Metropolitan Tulsa Transit Authority A Component Unit of the City of Tulsa, Oklahoma Financial Report June 30, 2020



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Independent Auditor's Report

RSM US LLP

Board of Trustees Metropolitan Tulsa Transit Authority

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Metropolitan Tulsa Transit Authority (the Authority), a discretely presented component unit of the City of Tulsa, Oklahoma, as of and for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Authority as of June 30, 2020 and 2019, and the respective changes in its financial position and cash flows, for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, and the pension and postemployment information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards, schedule of operating expenses, excluding depreciation and schedule of project costs, listed in the table of contents as supplementary information are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule of expenditures of federal awards, schedule of operating expenses, excluding depreciation and schedule of project costs, listed in the table of contents as supplementary information are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, schedule of operating expenses, excluding depreciation and schedule of project costs are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 15, 2020, on our consideration of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

RSM US LLP

Kansas City, Missouri December 15, 2020

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2020

As management of the Metropolitan Tulsa Transit Authority (the Authority), we offer readers of the Authority's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Authority for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019. The Authority is a component unit of the City of Tulsa, Oklahoma. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the Authority's financial statements, which begin on page 8. All amounts are expressed in thousands of dollars.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Authority exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by approximately \$15,541 (net position). For fiscal year 2019, the assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by approximately \$11,936.
- During fiscal year 2020, the Authority's total net position increased by approximately \$3,606. For fiscal year 2019, the Authority's total net position decreased by approximately \$2,865.
- The Authority's total liabilities increased by approximately \$4,032 during fiscal year 2020.
- For the year ended June 30, 2020, net capital assets increased by approximately \$4,675. For the year ended June 30, 2019, net capital assets decreased by approximately \$1,360.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Authority's basic financial statements. The Authority's basic financial statements include: 1) statement of net position, 2) statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position, 3) statement of cash flows and 4) notes to basic financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information to demonstrate compliance with finance-related activities.

Required Financial Statements

The financial statements of the Authority report information using accounting methods similar to those used by private sector companies. These statements offer short- and long-term financial information about its activities. The statement of net position includes all of the Authority's assets, liabilities and deferred outflows and inflows of resources and provides information about the nature and amounts of investments in resources (assets) and the obligations to creditors (liabilities). It also provides the basis for assessing the liquidity and financial flexibility of the Authority. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position. This statement measures the financial success of the Authority's operations over the past year and can be used to determine whether the Authority has successfully recovered all of its costs through its user fees and other charges. The third required financial statement is the statement of cash flows. The primary purpose of this statement is to provide information about the Authority's cash receipts and cash payments during the reporting period. The statement reports cash receipts, cash payments and changes in cash resulting from operations, noncapital financing, investing and financing activities and provides answers to such questions as where did cash come from, what was cash used for and what was the change in cash balance during the period.

Net Position

The Authority's net position increased by \$3,606 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020. The Authority's net position decreased by \$2,865 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. Capital assets increased by \$4,675 due to the purchase of fifteen total replacement buses. Long-term liabilities increased by \$1,314 due to increases in net pension liability for the pension plans in which the Authority participates.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Net Pos	itic	on
(in th	ousands	of	dollars)

	 2020	2019	2018		
Assets					
Current and other assets	\$ 6,809	\$ 4,526	\$	5,487	
Capital assets, net	26,619	21,944		23,304	
Total assets	33,428	26,470		28,791	
Deferred outflows of resources	 1,775	1,433		1,970	
Liabilities					
Current and other liabilities	4,375	1,657		2,702	
Long-term liabilities	13,827	12,513		11,711	
Total liabilities	18,202	14,170		14,413	
Deferred inflows of resources	 1,460	1,797		1,548	
Net position					
Investment in capital assets	26,619	21,944		23,304	
Restricted for other purposes	1,002	903		977	
Unrestricted (deficit)	 (12,080)	 (10,911)		(9,481)	
Total net position	\$ 15,541	\$ 11,936	\$	14,800	

Change in Net Position

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the Authority's total operating revenues decreased by \$586 and operating expenses increased by \$2,082. The key factor in the decrease in operating revenues is attributed to the decrease in ridership during the COVID-19 pandemic. Beginning in March 2020, the Authority with the approval of our Board of Directors moved to a modified service level that allowed the Authority to continue to provide service to our frontline workers who relied on the service to get to and from work. The pandemic also affected the ridership on our Lift program reducing ridership to approximately 50%. The increase in operating expense was primary driven by expenses related to new cleaning standards implemented as a result of the pandemic.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Authority's total operating revenues increased approximately \$23 and operating expense increased \$659. The key factor for the increase in operating revenues is attributed to the composition of the Authority's fixed route and Lift ridership; that is, although fixed route ridership decreased four percent, discounted fares and free fares increased twelve percent due in large part to the free ride program for Tulsa Public Schools high school students along with an increase of eight percent in consignment vendor Lift tickets sales. The increase in operating expenses was primarily driven by a \$455 increase in Fringe expense, which is due to increases in the net pension liability of the pension plans in which the Authority participates.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2020

Changes in Net Position
(in thousands of dollars)

	 2020	2019	2018		
Operating revenues Nonoperating and capital revenues Total revenues	\$ 2,465 27,170 29,635	\$ 3,051 18,031 21,082	\$	3,028 17,760 20,788	
Operating expenses Nonoperating expenses Total expenses	 26,029 - 26,029	23,947 - 23,947		23,288 25 23,313	
Increase (decrease) in net position	\$ 3,606	\$ (2,865)	\$	(2,525)	

Capital Assets

The Authority's investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2020 amounts to approximately \$26,619 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes revenue and service equipment, land, buildings and other equipment. The Authority made additional investments in capital assets, primarily eleven new AERO branded 40ft buses for the BRT (Bus Rapid Transit) and four new replacement buses, facility improvements and information technology equipment, investments grew from prior year resulting in a \$4,675 increase in net capital assets.

