable to serve all modes of travel as best as possible, and inform final decisions in developing project plans.

Expressways and Highways

Since World War II, the federal government has collected and distributed tax revenue for the construction of highways, expressways and, to a lesser extent, streets in urban areas. The money is generated by taxes on gasoline and disbursed back to the states and local areas under a variety of programs. With the passage of the Economic Recovery Act in 2009, additional funds were available in FY 10 to address street needs. The formula used to determine each state's annual allocation is based on population, road mileage, and physical size.

The Tulsa area's share of federal and state highway funds varies from year to year. Most funds are used for the construction of expressways and other federal and state highways that serve the area, but some of the money is also used to improve local arterial streets. From FY 82 through FY 16, over \$1.9 billion was used to construct portions of Tulsa's expressway system and major streets, and make improvements to the U.S. and state highways that pass through the city. Tulsa only received \$8.6 million in 2008 which was used on a number of projects throughout the city; however, it received over \$95 million in 2007 and with emergency relief and stimulus funds combined received over \$195 million in 2009. In 2011, construction was completed on the stimulus package rehabilitation of the Inner Dispersal Loop (IDL). In 2012, construction continued on I-44 from Yale Avenue to the Arkansas River, and the southbound span of the I-244 bridge over the Arkansas River. In 2014, ODOT completed its final and largest segment of Tulsa's portion of I-44; at the surrounding interchange of South Lewis and I-44. Currently, ODOT is working on US 75 west of Tulsa.

The local expressway system plan was originally developed in the 1950s. While it was designed as a regional network, the City later annexed most of the area it served. The plan shows 107 miles of expressways inside the city limits and/or annexation fence line. To date, 94 miles have been constructed. One segment of the expressway system remains incomplete: the Gilcrease expressway extending from the Tisdale Parkway west and south to I-44. The Gilcrease project has previously been defined in

CONSTRAINED CAPITAL PROJECTS INVENTORY

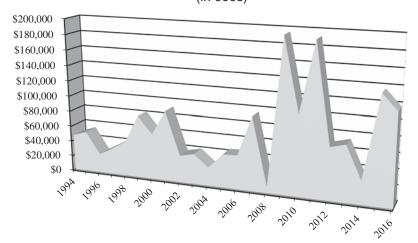
segments: Gilcrease North - U.S. 75 west to the Tisdale Parkway, Gilcrease West - Edison Street to I-44, and Gilcrease Northwest - Tisdale Parkway to Edison Street. Construction of the Gilcrease North has been completed. Gilcrease West is under design and right-of-way acquisition is ongoing. The environmental clearance has been granted for that segment extending south of Edison Street to I-44. A Finding of No Significant Impact (FONSI) was issued in October of 2005 for the Gilcrease Northwest segment. Construction was completed on the section of Gilcrease Northwest between the Tisdale Parkway and 41st West Avenue in 2013. In 2017, the City reached an agreement with the Oklahoma Turnpike Authority (OTA), where the OTA would fund all future construction of the Gilcrease in exchange for setting up tolls.

In addition to the sections proposed for new construction, several of the existing expressways are overloaded (Map 5): I-44 west of Sheridan and U.S. 169 between I-244 and I-44. The 2015 traffic counts show the portion of I-44 at Yale Avenue carries 90,000, up slightly from 80,900 vehicles per day in 2014. U.S. 169 between I-244 and I-44 carries over 108,500 vehicles per day and has been widened to 6 lanes. US-169 has also been widened to 6 lanes between I-244 and the Tulsa city limits at 56th Street North.

The Oklahoma Department of Transportation (ODOT) is addressing the congestion problem on the state highway system. It began widening I-44 from four to six lanes between I-244 and the Arkansas River in the early 1990s. The segment between I-244 and the Arkansas River has been recently completed. In FY11, \$192 million of State and Federal Highway monies were awarded to Tulsa County for distribution among all entities within the County. This amount was significantly higher than the funding allocated in previous years. The spike in allocations was the result of receiving a TIGER grant award of \$60 million to be used at I-244 over the Arkansas River. Tulsa County was allocated \$116 million in 2016.

Tulsa County Allocations

State and Federal Highway Money FY 1994 - FY 2016 (in 000s)



Source: Oklahoma Department of Transportation

Local Arterials

While some federal monies are used to improve local arterial streets, most of the existing major streets were financed with local funds. There are 346 miles of designated arterial streets in the city. Seven miles are improved to six lanes; twenty miles are five lanes; 145 are four-lanes; and the remaining are two lanes.

CONSTRAINED CAPITAL PROJECTS INVENTORY

TMATS uses the "Level C Service Volume" as the standard to gauge the adequacy of the street system. Generally, if a two-lane road carries over 11,900 vehicles a day or a four-lane carries more than 23,800 vehicles, it is not meeting this standard and needs to be analyzed for possible widening to four, five, or six lanes depending upon whether it is a secondary or primary arterial, or reconfiguration of the street cross section due to a multimodal analysis. As shown on *Map 6*, the problem areas at this time are generally located south of 21st Street between 145th East Avenue and the Arkansas River.

Because urban street projects are complex and time consuming to implement, the City historically advance funds design under one capital financing program and then finances construction from a following program. For example, the 1994 Bond Issue and 1996 Sales Tax programs financed the engineering of more than a dozen street projects. Funds for the construction of some of these projects were contained in the 2001 Sales Tax Extension and for others in the 2006 Sales Tax program. Design of fourteen street projects has been funded in the 2005 Bond Issue and the 2006 Sales Tax. Construction of these and other previously designed projects began in the Fix Our Streets sales tax program in 2008. Currently, the 2014 Improve Our Tulsa capital program will fund the construction of four widening projects; as well as two widening design projects; which will be constructed in a future capital program.

Arterial and Residential Street Maintenance and Replacement

The City started using the pavement management system for management of street maintenance and replacement, in 1988. Each street in Tulsa is now examined periodically to determine its current condition and useful life, using the Pavement Management System (PMS). According to the Engineering Department's PMS calculations, the City needs to spend over \$790 million on arterial and residential street rehabilitation to bring the City's average Pavement Condition Index (PCI) up to 70. The City has begun to address this issue with the passage of the 2008 Fix Our Streets Improvement Program in November 2008, which dedicated \$452 million toward improving the overall residential and arterial street conditions across the City. Continuing on this progress, voters approved another capital program in November, 2013. The new program dedicates \$486.9 million to Arterial and Residential repair.

Conclusion

Transportation related improvements are among the most expensive capital projects. They also require a comparatively long time to design and construct. Following is the current list of street and expressway capital improvements needs. *Map 7* indicates the sites of the major capacity enhancement projects. Cost estimates are based on five year increments except where otherwise noted.

Project Title		Mayoral Council Goals	Cost Estimate (in \$000)	Council District Served
	EXPRESSWAYS AND PARKWAYS			
1	Gilcrease Expressway Project (Local Match - 20%) ¹	<u>-</u>	8,750	Citywide
2	Tisdale Parkway - Gilcrease Expressway to 56th Street North		17,310	1
	ARTERIAL WIDENING			
3	101st St. S. from Delaware Ave. to Yale Ave. Widening	PAL	16,670	2,8
4	11th St. widening from 129th E. Ave. to 193rd E. Ave	245	64,280	6
5	21st St. S. widening from 101st E. Ave. to Garnett Rd.	225	18,110	5,6

Proj	ect Title	Mayoral Council Goals	Cost Estimate (in \$000)	Council District Served
6	36th St. N. from Lewis Ave. to Harvard Ave. Widening	PAS	12,920	1
7	41st St. S. from Hudson Ave. to I-44 Widening	(285)	6,640	5
8	41st St. S. from I-44 to Sheridan Rd. Widening	(28)	7,080	5
9	41st St. S. from Mingo Rd. to US 169 Widening	PAS	3,320	7
10	Admiral Place - Sheridan Road to Mingo Road	PAS	27,550	3
11	129th E. Ave Pine Street to Admiral Place	(200	19,330	3
12	25th West Avenue (Gilcrease Museum Road) - Edison St. to Apache St.	(A)	31,270	1
13	129th E. Ave from 51st St. S. to 61st St. S. widening	(285)	12,160	6
14	Harvard Avenue - 61st Street South to 71st Street	(28)	18,380	2,7,8
15	Pine Street - Mingo Road to U.S. 169	(M)(-)	8,190	6
16	41st Street South - Garnett Road to 129th East Ave	(PAS)	12,640	6
17	91st Street South - Harvard Avenue to Yale Avenue	(PAS)	18,370	8
18	51st Street South - Garnett Road to Broken Arrow Expressway	PAS	9,200	6
19	81st Street South - Harvard Avenue to Yale Avenue	(28)	920	8
20	61st Street South - Peoria Avenue to Lewis Avenue	PAS	14,080	2,9
21	Delaware Avenue - 81st Street South to 91st Street South	PAS	10,340	2
22	Peoria Avenue - 61st Street South to Riverside Drive	225	17,870	2
	INTERSECTIONS			
23	101st St. S. and Louisville Ave. Intersection Improvements	PAS	10,840	8
24	101st St. S. and Mingo Rd. Intersection Improvements	245	6,940	8
25	101st St. S. and Sheridan Rd. Intersection Improvements	288	6,940	8
26	11th and Denver Intersection Improvements	245	5,530	4

Pro	Project Title		Cost Estimate (in \$000)	Council District Served
27	11th and Lewis Intersection Improvements	PAS	7,080	4
28	11th and Peoria Intersection Improvements	225	7,080	4
29	4th Place and Sheridan Rd. Intersection Improvements	225	5,530	4
30	4th Place and South Yale Intersection Improvements	(ALL)	5,530	3,4
31	81st Street South and Elwood Avenue Intersection Improvements	(ABS)	7,300	2
32	91st St. S Delaware Avenue to Harvard Ave. and 91st and Harvard Intersection Improvements	225	12,160	2
33	Lewis Avenue and 15th St. S. Intersection Improvements	(Jak)	5,530	4
34	Peoria and 36th St. N. Intersection Improvements	285	8,000	1
35	Peoria Avenue and 46th Street North Intersection Improvements	(Jak)	7,370	1
36	Peoria Avenue and 56th Street North Intersection Improvements	225	8,050	1
37	Pine Street and Yale Avenue Intersection Improvements	(Jak)	9,770	3
38	Yale Avenue and 111th Street South Intersection Improvements	225	8,040	8
39	Yale Avenue and Creek Turnpike Intersection Improvements	225	2,310	8
40	Creek Turnpike and Memorial Drive Interchange Safety Improvements	PAS	1,500	7,8
	TRAFFIC ENGINEERING			
41	Traffic Studies and Data Collection		2,000	Citywide
42	City Wide Guardrail and Attenuator Replacement		2,000	Citywide
43	Signal Coordination and Communications	<u> </u>	5,750	Citywide
44	Citywide Matching Funds ²	(A) ()	7,000	Citywide
45	Citywide Median and Curb Return Improvements		2,500	Citywide
46	Roadway, Pedestrian, and Decorative Lighting Replacement		22,000	Citywide
47	Matching Funds for ODOT Traffic Projects	(M) ()	4,000	Citywide

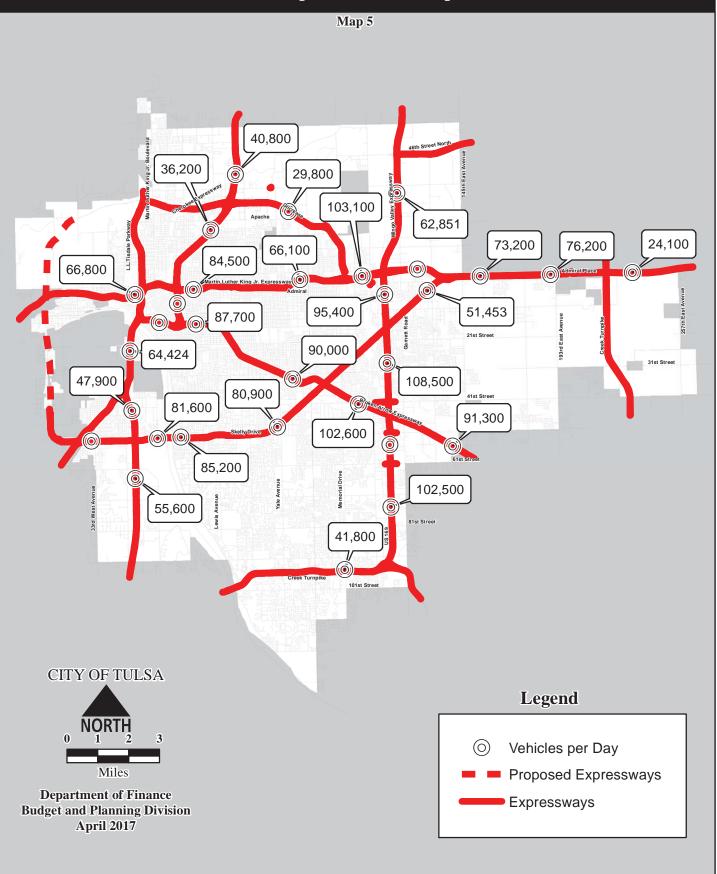
Pro	ject Title	Mayoral Council Goals	Cost Estimate (in \$000)	Council District Served
48	Pavement Markings, Signs & Delineation	(A)	9,300	Citywide
49	Traffic Calming	<u> </u>	2,000	Citywide
50	Citywide Signals Equipment and Safety Improvements	<u> </u>	36,480	Citywide
	REHABILITATION PROGRAMS		1	
51	Arterial Streets, Major Rehabilitation - PCI of 65 (Including sidewalks and preventative maintenance) ²	(283)	405,750	Citywide
52	Residential Street Rehabilitation - PCI of 65 (Including sidewalks and preventative maintenance) ²	280	470,000	Citywide
53	Arterial Streets Preventive Rehabilitation	288	40,600	Citywide
54	Residential Streets Preventive Maintenance	(PAS)	24,930	Citywide
	BRIDGES			
55	Bridge Repair, Citywide ²	PAS	10,000	Citywide
56	Bridge Replacement, Citywide ²	PAS	60,000	Citywide
57	ODOT Bridge Rehabilitation and Replacement Program	(41)	12,000	Citywide
58	Hunter Park Pedestrian and Maintenance Bridge	(283)	730	8
59	Creek Turnpike Trail Pedestrian Bridge over Memorial Drive	(M)	2,000	7,8
	OTHER PROJECTS	•	1	
60	Citywide ADA ¹	@	15,400	Citywide
61	Admiral Place Sidewalk - 7300 to 8900 E. Admiral Place	<u> </u>	780	3
62	Lewis Ave 51st to 61st St. South Sidewalks	<u> </u>	480	9
63	Hudson Ave 51st to 61st St. S. Pedestrian Sidewalk Installation	@	370	9
64	Lewis Avenue - 81st to 91st St. S. Sidewalks	@	650	2
65	Memorial Drive - 31s to 61st St. South Sidewalks	@	1,200	5,7
66	W. 51st Street South Sidewalk - 3300 West to 2500 West 51st St. S.	@	1,040	2
67	Edison Street Sidewalk - 38th W. Ave. to 33rd W. Ave.	@	340	1

CONSTRAINED CAPITAL PROJECTS INVENTORY

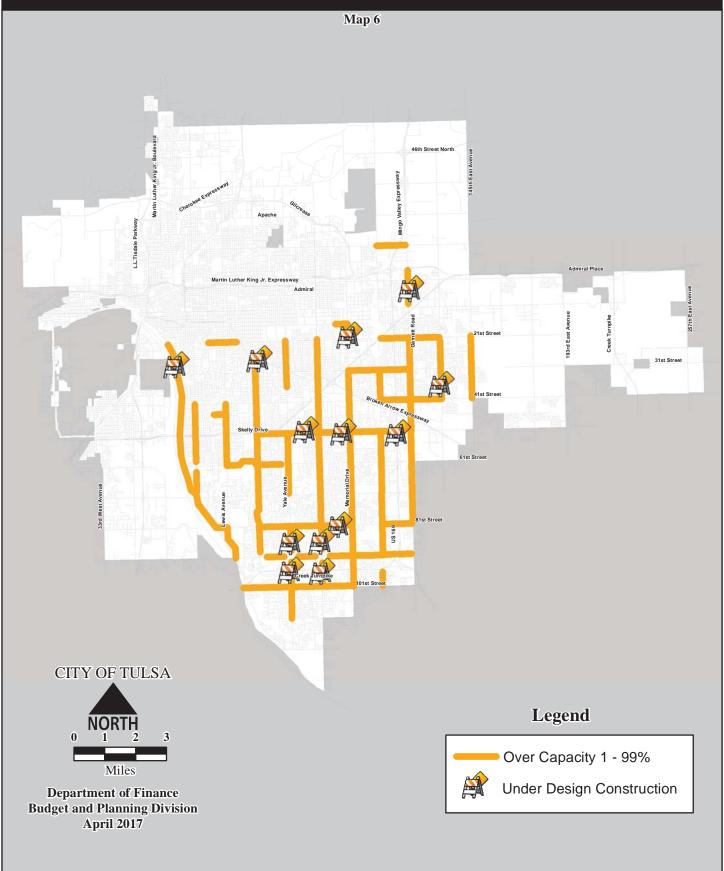
Pro	Mayoral Project Title Council Goals			Council District Served
68	71st St. S. and Riverside Dr Turn Lane Improvements	<u> </u>	1,500	2
69	71st St. S. and U.S. 169 Lane Modifications	<u> </u>	3,000	7
70	Elwood Avenue - 71st Street South to 81st Street South	<u> </u>	15,620	2
71	Riverside Drive and Boulder Avenue - Traffic Signal Installation and Safety Improvements	@	1,750	4
72	Woodland Hills Mall Access Road - 68th St. S.	@	5,630	7
73	19th St. S. Extension - Midland Valley Trail to Boston Place	<u>@@</u> -	2,300	4
74	Arterial Streets Sidewalk Improvements	@	4,000	Citywide
75	Citywide Non-Arterial Streets Sidewalk Improvement	<u> </u>	5,000	Citywide
	STREETS PROJECTSTOTAL		1,658,980	

- Cost Estimate Complete cost of project implementation
- 2) Cost Estimate Five year allocation of an on-going project with no pre-defined completion date

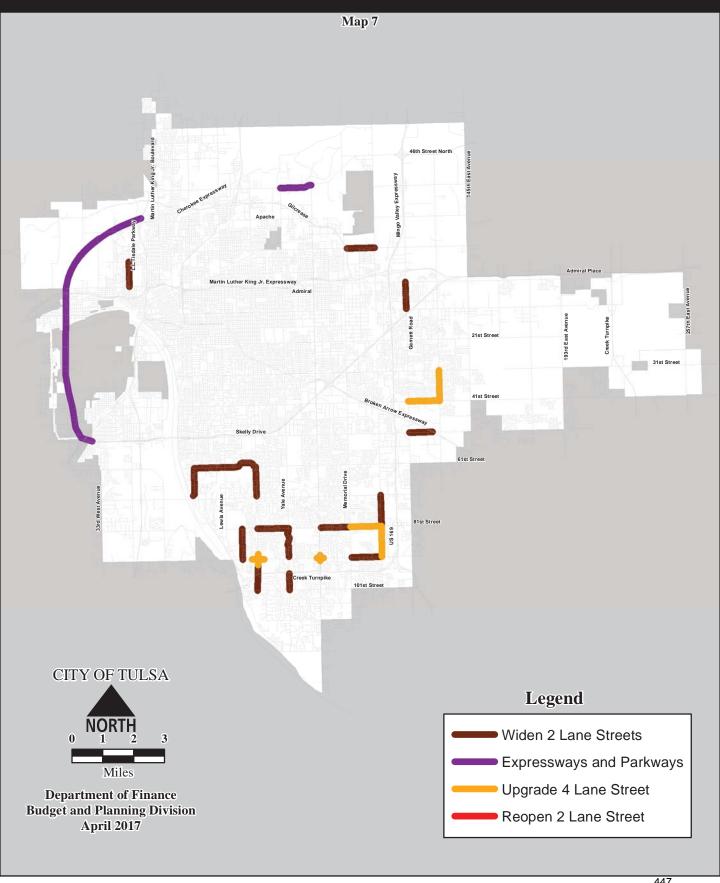
Expressways with Traffic CountsBased on 2015 Oklahoma Department of Transportation Traffic Counts



Overloaded Streets
Based on 2015 Oklahoma Department of Transportation Traffic Counts



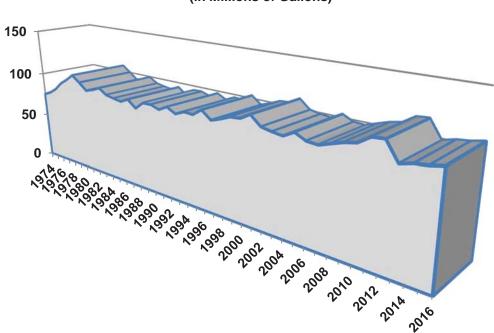
Proposed Street and Expressway Improvements



The goal of the water system is to provide clean water at adequate pressures for the health and safety of the citizens in accordance with all State and Federal regulations. The system has three components: (1) supply, (2) treatment, and (3) distribution. All must be capable of providing adequate amounts of water to meet customer demands. The Tulsa Metropolitan Utility Authority contracted with the Infrastructure Management Group (IMG) Team to complete a new comprehensive assessment of the City of Tulsa's water and sewer systems. The 2012 Comprehensive Water System Study (CWSS) reviews and builds on the previous comprehensives plans prepared in 2001 and updated in 2005. The study, which was completed in July 2012, reviews the current operation and capital needs of the water system and makes recommendations for future short-term and long-term capital improvements needed to meet the strategic objectives and priorities of Tulsa water system.

Historic and Projected Demand

The historic demand for water in Tulsa is documented in the following graph. Tulsa used a record volume of water during the summer of 2011. On August 1, 2011, Tulsa used 207 MGD of treated water; 94% of the City's current production capacity. As part of the new CWSS, historical population data and available growth projections were reviewed and an overall future growth rate for the Tulsa Metropolitan Statistical Area (TMSA) was selected. The data is then used to estimate future population and water demand for TMUA's service area over the next 50 years. Water demand is discussed in terms of system-wide max day projections. In addition to population, weather has a significant impact on the amount of water that is used. Hot, dry summers like the one Tulsa experienced in 2011 significantly increase the overall demand for treated water. The current maximum day demand for Tulsa without drought is 131.54 MGD. The CWSS provides a projection of the water system demand, with and without drought, through 2060. Future water demand projections will be used to determine the timing for water system improvements and future water system expansion.



City of Tulsa
Average Daily Water Demand 1974-2016
(in Millions of Gallons)

Source: Water and Sewer Department

2015 to 2030 Projected Water Demand (In Millions of Gallons per Day)

Year	Average	Maximum Day	Maximum Day with Drought
2015	110	185	210
2020	115	197	224
2025	123	210	239
2030	131	223	254

Source: CWSS 2012

Maximum Day (MGD) equals 1.78 times the Average Day (MGD) 14 percent increase in Maximum Day (MGD) for drought conditions

Since 2000, the average day water demand for the City of Tulsa has ranged from 96 to 115 MGD. The ratio between the average day and the maximum day over the last ten years ranged from 1.28 to 1.60. The variations in the average day and maximum day demands are primarily dependent on summer weather conditions, which ranged from cool and wet during the summer of 2004 to hot and dry during the summers of 2011 and 2012. However, in 2013 and 2015, the temperature trended towards cool and dry.

Supply

Tulsa has two sources of raw water: Spavinaw Creek (Spavinaw and Eucha Lakes) and the Verdigris River (Oologah Lake). They are supplemented by an emergency connection to Lake Hudson. Spavinaw and Eucha Lakes can provide an average annual yield of 59 million gallons per day (MGD) of untreated water under drought conditions; the City has water rights to 128 MGD from Oologah Lake; and Lake Hudson can provide 31 MGD in emergencies. In addition, a third permanent supply source has been obtained from the Grand River Dam Authority (GRDA).

In 1986, Tulsa contracted with GRDA to obtain additional raw water from the Grand River Salina Pumped Storage Project, which is owned by the GRDA. Tulsa entered into a contract to use up to 80 MGD from this source; however, there is currently no flowline conveyance system in place to bring this water to Tulsa. The 2012 CWSS reviewed the need to develop this source of water based on water demand projections and makes recommendations regarding the need and timing for the completion of the Third Raw Water Flowline. The construction of the Third Flowline may have a significant impact on the water system capital plan. While there are no immediate threats to the rights, the construction of a portion of the pipeline would solidify the city's rights under the beneficial use provisions of pertinent case law. Currently, construction is scheduled to begin in FY31.

Over the last 10 years, there has been a steady decline in the quality of water drawn from the Spavinaw Creek watershed. Increasing levels of phosphorus have caused algae blooms in the lakes. The algae blooms have led to taste and odor problems in the water. While some tastes and odors can be removed at the plant, some remain. The sources of the phosphorus pollution are dozens of large-scale chicken farms that have been constructed in this watershed. Intensive efforts are continuing to preserve water quality in Spavinaw and Eucha Lakes; such as the Eucha-Spavinaw Water Quality Court Master project, and the Source Water Protection and Management Program.

Water System Capacities

Supply Storage Allocation in Billions of Gallons		Annual Supp	ly	Flowline Cap	acity	Treatment	
		Dry Weather Y	ield	MGD		Capacity	
Eucha	25.9	Lake Hudson	31	Spavinaw #1	38	Mohawk WTP	100
Oologah	67.3	Oologah	128	Spavinaw #2	56	AB Jewell WTP	120
Spavinaw	9.0	Spavinaw/Eucha	59	Oologah #1	40		
				Oologah #2	80		
TOTAL	102.2		218	TOTAL	214		220

Source: Water and Sewer Department

Treatment

Water from the Spavinaw system is treated at the Mohawk Water Treatment Plant. The Mohawk WTP was returned to full service in 1999 and has a daily treatment capacity of 100 MGD. The A. B. Jewell plant normally treats water from Lake Oologah. The original A. B. Jewell Plant was completed in 1972. It has been expanded twice and is now capable of treating a maximum volume of 120 MGD. Expansion of the water treatment plant capacity will be required to meet future growth demands. The 2012 CWSS projected maximum day water demands through 2060 with and without drought. The treatment capacity needs of the A. B. Jewell Plant were evaluated and the need and timing for system capacity expansions are addressed in the Capital Improvement Plan. Options to provide increased capacity at A.B. Jewell in the most cost effective and efficient manner will be evaluated prior to plant expansion, which is tentatively scheduled to begin within the next 5 years.

Asset Management is also a high priority for the water system. Continued maintenance and rehabilitation of existing plant infrastructure is required on an ongoing basis for both the A.B. Jewell and Mohawk WTP to replace equipment and infrastructure as it reaches the end of its service life.

Distribution

The distribution system is made up of water lines, pumps, hydrants, meters, and storage facilities. As of June 2016, there are 2,304 miles of water lines, 16,865 fire hydrants, and 144,996 service meters. The system is designed to provide water to customers in accordance with Oklahoma Department of Environmental Quality standards. Tulsa distribution system meets or exceeds performance criteria for water quality, pressure and flow.

While current pipe size and construction standards are adequate, numerous parts of the distribution system are old and/or were built in areas previously outside the city limits and do not meet today's standards. The present distribution system contains over 300 miles of waterline that is more than 70 years old, including 100 plus miles of 2-inch diameter waterline and over 1,200 miles of water line that is more than 40 years old. Approximately half of the Tulsa water system consists of cast iron piping. Although distribution system integrity is adequate, a disproportionate number of breaks and leaks occur in the legacy 2-inch and 6-inch waterline systems.

Distribution system priorities include maintenance of existing infrastructure and replacement and rehabilitation of aging waterlines. Water main replacement is coordinated with street rehabilitation projects to maximize efficiency and minimize disruption to neighborhoods and businesses. Additionally, an ongoing replacement program is underway to upgrade undersized waterlines to improve the level of service, reliability, and fire protection to areas served by legacy systems. The major lines in the distribution system and the location of plants are shown on *Map 8*.

Conclusion

Providing high quality water service, protecting the Spavinaw Creek watershed and the City's other raw water supplies from further pollution, replacing and rehabilitating aging infrastructure, planned system expansion to meet future growth, and security are ongoing priorities. Continued investment in infrastructure is required to insure that Tulsa's goals are met. The current water system capital project requests are listed in the following table. Those that can be shown on a city map are on *Map 9*. The following inventory contains the 30 year cost estimates for all projects which shall receive funding within the next 5 years, as submitted in their most recently adopted TMUA capital plan.

	Project Title	Mayoral Council Goals	Cost Estimate (in \$000)	Council District Served
	A.B. JEWELL		'	
1	A.B. Jewell Capacity Expansion to 150 MGD (Phase I)	241	29,395	Citywide
2	A.B. Jewell WTP Clarifier 4 Upgrades/Rehabilitation	PAS	11,000	Citywide
3	A.B. Jewell WTP Clarifier Upgrades/Rehabilitation	245	14,249	Citywide
4	AB Jewell Chemical Feed Improvements	245	3,043	Citywide
5	AB Jewell Electrical - Upgrade Medium Voltage Equipment	288	3,500	Citywide
6	AB Jewell WTP Improvements - Residuals Improvements Phase 2	280	10,445	Citywide
7	New Emergency Generator Equipment	240	5,462	Citywide
8	Powdered Activated Carbon Feed System Upgrade	PAS	696	Citywide
9	Sodium Hydroxide Storage and Feed System Upgrade	245	728	Citywide
	DISTRIBUTION MAINS			
10	Berryhill Waterline Extension - Phase 1	288	5,905	2
11	Central Business District Water Main Replacement	PAS	4,781	Citywide
12	Dead-End Waterline Connections and Extensions	245	4,550	Citywide
13	Large Water Valve and Vault Replacement	(28.5)	800	Citywide
14	Unserved Areas (Water)	(ZAS)	2,300	Citywide
15	Utility Bridges	280	1,400	Citywide
16	W 23rd St. 12" Transmission Line	288	1,236	2

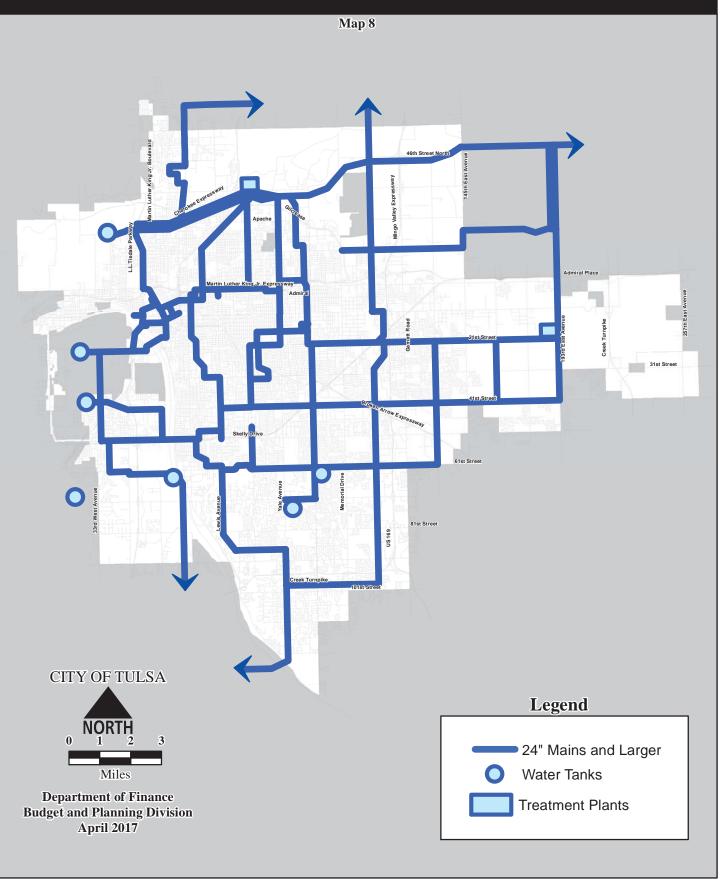
WATER

	Project Title	Mayoral Council Goals	Cost Estimate (in \$000)	Council District Served
17	Water Mains Relocations - City Wide	285	55,460	Citywide
18	Water Mains Replacements - City Wide (Med)	288	856,808	Citywide
19	Water Mains Replacements - Less than 6-inch City Wide	(48)	32,227	Citywide
20	Water Vaults and Large Meters	(48)	1,200	Citywide
	MOHAWK			
21	Mohawk WTP HSPS Rehabilitation and Improvements	PAR	10,100	Citywide
	PUMP STATIONS	T	T	T
22	Reservoir Hill Pump Station Rehabilitation	(ALL)	1,290	Citywide
	RAW WATER	T	T	T
23	Eucha Dam Anchoring	225	16,865	Citywide
24	Eucha Dam Radial Gates Rehabilitation	225	5,500	Citywide
25	Eucha-Spavinaw Water Quality Court Master		57,810	Citywide
26	Grand River Pump Station Refurbishment	(ABS)	4,320	Citywide
27	Lake Yahola Terminal Storage Repair	(ABS)	2,200	Citywide
28	Mohawk Pump Station 1 and 2 Rehabilitation	(ABS)	16,380	Citywide
29	Raw Water Flowline Repairs Spavinaw	(48)	76,750	Citywide
30	Raw Water Tiawah Tunnel Repairs	(ABS)	1,500	Citywide
31	Source Water Protection and Management Program		74,341	Citywide
32	Spavinaw Pump Station Rehabilitation	(ABS)	11,522	Citywide
33	Spavinaw/Oologah Intertie near Bird Creek - Site Valve/Piping	(ABS)	466	Citywide
34	Unruh Terminal Storage Repair	(48)	425	Citywide
35	Woods Pump Station Refurbishment	225	2,920	Citywide

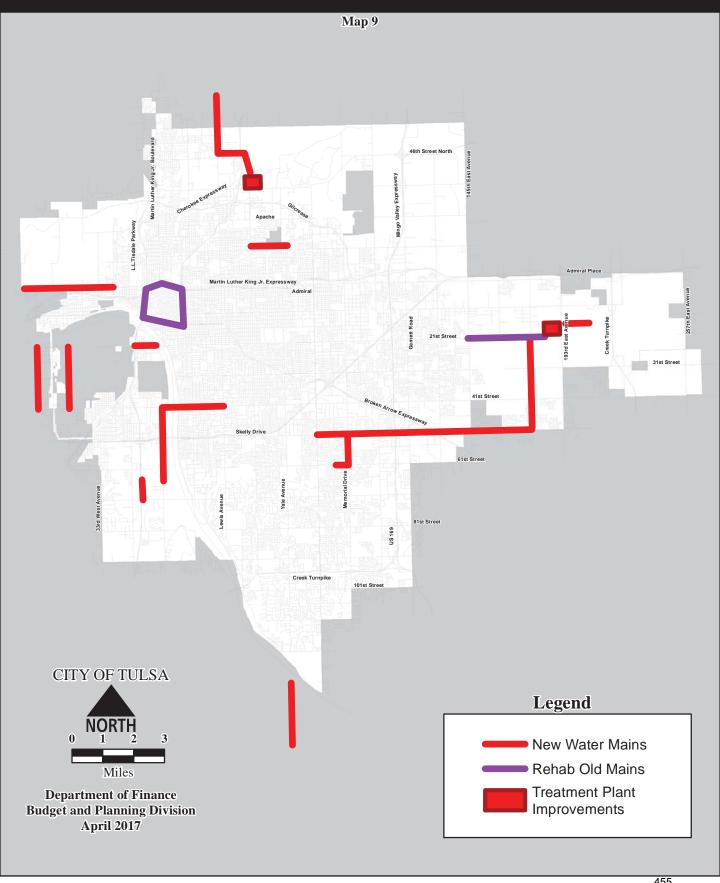
Projec	ct Title	Cost Estimate (in \$000)	Council District Served		
	TRANSMISSION MAINS				
36	2025 Cherokee Waterlines	PAS	7,900	Citywide	
37	Cherokee Waterlines	(ZAS)	18,720	Citywide	
38	Transmission Line Condition Assessment	285	800	Citywide	
39	Transmission Main from AB Jewell - Phase 1	285	58,309	Citywide	
	WATER SERVICES				
40	Automatic Meter Reading - City Wide		3,118	Citywide	
	WATER TANKS				
41	Water Tanks - Repaint/Rehabilitation	(Jak	91,158	Citywide	
	WATER PROJECTS TOTAL		1,507,579		

^{*}Cost estimates as originally presented to TMAPC. Estimates may change as TMUA reviews the FY18 Five Year Plan for adoption in the current year. Therefore total cost estimates may appear different in the Section 8 Five Year Capital Schedule.

Water Treatment and Distribution System



Proposed Water Systems Projects



Between 1992 and 2008, over \$240.1 million in General Obligation (GO) Bond proceeds and Sales Tax funds were allocated for sewer system improvements. These programs, along with state revolving loans, provide funding for critical projects. Even with this high level of funding, the inventory of needed sanitary sewer projects still exceeds \$620 million in the next five years. The Tulsa Metropolitan Utility Authority contracted with the Infrastructure Management Group (IMG) to complete a new comprehensive assessment of the City of Tulsa's water and sewer systems. The 2012 Comprehensive Sewer System Study (CSSS) reviews and builds on the previous comprehensive plan prepared in 2003. The study, which was completed in 2012, reviews the current operation and capital needs of the sewer system and will make recommendations for future short-term and long-term capital improvements needed to meet the strategic objectives and priorities of the Tulsa sewer system. The projects appearing within the inventory below are a result of the most pressing needs identified by IMG over the next 5 years.

The City's sanitary sewer system is designed to collect and treat sewage and return clean water to area streams and rivers in accordance with State and Federal standards. The sewer system can be divided into two components, the collection system and treatment plants. The collection system consists of collector sewers, larger diameter "interceptors," along with lift stations and force (pressurized) mains. Tulsa is divided into four basins each served by a treatment plant: Northside, Southside, Haikey Creek, and Lower Bird/Spunky Creek. **Map 10** shows the locations of the large interceptors in the collection system and the plants.

Average Daily Flows Tulsa Sanitary Sewer Plants FY 2006 – FY 2016

(in Thousands of Gallons)

Fiscal Year	Northside	Southside	Haikey	Lower Bird
2005/06	23,200	25,900	10,100	300
2006/07	28,000	29,600	11,200	300
2007/08	23,870	22,111	8,241	324
2008/09	28,500	29,300	11,000	300
2009/10	31,600	30,100	11,700	500
2010/11	23,400	24,500	10,800	500
2011/12	22,400	21,700	9,500	700
2012/13	20,700	20,900	10,400	900
2013/14	19,400	21,100	9,700	800
2014/15	30,000	30,000	11,000	1,200
2015/16	26,400	25,100	11,500	1,000

Source: Water and Sewer Department

Because of different land uses and stream classifications in the basins, each plant must meet different treatment requirements and standards established by the Federal Clean Water Act. At this time, the City is meeting all of these standards, but continues to improve the system to meet future standards. The projects needed to meet state and federal requirements, as well as other facilities needed to improve service, are documented in various inflow and infiltration studies conducted over the last fifteen years.

Northside Service Area

The Northside Wastewater Treatment Plant is located at the confluence of Bird and Mingo Creeks. This plant can treat 42 mgd to advanced secondary treatment levels. Many of the previously identified repairs in the Northside Service Area are complete. Work continues on nitrification improvements.

Southside Service Area

The Southside Wastewater Treatment Plant, located at West 51st Street and the Arkansas River, also has a treatment capacity of 42 mgd. The plant is undergoing a \$12 million improvement program to address UV Disinfection and Anaerobic Digester repairs, and is largely complete. In 2013 \$4.5 million in OWRB loan funds were appropriated to address odor control improvements. Design has concluded and another \$2.6 million in OWRB loan funds was appropriated in 2015 to complete improvements. Most recently, funds have been appropriated to address screening improvements to better filter particulates.

Like the Northside Basin, the City has identified and fixed numerous overflow problems in this basin.

Haikey Creek Service Area

The Haikey Creek Treatment Plant serves south Tulsa and the western portion of Broken Arrow, a high-growth area in the MSA. For this reason the plant was doubled in size and is now capable of treating 16 mgd per day. Tulsa and Broken Arrow jointly funded the plant expansion.

Spunky Creek/Port of Catoosa Service Area

Lower Bird Creek Treatment Plant and attendant pump stations were built to serve the Port of Catoosa. The construction of this plant allowed the closing of the lagoons that previously served the Port. This was particularly important to the future development of the Port, as the lagoons were at capacity and additional industrial development could not occur until this plant was in service. Additionally, the City of Catoosa was under a consent order to close and abandon their lagoons and replace them with a new treatment plant, or instead divert the flow to the Lower Bird Creek. The plant has recently completed an expansion from 2.0 mgd to 4.0 mgd which will allow future growth at the Port, the City of Catoosa, and other potential users in the area. TMUA also needed a site for a Lift Station to pump flow from the Hard Rock Casino and the Spunky Creek drainage area South of Interstate 44 / Highway 412. An agreement was made with Catoosa to build a Lift Station at Catoosa's lagoons and pump all of Catoosa's flow including the Hard Rock Casino to the Lower Bird Plant for treatment (approximately 800 mgd.). Catoosa also agreed to allow TMUA to share their main Spunky Creek Interceptor for flow coming from Rolling Hills and the rest of the Lower Bird Creek basin. Flow meters were installed to keep track of the amount of flow treated by Catoosa and TMUA. TMUA will design and build a parallel sewer along Catoosa's main interceptor to serve the remaining Spunky Creek Basin in the City of Tulsa.

Other than the Port, most of this basin is being served by septic tanks. There are two subdivisions (Rose Dew and Rolling Hills) whose sewage is pumped out of this basin and treated at the Northside Treatment Plant. Design began in 2016 for rehabilitation of the Rose Dew Lift Station. Going forward, both completed and planned improvements will allow better service to this entire basin.

Conclusion

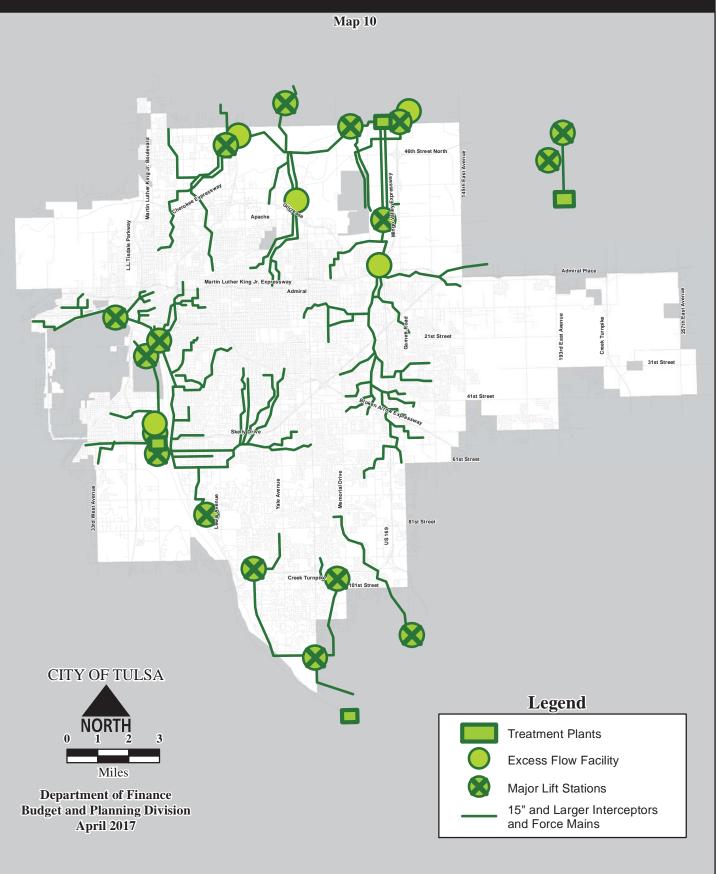
The City's sewage treatment plants now have sufficient capacity to serve the city well into the future. In previous years, stringent federal and state regulations forced the City to allocate significant resources to collection system problems. Almost \$632 million of sales tax and debt have been allocated since 1990 to build projects required by administrative orders and consent decrees and to improve critical parts of the system. Although the City has completed the requirements stipulated by the administrative orders and consent decrees issued in the late 1990's, additional consent orders have been issued to eliminate recent isolated incidents of residential sewage overflows. Debt used to finance these improvements has been or will be repaid with a combination of enterprise funds and property taxes. The Sanitary Sewer needs for the next 15 years are listed below and shown on **Map 11**.