Net Capital Assets (in thousands of dollars)

	2020			2019	2018		
Revenue equipment	\$	35,752	\$	30,954	\$	31,784	
Service equipment		620		524		524	
Passenger shelters		2,091		2,057		2,057	
Security equipment		1,140		1,140		1,140	
Buildings		12,216		12,209		12,114	
Shop and garage equipment		2,617		2,596		2,559	
Other equipment		4,246		3,542		3,569	
Furniture and fixtures		371		371		360	
Construction in progress		2,634		1,009		219	
Land		2,544		2,634		2,634	
		64,231		57,036		56,960	
Less accumulated depreciation		(37,612)		(35,092)		(33,656)	
Net capital assets	\$	26,619	\$	21,944	\$	23,304	

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2020

Economic Factors (in thousands)

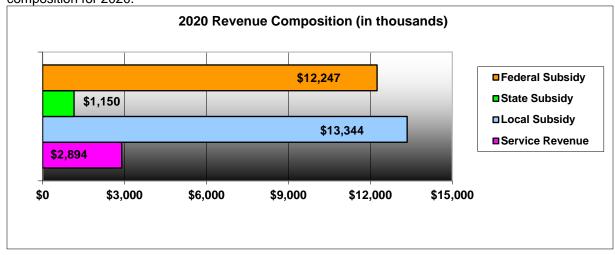
The Authority provides public transportation programs to residents in Tulsa, Broken Arrow, Jenks, Sand Springs and Turley. These services include fixed route bus service, ADA paratransit services for the disabled, commuter bus services, and evening deviated fixed-route services. To coordinate these services and provide information to the public, the Authority operates a customer call center, which processes over 600,000 inquiries annually. ADA paratransit services are provided by a 3rd party, First Transit, and are referred to as Lift Program services.

During FY20, the Authority implemented the State of Oklahoma's first Bus Rapid Transit System, Peoria AERO, which includes eleven new AERO branded buses, level boarding platforms and real-time digital information. In addition, the Authority purchased four replacement buses and begin our Information Technology Virtualization project. The virtualization project updates the Authority's aged infrastructure making ready the way for cloud-hosted solutions coming in FY21 and beyond.

During FY19, the Authority replaced eleven Lift buses totaling \$923. In preparation for the Bus Rapid Transit System and to continue to replace aging rolling stock, the Authority issued procurement contracts for an additional 11 BRT Fixed Route buses totaling \$5,949. Replacement of aging rolling stock continues to be a fiscal challenge; however, to augment local funding, the Authority is aggressive in applying for federal subsidies.

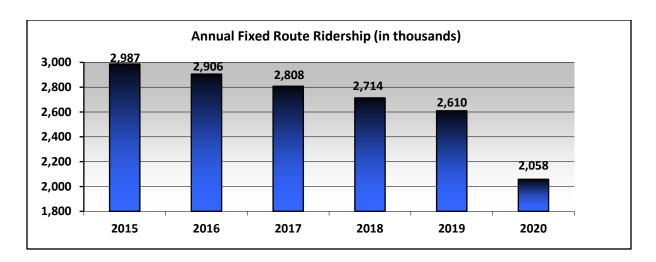
Additional capital investments were made for facility improvements and various Information Technology projects. The Authority's total capital investments for FY20 totaled \$4,665 with a funding ratio of 51% federal and 49% local.

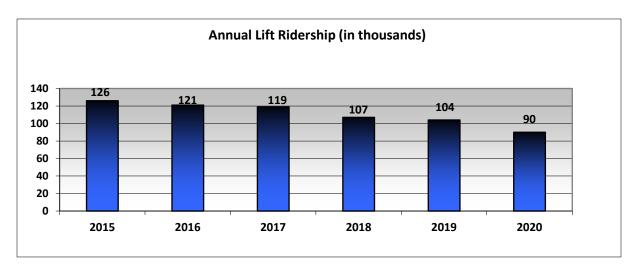
The Authority is funded by fare and advertising revenues, annual apportionments from the City of Tulsa, State of Oklahoma Transit Fund, and Federal subsidies awarded through various Federal Transportation Administration (FTA) grant agreements. Revenues of \$13,344 from the City of Tulsa apportionments funded operating expenses and the aforementioned capital purchases. Including a gain on sale of assets, the Authority's 2020 total revenues were \$29,635. The following chart details the Authorities revenue composition for 2020:



Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2020

Due to new transportation alternatives, gas prices and nation-wide economics, the Authority has seen a decrease in ridership. FY20 also brought additional decreased in ridership as the Tulsa Area responded to the COVID-19 Pandemic. During the months of April and May the Authority provided free fares and reduced service during the early stages of the pandemic. The Authority experienced ridership of approximately half of pre-pandemic ridership. This is not an issue that is specific to the City of Tulsa; transit agencies nation-wide are experiencing decreased ridership due to the pandemic. The charts below details Fixed Route and Lift Ridership for the last six years:





Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Authority's finances for all of those with an interest. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Chief Financial Officer, Metropolitan Tulsa Transit Authority, 510 S. Rockford Avenue, Tulsa, Oklahoma 74120.