	Project Title	Mayoral Council Goals	Cost Estimate (in \$000)	Council District Served
	AREA WIDE	1		
1	FEB Joint and Crack Repairs	241	3,100	Citywide
2	Unsewered Areas Areawide	223	83,516	Citywide
3	Resurface WWTP & Lift Stations Roadways & Parking		368	Citywide
	COLLECTION SYSTEM			
4	30-N Relief	241	5,875	1
5	93-N Relief	225	5,368	1
6	Areawide Point Repairs	241	38,525	Citywide
7	Berryhill North Interceptor	248	7,251	1
8	Concrete Pipe Replacement	245	66,793	Citywide
9	Crow Creek 44-S Relief	225	1,891	7
10	Crow Creek East 62-S Rehab	225	2,416	7
11	Crow Creek North 62-S Rehab	<u> </u>	4,930	7
12	Douglas Creek Relief (97-N)	<u> </u>	3,703	1
13	Flatrock West (9-N) Relief	245	7,807	1
14	Joe LaFortune 70-S Rehab	245	3,002	7
15	Jones Creek Relief (91-N)	<u> </u>	5,044	7
16	Jones Riverside Airport- Sewer Eastside	245	1,945	2
17	Lift Station Replacements or Upgrades	245	18,392	Citywide
18	Northgate LS Relief	245	1,273	1
19	Sewer Rehab Areawide	245	150,732	Citywide
20	Spunky Creek Main Stem South Contract 1	245	3,250	6
21	Spunky Creek Main Stem South Contract 2	245	26,716	6

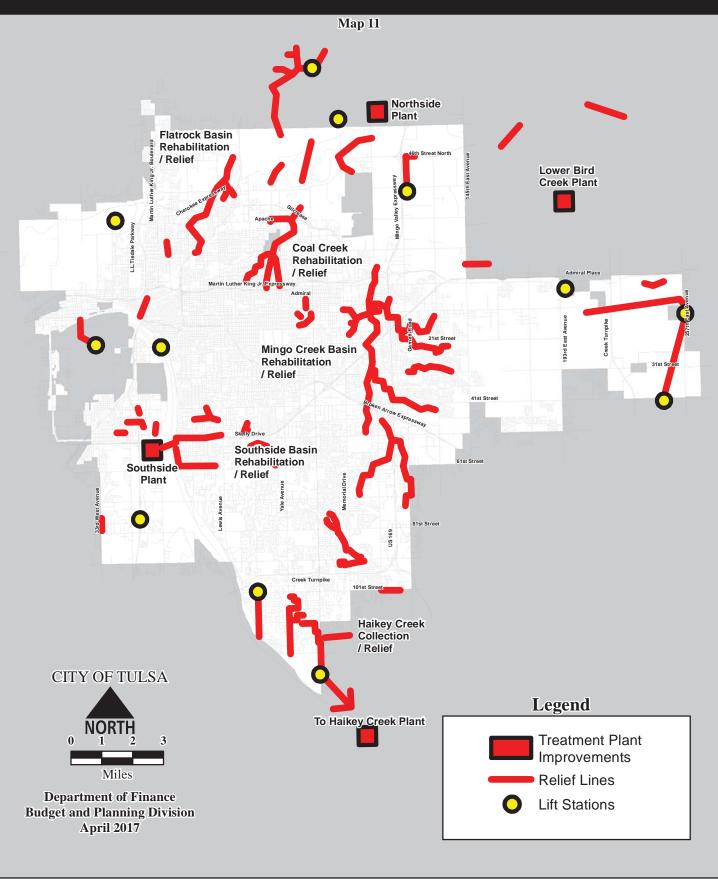
	Project Title	Mayoral Council Goals	Cost Estimate (in \$000)	Council District Served
22	Street Package-Sewer Rehab Citywide	FAR	45,500	Citywide
23	West Tulsa 39, 40, 41-S Rehab	SAS	35,666	2
	HAIKEY CREEK	•	•	
24	Activated Sludge Diffused Aeration and Primary Sludge Handling Improvements	PAR	8,837	2,8
25	Haikey Creek Dewatering Facility	SAL	3,353	2,8
26	Haikey Creek Grit Facility Rehabilitation	FAL	1,800	2,8
27	Haikey Creek Lift Station Electrical Upgrades	PAR	140	2,8
28	Haikey Creek SAMS Replacements	(ALL)	7,032	2,8
29	Haikey Creek WWTP Electrical Load and Transformer Improvements	PAR	878	2,8
30	Haikey WWTP Anaerobic Digester Addition	FAS	17,392	2,8
31	Haikey WWTP Primary Clarifier Addition	PAR	9,743	2,8
	LIFT STATIONS	T	T	T
32	Northwest Regional Lift Station, FM, and FEB, Phase 1	345	13,716	1,3,4
	LOWER BIRD CREEK		T	
33	Excess Flow Line from LBCWWTP to Port South	SAR	5,663	6
	NORTHSIDE		T	Γ
34	Airport-Northeast Lift Station Upgrades	(PAS)	3,739	1,3,4,5,6
35	Apache Lift Station Force Main	JAR	109	1,3,4,5,6
36	NS WWTP Sludge Handling Facilities	PAR	16,801	1,3,4,5,6
	SOUTHSIDE			
37	71st St Lift Station Electrical Upgrades	JAS	831	1,2,4,7, 8,9
38	71st Street Dewatering Facility - Storage Tank Repair	Jas	1,300	1,2,4,7, 8,9
39	71st Street Drying Bed Modifications	288	2,400	1,2,4,7, 8,9
40	Southside WWTP Digester MCC Replacement	BAS	1,048	1,2,4,7, 8,9

	Project Title	Mayoral Council Goals	Cost Estimate (in \$000)	Council District Served
41	Southside WWTP Electrical Upgrades	225	3,411	1,2,4,7, 8,9
42	Southside WWTP Odor Control Addition	@	1,975	1,2,4,7, 8,9
43	Southside WWTP Solids Handling Access Road	245	3,000	1,2,4,7, 8,9
44	SS WWTP Concrete Protective Coating	225	1,956	1,2,4,7, 8,9
SEWER PROJECTS TOTAL		628,187		

Sanitary Sewer Collection and Treatment System



Proposed Sanitary Sewer Projects



FLOOD CONTROL CONSTRAINED CAPITAL PROJECTS INVENTORY

Based on citizen and neighborhood input the top priority projects are "small drainage projects" and "channel erosion control" throughout the city. While immediate priorities in the area of flood control may change slightly from year to year, the overall direction of the program was established more than 20 years ago. Between 1970 and 1990, Tulsa County was declared a federal flood disaster area nine times. During that period, floods resulted in the loss of life and caused more than \$300 million in damage to homes and businesses. As a result, elected officials passed watershed-development ordinances, established development fees dedicated to the construction of flood-control facilities, approved a monthly charge for maintenance of the drainage system, and allocated millions of capital dollars to new flood-control projects. Due to these efforts, the city has seen no major damage from flood events since 1987.

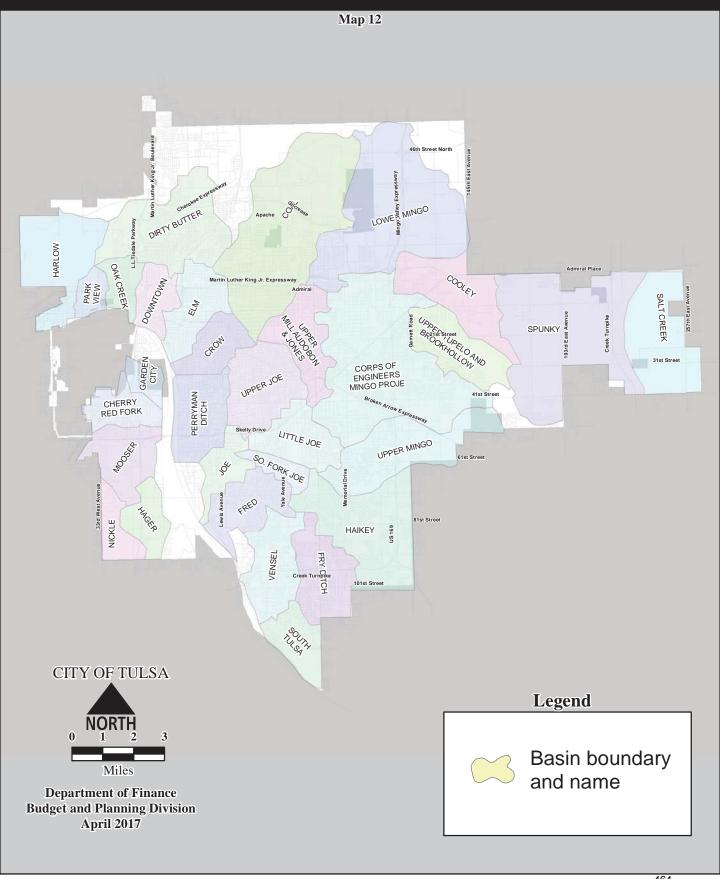
Master Drainage Plans (MDPs) were also funded for each creek basin in the city, the boundaries of which are shown on *Map 12*. These plans analyze the unique hydrological characteristics of each creek basin and recommend solutions to correct existing problems and prevent future trouble. The approximate boundaries of existing flood plains are shown on *Map 13*. Official maps found on the City website should be used to judge the status of any individual piece of property.

The Engineering Services Department, working in conjunction with the Stormwater Drainage and Hazard Mitigation Advisory Board and numerous citizen groups, developed the "Flood and Stormwater Management Plan 1999-2014," a phased implementation program for the projects identified in the Master Drainage Plans. The plan was adopted by TMAPC and the City Council and became part of the City's official Comprehensive Plan. The plan will continually be updated as projects are added. The Plan prioritizes the projects based on selected criteria including project cost, reducing flooding of buildings, reducing economic flood damages, reducing overtopping of streets, reducing erosion and nuisance flooding, rehabilitating existing structures, and providing regional detention in-lieu of on-site detention.

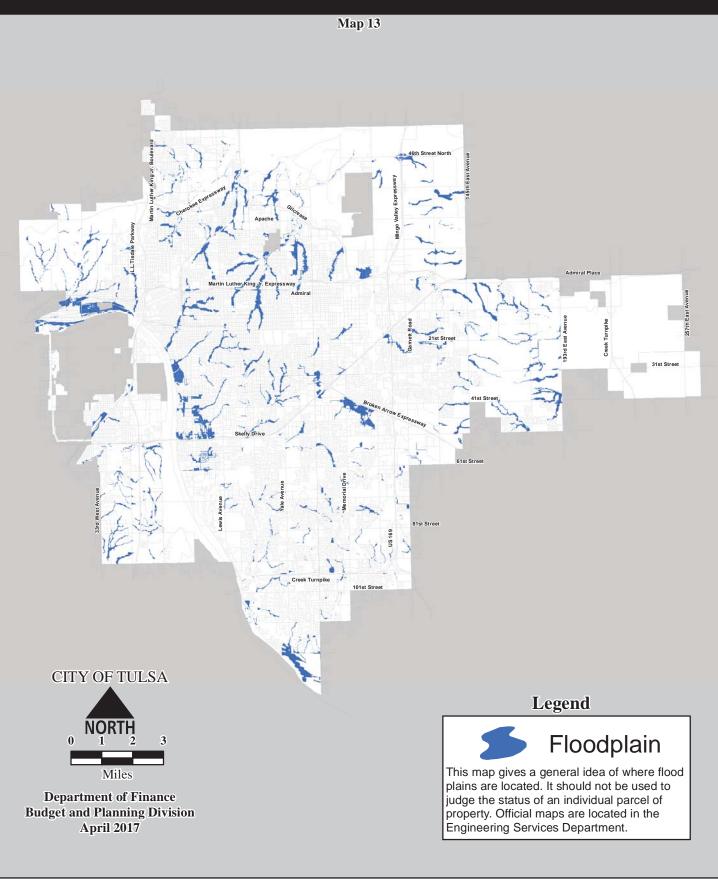
Citywide small drainage projects are funded through user fees which are deposited into the Stormwater Enterprise fund. The remaining, larger projects, which have positive cost benefit ratios, will be considered for funding in future sales tax, general obligation bond, and revenue bond programs.

	Project Title	Mayoral Council Goals	Cost Estimate (in \$000)	Council District Served
1	Citywide - Bridge and Culvert Replacements	(a)	10,448	Citywide
2	Citywide - Channel Erosion and Stabilization	(a)	17,000	Citywide
3	Citywide - Concrete Channel Rehabilitation	(a)	12,750	Citywide
4	Citywide - Floodplain Acquisition	(a)	14,000	Citywide
5	Citywide - Master Drainage Plan	(a)	16,000	Citywide
6	Citywide - Urban Lake Maintenance	(a)	2,500	Citywide
7	Citywide - Urgent Small Drainage Projects	(a)	8,500	Citywide
8	Citywide Stormwater Facility Repair and Construction		8,235	Citywide
9	Fred Creek 73rd & Harvard Bridge Replacement		1,460	2,8
	FLOOD PROJECTS TOTAL		90,893	

Master Drainage Plans Drainage Basins



Generalized Floodplains



PUBLIC FACILITIES MAINTENANCE CONSTRAINED CAPITAL PROJECTS INVENTORY

Public Facilities Maintenance's highest priority project is to address ADA compliance issues across all City facilities. The remaining priorities are to continue the maintenance program on an even and annual basis, a scheduled repair and replacement program for roofs on City buildings, and security improvements for public facilities.

Public Facilities Maintenance

The Asset Management Department is responsible for the maintenance of nearly 100 City buildings including Fire stations and Police uniform divisions, Equipment Management and public works and infrastructure facilities, the One Technology Center – which houses City Hall, and the Civic Center Complex. It maintains and updates a comprehensive list of building repairs and modifications needed over the next five years. The list includes repair or replacement of worn-out heating and cooling systems, roofs, driveways and parking lots, and upgrades to building operational systems to be more energy efficient, as well as other needed improvements. The 2006 Sales Tax provided \$11 million to continue the maintenance program. The 2006 funding also provides resources for security and safety improvements and carpeting replacement throughout the system. The 2014 Improve Our Tulsa Sales Tax program provided \$2.4 million to address ADA compliance.

The Engineering Services and Asset Management Departments oversee a citywide maintenance management program for roofing systems. This program entails inspections to identify deficiencies, engineering and architectural solutions to correct the problems, and repairs and/or replacement of roofs on City owned or operated facilities. It also includes an element for scheduling routine and preventive maintenance. The 2006 Sales Tax provides some funding for this program as does the 2014 Improve Our Tulsa Sales Tax Program.

The Mayor's Performance Review Team, in 2003, issued a list of recommendations that included review and inclusion of energy efficient components in the design of major renovations to existing facilities and the construction of new buildings. Other energy saving strategies can be implemented in existing building operational systems. The 2006 Sales Tax allocates \$2.1 million for these improvements.

The 2005 General Obligation Bond program provided funding for over \$5 million in improvements to roofs, Gilcrease Museum, the PAC, and security systems.

Due to organizational changes, the Airport Maintenance, Repair, and Operations (MRO) facilities; as well as the Air Force Plant 3 (AFP) facilities will now be included in the Public Facilities Maintenance capital inventory.

	Project Title	Mayoral Council Goals	Cost Estimate (in \$000)	Council District Served
1	ADA Improvements for City Facilities	<u> </u>	2,550	Citywide
2	ADA Improvements for City Parks	(3)	2,280	Citywide
3	Citywide Public Facilities Roofing - Major Renovation		14,208	Citywide
4	Citywide Public Facilities Maintenance - Major Renovation		37,104	Citywide
5	200 & 600 Civic Center Equipment Relocation		3,500	Citywide

PUBLIC FACILITIES MAINTENANCE CONSTRAINED CAPITAL PROJECTS INVENTORY

	Project Title	Mayoral Council Goals	Cost Estimate (in \$000)	Council District Served
6	OTC - Maintenance and Rehabilitation		4,600	Citywide
7	Page Belcher Alternate Water Source Study		120	Citywide
8	City Equipment and Materials Relocation from 23rd and Jackson		90,000	2
9	Engineering Services Roof Replacement		660	Citywide
10	Safety Training Center Track and Grounds Improvements		3,080	Citywide
11	Roofing replacement Surface Drainage and Vegetation.		420	Citywide
12	Air Handler, Chiller, HVAC System Replacement		6,400	Citywide
13	Exterior and Parking Lot Rehabilitation		1,100	Citywide
14	Roof Replacement for AFP#3		10,900	Citywide
15	Boiler Replacement, asbestos and equipment removal		1,700	Citywide
16	Metasys Conversions		900	Citywide
	FACILITIES PROJECTS TOTAL		179,522	

TOTAL CAPITAL PROJECT REQUESTS (IN MILLIOINS)

READER'S GUIDE TO CONSTRAINED CAPITAL PROJECTS INVENTORY



\$85.4 PUBLIC SAFETY AND PROTECTION

Police Fire

\$388.9 CULTURAL DEVELOPMENT AND RECREATION

Park and Recreation
Tulsa Zoo
Gilcrease Museum
Tulsa Convention Center and BOK Arena
Performing Arts Center
River Parks Authority

\$4,065.2 PUBLIC WORKS AND INFRASTRUCTURE

Streets Water Sanitary Sewer Flood Control Public Facilities Maintenance

\$84.2 SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

YOU ARE HERE

Working in Neighborhoods Planning and Development

\$13.0 TRANSPORTATION

Tulsa Transit

\$55.1 ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPORT SERVICES

Information Technology Asset Management Short Term and Contracted Capital

\$4,691.8 CONSTRAINED CAPITAL PROJECTS
INVENTORY TOTAL

468

WORKING IN NEIGHBORHOODS CONSTRAINED CAPITAL PROJECTS INVENTORY

The Working In Neighborhoods Department (WIN) was formed in FY07 to help Tulsa neighborhoods in their efforts to remain vibrant and attractive places to live. The WIN Department is composed of Neighborhood Inspections, Animal Welfare, Housing, and Community Services. WIN's current top priority is the expansion of the Animal Shelter. The first phase of this expansion was funded in the 2014 Improve Our Tulsa Capital program. The shelter also received funding in the 2014 Improve Our Tulsa program to address some facility repairs prior to the expansion, and replace one incinerator which has reached the end of its useful life. All facility repairs are now complete, and work has begun on acquiring the new incinerator. Funding to begin the expansion of the Animal Shelter will become available in FY20. Lastly, the need for backup power during severe weather conditions has been identified as a future need.

	Project Title	Mayoral Council Goals	Cost Estimate (in \$000)	Council District Served
1	Animal Shelter Expansion Phase II	@	3,000	Citywide
2	Animal Shelter Expansion Phase III	@	2,750	Citywide
3	Backup Generators at Animal Shelter	③	100	Citywide
	WIN PROJECTS TOTAL		5,850	

PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT CONSTRAINED CAPITAL PROJECTS INVENTORY

In January of 2008, the City Tulsa Planning Department began the process of updating the City's Comprehensive Plan which had not been updated since 1978. The Comprehensive Plan provides policy guidance regarding land use, transportation, service delivery and major capital improvement projects. A nationally recognized consulting firm was contracted to lead the formulation of the new plan.

The City engaged over 2,500 citizens thru a number of citywide and neighborhood visioning workshops and presentations during plan development. The workshops and presentations focused on gathering resident preferences on how they want the city to grow, look, and feel. A number of scenarios were presented to citizens with regards to the future of the City's transportation options and land use configurations. The plan was formally adopted by Tulsa Metropolitan Area Planning Commission (TMAPC) and the City in the summer of 2010.

The highest priority projects from the PlaniTulsa process and existing small area plans have been added to the CIP Inventory. These projects include the implementation of a small area plan at the Redfork Campus, the design and implementation of a downtown public transportation circulator, and the second phase of the downtown railway quiet zone. Additionally, various developments related to the Downtown Area Master Plan remain high priorities.

	Project Title	Mayoral Council Goals	Cost Estimate (in \$000)	Council District Served
1	DAM PLAN - Downtown Circulation		27,330	4
2	DAM PLAN - Sealed Corridor Phase II		4,000	4
3	SOUTHWEST PLAN - The Redfork Campus Plan (Webster, Clinton , Pleasant Porter)		2,000	2
4	DAM PLAN - Arkansas River - Downtown Connections Phase I		10,000	4
5	DAM PLAN - Arkansas River & Downtown Parking Garages and Facilities		35,000	4
	PLAN PROJECTS TOTAL		78,330	

TOTAL CAPITAL PROJECT REQUESTS (IN MILLIOINS)

READER'S GUIDE TO CONSTRAINED CAPITAL PROJECTS INVENTORY



\$85.4 PUBLIC SAFETY AND PROTECTION

Police Fire

\$388.9 CULTURAL DEVELOPMENT AND RECREATION

Park and Recreation
Tulsa Zoo
Gilcrease Museum
Tulsa Convention Center and BOK Arena
Performing Arts Center
River Parks Authority

\$4,065.2 PUBLIC WORKS AND INFRASTRUCTURE

Streets Water Sanitary Sewer Flood Control Public Facilities Maintenance

\$84.2 SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Working in Neighborhoods Planning and Development

\$13.0 TRANSPORTATION

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Tulsa Transit

\$55.1 ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPORT SERVICES

Information Technology
Asset Management
Short Term and Contracted Capital

\$4,691.8 CONSTRAINED CAPITAL PROJECTS INVENTORY TOTAL

TULSA TRANSIT CONSTRAINED CAPITAL PROJECTS INVENTORY

Tulsa Transit provides public bus services in Tulsa, as well as in Jenks, Sand Springs, and Broken Arrow through joint funding agreements. Tulsa Transit's bus fleets consist of 64 fixed route vehicles and 46 Para-transit vehicles. When these vehicles reach the end of their useful lives, they will need to be replaced in order to keep maintenance costs under control. All rolling fleet needs have been met for the next 7 years in the current 2014 Improve Our Tulsa capital program. Additional funding will also be provided by the permanent streets and transportation sales tax passed by voters in 2016. This funding will allow for the operation of the Peoria Bus Rapid Transport project, as well as the additional fleet required to service the new route. The remaining list of projects address needs regarding the ongoing effectiveness and efficiency of Tulsa's bus system at large.

	Project Title	Mayoral Council Goals	Cost Estimate (in \$000)	Council District Served
1	Bus Stop Signs	(a)	375	Citywide
2	Electric Shuttle System	(9)	5,500	Citywide
3	MMS Building		1,500	Citywide
4	Passenger Shelters	<u> </u>	160	Citywide
5	Purchase computerized intelligent transit system (APC)		500	Citywide
6	Transit Buses	225	5,000	Citywide
7	Utility Vehicles	225	100	Citywide
	MTTA PROJECTS TOTAL		13,135	

TOTAL CAPITAL PROJECT REQUESTS (IN MILLIOINS)

READER'S GUIDE TO CONSTRAINED CAPITAL PROJECTS INVENTORY



\$85.4 PUBLIC SAFETY AND PROTECTION

Police Fire

\$388.9 CULTURAL DEVELOPMENT AND RECREATION

Park and Recreation
Tulsa Zoo
Gilcrease Museum
Tulsa Convention Center and BOK Arena
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\$4,065.2 PUBLIC WORKS AND INFRASTRUCTURE

Streets Water Sanitary Sewer Flood Control Public Facilities Maintenance

\$84.2 SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Working in Neighborhoods Planning and Development

\$13.0 TRANSPORTATION

Tulsa Transit

\$55.1 ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPORT SERVICES

YOU ARE HERE

Information Technology Asset Management Short Term and Contracted Capital

\$4,691.8 CONSTRAINED CAPITAL PROJECTS
INVENTORY TOTAL

476

INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY CONSTRAINED CAPITAL PROJECTS INVENTORY

The Information Technology Department's highest priority need is for a more rigorous backup and recovery application for the City's server and enterprise systems. Remaining needs include software and hardware necessary to automate the courtroom ticketing system, which currently is performed primarily on hard copy. Additionally, it is necessary to replace the aging fire station alerting system and network infrastructure in order to maintain reliability of first responder dispatch and alerting for the Tulsa Fire Department.

	Project Title	Mayoral Council Goals	Cost Estimate (in \$000)	Council District Served
1	Courtroom Automation		550	Citywide
2	Fire Station Alerting System		450	Citywide
3	Enterprise Backup		750	Citywide
4	Business Continuity and Disaster Recovery		750	Citywide
5	One Technology Center, Compstat, Police Courts, Convention Center Building Automation		150	Citywide
6	Roofing replacement Telecommunications Department		328	Citywide
	IT PROJECTS TOTAL		2,978	

ASSET MANAGEMENT CONSTRAINED CAPITAL PROJECTS INVENTORY

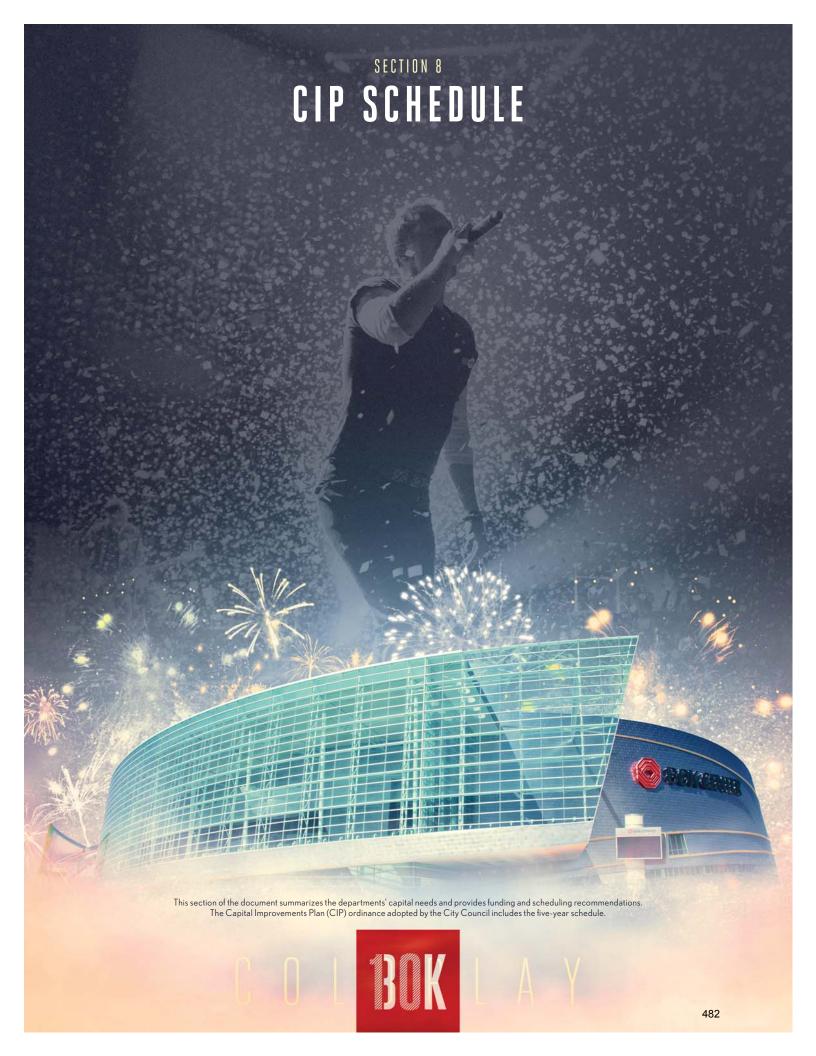
The Asset Management Department (AMD) is responsible for the maintenance of the City's fleet of vehicles and equipment and providing operational services that includes fuel, vehicle wash facilities, motor pool and fleet management. The current requests address needs for expansion, enhancements and security as well as replacing fuel storage tanks that will soon no longer be serviceable. The 2006 Sales Tax Extension Program provided \$2 million for the upgrading and improvement of Asset Management facilities taking care of many of the backlogged needs. The 2014 Improve Our Tulsa Capital Program provided \$6 million for facilities maintenance, emergency generators, and CNG fueling infrastructure. AMD's highest remaining departmental priority is the continuation of the CNG fleet fueling infrastructure expansion and gradual conversion of much of the City's fleet to compressed natural gas.