Statements of Net Position June 30, 2020 and 2019

	2020			2019
Assets				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	382,167	\$	1,507,780
Restricted cash		187,303		186,753
Total cash and cash equivalents		569,470		1,694,533
Accounts receivable:				
Trade		92,181		127,750
Operating and capital grants		4,111,760		802,797
Inventories		866,059		765,201
Prepaid expenses and other	<u></u>	354,992		419,623
Total current assets		5,994,462		3,809,904
Noncurrent assets, restricted cash		814,819		716,313
Capital assets, at cost:				
Revenue equipment		35,751,757		30,954,101
Service equipment		620,415		524,195
Passenger shelters		2,091,138		2,057,298
Security equipment		1,140,285		1,140,285
Buildings		12,215,746		12,208,583
Shop and garage equipment		2,616,645		2,596,168
Other equipment		4,246,282		3,541,886
Furniture and fixtures		371,121		371,121
Land		2,633,707		2,633,707
Construction in progress		2,544,314		1,008,680
		64,231,410		57,036,024
Less accumulated depreciation		37,612,467		35,092,371
		26,618,943		21,943,653
Total assets		33,428,224		26,469,870
Deferred outflows of resources				
Pension related amounts		1,775,085		1,397,213
Other postemployment benefits related amounts		-		35,585
Total deferred outflows of resources		1,775,085		1,432,798

See notes to basic financial statements.

		2020	2019		
Liabilities					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable:					
Trade	\$	3,622,775	\$	988,486	
Other		20,125		38,965	
Accrued wages payable		435,998		343,787	
Accrued compensated absences		88,737		89,082	
Accrued insurance claims		88,387		96,408	
Accrued pension contributions		118,504		100,956	
Total current liabilities		4,374,526		1,657,684	
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Advances payable to the City of Tulsa		326,000		326,000	
Net pension liability—MERP		4,940,348		4,379,463	
Net pension liability—Union plan		7,878,074		6,963,941	
Total OPEB liability		-		157,866	
Accrued compensated absences		682,892		685,546	
Total noncurrent liabilities		13,827,314		12,512,816	
Total liabilities		18,201,840		14,170,500	
Deferred inflows of resources					
Pension related amounts		1,460,756		1,779,903	
Other postemployment benefits related amounts		-		17,324	
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	1,460,756		1,797,227	
Net position					
Investment in capital assets		26,618,943		21,943,653	
Restricted, expendable for capital acquisitions		814,819		716,313	
Restricted, expendable for worker's compensation		187,303		186,753	
Unrestricted, deficit		(12,080,352)		(10,911,778)	
Total net position	<u>\$</u>	15,540,713	\$	11,934,941	

Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

	2020	2019
Operating revenues:		
Passenger	\$ 1,826,039	\$ 2,421,355
Advertising	615,027	591,486
Other	24,139	38,610
Total operating revenues	2,465,205	3,051,451
Operating expenses:		
Labor	7,927,977	7,045,411
Purchased transportation	3,041,532	2,973,173
Materials and supplies consumed	3,444,107	2,691,161
Fringes	5,034,982	5,533,456
Services	1,251,143	1,179,694
Insurance	517,393	223,921
Utilities	515,523	512,596
Depreciation	3,671,064	3,308,624
Other	625,278	479,449
Total operating expenses	26,028,999	23,947,485
Operating loss	(23,563,794)	(20,896,034)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):		
Federal Transit Administration operating grants	7,994,830	6,116,002
State of Oklahoma operating grants	1,150,010	1,149,990
City of Tulsa operating appropriations	9,615,175	7,878,686
Interest	7,855	8,284
Gain on disposal of capital assets	5,524	9,686
Other	415,398	403,441
Total nonoperating revenues	19,188,792	15,566,089
Deficiency of revenues over expenses before		
capital contributions and capital grants	(4,375,002)	(5,329,945)
Capital grants, Federal Transit Administration	4,252,125	1,108,185
Capital contributions, City of Tulsa	3,728,649	1,356,513
Change in net position	3,605,772	(2,865,247)
Not position beginning of your	44 024 044	44,000,400
Net position, beginning of year	11,934,941	14,800,188
Net position, end of year	\$ 15,540,713	\$ 11,934,941

See notes to basic financial statements.

Statements of Cash Flows Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

	2020	2019
Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from customers Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services Cash payments to employees Net cash used in operating activities	\$ 2,500,774 (8,890,231) (12,217,805) (18,607,262)	\$ 3,059,772 (9,420,173) (10,944,487) (17,304,888)
• •	 (10,001,202)	(11,001,000)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Operating grants received from Federal Transit Administration Operating appropriations received from the City of Tulsa Operating grants received from the state of Oklahoma Other assistance received Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	4,685,867 9,615,175 1,150,010 415,398 15,866,450	5,907,308 7,878,686 1,149,990 403,441 15,339,425
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Construction and purchase of capital assets Capital contributions from Federal Transit Administration Capital contributions from the City of Tulsa Proceeds from sale of capital assets Net cash provided by capital and related financing activities	 (6,279,898) 4,252,125 3,728,649 5,524	(1,880,478) 1,108,185 1,356,513 9,686 593,906
Cash flows provided by investing activities, interest earned	7,855	8,284
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(1,026,557)	(1,363,273)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	2,410,846	3,774,119
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 1,384,289	\$ 2,410,846
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used in operating activities: Operating loss Depreciation Changes in operating assets and liabilities: Accounts receivable Inventories Prepaid expenses and other	\$ (23,563,794) 3,671,064 35,569 (100,858) 64,631	\$ (20,896,034) 3,308,624 8,321 (94,641) (108,000)
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Payable to employees Change in total OPEB liability and other OPEB related amounts Change in net pension liability and other pension related amounts	548,993 (8,021) 106,760 (139,605) 777,999	(734,887) (422,651) 101,598 7,711 1,525,071
Net cash used in operating activities	\$ (18,607,262)	\$ (17,304,888)
Noncash capital and related financing activities, capital assets recorded in accounts payable at year-end	\$ 2,066,456	\$ 70,361