	Project Title	Mayoral Council Goals	Cost Estimate (in \$000)	Council District Served
1	Compressed Natural Gas (CNG Fleet Fueling Infrastructure) - NEW		2,000	Citywide
2	Replace Existing Compressed Natural Gas (CNG) Infrastructure		500	Citywide
3	Roof Replacement EMD Facilities		2,000	Citywide
4	Expansion of EMD Body Shop's Fabrication Shop for Sandblasting Projects		850	Citywide
5	Remodel Office & Breakroom Area, Create Storage Area		350	Citywide
6	Replace Underground Fuel Tanks	(a)	800	Citywide
7	Modify Maintenance Facilities to Perform CNG Repairs		600	Citywide
8	Replace Underground Fuel Lines and Fuel Infrastructure		500	Citywide
9	Install Solar Panel Systems at EMD Facilities	(4)	1,000	Citywide
	EMD PROJECTS TOTAL		8,600	

SHORT TERM CAPITAL CONSTRAINED CAPITAL PROJECTS INVENTORY

Short-term capital equipment is defined as any asset with a minimum value of \$1,000 and a useful life of more than one year, but less than ten. The last six third-penny sales tax capital improvements programs have financed short-term capital needs. This project would maintain, repair, or replace much-needed city equipment over the course of its implementation.

	Project Title	Mayoral Council Goals	Cost Estimate (in \$000)	Council District Served
1	Capital Equipment - Non-Public Safety		43,500	Citywide
	CITY PROJECTS TOTAL		43,500	





FISCAL YEARS 2018-2022 CAPITAL PLAN

In April of 2016, City of Tulsa voters approved a temporary sales tax levy of a little over 3/10ths of a cent for the purpose of funding large scale economic development projects. The tax went into effect January, 2017 and will be in place for 15 years. The tax will fund over \$510.6 million in major capital and economic development projects across the city. Before passage, the most recent capital package was approved in 2013; the Improve Our Tulsa program. This program provides funding for projects during the FY15 to FY21 time period with roughly \$564 million from an extension of a 1.1 percent sales tax to address citywide needs, as well as \$355 million provided from general obligation bonds to address street improvements. In FY18, the City will sell its fifth bond issue of \$75 million bringing total Improve Our Tulsa bond appropriations to \$280 million. The shared Mayoral and City Council goal of continuing the commitment to improving the condition of our roadways, the need to provide funds for critical goals such as public safety, federal mandates, building code and short-term capital needs, and goals identified in PlaniTulsa were used to prioritize the allocation of the authorized \$918.7 million in the Improve Our Tulsa program. The commitment of these resources likely means that any newly identified or unfunded capital improvement projects will not be funded until the conclusion of these programs.

Historically, the City of Tulsa has had an aggressive capital improvements program. The Third Penny Sales Tax program by itself has financed almost \$2.4 billion in needed projects over the last thirty years. That amount has been augmented by \$2.0 billion of additional general obligation and revenue bond dollars and millions more from federal grants and loans. In November 2008, the City of Tulsa electorate approved a street improvement package totaling \$451.6 million. The program was comprised of \$285 million in general obligation bond proceeds and \$166.6 million in sales tax revenue which was derived from an extension of the existing third penny sales tax in addition to a 0.167 percent increase. The program funded 128 arterial and residential street projects across the City. The 2006 Sales Tax program, approved in May 2006, which provided \$465 million for capital projects throughout the City, is in the final stage of implementation. All of the appropriations to fund these improvements are complete. Information about these programs is contained in the FY18 Capital Budget-Funded Programs Status and Operating Impact (Section 6) of this document, and includes a list of the proposed funding for FY18.

In the spring of 2009 and again in 2013, the City updated its Capital Improvement Project (CIP) policy and procedures. International City Managers Association (ICMA) and case study recommendations were reviewed with subsequent changes outlined in the following text. The updated policy requires departmental justification of expansion projects based on the project's potential return on investment (ROI), its potential leverage and linkages to other projects, and its contribution to the City's strategic initiatives. Additionally, all replacement and rehabilitation projects were prioritized and placed in 4 distinct tiers based on their contribution to public safety, asset preservation, and core service provision. The highest priority tiered and expansion projects have been included in the Constrained Inventory of projects in Section 7. The remaining projects have been placed in the unpublished deferred unconstrained inventory of projects. A summary is on page 9 of this section. To further illustrate the character of City spending allocations, a pie chart of the total recommended funding dedicated to the maintenance of the City's existing assets, which is defined as "renewal", in contrast to the allocation recommended for expansion or "growth" projects has been included on page 3 of this section. Additionally, the jointly identified Mayoral and City Council priorities have been added to individual projects in Section 7. These goals are identified and defined in Section 1 of the annual budget document.

FIVE-YEAR LEVEL OF RECOMMENDED FUNDING BY DEPARTMENT

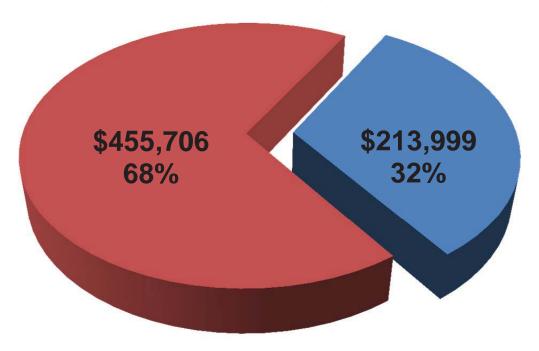
Fiscal Years 2018 – 2022

(amount expressed in thousands)

Project Type		onstrained Requests	FY18-22 Recommended Funding	Inventory Percent Funding	Total Percent Funding
Police Department Projects	\$ 23,345 \$		\$ 3,400	15%	1%
Fire Department Projects		62,005	 4,900	8%	1%
Total Public Safety and Protection	\$	85,350	\$ 8,300	10%	1%
Park and Recreation Projects		63,228	600	1%	0%
Tulsa Zoo Projects		111,900	500	0%	0%
Gilcrease Museum Projects		13,499	1,950	14%	0%
Cox Business Center and BOK Center		40,018	2,800	7%	0%
Performing Arts Center		99,820	150	0%	0%
River Parks Projects		60,454	 900	1%	0%
Total Cultural Development and Recreation	\$	388,919	\$ 6,900	2%	1%
Street and Expressway Projects		1,658,980	164,100	10%	25%
Water System Projects		1,507,579	198,844	13%	30%
Sanitary Sewer System Projects		628,187	255,761	41%	38%
Flood Control Projects		90,893	25,100	28%	4%
Facilities Maintenance Projects		179,522	6,000	3%	1%
Total Public Works and Development	\$	4,065,161	\$ 649,805	16%	97%
Planning and Development		78,330	-	0%	0%
Working In Neighborhoods (WIN)		5,850	 100	2%	0%
Total Social and Economic Development	\$	84,180	\$ 100	0%	0%
Tulsa Transit Projects		13,135	800	6%	0%
Total Transportation	\$	13,135	 800	6%	0%
Information Technology Department		2,978	-	0%	0%
Equipment Management Projects		8,600	800	9%	0%
Short-Term & Contracted Capital Projects		43,500	3,000	7%	0%
Total Administrative and Support Services	\$	55,078	\$ 3,800	7%	1%
Total of All Capital Project Types	\$	4,691,823	\$ 669,705	14%	100%

FY 2018 - 2022
RECOMMENDED CIP FUNDING
RENEWAL VS. GROWTH
(\$000)

Total \$669,705



■ GROWTH ■ RENEWAL

an expansion of its facility.

A SUMMARY OF THE CAPITAL BUDGET AND FIVE-YEAR CAPITAL PLAN

The following is a summary of all proposed, but unfunded capital expenditures for the next five years. It does not include project allocations in previously approved capital programs. The amount shown does not include each department's funding from the approved 2017 Limited Purpose Sales Tax Program, 2014 Sales Tax Extension, 2014 General Obligation Bond Program, the 2008 Street Improvement Program, or the 2006 Sales Tax Extension. Information on the projects and appropriations for these programs is contained in Section 6. Due to the commitment of sales tax and bond proceeds to projects authorized in 2016, new or unfunded capital projects will likely not be funded until the conclusion of the Improve Our Tulsa program in 2021.

PROGRAM/DEPARTMENT	Proposed <u>5-Year Funding</u>
PUBLIC SAFETY AND PROTECTION Police and E-911 Department The Police Department's highest priority is the renovation of the Police Courts and 911 Facilities, as well as its communications hardware.	\$3.4 million
Fire The Fire Department's highest priority is the replacement of its apparatus, followed by the construction and strategic relocation of several stations.	\$5 million
Total Public Safety and Protection	\$8.4 million
CULTURAL DEVELOPMENT AND RECREATION Park and Recreation Department The maintenance of the Park systems aging facilities is the Department's highest priority. Park system projects have been prioritized in the Park's Master Plan and funding has been allocated toward its implementation in previous capital programs.	\$0.6 million
Tulsa Zoo Implementation of the Zoo Master Plan is the highest priority.	\$0.5 million
Gilcrease Museum Fully restoring the Thomas Gilcrease house, as well as a thorough review and upgrade of all mechanical equipment within the facility, remains the Gilcrease's highest priorities.	\$2 million
Cox Business Center and BOK Center Fire alarm systems at both the BOK Center and the Cox Business Center are the highest priorities. Additionally, both centers are in need of general facility rehabilitation and replacements; including electrical, security, and ADA improvements.	\$2.8 million
Performing Arts Center The high set priorities at the BAC are the goal account of the Changes Music Hell ediling.	\$0.1 million

The highest priorities at the PAC are the replacement of the Chapman Music Hall ceiling, Doenges Theatre seating replacement and HVAC upgrades. The PAC is also planning for

PROGRAM/DEPARTMENT Proposed 5-Year Funding

River Parks \$0.9 million

The Authority's highest priorities continue to be an expansion of the trail system further south to serve the rapidly growing south Tulsa area, as well as expanded parking and riverbank stabilization along the Arkansas River.

Total Cultural Development and Recreation

\$6.9 million

PUBLIC WORKS AND INFRASTRUCTURE

Streets and Expressways

\$164.1 million

One of the top priorities of the City continues to be arterial and residential street resurfacing. Funding to match ODOT eight year plan improvements and improvements identified in the Bicycle and Pedestrian Master Plan currently underway are a high priority.

Water \$198.8 million

The City continues implementing the IMG Water System Study, which identified the most critical needs in this area, such as protecting the Spavinaw watershed from pollution and the maintenance of the existing distribution system.

Sanitary Sewer \$255.7 million

The City completed all required projects to meet the consent orders issued in the late 1990's by State and Federal regulatory authorities. Additional isolated consent orders have been issued since then to eliminate recent specific incidents of residential sewage overflows. However, all consent orders have been completed presently. Future Utility Revenue Bonds and Enterprise Fund resources will be dedicated to the completion of any future consent orders, as well as the upkeep of existing assets.

Flood Control \$25.1 million

The continued implementation of the Citywide Flood Control Plan is the highest priority. Floodplain acquisition, planning services for the Hazard Mitigation Program, and urgent small drainage improvements are identified as the highest priorities by the plan.

Facilities \$6 million

ADA improvements at public facilities are top priority. Additionally, sources of maintenance capital need to be identified as an inventory backlog of over \$100 million in roofing and facility maintenance needs exists.

Total Public Works and Infrastructure

\$649.7 million

SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Planning and Development

\$0 million

Planning and Development will continue to pursue application of the Comprehensive Plan through the initial steps of implementing several small area plans, as well as the beautification of Route 66 and infrastructure to support the Peoria/Mohawk Business Park.

PROGRAM/DEPARTMENT	Proposed
	<u>5-Year Funding</u>
Working In Neighborhoods (WIN)	\$0.1 million
The Animal Shelter's highest priority is completing the remaining phases of the shelter expansion. This expansion would focus on adoption and community outreach program spaces.	
Total Social and Economic Development	\$0.1 million
Metropolitan Tulsa Transit Authority Projects (MTTA) MTTA's highest priorities are the continued replacement of its fleet, the construction of additional passenger shelters, and to improve and expand its service.	\$0.8 million
Total Transportation	\$0.8 million
ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPORT SERVICES	60 1111
Information Technology The Information Technology Department's highest priority is the need for more rigorous	\$0 million
backup and recovery applications for the City's server and enterprise systems. A secondary priority is the automation of the Municipal Court's Courtroom Ticketing System.	
Asset Management Projects	\$0.8 million
AMD's top priorities include the modification of existing maintenance facilities to perform CNG repairs, as well as expanding the City's Compressed Natural Gas Fleet Fueling Infrastructure, and the replacement of one underground fuel tank.	
Short Term Capital Projects	\$3 million
Projects in this category include the replacement of various existing capital equipment, such as; department fleet, facility equipment, and minor facility purchases and repairs.	
Total Administrative and Support Services	\$3.8 million
TOTAL PROPOSED FIVE-YEAR FUNDING PROGRAM	\$669.7 million

CITY OF TULSA FISCAL YEARS 2018-2022 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS FUNDING SCHEDULE SUMMARY OF HIGH PRIORITY FUNDING REQUESTS BY DEPARTMENT

Prepared by the Department of Finance in Collaboration with the Operating Departments All Dollars in Thousands

Project Type	Est. Cost	FY18	FY19	FY20	FY21	FY22	Total
Police Department Projects	\$ 23,345	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,400	\$ 3,400
Fire Department Projects	62,005	-	-	-	-	4,900	4,900
Total Public Safety and Protection	\$ 85,350	\$ -	\$ 	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,300	\$ 8,300
Park and Recreation Department Projects	63,228	-	-	-	-	600	600
Tulsa Zoo Projects	111,900	-	-	-	-	500	500
Gilcrease Museum Projects	13,499	-	-	-	-	1,950	1,950
CBC/BOK Projects	40,018	-	-	-	-	2,800	2,800
Performing Arts Center Projects	99,820	-	-	-	-	150	150
River Parks Projects	 60,454	-	 	 -	 -	900	900
Total Cultural Devel. and Recreation	\$ 388,919	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,900	\$ 6,900
Street and Expressway Projects	1,658,980	-	-	50,000	50,000	64,100	164,100
Water System Projects	1,507,579	55,017	39,003	38,066	33,201	33,557	198,844
Sanitary Sewer System Projects	628,187	46,291	45,304	43,238	57,654	63,274	255,761
Flood Control Projects	90,893	5,100	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	25,100
Facilities Maintenance Projects	179,522	-	-	-	-	6,000	6,000
Total Public Works	\$ 4,065,161	\$ 106,408	\$ 89,307	\$ 136,304	\$ 145,855	\$ 171,931	\$ 649,805
Planning and Development Projects	78,330	-	-	-	-	-	
Working In Neighborhoods (WIN) Projects	5,850	-	-	-	-	100	100
Total Social and Economic Development	\$ 84,180	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 100	\$ 100
Metropolitan Tulsa Transit Authority Projects	13,135	-	-	-	-	800	800
Total Transportation	\$ 13,135	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 800	\$ 800
Information Technology Projects	2,978	-	-	-	-	-	_
Equipment Management Projects	8,600	-	-	-	-	800	800
Short Term & Contracted Capital Projects	43,500	-	-	-	-	3,000	3,000
Total Administrative and Support	\$ 55,078	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,800	\$ 3,800
Total of All Capital Project Types	\$ 4,691,823	\$ 106,408	\$ 89,307	\$ 136,304	\$ 145,855	\$ 191,831	\$ 669,705

Amounts shown do not reflect the value of the Capital Inventory. Dollars reflect the estimated cost of those projects needed in the next five years.

CITY OF TULSA FISCAL YEARS 2018-2022 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS FUNDING SCHEDULE SUMMARY OF FUNDING REQUESTS BY FUNDING SOURCE *

Prepared by the Department of Finance in Collaboration with the Operating Departments (amount expressed in thousands)

Funding Source		Est. Cost	st. Cost		FY19			FY20		FY21	FY22		<u>Total</u>	
Future Bond Program	\$	976.900	\$	_	\$	_	\$	50.000	\$	50,000	\$	50.000	\$	150,000
Future Sales Tax Program	*	240,301	*	-	*	_	*	-	*	-	*	40,000	*	40,000
Water Enterprise		727,217		40,467		32,458		29,673		30,501		31,958		165,057
Water Revenue Bond		780,362		14,550		6,545		8,393		2,700		1,599		33,787
State Sewer (FAP)		27,487		4,519		10,630		4,673		7,346		4,561		31,729
Sewer Enterprise		492,909		17,412		23,208		30,735		39,141		46,513		157,009
State Sewer Loan		107,791		24,360		11,466		7,830		11,167		12,200		67,023
Storm Sewer Enterprise		54,250		5,100		5,000		5,000		5,000		5,000		25,100
Deferred Funding		1,284,606								-				
Total Funding by Source	\$	4,691,823	\$	106,408	\$	89,307	\$	136,304	\$	145,855	\$	191,831	\$	669,705

^{*} Other Funding Sources: Existing Sales Tax Programs; Golf Course Fees; Tax Increment Financing; Equipment Management Fund; Special Purpose Revenue Bonds; and Private Matching Funding.

Amounts shown do not reflect the value of the Capital Inventory. Dollars reflect the estimated cost of those projects needed in the next five years.

CONSTRAINED VERSUS UNCONSTRAINED INVENTORY BY DEPARTMENT

Fiscal years 2018 – 2022 (amount expressed in thousands)

Project Type		nstrained ventory		onstrained ventory		Total
Police Department Projects	\$	23,345	\$	29,960	\$	53,305
Fire Department Projects		62,005		<u>-</u>		62,005
Total Public Safety and Protection	\$	85,350	\$	29,960	\$	115,310
Park and Recreation Projects		63,228		98,350		161,578
Tulsa Zoo Projects		111,900		-		111,900
Gilcrease Museum Projects		13,499		-		13,499
Cox Business Center and BOK Center		40,018		61,706		101,724
Performing Arts Center		99,820		7,980		107,800
River Parks Projects		60,454		184,057		244,511
Total Cultural Development and Recreation	\$	388,919	\$	352,093	\$	741,012
Street and Expressway Projects		1,658,980		1,341,280		3,000,260
Water System Projects		1,507,579		-		1,507,579
Sanitary Sewer System Projects		628,187		55,240		683,427
Flood Control Projects		90,893		306,798		397,691
		179,522		100,307		279,829
Total Public Works and Development	\$_	4,065,161	\$	1,803,625	\$	5,868,786
Planning and Development Projects		78,330		679,044		757,374
Working In Neighborhoods (WIN) Projects		5,850				5,850
Total Social and Economic Development	\$	84,180	\$	679,044	\$	763,224
Tulsa Transit Projects		13,135		30		13,165
Total Transportation	\$		\$	30	\$	
Total Transportation	<u> </u>	13,135	Ψ	30	Þ	13,165
Information Technology Department Projects		2,978		37,075		40,053
Equipment Management Projects		8,600		33,345		41,945
Short Term & Contracted Capital Projects		43,500		<u>-</u>		43,500
Total Administrative and Support Services	\$	55,078	\$	70,420	\$	125,498
Total of All Capital Project Types	\$	4,691,823	\$	2,935,172	\$	7,626,995

CITY OF TULSA
FISCAL YEARS 2018-2022 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS FUNDING SCHEDULE
Prepared by the Department of Finance in Collaboration with the Operating Departments
All Dollars In Thousands. Projects Shown in Boldface Type are New Requests
Priority Indicated Represents Department's Rating

Ref. Project	Est. Cost	FY1	8 F	Y19	FY20	FY21	FY22	Tota
PUBLIC SAFETY & PROTECTION Police Department								
Police Vehicle Replacement and Equipment	\$ 16,500					\$	3,400 \$	3,400
2 Future Unfunded Projects Total Police Department Projects	6,845 \$ 23,345		- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	3,400 \$	3,400
Fire Department								
3 Fire Apparatus	18,63	0					3,500	3,500
4 Fire Training Academy Props	7,00	0					1,400	1,400
5 Future Unfunded Projects	36,37	5						(
Total Fire Department Projects OTAL PUBLIC SAFETY AND PROTECTION PROJECTS	\$ 62,005 \$ 85,350		- \$ - \$	<u>- \$</u> - \$	- \$ - \$	- \$ - \$	4,900 \$ 8,300 \$	4,900 8,300
	Ψ 00,000	•	Ψ	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Ψ	0,000 \$	0,000
CULTURAL DEVELOPMENT & RECREATION Park And Recreation Department								
6 Playground and Safety Surfaces	1,525						600	600
7 Future Unfunded Projects Total Parks And Recreation Department Projects	\$ 63,228		- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	600 \$	600
	Ψ 00,220	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	σου ψ	
Tulsa Zoo								
8 Pathways/Service Roads/Staff Parking Repair	2,000	1					500	500
9 Future Unfunded Projects	109,900							
Total Zoo Projects	\$ 111,900	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	500 \$	500
Gilcrease Museum								
10 Mechanical Repairs and Improvements	1,950	ı					1,950	1,950
11 Future Unfunded Projects	11,549	ı						_
Total Gilcrease Projects	\$ 13,499		- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	1,950 \$	1,950
Convention Center and BOK								
	0.75						0.000	
12 BOK - Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	3,754						2,800	2,800
13 Future Unfunded Projects Total Convention Center and BOK	36,264 \$ 40,018		- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	2,800 \$	2,800
Performing Arts Center Department		•				·		
14 TPAC Loading Dock	150	ı					150	150
14 TFAC LOAding Dock	130	'					150	130
15 Future Unfunded Projects Total Performing Arts Center Department Projects	99,670 \$ 99,820		- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	150 \$	150
Total Fertonning Arts Center Department Projects	\$ 99,020	φ	- v	- φ	- 4	- 4	150 ф	130
River Parks 16 West Tulsa Sports Complex	900						900	900
17 Future Unfunded Projects	59,554						300	-
Total River Parks Projects	\$ 60,454	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	900 \$	900
OTAL CULTURAL DEVELOPMENT & RECREATION PROJECTS	\$ 388,919	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	6,900 \$	6,900
PUBLIC WORKS AND INFRASTRUCTURE								
Expressways, Streets, Bridges And Trails Projects	0.75				4.500	4.500	4.500	4.500
18 Gilcrease Expressway Local Match (20% of Total)	8,750				1,500	1,500	1,500	4,500
19 City Match For Federal, State Or County Projects (Ongoing)	7,000				1,000	1,000	1,000	3,000
20 ADA Improvements - Citywide (Roadways)	15,400	1			500	500	500	1,500
21 Bridge Replacement Citywide (Ongoing)	60,000	ı			500	500	500	1,500
22 Bridge Rehabilitation/Repair, Citywide (Ongoing)	10,000				500	500	500	1,500
23 Arterial Streets Sidewalk Improvements	4,000	ı					450	450
·	\$ 105,150		- \$	- \$	4,000 \$	4,000 \$	4,450 \$	12,450
Total Express, Streets, Bridges, Trails	\$ 105,150	Þ	- 4	- ş	4,000 \$	4,000 \$	4,450 \$	12,450
Major Rehabilitation Arterial Street Rehabilitation Including Routine and	405,750				7,000	7,000	7000	21,000
Preventative (PCI 65 By 2020) (Ongoing) Residential Street Rehabilitation Including Routine and								
Preventative (PCI 65 By 2020) (Ongoing)	470,000				39,000	39,000	39000	117,000
26 Arterial Street Preventative Rehabilitation	40,600	1					8200	8,200
27 Residential Street Preventative Rehabilitation	24,930	ı					5000	5,000
Total Major Rehabilitation <u>Traffic Engineering</u>	\$ 941,280	\$	- \$	- \$	46,000 \$	46,000 \$	59,200 \$	151,200
28 Pavement Marking and Delineation	9,300						450	450
-								
Total Traffic Engineering	\$ 9,300	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	450 \$	450