See notes to basic financial statements.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 1. Nature of Business, Reporting Entity and Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of business: The Metropolitan Tulsa Transit Authority (the Authority) was created by a trust indenture to provide a means of financing and operating municipal public transportation services. The provisions of the trust provide that the Authority will acquire and operate the transportation services, receive all revenue generated from the transportation services, pay all operating expenses and finance future improvements.

Reporting entity: The City of Tulsa, Oklahoma (the City) is the beneficiary of the trust operated by the Authority and upon termination of the trust, title to the assets of the Authority shall pass to the City. The Authority is a component unit of the City and is included in the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report as a discretely presented component unit as the City is the sole beneficiary and finances a significant portion of the Authority's annual operations. The Authority cannot incur indebtedness in excess of \$100,000 within a year without the City's approval.

Significant accounting policies:

Basis of accounting and presentation: The financial statements of the Authority are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to business-type activities of governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting.

The financial statements of the Authority have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting using the economic resources measurement focus. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange transaction takes place. Government-mandated nonexchange transactions are recognized when all applicable eligibility requirements are met. Operating revenues and expenses include exchange transactions. Government-mandated nonexchange transactions, interest income and other similar transactions are included in nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Cash and cash equivalents: The Authority considers all investments which have an original maturity of 90 days or less to be cash equivalents. The Authority defines cash and cash equivalents used in the statement of cash flows as all cash and liquid investments with original maturities of 90 days or less (both restricted and unrestricted).

Restricted cash: The Authority is required to maintain a capital match account for its local share of capital assets purchased with the Federal Transit Administration (FTA). The balance is \$814,819 and \$716,313 as of June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively. Restricted cash also includes reserves to comply with the worker's compensation agreement. The balance is \$187,303 and \$186,753 as of June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

Inventories: The parts and fuel inventories are stated at the lower of cost or market with cost being determined on an average cost basis.

Capital assets: Capital assets are defined by the Authority as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$2,500, and an initial useful life of one year or greater. Capital assets are stated at cost. Donated assets are recorded at acquisition value as of the date donated. Depreciation of capital assets is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of each asset.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 1. Nature of Business, Reporting Entity and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Revenue equipment	4–12 years
Service, shop, garage and other equipment	3–10 years
Furniture and fixtures	4–10 years
Buildings and passenger shelters	10-30 years

Maintenance and repairs are charged against operations, while renewals and betterments are capitalized. When a capital asset is retired or otherwise disposed of, the cost and applicable accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts and the resulting gain or loss is recorded as nonoperating income or expense.

Capital contributions and operating grants: Capital contributions represent capital grants and other capital contributions for which all applicable eligibility requirements have been met by the Authority.

It is the policy of the City to support the Authority's operations at a level which permits the Authority to operate on a break-even basis, exclusive of depreciation and capital transactions.

Compensated absences: Authority policies permit most employees to accumulate vacation and sick leave benefits that may be realized as paid time off or, in limited circumstances, as a cash payment. Expense and the related liability are recognized as vacation benefits when earned whether the employee is expected to realize the benefit as time off or in cash. Expense and the related liability for sick leave benefits are recognized when earned to the extent the employee is expected to realize the benefit in cash and is determined using the termination payment method. Sick leave benefits expected to be realized as paid time off are recognized as expense when the time off occurs. No liability is accrued for such benefits employees have earned but not yet realized. Compensated absence liabilities are computed using the regular pay and termination pay rates in effect at the statement of net position date plus an additional amount for compensation-related payments such as Social Security and Medicare taxes computed using rates in effect at that date.

						Due in
	 2019	Additions	Deletions	2020	C	ne Year
Compensated absences	\$ 774,628	\$ 771,629	\$ 774,628	\$ 771,629	\$	88,737
						Due in
	 2018	Additions	Deletions	2019	C	ne Year
Compensated absences	\$ 712,067	\$ 774,628	\$ 712,067	\$ 774,628	\$	89,082

Pensions: For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Municipal Employees' Retirement Plan (MERP) and Union Employees' Pension Plan and additions to/deductions from these fiduciary net positions has been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 1. Nature of Business, Reporting Entity and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Deferred outflows of resources: Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then. Deferred outflows of resources consist of unrecognized items not yet charged to pension and OPEB expense.

Deferred inflows of resources: Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Deferred inflows of resources include pension related amounts not yet recognized against pension and OPEB expense.

Net position: Net position of the Authority represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Investment in capital assets consist of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through enabling legislation adopted by the Authority or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or, laws or regulations of other governments. When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted resources are available, the Authority first applies restricted resources. Unrestricted net position (deficit) is the remaining assets less the remaining liabilities that do not meet the definition of net investment in capital assets or restricted.

Income taxes: The Authority, as a political subdivision of the City, is excluded from federal income taxes under Section 115(1) of the internal Revenue Code, as amended.

Use of estimates: The preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported on the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 2. Deposits and Investments

Deposits: As of June 30, 2020 and 2019, the Authority's cash equivalents consisted of checking accounts and interest bearing savings accounts. The Authority had no investments. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure a government's deposits may not be returned to it. The Authority's deposit policy for custodial credit risk requires compliance with the provisions of state law.

State law requires collateralization of all deposits with federal depository insurance; bonds and other obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. agencies or instrumentalities of the state of Oklahoma; bonds of any city, county, school district or special road district of the state of Oklahoma; bonds of any state; or a surety bond having an aggregate value at least equal to the amount of the deposits.

As of June 30, 2020 and 2019, none of the Authority's bank balances of \$2,096,135 and \$2,422,426, respectively, were uninsured or uncollateralized.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 3. Capital Assets

The changes in capital assets for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 were as follows:

			2020		
	Beginning				Ending
	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Transfers	Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Construction in progress	\$ 1,008,680	\$ 2,284,250	\$ -	\$ (748,616)	\$ 2,544,314
Land	2,633,707	-	-	-	2,633,707
Total capital assets					
not being depreciated	3,642,387	2,284,250	-	(748,616)	5,178,021
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Revenue equipment	30,954,101	5,948,624	(1,150,968)	-	35,751,757
Service equipment	524,195	96,220	-	-	620,415
Passenger shelters	2,057,298	-	-	33,840	2,091,138
Security equipment	1,140,285	-	-	-	1,140,285
Buildings	12,208,583	-	-	7,163	12,215,746
Shop and garage equipment	2,596,168	17,260	-	3,217	2,616,645
Other equipment	3,541,886	-	-	704,396	4,246,282
Furniture and fixtures	371,121	-	-	-	371,121
Total capital assets					
being depreciated	53,393,637	6,062,104	(1,150,968)	748,616	59,053,389
Accumulated depreciation:					
Revenue equipment	17,700,090	2,756,428	(1,150,968)	-	19,305,550
Service equipment	341,404	56,657	-	-	398,061
Passenger shelters	1,870,410	43,407	=	-	1,913,817
Security equipment	1,104,696	29,164	=	-	1,133,860
Buildings	8,989,714	340,785	=	-	9,330,499
Shop and garage equipment	1,585,287	158,277	-	-	1,743,564
Other equipment	3,166,739	271,781	=	-	3,438,520
Furniture and fixtures	334,031	14,565	-	-	348,596
Total accumulated					
depreciation	35,092,371	3,671,064	(1,150,968)	-	37,612,467
Total capital assets					
being depreciated, net	18,301,266	2,391,040	-	748,616	21,440,922
Capital assets, net	\$ 21,943,653	\$ 4,675,290	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 26,618,943

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 3. Capital Assets (Continued)

	2019						
	Beginning						Ending
	Balance		Additions	F	Reductions	Transfers	Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Construction in progress	\$ 219,637	\$	935,221	\$	-	\$ (146,178)	\$ 1,008,680
Land	2,633,707		-		-	-	2,633,707
Total capital assets							
not being depreciated	2,853,344		935,221		-	(146,178)	3,642,387
Capital assets being depreciated:							
Revenue equipment	31,783,849		923,395		(1,753,143)	-	30,954,101
Service equipment	524,195		-		-	-	524,195
Passenger shelters	2,057,298		-		_	_	2,057,298
Security equipment	1,140,285		-		-	-	1,140,285
Buildings	12,113,562		40,758		_	54,263	12,208,583
Shop and garage equipment	2,558,827		37,341		-	-	2,596,168
Other equipment	3,569,076		-		(119,105)	91,915	3,541,886
Furniture and fixtures	359,997		11,124		-	· -	371,121
Total capital assets							
being depreciated	54,107,089		1,012,618		(1,872,248)	146,178	53,393,637
Accumulated depreciation:							
Revenue equipment	16,992,687		2,460,546		(1,753,143)	_	17,700,090
Service equipment	334,084		7,320		-	-	341,404
Passenger shelters	1,787,265		83,144		-	-	1,870,409
Security equipment	1,050,313		54,383		-	-	1,104,696
Buildings	8,651,553		338,162		-	-	8,989,715
Shop and garage equipment	1,425,938		159,348		-	_	1,585,286
Other equipment	3,095,841		190,004		(119,105)	-	3,166,740
Furniture and fixtures	318,314		15,717		-	-	334,031
Total accumulated							
depreciation	33,655,995		3,308,624		(1,872,248)	-	35,092,371
Total capital assets							
being depreciated, net	20,451,094		(2,296,006)		-	146,178	18,301,266
Capital assets, net	\$ 23,304,438	\$	(1,360,785)	\$	_	\$ <u> </u>	\$ 21,943,653

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 4. Pension Plans

Each qualified Authority employee is included in one of two pension plans depending on their status as union or salaried personnel. Each plan is administered by a separate board of trustees and the assets are held in custody by certain banks.

Municipal Employees' Retirement Plan:

Plan description: Certain employees of the Authority are provided with pensions through the Municipal Employees' Retirement Plan (MERP)—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the City of Tulsa. MERP provides retirement, disability and death benefits which are established by City ordinance to plan members and beneficiaries. MERP's financial statements and required supplementary information are included in the City of Tulsa's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). The report may be obtained by writing to the City of Tulsa Controller, 175 E. 2nd Street, Tulsa, Oklahoma 74103.