	Drie	ority	Priority Indicated Represents Department's R	ating
Funding Source	FY18	FY17	Comments	Ref.
			PUBLIC SAFETY & PROTECT	CTION
Future Sales Tax	High	High	Police Depar To replace capital equipment needs, including squad cars and miscellaneous equipment.	rtment 1
Deferred Funding	Low	Low	Future projects identified within Constrained Inventory, but not funded within FY18-22 timeframe.	2
			Fire Depar	rtment
Future Sales Tax	High	High	Continuation of replacement program for emergency response apparatus. The additional training props will allow the Tulsa Fire Academy to conduct training and certification testing and reduce the need	3
Future Sales Tax	High	High	for outside travel and training.	4
Deferred Funding	Low	Low	Future projects identified within Constrained Inventory, but not funded within FY18-22 timeframe.	5
			CULTURAL DEVELOPMENT & RECRE, Park And Recreation Depar	
Future Sales Tax Deferred Funding	High Low	High Low	Will provide new playground equipment and safety surfaces at identified sites. Future projects identified within Constrained Inventory, but not funded within FY18-22 timeframe.	6 7
Deterred Funding	LOW	LOW	rutule projects identified within Constrained inventory, but not fullded within F1 16-22 limetraine.	,
Future Sales Tax	High	High	Tuls	a Zoo 8
Deferred Funding	High Low	High Low	To make repairs/replacements of zoo site paving and pathways to prevent zoo patron and staff injury due to slips, trips and falls Future projects identified within Constrained Inventory, but not funded within FY18-22 timeframe.	. 9
			Gilcrease Mc	ISAIIM
			This supplements the previous inadequate CIP projects for Humidification, HVAC Controls, and chilled system. This request	
Future Sales Tax	High	High	also includes replacement of VAV units with controls, HVAC steam humidification upgrade, HVAC controls, three fan coils, heating water boilers and flue, domestic water heater, AHU 10, chilled water system and heathing water system.	10
Deferred Funding	Low	Low	Future projects identified within Constrained Inventory, but not funded within FY18-22 timeframe.	11
			Convention Center and	вок
Future Sales Tax	High	High	Replace and upgrade various components of Furniture, facilities & Equipment systems within the BOK Center. As listed in 5 year detail of 30 Year Maintenance Plan.	12
Deferred Funding	Low	Low	Future projects identified within Constrained Inventory, but not funded within FY18-22 timeframe.	13
			Performing Arts Center Depar	rtment
Future Sales Tax	High	High	To repair aging concrete infrastructure that is failing. The loading dock driveway must be resurfaced and altered to allow the receipt of tractor trailers without damaging the trailer and the drive way. Various concrete steps used by the public are	14
Deferred Funding	Low	Low	crumbling and failing. Future projects identified within Constrained Inventory, but not funded within FY18-22 timeframe.	15
			River	Parks
Future Sales Tax	High	High	Facilities upgrades to accommodate expanded youth and adult league activities. Future projects identified within Constrained Inventory, but not funded within FY18-22 timeframe.	16 17
Deferred Funding	Low	Low	rutule projects identified within Constrained inventory, but not funded within F116-22 limetraine.	17
			PUBLIC WORKS AND INFRASTRUC	TURE
Future Bond Program	High	High	Expressways, Streets, Bridges And Trails Provide local match for Gilcrease construction grants.	ojects 18
r didio Bona i rogiani	9	9	Provide matching funds for Federal and ODOT programs such as STP (Gilcrease Expressway), TIGER Grants, TCSP, Safe	
Future Bond Program	High	High	Routes to Schools, the Transportation Enhancement Program, Railway improvements, Scenic Byways and other funding opportunities for the next 20 years. The 5-year projected need for local matching funds is \$22 million, assuming that these Federal grant programs are continually reauthorized. This amount is based on current availability of Federal and State grant funding.	19
Future Bond Program	High	High	Improve accessibility for disabled citizens of Tulsa at various identified locations citywide by improving sidewalks, curb ramps and signalized intersections to minimum Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) standards.	20
Future Bond Program Future Bond Program	High High	High High	Replace functionally obsolete, structurally deficient and or load posted bridges citywide. Provide major repairs to functional bridges in the City of Tulsa to stop deterioration.	21 22
Future Sales Tax	High	High	riovide inajor repairs to runctional bridges in the City of Tuisa to stop deterioration.	23
	Ü	Ü	Repair existing sidewalks on arterial streets and provide sidewalks in areas needed, in compliance with all ADA standards	
Future Band Brogram	Lliab	Lliab	Major Rehabili	
Future Bond Program	High	High	Perform necessary rehabilitation on arterial streets as indicated through the Pavement Management System.	24
Future Bond Program	High	High	Perform necessary rehabilitation on non-arterial streets as indicated through the Pavement Management System. Repair of arterial streets that require multiple repairs of the same area to prolong usable life of street and prevent total	25
Future Sales Tax	High	High	replacement	26
Future Sales Tax	High	High	Repair of non-arterial streets that require multiple repairs of the same area to prolong usable life of street and prevent total replacement	27
Future Sales Tax	High	High	Installation of new signage, durable pavement markings and delineation of medians to improve safety and congestion on arterial streets.	28

Ref.	Project	Est. Cost	FY18	FY19	FY20	FY21	FY22	Total
29	Future Unfunded Projects Total Streets And Expressway Projects	603,250 \$ 1,658,980 \$	- \$	- \$	50,000 \$	50,000 \$	64,100 \$	164,100
	Water System Supply							
30	Raw Water Flowlines Repairs- Spavinaw	76,750	250	250				500
31	Unruh Terminal Storage Repair	425	350					350
32	Lynn Lane and Yahola Terminal Storage Repair	2,200	2,000					2,000
33	Source Water Protection and Management Program	74,341	752	772	803	820	824	3,971
34	Eucha, Spavinaw Water Quality Court Master	57,810	580	600	610	630	650	3,070
35	Eucha Dam Radial Gates Rehabilitation	5,500	5,000					5,000
36	Raw Water Flowline Repairs Tiawah Tunnel	1,500		1,000				1,000
37	Modify Spavinaw/Oologah Intertie	466		105	361			466
38	Eucha Dam Anchoring	16,865			15,965			15,965
39 40	Spavinaw Pump Station Rehabilitation Mohawk Pump Stations 1 & 2 Rehabilitation	11,522 16,380		772 90	810			772 900
41	Woods Pump Station Refurbishment	2,920				50	500	550
42	Grand River Pump Station Refurbishment	4,320				70	700	770
	Total Supply	\$ 270,999 \$	8,932 \$	3,589 \$	18,549 \$	1,570 \$	2,674 \$	35,314
	Treatment & Pumping							
43	Mohawk WTP HSPS Rehabilitation and Improvements	10,100	500	4,500				5,000
44	A.B. Jewell Capacity Expansion to 150 MGD	29,395				1,273	2,122	3,395
45	A.B. Jewell WTP Clarifier Upgrades/Rehabilitation	25,249	9,930			7,519		17,449
46	A.B. Jewell Chemical Feed Facilities Improvements	3,043			206	437		643
47	A.B. Jewell WTP Residuals Handling, Thickening and Dewatering Improvements	10,445				959	4936	5,895
48	A.B. Jewell WTP Electrical - Upgrade TMUA-owned medium voltage switchgear	3,500	2600					2,600
49	A.B. Jewell WTP New Emergency Generator Equipment	5,462					562	562
50	Sodium Hydroxide Storage and Feed System Upgrade	728		109	619			728
51	Powdered Activated Carbon Feed System Upgrade	696	62	634				696
	Total Treatment And Pumping	\$ 88,618 \$	13,092 \$	5,243 \$	825 \$	10,188 \$	7,620 \$	36,968
52	<u>Transmission & Distribution</u> Water Line Relocations-Citywide	55,460	1,900	1,050	1,050	900	1,100	6,000
53	Water Mains Replacements - City Wide	770,862	5,050	6,545	8,393	2,700	1,599	24,287
	Water Mains Replacements - City Wide	85,946	9,175	4,255	3,000	9,241	10,500	36,171
54	Water Mains Replacements - Less than 6-inch	32,227	2,732	4,502	2,898	4,776	3,075	17,983
55	Central Bus.Dist. Water Main Replacement	4,781	350	350	350	350	350	1,750
56	Dead-End Distribution Mains Connections	4,550	350	350	350	350	350	1,750
57	Water Vault & Large Meter Upgrades	1,200		200		200		400
58	Transmission Main from A.B. Jewell - Phase 1	58,309					3,799	3,799
59	Unserved Areas	2,300		100		100		200
60	Water Tanks - Repaint/Rehabilitation	91,158	100	3,090	2,251	2,317	100	7,658 500
61	Large Water Valve Replacement-City Wide	800	100	100	100	100	100	500

Funding Source	FY18	FY17	Comments	Ref.
Deferred Funding	Low	Low	Future projects identified within Constrained Inventory, but not funded within FY18-22 timeframe.	29
			Water Sy S	/stem upply
Water Enterprise	High	High	Ongoing projects to assess, rehabilitate, and repair raw water flowlines and associated facilities.	30
·	Ü	Ü		
Water Enterprise	High	High	Rehabilitation of the concrete stairs along E. 21st St. at the access area.	31
Water Enterprise	High	High	Rehabilitation and repair of the Lynn Lane reservoir and drainage channel improvements to address OWRB requirements.	32
Water Enterprise	High	High	Ongoing program to protect and preserve the quality and integrity of the City's water supply, implement TMUA Policy for Land Acquisition, monitor water quality in the Spavinaw/Eucha and Oologah watersheds, identify and mitigate encroachments to the Spavinaw and Oologah flowlines, protect city assets and landowner rights, maintain water system security and provide surveying (as required) along the flowlines.	33
Water Enterprise	High	High	Implementation of the Court Master Agreement for the Spavinaw/Eucha watershed.	34
Water Enterprise	High	High	The purpose of this project is to rehabilitate the radial gates at the Eucha Dam by recoating the gates; removing all surface corrosion; repairing all pitted corrosion areas; reshaping or replacing all deformed members; and replace all leaking seals.	35
Water Enterprise	High	High	Repairs to the Tiawah Tunnel will consist of 1.) Filling the voids between the lining of the mined section of the tunnel; 2.) Installing reinforced concrete along 148 feet of unreinforce open-cut section of the tunnel; and 3.) Repair the delaminated and drummy concrete in the reinforce open-cut area using a cast-in-place concrete method for the areas identified in the 2015 inspection report.	36
Water Enterprise	High	High	Evaluate the ability of the raw water intertie at Bird Creek Pump Station to transfer water from either supply line and route to either water treatment plant. This project includes the rehabilitation/replacement of the site piping needed to make a transfer to either plant.	37
Water Enterprise	High	High	The purpose of the project is to prevent the dam from sliding or overturning during a flood event. This project provides for investigating the need for major structural improvements to protect the dam during a major flood event.	38
Water Enterprise	High	High	Rehabilitation of the Spavinaw Pump Station to include butterfly valve replacement.	39
Water Enterprise	High	High	Replace roof on Mohawk Pump Station No. 2. Fugliate and legent the period to the peri	40
Water Enterprise	High	High	Evaluate and Inspect the horizontal turbine pump; the Engine Control Panel (ECP); the electrical switchgear; and evaluate the operational efficiency of the pump engines.	41
Water Enterprise	High	High	Evaluate and inspect the vertical turbine pump; inspect and redress the right angle drive; evaluate and upgrade the electrical switchgear; and evaluate the operational efficiency of the pumps and engines.	42
Water Enterprise	High	High	Treatment & Pun Detailed evaluation of VFD requirements; Replace one (1) 60-Inch Check Valve; Replace one (1) 30-inch and one (1) 36-inch isolation valve; Install two (2) New VFDs on Pump 9-P-6 & 9-P-10 with new motors.	nping 43
Water Enterprise	High	High	Provide a firm treatment capacity of 150 MGD, inlcuding new raw water junction chamber.	44
Water Enterprise	High	High	Clarifier upgrades include retrofitting each existing basin to increase capacity to 40 MGD. Replacement of existing rapid mix, flocculation, and sludge collection equipment is included, as well as new inclined plate settlers equipment in each basin. Baffle upgrades, valve and gate replacements are also included.	45
Water Enterprise	High	High	Facilities identified for rehabilitation or replacement by EMA study. Includes PAC slurry system, chlorine system, chlorine scrubbers, and various chemical storage tanks and feed systems. Replace obsolete PAC with Silo style storage located closer to point of application; Upgrade chemical feed systems to coordinate with 30 MGD expansion.	46
Water Enterprise	High	High	Add at least two additional thickeners; new backwash waste water equalization tanks; upgrades to sludge pump station #1 and #2; modify belt filter press (BFP) sump drainage system piping; Provide increased capacity for production increases.	47
Water Enterprise	High	High	Reconfigure automatic transfer switch for two independent power sources; Replace 13.2 KV Distribution switchgear; Install transient voltage surge suppression for added protection of VFDs and sensitive electrical equipment.	48
Water Enterprise	High	High	Expanded and improved Standby power generator. Provide ability to pump and treat up to 30 MGD in the event PSO power is	49
Water Enterprise	High	High	lost. The project consist of installing two (2) sodium hydroxide storage tanks, one transfer pump, one day tank, four feed pumps and associated control system and relocate it to the raw water chemical building immediately adjacent to the clear well injection points.	50
Water Enterprise	High	High	This project involves replacing the existing powdered activated carbon (PAC) feed system and storage location. Project will create individual PAC injection point to each clarifier(s) which will allow for a more tailored approach of addressing the taste and odor (T&O) and cyanotoxin removal that will be specific to each clarifier.	51
			Transmission & Distrib	ution
Water Enterprise	High	High	Provide funding for ongoing program to relocate water lines associated with other City improvement projects.	52
Water Revenue Bond	High	High	Replace water lines that meet the replacement criteria and/or have excessive break histories. Priorities will be determined based on line condition, age, type of materials, and coordination with other infrastructure improvements in the area to maximize efficiency and minimize the impact to customers and businesses.	53
Water Enterprise	High	High	Replace water lines that meet the replacement criteria and/or have excessive break histories. Priorities will be determined based on line condition, age, type of materials, and coordination with other infrastructure improvements in the area to maximize efficiency and minimize the impact to customers and businesses.	
Water Enterprise	High	High	Replace all waterline that are less than 6-inch in diameter on an established schedule to improve service and provide fire protection. The City currently has approximately 124 miles of 2-inch and smaller lines in service.	54
Water Enterprise	High	High	Replace waterlines in the Central Business District.	55
Water Enterprise	High	High	Elimination of dead end mains.	56
Water Enterprise	High	High	Ongoing program to replace water meters citywide to support revenue assurance policies.	57
Water Enterprise	High	High	Construct large waterline from AB Jewell to 51st St. and 129th East Ave.	58
Water Enterprise	High	High	Provide water service to unserved, developed areas in response to citizen petitions.	59
Water Enterprise	High	High	Program to maintain and rehabilitate above ground treated water storage tanks. Funding may also be used to modify tanks to improve circulation for chloramine disinfection.	60
Water Enterprise	High	High	Replace large water valves throughout water system.	61
	3	,		

Ref.	Project	Est. Cost	FY18	FY19	FY20	FY21	FY22	Total
62	Cherokee Waterlines	9,500	9,500					9,500
	Cherokee Waterlines	9,220		9,220				9,220
63 64	Utility Bridges - Repaint/Rehabilitation Berry Hill Waterline Extension	1,400 5,905	100 2,300	100	100	100	100	500 2,300
65	Cherokee Waterlines - 2025	7,900					800	800
66	Transmission Line Condition Assessment	800	200		200		200	600
67	W. 23rd St. 12" Waterline Installation	1,236	1,236					1,236
68	Pump Station Rehabilitation (Reservoir Hill PS and SSS-PS)	1,290					1,290	1,290
69	Automatic Meter Reading - City Wide	3,118		309		309		618
	Total Transmission And Distribution Total Water System Projects	\$ 1,147,962 \$ \$ 1,507,579 \$		30,171	\$ 18,692 \$ \$ 38,066 \$	21,443 \$		126,562 198,844
	Sanitary Sewer System							
69	Northside Plant Northside WWTP Sludge Handling Facilities	16,801					1,600	1,600
	Total Northside Plant	\$ 16,801 \$	- \$; -	\$ - \$	5 - \$		1,600
70	Northside Collection System Jones Creek Relief (91-N)	4,693		4,342				4,342
	Jones Creek Relief (91-N)	351	351					351
71	30-N Relief	5,875	385	396	5,094			5,875
72	Airport - Northeast LS & FM	3,739	359	3,380				3,739
73	Northgate LS Relief	1,273	1,273					1,273
74	93-N Relief	5,368		4871				4,871
75	Douglas Creek Relief (97-N)	3,703					259	259
76	Flatrock West 9-N Relief	7,807		527	560		6,720	7,807
77	Apache Lift Station Force Main	109		109				109
	Total Northside Collection System	\$ 32,918 \$	2,368 \$	13,625	\$ 5,654 \$	- \$	6,979 \$	28,626
77	Southside Plant SS WWTP Concrete Protective Coatings	1,956		309		309		618
78	Southside WWTP System Odor Control Study	1,975	1,750					1,750
79	71st Street Dewatering Facility - Storage Tank Repair	1,300	1,300					1,300
80	71st Street Drying Bed Modification	2,400	2,200					2,200
	Total Southside Plant	\$ 7,631 \$	5,250 \$	309	\$ - \$	309 \$	- \$	5,868
	Southside Collection System							
81	Berryhill North Interceptor	7,251				571	588	1,159
82	Northwest Regional Lift Station, Force Main & FEB, Ph 1	13,716			1,779	1,633	10,304	13,716
83	West Tulsa 39, 40, 41-S Relief	35,666		310	1,599		11,129	13,038
84	Crow Crook North 63 S Rollinf	1,891		1,751			4 504	1,751
85	Crow Creek North 62-S Relief Crow Creek North 62-S Relief	4,561 369				369	4,561	4,561 369
86	Crow Creek East 62-S Relief	2,416				181	2235	2,416
87	Joe-LaFortune 70-S Relief	3,002		2,783				2,783