Benefits provided: MERP provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Retirement benefits are determined based on the employee's highest 30 months of pensionable wages during the last five-years of service and a multiplier based on the years of service. Employees entering the plan prior to July 1, 2018, are eligible for full retirement at age 65 and at least 5 years of service or when the years of service plus the employee's age equals or exceeds 80. Reduced benefits are available after age 55 and 5 years of service (Early retirement). Benefits for Early retirement are reduced 2.5% per year prior to age 65. Employees entering the plan on or after July 1, 2018 are eligible for full retirement at age 65, with at least five years of service, or when the years of service plus the employee's age equals or exceeds 90. Reduced benefits are available after age 60 and five years of service (Early retirement). Benefits for early retirement are reduced 6% per year prior to age 65. Five years of service is required for nonservice-related disability eligibility. Disability benefits are determined in the same manner as normal retirement. Death benefits for vested participants are, at the spouse's election, a refund of contribution plus interest or a life annuity of 50% of the member's accrued benefit determined based on final average earnings and service as of the date of death.

Contributions: Contributions are set per City of Tulsa ordinance. Employees were required to contribute 6.5% of their pensionable wages for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019. The Authority was required to contribute 15.5% of pensionable wages for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019. The Authority is also responsible for Actuarially Determined Employer Contributions (ADEC) that exceeds the 15.5% of pensionable wages. Actual contributions to the pension plan from the Authority were \$392,277 and \$358,767 for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

There were no nonemployer contributing entities at MERP.

Pension liabilities, pension expense, and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions: At June 30, 2020, the Authority reported a liability of \$4,940,348 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2020. Standard update procedures were used to roll forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2020. The liability for June 30, 2019 was \$4,379,463. The 2019 liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2019. Standard update procedures were used to rollforward the total pension liability to June 30, 2019. The Authority's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the Authority's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At June 30, 2020 and 2019, the Authority's proportion was 1.9453% and 1.8649%, respectively.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 4. Pension Plans (Continued)

For the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, the Authority recognized pension expense of \$842,837 and \$865,694, respectively. At June 30, 2020 and 2019, the Authority reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	2020				2019			
		Deferred		Deferred	d Deferr			Deferred
	С	outflows of	1	Inflows of	C	outflows of		Inflows of
	R	Resources	F	Resources	F	Resources	F	Resources
Differences between expected and								
actual plan experience	\$	8,498	\$	(85,851)	\$	20,667	\$	(146,243)
Changes of assumptions		277,028		-		507,757		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan								
investments		332,640		-		130,479		-
Changes in proportion and differences between Authority contributions and								
proportionate share of contributions		202,409		(62,732)		146,504		(100,213)
Total	\$	820,575	\$	(148,583)	\$	805,407	\$	(246,456)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

rears ended June 30.	
2021	\$ 176,123
2022	176,123
2023	179,989
2024	 139,757
	\$ 671,992

Actuarial assumptions: The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2020, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement. The assumptions remained consistent with 2019.

Inflation 2.50%

Vears ended June 30:

Salary increases 3.50% to 11.25%, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.00% compounded annually, net of investment expense and

including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Combined Health Mortality Table with Blue Collar Adjustment, which is projected on a fully generational basis with scale MP-2015 from the table's base year of 2014.

The actuarial assumptions used in the January 1, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the five-year period ending December 31, 2015.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 4. Pension Plans (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
	Allocation	Rate of Return
Asset Class:		
Fixed income	24%	1.16%
Domestic equity	36	6.19
International equity	24	6.59
Real estate	8	4.24
Commodities	3	0.50
Timber	4	3.80
Cash	1_	0.11
Total	100%	

Discount rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.0%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from the participating employers will be made as specified in MERP's funding policy. Beginning July 1, 2017, and all future years, it is assumed that the employer contribution rate will be 15.50% of payroll, which is the actuarially determined contribution rate. Based on those assumptions, MERP's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of the projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.0%, as well as what the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.0%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.0%) than the current rate.

2020	Current 1% Decrease Discount Rate 1% Increase (6.0%) (7.0%) (8.0%)
Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 6,635,788 \$ 4,940,348 \$ 3,526,436
	Current
	1% Decrease Discount Rate 1% Increase
2019	(6.0%) (7.0%) (8.0%)
Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 5,961,613 \$ 4,379,463 \$ 3,059,515

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 4. Pension Plans (Continued)

Pension plan fiduciary net position: Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the City of Tulsa's CAFR; which can be located at www.cityoftulsa.org.

Union Employees' Pension Plan:

Plan description: The Authority has a pension plan (the Union Plan) covering substantially all of its union employees, which is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan. The Union Plan provides retirement, disability, death and termination benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The Authority and Local 892 of the Amalgamated Transit Union (the Union) are parties to the Metropolitan Tulsa Transit Authority Union Employees' Pension Plan Agreement (the Agreement) dated July 1, 1975, as amended, and have the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions through renegotiation of the Agreement.

The Union Plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report and is not included in the report of a public employee retirement system or a report of another entity. The Union Plan is excluded from the Authority's reporting entity since the Authority does not perform investment functions and does not have significant administrative involvement.

Benefits provided: The Union Plan provides retirement, disability, death and termination benefits. Retirement benefits for participants who terminated employment prior to July 1, 1998 are determined based on 1.7% times final average earnings, minus 1.25% of primary social security benefit, times years of credited service. Retirement benefits for participants who terminated employment on or after July 1, 1998 and prior to July 1, 2003 are determined based on 1.7% times final average earnings, times years of credited service. Retirement benefits for participants who terminated employment on or after July 1, 2003 and prior to July 1, 2007 are determined based on 1.89% times final average earnings, times years of credited service. Retirement benefits for participants who terminated employment from any position other than a Union position on or after July 1, 2007 are determined based on 1.89% times final average earnings, times years of credited service. Retirement benefits for participants who terminated employment from a Union position on or after July 1, 2007 are determined based on 2.25% times final average earnings, times years of credited service. Participants entering the plan prior to January 1, 2002 and terminating employment prior to July 1, 2001 are eligible for full retirement at age 65. Participants entering the plan prior to January 1, 2002 and terminating employment on or after July 1, 2001 are eligible for full retirement at age 62 or 30 years of service, whichever is earlier. Participants entering the plan on or after January 1, 2002 and prior to January 1, 2018 are eligible for full retirement once the participant has attained both the vesting date and age 62 or has completed 30 years of service, whichever is earlier. Participants entering the plan on or after January 1, 2018 are eligible for full retirement once the participant has attained both the vesting date and age 65 or has completed 30 years of service, whichever is earlier. Reduced benefits are available for participants entering the plan prior to January 1, 2002 after age 55 or the Rule of 85 Date has been attained (early retirement). Reduced benefits are available for participants entering the plan on or after January 1, 2002 after age 55 and the vesting date has been attained or the Rule of 85 Date has been attained. Benefits for early retirement are reduced by 2.5% per year, although there is no reduction in benefits if the Rule of 85 Date has been attained. Participants with at least 10 years of continuous services are eligible for disability benefits. Disability benefits are determined in the same manner as normal retirement. Death benefits for vested participants are, at the spouse's election, a refund of contributions plus interest or a life annuity of 50% of the participant's accrued benefit determined based on final average earnings and credited service as of the date of death.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 4. Pension Plans (Continued)

Basis of accounting: The Union Plan's financial information is prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. Member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The Authority's contributions are recognized when due and a formal commitment to provide the contributions is made. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. All plan investments are reported at fair value. Securities traded on a national exchange are valued at the last reported sales price. Securities without an established market value are reported at estimated fair value. Administrative costs of the Union Plan are financed through investment earnings.

All full-time employees represented by the Union who have both completed one year of employment and attained age 21 are eligible to participate in the Union Plan. Participants become 100% vested after ten years of service. The membership data at June 30, 2020 and 2019 included:

	2020	2019
Active members	131	123
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	85	84
Inactive members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	9	13
	225	220

Contributions: The employer and employee contribution rates are determined by the Agreement. The employee contribution rate for the period from January 1, 2020 to December 31, 2021 is 7.0%. The employee contribution rate for the period from January 1, 2019 to December 31, 2019 was 6.0%. The required minimum employer contribution rate for the period from January 1, 2019 to June 30, 2020 was 11.0%. The required minimum employer contribution rate for the period from July 1, 2018 to December 31, 2018. The actual employer contribution rate for fiscal years 2020 and 2019 was 8.9% and 10.4%, respectively.

Investments: The Union plan assets consist of fixed income funds, equity securities and short-term investments whose value is determined using market values. There are no investments in any one organization representing more than 5% or more of the Union Plan's net position. There are no investments in, loans to, or leases with related parties. The Union Plan shall diversify the investments so as to minimize the risk of large losses unless under the circumstances, it is clearly prudent not to do so.

Following is the plan's asset allocation policy as of June 30, 2020 and the long-term expected geometric real rate of return for each major asset class.

Asset Class	Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return
Cash and equivalents	3.33%	1.0%
Corporate equities	17.25	2.0
Pooled equity funds	43.20	8.5
Pooled fixed income funds	36.22	2.3
	100.00%	

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 4. Pension Plans (Continued)

Rate of return: For the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, the annual money weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense was -2.21% and 6.66%, respectively. The money weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Net pension liability: The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of the date.

A schedule of the Authority's changes in its net pension liability for the Union Plan for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 is as follows:

		2020	2019
Total pension liability			
Service cost	\$	1,061,248	\$ 1,035,074
Interest		822,905	822,281
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(981,205)	(947,848)
Changes of benefit terms		(21,331)	147,783
Difference between expected and actual experience of the total			
pension liability		(412,395)	(833,236)
Changes in assumptions		-	203,379
Net change in total pension liability	•	469,222	427,433
Total pension liability—beginning		17,694,996	17,267,563
Total pension liability—ending (a)	\$	18,164,218	\$ 17,694,996
Plan fiduciary net position			
Contributions—employer	\$	523,337	\$ 403,824
Contributions—employee		312,859	233,037
Net investment income (loss)		(234,314)	683,110
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(981,205)	(947,848)
Administrative expense		(65,588)	(92,868)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		(444,911)	279,255
Plan fiduciary net position—beginning		10,731,055	10,451,800
Plan fiduciary net position—ending (b)	\$	10,286,144	\$ 10,731,055
Net pension liability—ending (a) - (b)	\$	7,878,074	\$ 6,963,941
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		56.63%	60.64%

Note: The 2019 change in assumption is due to the decrease of the discount rate in 2018, from 4.75% as of June 30, 2018 to 4.64% as of June 30, 2019.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 4. Pension Plans (Continued)

Actuarial assumptions: The total pension liability in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using mortality rates based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table, fully generational, projected with the ultimate rates of the MP-2014 projection for males and females, as appropriate. The actuary used a 7.00% long-term rate of return until the projected fiduciary net position of the Union Plan is exhausted at which point a 20-year general obligation municipal bond rate is used (2.45% and 3.13% for fiscal years 2020 and 2019, respectively) resulting in a long-term blended rate of return of 4.64% for 2020 and 2019. The source of the municipal bond rate is the Fidelity Index's 20-year Municipal GO AA Index.