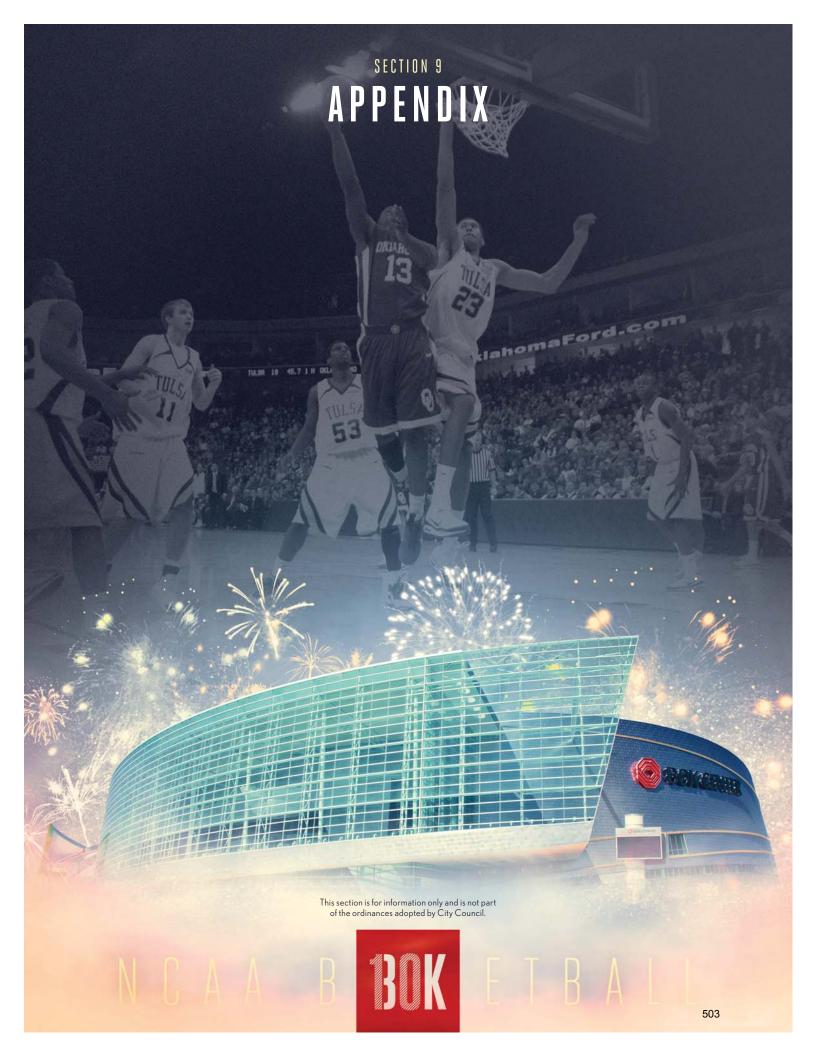
Funding Source	FY18	FY17	Comments	Ref.
Water Revenue Bond	High	High	Construct waterline to increase transmission and distribution capacity in North Tulsa and Cherokee Industrial Park. First project consists of approximately 5 miles of large diameter water line to serve current maximum day demands. Preliminary design is completed and final design and right-of-way acquisition are underway. Second phase of the project includes 12-inch between Sheridan and Yale along 96th North, 12-inch between 96th and 106th North along Yale, and 24-inch from 66th North and Harvard to 106th North and Sheridan. 2012 Comprehensive Plan indicates Phase 1 will not be needed until 2020.	62
Water Enterprise	High	High	Construct waterline to increase transmission and distribution capacity in North Tulsa and Cherokee Industrial Park. First project consists of approximately 5 miles of large diameter water line to serve current maximum day demands. Preliminary design is completed and final design and right-of-way acquisition are underway. Second phase of the project includes 12-inch between Sheridan and Yale along 96th North, 12-inch between 96th and 106th North along Yale, and 24-inch from 66th North and Harvard to 106th North and Sheridan. 2012 Comprehensive Plan indicates Phase 1 will not be needed until 2020.	
Water Enterprise	High	High	Program to maintain utility bridges.	63
Water Enterprise	High	High	New 12-inch along 49th and 65th West Avenue between 21st and 41st.	64
Water Enterprise	High	High	Construct 10,560 LF of 24-inch waterline from 106th Street North to 116th Street North along Harvard and Sheridan and 10,560 LF of 12-inch waterline between Harvard and Sheridan along 116th Street North. 5,280 LF of 12-inch waterline between 106th and 116th Street North along Yale to increase transmission and distribution capacity to support growth in Cherokee Industrial Park annexiation area.	65
Water Enterprise	High	High	Monitor and evaluate transmission lines citywide. Funding may also be used to modify and improve entry for testing and monitoring.	66
Water Enterprise	High	High	Install 2,200 LF 12-inch wateline along W. 23rd St. S. between S. Jackson Ave and Southwest Blvd.	67
Water Enterprise	High	High	Rehabilitation of the Reservoir Hill PS building and replacement of pumps and drives; piping modification and addition of a pump at the SSS-PS.	68
Water Enterprise	High	High	This project Installs Automatic Meter Reading (AMR) for new meter installations and all new commercial and 3-inch and larger meters are required to be AMR.	69
			Sanitary Sewer Sy <u>Northside</u>	
Sewer Enterprise	High	High	This is a place holder project. The Solids Thickening and Facility Plan study currently being performed to evaluated current treatment facilities, identify current and future needs, and recommend rehabilitation and/or upgrades.	69
State Source (FAR)	Lliab	Lliab	Northside Collection Sy	
State Sewer (FAP)	High	High	Provide additional capacity of Upper Mingo/Jones Creek Interceptor.	70
Sewer Enterprise	High	High	Provide additional capacity of Upper Mingo/Jones Creek Interceptor.	
Sewer Enterprise	High	High	Provide additional capacity for Coal Creek 30-N and 94-N maintenance areas. This line will be a replacement with a new line. Probably with pipe busting. I&I abatement in this area is planned and funded for FY15. Futher capacity enhancements will be assessed later. This project serves as a place holder should I/I abatement not work.	71
Sewer Enterprise	High	High	Capacity is need driven; rehabilitation of equipment/structure is needed to extend service life. As part of the ultimate build out of the Airport Lift Station, a submersible lift station with four submersible pumps is planned to be added to the Airport Lift Station. The existing Airport Lift Station building will be used for electrical, instrumentation, and controls equipment. This expansion will	72
State Sewer Loan	High	High	Construct 6,000 If of 10-inch pipe to relieve the Northgate Lift Station.	73
Sewer Enterprise	High	High	Provide additional capacity to the interceptors serving area 93-N.	74
Sewer Enterprise	High	High	Douglas Creek 97-N Relief: The Douglas Creek interceptor serves Area 97-N. This project would build a relief line add capacity to overloaded lines. Engineering study would determine if a larger pipe would be used (with pipe bursting) or if a parallel line is needed. Likely recommendation is a larger pipe to mitigate I&I. REFERENCE COMP STUDY for pipe lenghts.	75
Sewer Enterprise	High	High	Provide added capacity to overloaded lines. and rehabilitation is most likely needed as the piping is many years past predicted service life. A report from CH2M Hill in	76
Sewer Enterprise	High	High	October of 1987, indicated that the Force Main had a remaining life of 20 years, which means that the Force Main is 9-10 years past its expected useful life. The Force Main is critical to operations of the Northside Wastewater Treatment Plant and needs to be evaluated in order to create a plan to reahabilitate, so as to affect service to the customer as little as possible. Project needed to reduce the potential for unpermitted discharges from the collections system.	77
			Southside	<u>Plant</u>
Sewer Enterprise	High	High	Concrete structure repair due to H2S corrosion.	77
Sewer Enterprise	High	High	Construct projects recommended in Odor Control Study. Top priorities are odor and corrosion protection for diversion structure at 53rd and Riverside, Kensington LS and force main, SSWWTP digester sludge transfer box, &1st Street Dewatering facility,Intermediate Pump Station and upgrades of WWTP main odor control.	78
State Sewer Loan	High	High	Replace Mixing system in sludge holding tanks at dewatering facility.	79
State Sewer (FAP)	High	High	Operators have commented that the existing gravel underdrain frequently becomes clogged, reduces productivity of land application efforts, and requires removal and replacement of gravel. The gravel strips, even when working, make loading of material difficult due to the constant settlement in each trench. Operators dumping material have reported injuries associated with truck tires falling into the trench. Consider abandoning gravel drains and construct concrete surface that allows free water to drain to a surface inlet.	80
			Southside Collection Sy	/stem
Sewer Enterprise	High	High	Provide sewer to unserved area of Berryhill. Design is to be funded in 2021 and right of way purchased in 2022. Construction would follow. Ltructed at the same time to pump to southside plant.	81
Sewer Enterprise	High	High	Provide sewer to unserved area. A lift station will be constructed on the south bank of the Arkansas River. Initially it will receive flow from only the Berryhill and Berryhill East drainage areas. This project is the first project in a series of projects that will provide service to this area in the West and Northwest parts of Tulsa.	82
Sewer Enterprise	High	High	Provide additional capacity and rehab for the West Tulsa area. Original scope was for replacement of 10-inch line on surface. Scope and budget subject to SRP for SSOs in 39-S and 40-S.	83
State Sewer (FAP)	High	High	Provide added capacity to overloaded lines.	84
State Sewer (FAP)	High	High	Provide added capacity to overloaded lines.	85
Sewer Enterprise	High	High	Provide added capacity to overloaded lines.	
Sewer Enterprise	High	High	Provide added capacity to overloaded lines.	86
State Sewer Loan	High	High	Provide added capacity to overloaded lines.	87

Ref.	Project	Est. Cost	FY18	FY19	FY20	FY21	FY22	Total
88	RL Jones Riverside Airport - Sewer Eastside	1,945	273	1,407				1,680
89	Southside WWTP Solids Handling Access Road	3,000	3,000					3,000
90	71st Street Lift Station Electrical Upgrades	831		162	669			831
91	Southside WWTP Electrical Upgrades	3,411			715	2,696		3,411
92	Southside WWTP Digester MCC Replacement	1,048		205	843			1,048
	TotalSouthside Collection	\$ 79,107 \$	3,273 \$	6,618 \$	5,605 \$	5,450 \$	28,817 \$	49,763
	Haikey Creek Plant							
93	Haikey WWTP Primary Clarifier Addition	9,743			906	8,837		9,743
94	Haikey WWTP Anaerobic Digester Addition	17,392			1,530	15,862		17,392
95	Haikey Crk Lift Station Electrical Upgrades	140		27	113			140
96	Haikey Crk SAMS Replacement	7,032	520	536	552	568	489	2,665
97	Haikey Creek WWTP Electrical Load and Transformer Improvements	878		172	706			878
98	Dewatering Facility	3,353					293	293
99	Activated Sludge Diffused Aeration	8,837	8,837					8,837
100	Grit Facility Rehabilitation	1,800	1,650					1,650
	Total Haikey Creek Plant	\$ 49,175 \$	11,007 \$	735 \$	3,807 \$	25,267 \$	782 \$	41,598
	Lower Bird Creek Plant							
101	Excess Flow Line From LBCWWTP To Port South	5,663		1,133	4,530			5,663
	Total Lower Bird Creek Plant	\$ 5,663 \$	- \$	1,133 \$	4,530 \$	- \$	- \$	5,663
102	<u>Lower Bird Creek Collection System</u> Spunky Creek Main Stem South Contract 1	3,250	3,000					3,000
	Spunky Creek Main Stem South Contract 2	26,716	0,000			3,182	3,183	6,365
	Total Lower Bird Creek Collection System	\$ 29,966 \$	3,000 \$	- \$	- \$	3,182 \$	3,183 \$	9,365
	Wastewater System Misc. Improvements							
104	Resurface WWTP & Lift Stations Roadways & Parking	368			368			368
	Total Wastewater System Misc. Imp	\$ 368 \$	- \$	- \$	368 \$	- \$	- \$	368
	Areawide Collection System							
105	Sewer Rehab Area Wide	67,216	5,600	4,050	3,300	8,167	5,700	26,817
106	Sewer Rehab Area Wide Unsewered Areas Areawide	83,516 81,197	1,800	3,750 2,388	4,700 2,459	433	3,255	13,938 4,847
100	Unsewered Areas Areawide	2,319	2,319	2,000	2,400	2,533		4,852
107	Concrete Pipe Replacement	52,770	4,405				4,958	9,363
	Concrete Pipe Replacement	14,023		4,537	4,673	4,813		14,023
108	Areawide Point Repairs	30,325		4,050	3,075			7,125
	Areawide Point Repairs	8,200	2,200			3,000	3,000	8,200
109	Lift Station Replacements or Upgrades	18,392	569	609	1,067	1,000	1000	4,245
110	2008 Street Package - Sewer Rehab/Replacement	35,000			3,500	3,500		7,000
	2008 Street Package - Sewer Rehab/Replacement	10,500	3,500	3,500			3,500	10,500
111	FEB Joint & Crack Repairs	3,100	1,000		500		500	2,000
	Total Areawide Collection System Total Sanitary Sewer System Projects	\$ 406,558 \$ \$ 628,187 \$	21,393 \$ 46,291 \$	22,884 \$ 45,304 \$	23,274 \$ 43,238 \$	23,446 \$ 57,654 \$	21,913 \$ 63,274 \$	112,910 255,761

Funding Source	FY18	FY17	Comments	Ref.
Sewer Enterprise	High	High	Construct a new interceptor sewer and sanitary sewer collection system to serve hangers on the east side of RL Jones Airport.	88
Sewer Enterprise	High	High	Construct a new two lane road with shoulders from 76th Street South to 81th Street South. The road will be used as a south entrance to the Biosolids Dewatering Facility. With the increase of traffic on 71st Street, trucks have trouble entering and exiting the plant safely.	89
Sewer Enterprise	High	High	Replace existing motor control center (MCC) MCC-19 and variable frequency drives for the two washwater pumps and two raw water pumps. Project would also segregate incoming utility sources and create a main-tie-main MCC, further enhancing the electrical reliability of the lift station.	90
Sewer Enterprise	High	High	Reconfigure the electrical distribution system at the Southside WWTP, starting with the main incoming switchgear, in order to enhance reliability and upgrade equipment that is nearing the end of its useful service life. The project will involve replacing the main switchgear and re-arrangning how downstream switchgear are fed.	91
Sewer Enterprise	High	High	Replace the motor control center (MCC) in the Digester Building at the Southside WWTP. Project requires the construction of a new MCC building to house the equipment in order to install the new equipment in an unclassified area for compliance with NFPA 820 Fire Protection in Wastewater Treatment and Collection Facilities.	92
			Haikey Creek	Plant
Sewer Enterprise	High	High	Addition of primary clarifiers to increase plant capacity and improve sludge handling.	93
Sewer Enterprise	High	High	Addition of anaerobic digesters to improve sludge handling.	94
Sewer Enterprise	High	High	Project involves replacing two existing disconnect switches, one for each incoming power source, with new adjustable trip breakers, replacing the existing automatic transfer switches (that switches between incoming power sources), and replacing existing VFD/soft starter cabinets with 4 new VFD cabinets (one for each lift station pump).	95
Sewer Enterprise	High	High	Replacement of plant capital at Haikey Creek Waste Water Treatment Plant	96
Sewer Enterprise	High	High	Project involves replacing the main switchgear at the Haikey Creek WWTP with a new, arc resistant switchgear lineup. Project also involves replacing existing motor control centers (MCCs) H109-OPS1-MCC01, H109-OPS1-MCC02, MCC-1, and MCC-1A with new MCCs, as this equipment is near the end of its useful service life.	97
Sewer Enterprise	High	High	The dewatering equipment at the Haikey Creek WWTP has been out of service since 2006 and the process is in need of an overhaul. The dewatering facility will be needed in coordination with anaerobic digester construction in order to discontinue sludge hauling to the Southside WWTP. This project will include two refurbished and/or new belt filter presses, a third new belt filter press, electrical improvements, new dewatered cake conveyors and controls, belt filter press feed pump replacements, inline sludge grinders, a new complete polymer system, filtrate pump replacement, and upgrades to the HVAC system.	98
State Sewer Loan	High	High	This project assumes the removal and replacement of the existing brush aerators located in the oxidation ditches with a fine bubble diffused aeration system. The diffused aeration system would enhance process performance under current permit conditions and would be designed to accommodate requirements under a future scenario with permitted nutrient discharge limits. Major components included in the project cost includes a new blower building equipped with blowers, variable frequency drives, motor controls, and appurtenances, stainless steel aeration equipment, and fine bubble membrane disc diffused aeration grid. Oxidation ditches may be replaced if during design it is determined that is more cost effective.	99
State Sewer Loan	High	High	Replace the influent bar screens and improve grit processing and headworks.	100
State Sewer Loan	High	High	Lower Bird Creek Addition of 48 inch gravity line to Port South to allow increase excess flow from LBCWWTP to discharge to Port South.	Plant 101
			Lower Bird Creek Collection Sy	/stem
Sewer Enterprise	High	High	Provide sewer to unserved area. Includes Easements, Engineering and construction of 3,950' of 36" Interceptor.	102
Sewer Enterprise	High	High	Provide sewer to unserved area.	103
Sower Enterprise	High	High	Wastewater System Misc. Improver	nents 104
Sewer Enterprise	High	High	Resurface of roadways at identified locations.	.04
			Areawide Collection Sy	ıctom
State Sewer Loan	High	High	Project reflects funds not allocated to a specific I&I Abatement project.	105
Sewer Enterprise	High	High	Project reflects funds not allocated to a specific I&I Abatement project.	
Sewer Enterprise	High	High	Unserved area projects.	106
State Sewer (FAP)	High	High	Unserved area projects.	
Sewer Enterprise	High	High	Reflects estimate of need for short term infrastructure reinvestment.	107
State Sewer (FAP)	High	High	Reflects estimate of need for short term infrastructure reinvestment.	
Sewer Enterprise	High	High	Reflects estimate of need for short term infrastructure reinvestment.	108
State Sewer Loan	High	High	Reflects estimate of need for short term infrastructure reinvestment.	
Sewer Enterprise	High	High	Annual repairs, pump replacements, etc. to the collection system lift stations.	109
Sewer Enterprise	High	High	Annual replacement of sewered areas.	110
State Sewer Loan	High	High	Annual rehab and replacement of sewered areas.	
Sewer Enterprise	High	High	Inspect Flow Equalization Basins and determine the condition of concrete slabs and joints. Repair and seal joints in concrete slabs in the first 3 cells of Cherry Creek FEB.	111

Ref.	Project	Е	st. Cost	FY18	FY19	F	Y20	FY21		FY22	 Total
	Flood Control										
112	Citywide - Urgent Small Drainage, Channel Erosion, Channel Rehabilitation, and Master Drainage Plans		54,250	5,100	5,000		5,000	5,0	00	5,000	25,100
113	Future Unfunded Projects		36,643								-
	Total Flood Control Projects	\$	90,893	\$ 5,100	\$ 5,000	\$	5,000 \$	5,0	00 \$	5,000	\$ 25,100
	Public Facilities Maintenance										
114	OTC Maintenance and Rehab		4,600							1,200	1,200
115	City Facililties Roofing		14,208							1,500	1,500
116	Citywide Public Facilities Maintenance		37,104							3,000	3,000
117	ADA Improvements for City Facilities		2,550							300	300
118	Future Unfunded Projects		121,060								-
	Total Public Facilities Maintenance Projects	\$	179,522	\$ -	\$ - ;	\$	- \$		- \$	6,000	\$ 6,000
TOTA	L PUBLIC WORKS AND INFRASTRUCTURE PROJECTS	\$	4,065,161	\$ 106,408	\$ 89,307	\$	136,304 \$	145,8	55 \$	171,931	\$ 649,805
SOCIA	AL AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT Working In Neighborhoods (Win)										
119	Backup Generators at Animal Shelter		100							100	100
120	Future Unfunded Projects Total Working In Neighborhoods Projects	\$	5,750 5,850	\$ 	\$ - :	\$	- \$		- \$	100	\$ 100
	Planning And Development										
121	Future Unfunded Projects		78,330								-
	Total Planning And Development Projects	\$	78,330	\$ -	\$ - ;	\$	- \$		- \$	-	\$
TOTA	L SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS	\$	84,180	\$ -	\$ -	\$	- \$	i	- \$	100	\$ 100
	SPORTATION Metropolitan Tulsa Transit Authority Transit Buses		5,000							800	800
	Future Unfunded Projects		8,135							000	-
	Total Metropolitan Tulsa Transit Authority Projects	\$	13,135	\$ -	\$ - ;	\$	- \$		- \$	800	\$ 800
TOTA	L TRANSPORTATION PROJECTS	\$	13,135	\$ -	\$ - :	\$	- \$		- \$	800	\$ 800
ADMIN	IISTRATIVE AND SUPPORT SERVICES										
	Information Technology Department										
124	Future Unfunded Projects	_	2,978								
	Total Information Technology Department Projects	\$	2,978	\$ -	\$ - ;	\$	- \$		- \$	-	\$
	Asset Management Department										
125	Replace Roofing at Newblock Facilities		2,000							800	800
126	Future Unfunded Projects		6,600								-
	Total Equipment Management Projects	\$	8,600	\$ -	\$ - :	\$	- \$		- \$	800	\$ 800
127	Short Term & Contracted Capital Short Term Capital		43,500							3,000	3,000
	Future Unfunded Projects									0,000	-
	Total Short Term & Contracted Capital Projects	\$	43,500	\$ -	\$ - ;	\$	- \$		- \$	3,000	\$ 3,000
TOTA	L ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPORT SERVICES PROJECTS	\$	55,078	\$ -	\$ - :	\$	- \$		- \$	3,800	\$ 3,800
TOTA	L CAPITAL PROJECTS INVENTORY	\$	4,691,823	\$ 106,408	\$ 89,307	\$	136,304 \$	145,8	55 \$	191,831	\$ 669,705

Flour Sales Tax High High Selection of the Selection of t	Funding Source	FY18	FY17	Comments	Ref.
Deferred Funding Low Low Future projects identified within Constrained Inventory, but not funded within FY18-22 timeframe. Future Sales Tax High High High High High High High High				Flood	Control
Public Facilities Maintenance Public Facilities Maintenance Public Facilities Maintenance Public Facilities Maintenance Repair and maintian One Technology Center to meet the needs of tenants, city personnel and the general public. Additionally, the City must maintain the condition and appearance of the facility to meet Class A standards. Project would replace the roof. 114. Repair floors 4-13 at hallways, service elevator (obbies, haddle corns and conference rooms and refurence). 12 towhigh in feed elevators. 2 service elevator (obbies, haddle corns and conference rooms and refurence). 114. Repair floors 4-13 at hallways, service elevator (obbies, haddle corns and conference rooms and refurence). 115. Inspection, assessment, prioritization and repairs of roofing for various city facilities. 115. Future Sales Tax High High Major rationals of tylincities utilized by City parament and the public st various locations ethywick. Project consist of HIAAC. 116 plumbing and electrical service implement the program from 2017-2022 as presented to City Council. The annualized cost of the program is \$7.420.857.00. Improved ecessibility for disabled citizens at various identified City facilities by improving to Americans with Disabilities Act 117. Deferred Funding Low Low Future projects identified within Constrained Inventory, but not funded within FY18-22 timeframe. 118. SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT Working in Neighborhoods (Win) Public Facilities Maintenance of the program is \$7.420.857.00. Improved ecessibility for disabled citizens at various identified City facilities by improving a Americans with Disabilities Act 117. SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT Working in Neighborhoods (Win) Future Sales Tax High High To provide electrical service to the Tutus animal site the electrical service of the program is \$7.420.857.00. Improved electrical service of the program is at any one time). 120 Deferred Funding Low Low Future projects identified within Constrained Inventory, but not funded within FY18-22 timeframe. 12	Storm Sewer Enterprise	High	High	Design and Construct projects for draiange problems located at various sites throughout the City.	112
Future Sales Tax High High For provide electrical service to the Tutsa animal shelter (24/7365 operation) in the event of an interport of electrical service Social, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT Working in Neighborhoods (Win) Future Sales Tax High High High For provide electrical service to the Tutsa animal shelter (24/7365 operation) in the event of an interport of electrical service Social, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT Working in Neighborhoods (Win) Future Sales Tax High High High For provide electrical service to the Tutsa animal shelter (24/7365 operation) in the event of an interport of electrical service Social, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT Working in Neighborhoods (Win) Future Sales Tax High High High For provide electrical service to the Tutsa animal shelter (24/7365 operation) in the event of an interport of electrical service Social, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT Working in Neighborhoods (Win) Future Sales Tax High High High Future projects identified within Constrained Inventory, but not funded within FY18-22 timeframe. 119 Deferred Funding Low Future projects identified within Constrained Inventory, but not funded within FY18-22 timeframe. Planning And Development 120 Planning And Development 121 TRANSPORTATION Mortropolitan Tutsa Transit Authority Puture Sales Tax High Deferred Funding Low Future projects identified within Constrained Inventory, but not funded within FY18-22 timeframe. Planning And Development 121 TRANSPORTATION Mortropolitan Tutsa Transit Authority Puture Sales Tax High Deferred Funding Low Future projects identified within Constrained Inventory, but not funded within FY18-22 timeframe. Planning And Development 122 TRANSPORTATION Mortropolitan Tutsa Transit Authority Future Sales Tax High High High High High To provide electrical service to the Tutsa animal shelter (24/7365 operation) in the event of an interpolitan Tutsa Transit Authority Future Sales Tax High High Future Sales Tax High High Future Sales Tax High High High To provide electrical service to the Tutsa	Deferred Funding	Low	Low	Future projects identified within Constrained Inventory, but not funded within FY18-22 timeframe.	113
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Future Sales Tax High High Inspection, assessment, prioritization and repairs of roofing for various city facilities. 115 Future Sales Tax High High Major renovation of city facilities utilized by City personnel and the public at various locations citywide. Project consists of HVAC. 116 Future Sales Tax High High High (ADA) standards. 117 Deferred Funding Low Low Future projects identified within Constrained Inventory, but not funded within FY18-22 timeframe. 118 SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT Working in the eye of the program of the program for the program for the program for a sub-led diagram at various identified City facilities by improving to Americans with Disabilities Ad 117 Deferred Funding Low Low Future projects identified within Constrained Inventory, but not funded within FY18-22 timeframe. 118 SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT Working in Neighborhoods (Win) Future Sales Tax High High To provide electrical service to the Tutus animal shalter (247/365 operation) in the event of an interuption of electrical service (ice, severe weather, etc.) so care of animals in the shelter can continue (between 150 - 250 animals at any one time) Deferred Funding Low Future projects identified within Constrained Inventory, but not funded within FY18-22 timeframe. 121 Planning And Development TRANSPORTATION Metropolitan Tutas Transit Authority Future Sales Tax High High Replace Aging Vehicles. 122 ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPORT SERVICES Information Technology Department Puture Projects identified within Constrained Inventory, but not funded within FY18-22 timeframe. 124 Asset Management Department Future Sales Tax High High Low Future projects identified within Constrained Inventory, but not funded within FY18-22 timeframe. 124 Future Sales Tax High High High To replace miscellaneous capital equipment. 127	Future Sales Tax	High	High	the City must maintain the condition and appearance of the facility to meet Class A standards. Project would replace the roof, Repaint floors 4-15 all hallways, service elevator lobbies, huddle rooms and conference rooms and refurbish white boards, 12 low/high rise elevators, 2 service and 3 parking elevators. Upgrade the Metasys Building Automation system due to component	
plumbing and electrical system replacement, flooring and painting every 2 years. The annualized cost of the program is 7,420,857.00. Improve accessability for disabled clitzens at various identified City facilities by improving to Americans with Disabilities Act 117 Deferred Funding Low Low Future projects identified within Constrained Inventory, but not funded within FY18-22 timeframe. 118 SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT Working in Neighborhoods (Win) Future Sales Tax High High High City and the contract of a minimum of the contract of the contrac	Future Sales Tax	High	High		115
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Future Sales Tax High High To replace miscellaneous capital equipment.	Deferred Funding	Low	Low	Future projects identified within Constrained Inventory, but not funded within FY18-22 timeframe.	126
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GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE CITY OF TULSA BUDGET

The word "budget" originated from bougette which was a leather bag carried by the monarch's treasurer to the medieval English Parliament. It contained documents surveying the kingdom's needs and listed the realm's resources. Today's budgets are an annual plan for financial operations and incorporate an estimate of proposed expenditures and revenues. The budget represents the process through which policy is made and implemented.

• BUDGETING •

BUDGET

There are two annual budgets in the City of Tulsa - the Operating Budget and the Capital Budget.

Operating Budget: This sets the plan for the day-to-day operations of the City. The City's annual operating budget is based on historical expenditures, priorities set forth by the elected officials and available revenues. Sales tax and utility billing charges provide the majority of resources used in the Operating Budget.

Capital Budget: The City's Capital Improvements budget is the first year of its Five Year Capital Plan. The Plan is updated annually to include new requests and to reflect ever-changing field and financing conditions. Sales Tax and Bonds finance nearly all of the City's major capital needs.

• LEGISLATION •

MUNICIPAL BUDGET ACT

Since FY81, the City has produced its budget under the provisions of the *Oklahoma Municipal Budget Act, 11 O.S. Supp. 1979, Sections 17-201 through 17-216.* Municipal governments can use it to write their annual budgets. The Act establishes fiscal procedures, requirements for financial disclosure and generally accepted standards for financial management.

The Act is more flexible than the old law and imposes fewer restrictions on municipalities when they estimate revenues, appropriate money and make expenditures. The Act also provides for greater financial disclosure and for the implementation of generally accepted accounting principles. Both of these provisions increase the City's ability to obtain a favorable bond rating, attain a better investment position, and improve compliance with federal grant requirements.

The Act stipulates time deadlines for submitting budget requests, holding public hearings and filing adopted budgets. It also prescribes the general content of the budget and requires expenditures to be grouped into five categories:

- Personal Services
- Materials and Supplies
- Other Services and Charges
- Capital Outlays
- Debt Service

OPEN RECORDS ACT

The Oklahoma Open Records Act 501.S, 1985 Section 24A, became effective November 1, 1985. Section 24A.9 states:

"Prior to taking action, including making a recommendation or issuing a report, a public official may keep confidential his or her personal notes and personally created materials other than departmental budget requests of a public body. . ."

This means that individual budget requests are public information, including any notes or other materials used for budget preparation or budget recommendation.

• REVENUE •

Revenue is the yield from sources of income (such as taxes, licenses, fines, user fees, etc.) that the City collects for public use. Revenues increase the assets of a fund, while not increasing a liability or representing a repayment of expenditure, a cancellation of a liability or an increase in contributed capital.

TYPES AND SOURCES

The City classifies its 200 plus sources of income into nine revenue categories. (For more information, see the Fund Summaries section, and City of Tulsa Revenue Sources.)

PROJECTING INCOME

The Budget and Planning Division of the Finance Department is responsible for estimating the City's yearly income and monitoring actual collections on a monthly basis. Annual estimates of collections from the various sources are made using time series and deterministic methodologies. Departments whose activities generate income may be asked by the Budget and Planning Division to help make estimates or explain differences between estimates and actual collections.

• GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS •

The Oklahoma Municipal Budget Act defines a fund as:

"an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts to record cash and other financial resources, together with all liabilities, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives."

In other words, separate records of all income and expenditures are maintained for each fund. They are analogous to individual checking accounts. Income and expenditures are recorded and it is illegal to spend more than has been authorized by the City Council. The "fund balance" within the fund would be similar to a savings account with money set aside for the future and not currently appropriated.

TYPES OF FUNDS

The eight major fund types used by the City are described below along with examples of some of the individual funds within each type.

General Fund - In conformance with the *Oklahoma Municipal Budget Act*, the General Fund is the City's principal operating fund. Approximately two-thirds of its revenue comes from sales and use taxes. All of the revenue derived from the City's permanent two percent sales tax is credited to this fund. With franchise and other taxes, the percentage of income from taxes for this fund is 74 percent. The remaining 26 percent comes from user charges, license fees, intergovernmental shared revenue, fines from court operations and interest income.

General Fund resources may be used to provide any service that the City has legal authority to provide under its charter and state laws. All general operations not accounted for otherwise are financed from this primary operating fund. It finances numerous and diverse activities such as police and fire protection, street maintenance, park operations, event facilities and administrative services.

Special Revenue Funds - These funds are used to account for certain specific revenue sources for which expenditures are legally restricted to a specific function or activity of the City.

Examples of Special Revenue Funds:

- Limited-Purpose Public Safety Permanent Sales Tax Fund (ordinance dedicated revenue from sales tax):
- The Short-Term Capital Fund (ordinance dedicated revenue from the Third Penny Sales Tax designated for "short-term" capital improvements, consisting of assets having a useful life of ten years or less);
- The Convention and Tourism Facilities Fund (ordinance dedicated revenue from the Hotel/Motel Tax);
 and
- Federal and State Grant Funds (accounts for financial assistance received from Federal and State agencies.)

Debt Service Fund - The Debt Service or Sinking Fund is used to account for the payment of principal, interest and other related costs of the City's general obligation bonds and certain other long-term debt.

Capital Projects Funds - A Capital Project Fund accounts for all resources used for the acquisition and/or construction of permanent facilities other than those financed by a special assessment or operating enterprise funds. The various sales tax and bond funds.

Special Assessment Funds - This type of fund is used to account for revenues received for financing public improvements or services deemed to benefit the specific properties against which special assessments are levied. The Tulsa Stadium Improvement District Fund is a Special Assessment Fund.

Enterprise Funds (Proprietary Funds) - Enterprise Funds are established to account for the acquisition, operation and maintenance of governmental facilities and services that are entirely or predominantly supported by user charges. Enterprise Funds are similar to private business enterprises in that they are accounted for in a manner as to show profit or loss. Examples of Enterprise Funds include the:

- Stormwater Enterprise Fund;
- TMUA-Water Operating Fund;
- TMUA-Sewer Operating Fund;
- TARE-Refuse Operating Fund; and
- Golf Course Operating Fund.

Internal Service Funds - An Internal Service Fund is used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency of the City to other departments or agencies on a cost reimbursement basis. The Employee Insurance Service Fund, Workers' Compensation Service Fund, Equipment Management Service Fund, and Office Services Internal Service Fund are the City's Internal Service Funds.

Trust and Agency Fund (Fiduciary Funds) - These funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agency for individuals, private organizations and other governmental units, entities or funds. Examples of trust and agency funds are:

- The Tulsa Performing Arts Center Trust Fund;
- · Municipal Employees Retirement Plan Fund; and
- The Employee Deferred Compensation Plan Fund.

FUND CATEGORIES

Fund # Fund Name	
1080 General Fund	
2000 Special Revenue	
3000 Trust & Agency Enterp	rise
4100 Special Assessment	
4306 Debt Service	
5000 Special Revenue (Gran	nts)
6000 Capital Projects	
7000 Enterprise	
8000 Internal Service	

• CITY ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE •

The City has two divisions within its Chief Executive Office: Administration and Community Development and Transportation. All City departments report to one of these officers, with notable exceptions of Fire and Police. The Chiefs of Fire and Police departments report to the Mayor. All other departments report to one of the officers, who report to the City Manager. All Authorities, Boards and Commissions report to the Mayor directly. Listed below are the two divisions and corresponding departments assigned to them.

ADMINISTRATION

Finance Information Technology
Human Resources Asset Management
Communications Customer Care
Municipal Court Water & Sewer

COMMUNTIY DEVELOPMENT AND TRANSPORTATION

Parks and Recreation
Performing Arts Center
BOK and Convention Centers
Planning and Development
Streets and Stormwater

Working in Neighborhoods Gilcrease River Parks Engineering Services

• CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS •

A Capital Improvement Project is any significant acquisition, construction, replacement, or improvement to a City service delivery system that has a cost greater than \$100,000 and a minimum useful life of five years. To be funded, a project must be part of the City's Five Year Capital Improvements Plan (CIP). The Capital Plan is a five-year schedule of specific projects and accompanying revenue allocations. The plan is updated annually through the Capital Budget. The Capital Improvements Program incorporates the planning, monitoring, programming, and budgeting processes used to allocate the City's capital moneys.

CAPITAL BUDGET PROCESS

Capital projects are processed through the Capital Improvements Program which is managed by the Budget and Planning Division. Specific policies for this program are included in the Finance Department's *Financial Policies* under the heading "Capital Budget and Improvements" section.

Budget and Planning coordinates the budgeting of capital improvement projects included in the upcoming fiscal year's budget. A list of the new and active capital improvement projects is reviewed and scheduled in the updated five-year Capital Improvements Plan. Any project receiving increases or decreases in funding, and projects slated for closure during the upcoming fiscal year are also listed.

BUDGET REVIEW •

Upon receipt of departmental and agency budget requests, the Budget and Planning Division budget analysts begin a review process for their assigned departments and agencies, and develop recommendations for elected officials. Several factors influence the review and recommendation process. Some of the questions examined include:

- 1. Does the request meet established guidelines?
- 2. Are the requested allocations in line with providing the associated service?
- 3. Does the request fall within the inflationary parameters expected in the upcoming fiscal year?
- 4. Does the current level request seem reasonable compared to historical expenditures?
- 5. How does the modification request compare to the anticipated increase or decrease in service?
- 6. Does the request meet City policies and priorities?
- 7. What amount of revenue is expected within the next fiscal year?
- 8. What are the departments' internal priorities for providing proper service levels?

Analysts meet with the Budget and Planning Division Manager and Finance Director to receive specific instructions for developing their departmental and agency budget recommendations. The analysts also meet with their assigned departments and agencies during the process to obtain clarifications and further information as needed.

Each department makes a presentation to the Budget and Planning Division Manager, Director of Finance and/or Mayor to provide additional information or clarification or to discuss service levels.

The Mayor begins the formal budget review process and develops a proposed budget for the next fiscal year operations. The City Charter requires the proposal be submitted to the City Council by May 1. The Council further reviews, refines, changes, and adopts it according to the policies and priorities it wishes to have implemented during the next fiscal year. State law requires the budget be adopted by the City Council seven days before the end of the City's fiscal year, which is June 30.

BUDGET ADOPTION •

The Oklahoma Municipal Budget Act, states:

"... At least seven (7) days prior to the beginning of the budget year, the governing body shall adopt the budget by resolution, or as any charter may require, at the level of classification as defined in Section 17-213... The governing body may add or increase items or delete or decrease items in the budget. In all cases the proposed expenditures shall not exceed the estimated revenues for any fund."

BUDGET CHANGES •

There are two methods of changing the adopted budget during the course of the fiscal year: **Budgetary Transfers** and **Budget Ordinances.** Most often these actions originate in the departments and are sent to Budget and Planning for review, approval, and processing to the Mayor and/or Council.

BUDGETARY TRANSFERS

The Oklahoma Municipal Budget Act, Section 17-215 states:

"The chief executive officer, or designee, as authorized by the governing body, may transfer any unexpended and unencumbered appropriation or any portion thereof from one account to another within the same department or from one department to another within the same fund; except that no appropriation for debt service or other appropriation required by law or ordinance may be reduced below the minimums required."

An **Administrative Transfer (AT)** is a transfer of funds within the same expenditure account group, department, fund and project. The Mayor allows the Budget and Planning Division Manager to approve or deny Administrative Transfers.

Currently, the City Council has given the Mayor the authority to approve or deny requests to transfer funds totaling less than one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) from one expenditure account group to another account group or from one project to another project within the same department and fund. This type of transfer is known as a **Mayoral Transfer (MT)**.

The third type of transfer is a **Council Transfer (CT)**. The Council has reserved the right to approve or deny the transfer of funds from one department to another, for the establishment of a new capital project or transfers in excess of one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) between account groups in a department. This type of action requires a budget ordinance.

BUDGET ORDINANCES

A **Budget Ordinance** is the legal means to amend the adopted budget through recognizing revenue increases or decreases; transferring appropriations from one department to another; establishing new capital projects; decreasing appropriations in a fund or department; or providing supplemental appropriations to a department.

The Oklahoma Municipal Budget Act, Sections 17-206, 17-215 and 17-216 allows for the City Council to transfer funds or to make supplemental appropriations. The last paragraph of section 17-216 provides the legal framework to amend budgets, stating:

"A budget amendment as provided in this section authorizing supplemental appropriations or a decrease or change in appropriation or funds shall be adopted at a meeting of the governing body and filed with the municipal clerk and the State Auditor and Inspector.

READER'S GUIDE TO

FUND SUMMARIES

The Operating Fund Summary section and the Capital Fund Summary section are the only sections of the Budget document that are adopted by ordinance by the City Council. A numerical listing of the funds and their names can be found in the Table of Contents; an alphabetical listing is located in the Index. Each Fund summary contains the following information:

A box in the upper corner indicates the fund number and the Basis of Budgeting. The **Basis of Budgeting** refers to the basis of accounting used to estimate financing sources and uses in the budget.

This generally takes one of three forms:

- GAAP—uniform standards for financial accounting and recording;
- Cash Basis—transactions are recognized only when cash is increased or decreased; or
- Modified accrual basis—expenditures other than accrued interest on general long-term debt are
 recorded at the time liabilities are incurred and revenues are recorded when received in cash
 except for material and/or available revenues, which should be accrued to reflect properly the
 taxes levied and revenue earned.

The **Budget Overview** provides general information on the purpose of the fund and the fund's basis for budgeting. Information in the **Budget Summary** is specific to the proposed or adopted budget. Where appropriate, charts and graphs visually enhance the reader's understanding of each fund's revenue and expenditure characteristics, and supporting tables follow.

Below is a general outline of the revenue and expenditure categories included in the budget and reflected in the Fund Summaries. Not all funds will utilize each type of revenue, and expenditure types will vary by fund.

REVENUES BY CATEGORY

The revenue types supporting the funds are divided into nine categories as follows:

These revenues represent franchise, sales and use taxes. The primary contributor to this category is sales tax, which generates a majority of this category's revenue in the General Fund.
These revenues come from the City's efforts to provide licenses to business and inspection services to enforce compliance with minimum code requirements for building and operating safety.
This category represents grants from other governmental entities.
Taxes collected by the state are distributed, in part, back to the cities within the state in proportion to their population. This apportionment is determined by the census conducted every ten years.
These revenues represent revenue received for services performed by the City. Some services are performed for governmental entities, including the City, and some are performed for the private sector.
This source consists primarily of fines from the Municipal Court, but also includes utility penalties and other smaller penalty revenues.
This category is comprised of revenue sources that do not fit the other categories.
This category represents the interest generated by the City's pooled portfolio. Also included is interest earned on an interim basis from money that is the City's, but is delayed in remittance.
Amounts transferred from another fund to assist in financing the services for the recipient fund.

EXPENDITURES BY CATEGORY

The categories of expenditures group departments with similar function and/or customers. They are as follows:

Public Safety and Protection	This category contains Municipal Court, Police, Fire, Emergency Medical and Tulsa Area Emergency Management Agency.
Cultural Development/Recreation	Park and Recreation, Gilcrease Museum, Performing Arts Center, River Parks, and BOK Arena and Cox Business Centers make up the departments in this category.
Social/Economic Development	Mayor's Office of Economic Development, Working in Neighborhoods, and Planning and Development are included in this category.
Public Works/Transportation	Engineering Services, Streets and Stormwater, Water and Sewer and Tulsa Transit comprise this category.
Administrative/Support Services	This category contains the budgets for the City's elected officials: the Mayor, City Auditor and City Council. Mayor's Office of Human Rights, Legal, Human Resources, Workers' Compensation, Employee Insurance Administration, General Government, Indian Nations Council of Governments (INCOG), Finance, Information Technology, Customer Care, Communications and Asset Management make up the remainder of the departments within this category.
Transfers to Other Funds	Amounts transferred to another fund to assist in financing the services for the recipient fund.

EXPENDITURES CLASSIFICATIONS

Each fund is made up of accounts for classifying expenditures, as follows:

Personal Services	Includes expenses for salaries and related employee benefits paid to employees for services rendered.
Materials and Supplies	Used to account for the purchase of commodities which are consumed or materially altered when used, such as office supplies, operating supplies, repair and maintenance supplies, and all items of expense to any person, firm or corporation rendering a service in connection with repair, sale or trade of such articles or commodities.
Other Services and Charges	Used to account for the purchase of contractual services and other intangible products such as security, temporary employment, professional and landscaping services, leases, utilities and employee training and travel.
Capital Outlays	Fixed assets which have a value of \$1,000 or more and have a useful economic lifetime of more than one year or assets of any value if the nature of the item is such that it must be controlled for custody purposes as a fixed asset. Also included in this category are Capital Improvement Projects.
Debt Service	The cost of paying principal and interest on borrowed money according to a predetermined payment schedule.
Fund Transfers	Amounts transferred from one fund to another to assist in financing the services for the recipient fund.

GLOSSARY

—A—

Account

An entity for recording specific revenues or expenditures, or for grouping related or similar classes of revenues and expenditures and recording them within a fund or department.

Accounting System

The total set of records and procedures that are used to record, classify and report information on the financial status and operations of the entity. (Also see Accrual Basis, Modified Accrual Basis and Cash Basis).

Accrual Basis

The method of accounting under which revenues are recorded when they are earned (whether or not cash is received at the time) and expenditures are recorded when goods and services are received (whether cash disbursements are made at the time or not).

Activity

Departmental efforts which contribute to the achievement of a specific set of program objectives; the smallest unit of the program budget.

Administrative Transfer (AT)

A Budgetary Transfer that allows for the movement of funds within the same expenditure account group within the same department, same fund and same project. This action requires Budget and Planning Division Manager approval.

Ad Valorem Taxes

Commonly referred to as property taxes, levied on both real and personal property according to the property's valuation and the tax rate.

Annualize

Taking changes that occurred partial year and calculating their cost for a full year for the purpose of preparing an annual budget.

Appropriation

An authorization or allocation made by the legislative body that permits officials to incur obligations against, and to make expenditures of governmental resources (revenues).

Appropriation Balance

A balance in which the available appropriation remaining after expenditures, encumbrances and commitments has been subtracted from the appropriation.

Assessed Valuation

The valuation set upon real estate and certain personal property by the Assessor as a basis for levying property taxes.

Assessment Ratio

The ratio at which the tax rate is applied to the tax base.

Asset

Resources owned or held by a government which has monetary value.

Attrition

A method of achieving a reduction in personnel by not refilling the positions vacated through resignation, reassignment, transfer, retirement or means other than layoffs.

Authorized Positions

Employee positions which are authorized in the adopted budget to be filled during the year.

Available (Undesignated and Unreserved) Fund Balance

This refers to the funds remaining from the prior year, after reserves and designations are made, which are available for appropriation and expenditure in the current year.

Balanced Budget

The use of resources for operating purposes does not exceed available resources over a defined budget period.

Base Budget

Cost of continuing the existing levels of service in the current budget year.

Bond

A long-term IOU or promise to pay; it is a promise to repay a specified amount of money (the face amount of the bond) on a particular date (the maturity date). Bonds are primarily used to finance capital projects.

General Obligation (G.O.) Bond - This type of bond is backed by the full faith, credit and taxing power of the government.

Revenue Bond – This type of bond is backed only by the revenues from a specific enterprise or project, such as a golf course or water system.

Bond Refinancing

The payoff and re-issuance of bonds to obtain better interest rates and/or bond conditions.

Budget

A plan of financial activity for a fiscal year indicating all planned revenues and expenses for the budget period. The City of Tulsa's fiscal year is July 1 through June 30.

Budget Amendment

Legal means by which an adopted estimated revenue or expenditure authorization limit is increased or decreased.

Budgetary Basis

This refers to the basis of accounting used to estimate financing sources and uses in the budget. It is different from GAAP basis of accounting.

Budget Calendar

The schedule of key dates which a government follows in the preparation and adoption of the budget.

Budgetary Control

The control or management of a government in accordance with the approved budget for the purpose of keeping expenditures within the limitations of available appropriations and resources.

Budget Ordinance

The legal means to amend the adopted budget through recognizing revenue increases or decreases; transferring funding from one department to another from an existing capital project to a new capital project; decreasing funding of a fund or department or providing supplemental funding to a fund or department or establishing a new capital project. The City Council adopts or rejects all budget ordinances.

Budgetary Transfer

One of two means of amending the budget during the course of the fiscal year. The other means is a budget ordinance. Three types of budgetary transfers exist:

Administrative Transfer (AT)—allows for the movement of funds within the same expenditure account group (i.e. moving funds from #5313101 to #5315501) within the same department, same fund, and same project. This action only requires Budget and Planning Division Manager approval.

Mayoral Transfer (MT)—allows for the movement of up to \$100,000 from one expenditure account group to another account group (i.e. moving funds from #5222101 to #5311103) or from one current project to another current project within the same department and fund. This action requires approval by the Mayor.

Council Transfer (CT)—allows for movement of money from one department to another, or for the establishment of a new capital project. A budget ordinance accompanies this kind of transfer and this requires approval by the City Council.

Capital Assets

Assets of significant value and having a useful life greater than one year. Capital assets are also called fixed assets.

Capital Budget

The appropriation of bonds or other revenue for improvements to facilities and other infrastructure. The City budgets for Capital based on a Five-Year Capital Plan and updates, the Plan annually to include expanded capital projects or new capital projects. Approval of capital projects through the Capital Improvements Programs. The Third Penny Sales Tax and Bonds account for the majority of financing resources of capital projects.

Capital Improvement

Any significant physical acquisition, construction, replacement or improvement to a City service delivery system that has a cost greater than \$100,000 and a minimum useful life of five years.

Capital Improvements Program (CIP)

The process of planning, monitoring, programming and budgeting over a multi-year period used to allocate the City's capital monies.

Capital Outlay

Expenditure account category used for the purchase of any item whose value exceeds \$1,000 with a useful life greater than one year, but generally less than ten years. Included are vehicles, heavy equipment, other equipment, personal computers and some office furniture. These purchases are typically funded through the Short-Term Capital Fund which receives revenue from the Third Penny Sales Tax designated for short-term capital improvements. The costs of capital projects are also reflected in the Capital Outlay account category.

Capital Plan

The adopted Capital Improvements Plan that is based on a five-year schedule of specific projects and accompanying revenue allocations. The Plan is updated annually through the Capital Budget.

Capital Project

Major construction, acquisition or renovation activities which add value to a government's physical assets or significantly increase their useful lives. Also called capital improvements, each individually funded capital improvement request has to be part of the City of Tulsa Five-Year Capital Improvements Plan.

Capital Reserve

An account used to segregate a portion of the government's equity to be used for future capital program expenditures. The amount of capital reserve is roughly equal to the government's annual equipment depreciation and an amount identified as being needed for future capital acquisitions.

Carryover

Appropriated funds that are encumbered at the end of a fiscal year are allowed to be retained in the budget to be expended in the next fiscal year for the purpose designated.

Cash Basis

A basis of accounting in which transactions are recognized only when cash is increased or decreased.

Charges for Services

Revenues received for services performed by the City. Some services are performed for governmental entities, including the City, and some are performed for the private sector.

Collective Bargaining Agreement

A legal contract between the employer and a verified representative of a recognized bargaining unit for specific terms and conditions of employment (e.g., hours, working conditions, salary, fringe benefits and matters affecting health and safety of employees).

Commodities

Expendable items that are consumable or have a short life span. Examples include office supplies, gasoline, minor equipment and road salt.

Constant or Real Dollars

The presentation of dollar amounts adjusted for inflation to reflect the real purchasing power of money when compared to a certain point of time in the past.

Consumer Price Index (CPI)

A statistical description of price levels provided by the U. S. Department of Labor. The index is used as a measure of the increase/decrease in the cost of living (i.e., economic inflation/deflation).

Contingency

A budgetary reserve set aside for emergencies or unforeseen expenditures not otherwise budgeted.

Contractual Services

Services rendered to a government by private firms, individuals or other governmental agencies. Examples include utilities, rent, maintenance agreements and professional consulting services.

Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA)

An increase in salaries to offset the adverse effect of inflation on compensation.

Council Transfer (CT)

A Budgetary Transfer that allows for movement of money from one department to another or for the establishment of a new capital project. A budget ordinance accompanies this kind of transfer and requires approval by the City Council.

Current Budget

The original budget as approved by the City Council, along with any carryover encumbrances from the prior fiscal year, and any transfers or amendments that have been made since July 1.



Debt Service

The cost of paying principal and interest on borrowed money according to a predetermined payment schedule.

Dedicated Tax

A tax levied to support a specific government program or purpose.

Deficit

The excess of an entity's liabilities over its assets or the excess of expenses over revenues during a single accounting period.

Department

The basic organizational unit of government which is functionally unique in its delivery of services.

Depreciation

Expiration in the service life of capital assets, attributable to wear and tear, deterioration, action of the physical elements, inadequacy or obsolescence.

Development Related Fees

Those fees and charges generated by building, development and growth in a community. Included are building and street permits, development review fees and zoning, platting and subdivision fees.

Disbursement

The expenditure of monies from an account.

Distinguished Budget Presentation Awards Program

A voluntary awards program administered by the Government Finance Officers Association to encourage governments to prepare effective budget documents.

Division

A sub-unit of a department which encompasses a substantial portion of the duties assigned to a department. May consist of several activities.



Employee Benefits

Contributions made by a government to meet commitments or obligations for employee fringe benefits. Included are the government's share of costs for Social Security and the various pensions, medical and life insurance plans.

Encumbrance

Obligations in the form of purchase orders or contracts that are chargeable to an appropriation and for which a part of the appropriation is reserved. These cease to be encumbrances once the obligations are paid or otherwise liquidated.

Enterprise Funds

Established to account for revenues and expenditures generated by City functions for which customers are charged a fee. Used for the following service areas: Solid waste management through the Tulsa Authority for Recovery of Energy (TARE); Tulsa Metropolitan Utility Authority (TMUA) Water Utility; TMUA Sanitary Sewer Utility; Stormwater; and Golf Operations.

Entitlements

Payments to which local governmental units are entitled, pursuant to an allocation formula determined by the agency providing the monies, usually the state or the federal government.

Expenditure

The payment of cash on the transfer of property or services for the purpose of acquiring an asset, service or settling a loss. Where accounts are kept on the accrual or modified accrual basis of accounting, the cost of goods received or services rendered whether cash payments have been made or not. Where accounts are kept on a cash basis, expenditures are recognized only when the cash payments for the above purposes are made.

Expense

Charges incurred whether paid immediately or unpaid for operations, maintenance, interest or other charges.



Fines and Forfeitures

A revenue source that consists primarily of fines from the Municipal Court and also includes utility penalties and other smaller penalty revenues.

Fiscal Policy

A government's policies with respect to revenues, spending and debt management as these relate to government services, programs and capital investment. Fiscal policy provides an agreed-upon set of principles for the planning and programming of government budgets and their funding.

Fiscal Year

A twelve-month period designated as the operating year for accounting and budgeting purposes in an organization. The City of Tulsa's fiscal year is July 1 through June 30.

Fixed Assets

Assets of long-term character that are intended to continue to be held or used, such as land, buildings, machinery, furniture and other equipment. Capital assets are also called fixed assets.

Full Faith and Credit

A pledge of a government's taxing power to repay debt obligations.

Full-time Equivalent Position (FTE)

A part-time position converted to the decimal equivalent of a full-time position based on 2,080 hours per year. For example, a part-time position working for 20 hours per week would be the equivalent to .5 of a full-time position.

Function

A group of related activities aimed at accomplishing a major service or regulatory program for which a government is responsible (e.g., public safety).

Fund

An independent accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts for recording all revenues and all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, along with any changes to the above. In other words, each fund is separate from every other fund and maintains records of all income and expenditures for the fund. By law, expenditures cannot exceed the revenues. As an example, a fund is like an individual checking account. Income is recorded in, expenditures are recorded out, and one cannot spend more than one has available in the account.

Fund Balance

The excess of the assets of a fund over its liabilities, reserves and carryover. The following fund balance distinctions are in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) #54 guidelines.

Assigned Fund Balance - refers to the funds intended use of resources. Such intent has to be established by the governing body itself or by a body or official delegated by the governing body.

Committed Fund Balance - reflects the amount of the fund balance that is constrained by limitations that the government imposes upon itself at its highest level of decision making and that remain binding unless removed in the same manner.

Non-Spendable Fund Balance - represents resources that are not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Non-Spendable fund balance may include but is not limited to: supplies inventories and prepaid items, the long-term portion of loans receivable and nonfinancial assets held for resale. Legal or contractual requirements may include but are not limited to: the principal of an endowment or a revolving loan fund.

Restricted Fund Balance - resources of a fund that are subject to externally enforceable legal restrictions. Such restrictions can be externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unassigned Fund Balance - total fund balance in the general fund in excess of non-spendable, restricted, committed, and assigned fund balance.



GAAP

Generally Accepted Accounting Principles. Uniform minimum standards for financial accounting and recording, encompassing the conventions, rules, and procedures that define accepted accounting principles.

General Fund

Serves as the primary operating fund for the City of Tulsa. All general operations that are not accounted for otherwise are financed from this primary operating fund.

Goal

A statement of broad direction, purpose or intent based on the needs of the community. A goal is general and timeless.

Grants

A contribution by a government or other organization to support a particular function. Grants may be classified as either operational or capital depending upon the grantee.



Hourly

An employee who fills a temporary or short-term position. Such employees provide contingency staffing for government operations during peak workloads or to address temporary staffing needs. Hourly employees are paid on a per-hour basis and receive limited benefits.



Indirect Cost

A cost necessary for the functioning of the organization as a whole, but cannot be directly assigned to one service.

Infrastructure

The physical assets of a government (streets, waterlines, sewers, public buildings, parks, etc.).

Interest Income

Revenue generated by the City's pooled portfolio.

Interfund Transfer

The movement of monies between funds of the same governmental entity.

Intergovernmental Revenue

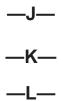
Funds received from federal, state and other local government sources in the form of grants, shared revenues and payments in lieu of taxes.

Internal Service Charges

The charges to user departments for internal services provided by another government agency, such as equipment management, or insurance funded from a central pool.

Internal Service Funds

Funds used to account for Internal Service charges and expenditures.



Lapsing Appropriation

An appropriation made for a certain period of time, generally for the budget year. At the end of the specified period, any unexpected or unencumbered balance lapses or ends unless otherwise provided by law. Most operating funds are lapsing funds.

Levy

To impose taxes for the support of government activities.

Licenses and Permits

Revenues that come from the City's efforts to provide licenses to business and inspection services to enforce compliance with code requirements for building and operating safety.

Line-item Budget

A budget prepared along departmental lines that focuses on what is to be bought.

Longevity

Employee compensation payments made in recognition of a certain minimum number of years employed full time with the same entity.

Long-term Debt

Debt with a maturity of more than one year after the date of issuance.



Materials and Supplies

Expenditure account category used for the purchase of commodities which are consumed or materially altered when used, such as office supplies, operating supplies, repair and maintenance supplies, and all items of expense to any person, firm or corporation rendering a service in connection with repair, sale or trade of such articles or commodities.

Mayoral Transfer (MT)

A Budgetary Transfer that allows for the movement of up to \$100,000 from one expenditure account group to another account group (i.e. moving funds from #5222101 to #5311103) or from one current project to another current project within the same department and fund. This action requires approval by the Mayor.

Mill

The property tax rate which is based on the valuation of property. A tax rate of one mill produces one dollar of taxes on each \$1,000 of net assessed property valuation.

Miscellaneous Revenue

A revenue category that is comprised of revenue sources that do not fit the other categories of Taxes, Licenses and Permits, Intergovernmental Revenue, Shared Revenue, Charges for Services, Fines and Forfeits or Interest Income.

Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting

The method of accounting under which expenditures other than accrued interest on general long-term debt are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred and revenues are recorded when received in cash except for material and/or available revenues. These should be accrued to reflect properly the taxes levied and revenue earned.

Net Budget

The legally adopted budget less all interfund transfers and inter-departmental charges.

Nominal Dollars

The presentation of dollar amounts not adjusted for inflation. Adjusting for inflation is done to reflect the real purchasing power of money today.

Non-Lapsing Fund

A fund whose unencumbered appropriation balance remains available for expenditure after the end of the fiscal year. A non-lapsing fund remains open and available for use until all appropriations are expended, transferred or closed by budgetary action. Grants and Capital Funds normally operate as non-lapsing funds.



Object of Expenditure

An expenditure classification referring to the lowest and most detailed level of classification, such as electricity, office supplies, asphalt and furniture.

Objective

Something to be accomplished in specific, well-defined and measurable terms that is achievable within a specific time-frame.

Obligations

Amounts which a government may be legally required to pay out of its resources. They include actual liabilities but also encumbrances not yet paid.

Operating Budget

This sets the plan for the day-to-day operations of the City. The City budgets operating funds annually, based on historical expenditures, priorities set forth by the elected officials, and economic conditions. Sales Tax Revenues and Utility Billing Charges provide the majority of the resources available for use within the Operating Budget.

Operating Expenses

The cost of personnel, materials and equipment required for a department to function.

Operating Revenue

Funds that the government receives as income to pay for ongoing operations. It includes such items as taxes, fees from specific services, interest earnings and grant revenues. Operating revenues are used to pay for day-to-day services.

Operating Transfer

Part of the Other Services and Charges expenditure account category used to account for the transfer of funds within the primary government, to component units and to primary government. This is typically budgeted in the Transfers to Other Funds organizational unit.

Original Budget

The adopted budget as approved by the City Council before the start of a new fiscal year.

Other Services and Charges

Expenditure account category used for the purchase of contractual services and other intangible products such as security, temporary employment, professional and landscaping services, leases, utilities and employee training and travel.

Output Indicator

A unit of work accomplished without reference to the resources required to do the work (e.g., number of permits issued, number of refuse collections made or number of burglary arrests made). Output indicators do not reflect the effectiveness or efficiency of the work performed.



Pay-as-you-go Basis

A term used to describe a financial policy by which capital outlays are financed from current revenues rather than through borrowing.

Performance Budget

A budget wherein expenditures are based primarily upon measurable performance of activities and work programs.

Performance Indicators

Specific quantitative and qualitative measures of work performed as an objective of specific departments or programs.

Performance Measures

Data collected to determine how effective or efficient a program is in achieving its objectives.

Permit and Licensing System (PALS)

A subsidiary system of the City's General Ledger system. It tracks building/construction permits and licenses issued by the City.

Personal Computer

Any computer workstation, terminal, or laptop with components.

Personal Services

Expenditure account category used for all cost related to compensating employees, including employee benefits such as pension, social security, uniform allowance, long-term disability, insurance, workers' compensation, etc.

Prior-Year Encumbrances

Obligations from previous fiscal years in the form of purchase orders or contracts which are chargeable to an appropriation and for which a part of the appropriation is reserved. They cease to be encumbrances when the obligations are paid or otherwise terminated.

Program

A group of related activities performed by one or more organizational units for the purpose of accomplishing a function for which the government is responsible.

Program Budget

A budget which allocates money to the functions or activities of a government rather than to specific items of cost or to specific departments.

Program Performance Budget

A method of budgeting whereby the services provided to the residents are broken down in identifiable service programs or performance units. A unit can be a department, a division or a workgroup. Each program has an identifiable service or output and objectives to effectively provide the service. The effectiveness and efficiency of providing the service by the program is measured by performance indicators.

Program Revenue (Income)

Revenues earned by a program including fees for services, license and permit fees and fines.

Project Number

Used to identify any special activity, especially where specific reporting requirements exist regarding the activity. These numbers are always used with capital projects and grants.

Purpose

A broad statement of the goals, in terms of meeting public service needs, that a department is organized to meet.



Reserve

A portion of fund equity legally restricted for a specific purpose or not available for appropriation and subsequent spending. It is funds set aside for emergencies or unforeseen expenditures not otherwise budgeted.

Resolution

A special or temporary order of a legislative body requiring less legal formality than an ordinance or statute.

Resources

Total amounts available for appropriation including estimated revenues, fund transfers and beginning balances.

Revenue

The yield from sources of income, such as taxes, licenses, fines, etc., that the City collects and receives into the treasury for public use. Revenue increases the assets of a fund, while not increasing a liability or representing a repayment of expenditure, a cancellation of a liability or an increase in contributed capital.

Revenue Estimates

Projected revenue using both time series analysis and deterministic methods.



Service Lease

A lease under which the lessor maintains and services the asset.

Service Level

Services or products which comprise an actual or expected output of a given program. Focus is on results rather than measures of workload.

Shared Revenue

Taxes collected by the state are distributed, in part, back to the cities within the state in proportion to their population. This apportionment is determined by the census conducted every ten years.

Sinking Fund

Established to pay for General Obligation Bond debt and judgments against the City.

Site-Based Budgeting

A decentralized budget process whereby budget preparation and development are based on individual departmental sites.

Source of Revenue

Revenues are classified according to their source or point of origin.

Supplemental Appropriation

An additional appropriation made by the governing body after the budget year has started.

Supplemental Requests

Programs and services which departments would like to have added, in priority order, over their target budget, or if revenue received is greater than anticipated.



Target Budget

Desirable expenditure levels provided to departments in developing the coming year's recommended budget. It is based on the prior year's adopted budget, excluding one-time expenditures, projected revenues and reserve requirements.

Tax Levy

The resultant product when the tax rate per one hundred dollars is multiplied by the tax base.

Tulsa Metropolitan Statistical Area (TMSA)

An area made up of Creek, Okmulgee, Osage, Pawnee, Rogers, Tulsa, and Wagoner counties. It is often used for analysis for the number of persons and the amount of income in the Tulsa labor market.

Taxes

Compulsory charges levied by a government for the purpose of financing services performed for the common benefit of the people. This term does not include specific charges made against particular persons or property for current or permanent benefit such as special assessments. Examples of tax revenues to the City of Tulsa are franchise, sales and use taxes.

Transfers In/Out

Amounts transferred from one fund to another to assist in financing the services for the recipient fund.



Unencumbered Balance

The amount of an appropriation that is neither expended nor encumbered. It is the amount of money still available for future purposes.

User Charges

The payment of a fee for direct receipt of a public service by the party who benefits from the service.

V

Variable Cost

A cost that increases/decreases with increases/decreases in the amount of service provided.

-W-

Working Cash

Excess of readily available assets over current liabilities or cash on hand equivalents which may be used to satisfy cash flow needs.

Workload Indicator

A unit of work to be done (e.g., number of permit applications received, the number of households receiving refuse collection service or the number of burglaries to be investigated).

—X—

—Y—

—**z**—

AAP Affirmative Action Plan

ADA Americans with Disabilities Act

AFP3 Air Force Plant 3

AMR Automated Meter Reading
AT Administrative Transfer
BDP Basin Drainage Plans
BOK Bank of Oklahoma Arena

BNSF Burlington Northern Santa Fe

CAER Center for Applied Economic Research
CAFR Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

CALEA Commission on Accreditation for Law Enforcement

CBD Central Business District
CCC Customer Care Center

CDBG Community Development Block Grant

CIP Capital Improvements Plan

City (When capitalized) City of Tulsa, Oklahoma Municipal Government

C.L.E.E.T. Council of Law Enforcement Education and Training

COPS Community Oriented Policing Services

CNG Compressed Natural Gas
CPI Consumer Price Index

CT Council Transfer

CTAG Coalition of Tulsa Area Governments

CW City Wide

CWSS City Wide Sewer System

CY Calendar Year

DEQ Oklahoma Department of Environmental Quality

Diff. Difference

E-911 Enhanced 911 emergency telephone number system (Police, Fire and Ambulance services)

EDC Economic Development Commission

EEO/AA Equal Employment Opportunity and Affirmative Action

EMD Equipment Management Department

EMS Emergency Medical Services

EMSA Emergency Medical Services Authority
EPA U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

ERP Enterprise Resource Planning
ESG Emergency Solutions Grant

EST. Estimates

FAA Federal Aviation Agency

FCC Federal Communications Commission

(continued)

FEMA Federal Emergency Management Agency

FLSA Fair Labor Standards Act

FM Force Main

FMLA Family and Medical Leave Act

FY Fiscal Year (July 1 through June 30)

GAAP Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

GASB Governmental Accounting Standards Board

GF General Fund

GFOA The Government Finance Officers Association of the U.S. and Canada

GIS Geographical Information System

GO General Obligation (Bonds)
GRDA Grant River Dam Authority

HOME Home Investment Partnership Program

HOPWA Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS

HR Human Resources

HRIS Human Resources Information System

HSPS High Service Pumps

HUD Department of Housing & Urban Development

HVAC Heating, ventilation and air-conditioning

INCOG Indian Nation Council of Governments

IDL Inner Dispersal Loop (circle of highways around downtown Tulsa)

IT Information Technology

IVR Interactive Voice Response

JAG Justice Assisted Grant

LS Lift Station

KPI Key Performance Indicators

MAAP Maximizing and Advancing Performance

MDT's Mobile Data Terminals

MERP Municipal Employees Retirement Plan

Met Metropolitan Environmental Trust

MGD Millions of Gallons per Day

MHz Megahertz - one MHz represents one million cycles per second

M K & T Missouri, Kansas and Texas Railroad (River Parks Trail)

MSA Metropolitan Statistical Area

MT Mayoral Transfer

MTTA Metropolitan Tulsa Transit Authority

NFPA National Fire Protection Association

NSWWTP North Side Waste Water Treatment Plant

(continued)

ODOT Oklahoma Dept of Transportation

ONG Oklahoma Natural Gas

OPEB Other Post Employment Benefits

ORIG Original

OSU Oklahoma State University
OU University of Oklahoma
OTC One Technology Center

OWRB Oklahoma Water Resource Board
PAC Performing Arts Center (of Tulsa)

P.A. Law Penalty Assessment Law Enforcement

PALS Permit and Licensing System
PCI Pavement Condition Index

PFPI Privately Financed Public Improvements

PILOT Payment in Lieu of Taxes

PSO Public Service Company of Oklahoma

RFP Request for Proposal
ROI Return on Investment

ROW Right of Way

RVS R. L. Jones Airport

RUMA Regional Metropolitan Utility Authority

SAFER Staffing for Adequate Fire & Emergency Response Grants

SCBA Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus
SPI Satisfactory Performance Increase

ST Sales Tax

SSWWTP South Side Waste Water Treatment Plant

TAA Tulsa Airport Authority

TAEMA Tulsa Area Emergency Management Agency

TARE Tulsa Authority for Recovery of Energy

TCC Tulsa Convention Center

TCWSS Tulsa Comprehensive Water System Study

TGOV Tulsa's Government Cable Access Television Station

TIF Tax Increment Financing

TMATS Tulsa Metropolitan Area Transportation Study
TMAPC Tulsa Metropolitan Area Planning Commission
TMCC Tulsa Metropolitan Chamber of Commerce

TMCC Tulsa Metropolitan Chamber of Commerce

TMSA Tulsa Metropolitan Statistical Area
TMUA Tulsa Metropolitan Utility Authority

TPA Tulsa Parking Authority

(continued)

TPACT Tulsa Performing Arts Center Trust
TPFA Tulsa Public Facilities Authority

TSID Tulsa Stadium Improvement District

TU University of Tulsa

TZMI Tulsa Zoo Management, Inc.

UDSW Uniform Division Southwest

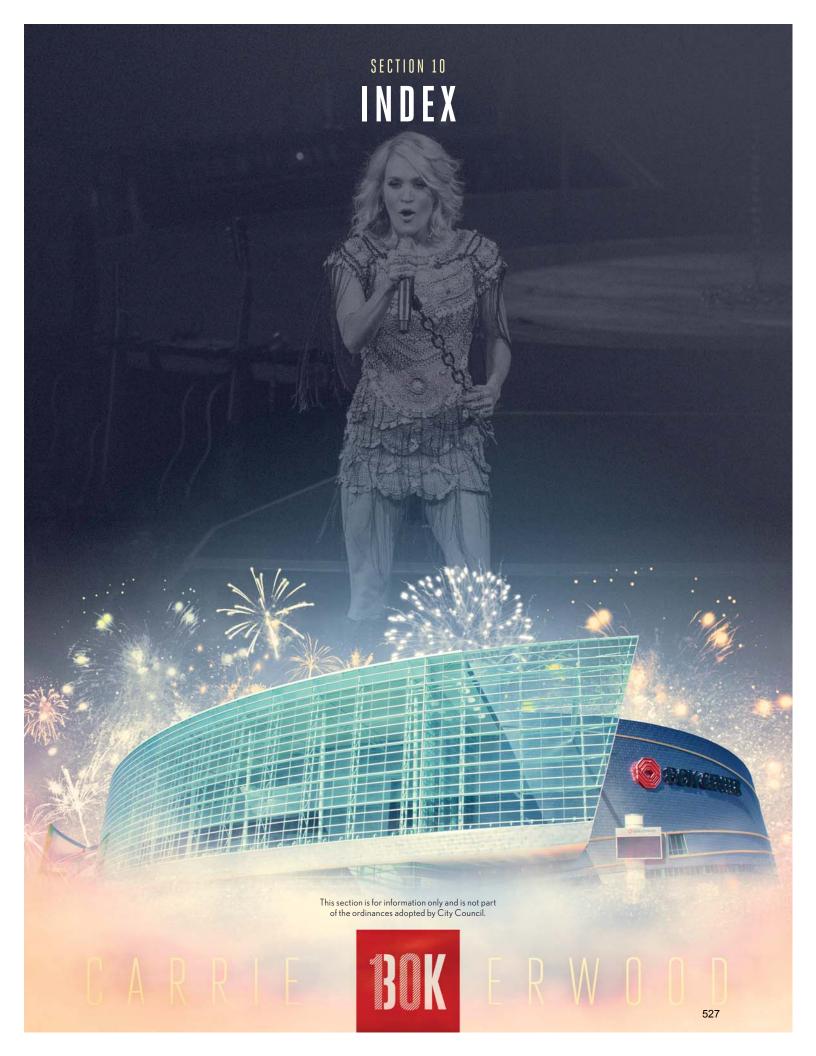
VoIP Voice Over Internet Protocol

WIN Working In Neighborhoods

WSID Whittier Square Improvement District

WTP Water Treatment Plant

WWTP Waste Water Treatment Plant



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