Discount rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability as of June 30, 2020 and 2019 was 4.64%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from the Authority will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position and future contributions were sufficient to finance the future benefit payments through the year 2050 at June 30, 2020. As a result, for fiscal year 2020, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to projected benefit payments through 2050, and the municipal bond rate was applied to all benefit payments after those dates.

Sensitivity of the Authority's net pension liability to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the Authority's net pension liability calculated using the single discount rate of 4.64%, as well as what the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (3.64%) or 1-percentage-point higher (5.64%) than the current rate.

2020	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(3.64%)	(4.64%)	(5.64%)
Authority's net pension liability as of June 30, 2020	\$ 10,033,155	\$ 7,878,074	\$ 6,068,961
2019	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(3.64%)	(4.64%)	(5.64%)
Authority's net pension liability as of June 30, 2019	\$ 9,059,548	\$ 6,963,941	\$ 5,203,271

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 4. Pension Plans (Continued)

Pension expense, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions: For the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, the Authority recognized pension expense of \$853,492 and \$1,422,211, respectively. At June 30, 2020 and 2019, the Authority reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Union Plan pension from the following sources:

	2020				2019			
	Deferred		Deferred	Deferred		Deferred		
	0	utflows of	Inflows of	С	outflows of	Inflows of		
	R	esources	Resources	F	Resources	Resources		
Differences between expected and								
actual experience	\$	-	\$1,163,884	\$	4,882	\$1,166,066		
Changes of assumptions		125,793	148,289		403,339	367,381		
Net difference between projected and								
actual earnings on pension plan								
investments		828,717	-		183,585			
Total deferred amounts to be								
recognized in pension expense								
expense in future periods	\$	954,510	\$1,312,173	\$	591,806	\$1,533,447		

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources are being amortized over a closed period equal to the average of the expected service lives of all employees as of the beginning of the measurement period, which was 4.8240 years and 5.2427 years as of June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively. The deferred outflows related to the difference between expected and actual investment earnings is being amortized over a closed 5-year period beginning in the current year. Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Years ended June 30:	
2021	\$ (281,943)
2022	(111,360)
2023	(60,385)
2024	 96,025
	\$ (357,663)

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 5. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

General information about the OPEB Plan: Effective July 30, 2020, the Authority exited the City of Tulsa's Postretirement Medical Plan (the Plan). No active employees remain in the Plan and a limited number of retirees stayed in the Plan. No other postretirement benefit plan will be offered to employees, therefore, the liability for future costs is no longer required and all OPEB-related amounts have been written off as of June 30, 2020. The below information describing the Plan has been presented for purposes of the 2019 financial statements.

Plan description: The Authority provides postemployment health care benefits for retired employees and their dependents through participation in the City of Tulsa Postretirement Medical Plan (the Plan), a multiple-employer defined benefit health care plan. The benefits, coverage levels, employee contributions and employer contributions are governed by the City through its personnel and union contracts and are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75. The plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

Benefits provided: All health care benefits are provided through the City's fully insured health plan. The benefit levels are the same as those offered to active employees. Benefits include general inpatient and outpatient medical services and prescriptions. General employees are eligible for membership in the plan if they retire from the City on or after age 55 with 5 years of service or with age and service totaling 80 points. Coverage ceases upon eligibility of the member (retiree or dependent) for Medicare. Coverage for dependents can continue upon the death of the retiree. Spouses of employees eligible for benefits and who die in active service can receive coverage.

Contributions: Contribution rates are set by the City. Retiree plan participants pay the entire amount of the premium charged by the insurer for coverage thus the City does not directly contribute to the Plan. Retiree and active employee participants are included in the same cost pool used to determine rates set by the insurer. An implicit subsidy results from this method of rate setting.

OPEB Liabilities, expense and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources: At June 30, 2019, the Authority reported a liability of \$157,866 for its proportionate share of the total OPEB liability. The total OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018. Standard update procedures were used to roll forward the total OPEB liability to June 30, 2019. The Authority's proportion of the total OPEB liability was based on the Authority's share of active employee participants relative to the active employees of all participating employers. At June 30, 2019, the Authority's proportion was 2.5741%.

For the year ended June 30, 2019 the Authority recognized OPEB expense of \$19,658. At June 30, 2019, the Authority reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

Deferred Outflows of			Deferred oflows of
R	esources	Resources	
\$	19,464	\$	8,113
	6,807		3,608
	9,314		5,603
\$	35,585	\$	17,324
	Oi Ro	Outflows of Resources \$ 19,464	Outflows of Ir Resources Resources Resources Resources 9,314

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 5. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued)

Actuarial assumptions: The 2019 total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018.

Inflation 3.00%

Salary increases 4.00% to 11.75%, including 3.0% inflation and 1.0% productivity

Health care cost trend rate 8.5% for 2019, decreasing by 0.5% annually to an ultimate rate of 5%

35% of future retirees with coverage are assumed to elect health care coverage.

Mortality rates were based on RPH-2017 Total Dataset Mortality fully generational using Scale 2017.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the five-year period ending December 31, 2015, with the exception of the healthcare election rate which was based on an experience study from June 30, 2010 through 2016.

Discount rate: The OPEB plan is financed on a pay-as-you-go basis, thus a long-term rate of return was not used. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 3.87% for June 30, 2019, based on a yield for 20-year tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. The source of the discount rate used is the Bond Buyer 20-Bond Go Index.

Sensitivity of the Authority's proportionate share of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the Authority's proportionate share of the total OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.51%, as well as what the Authority's proportionate share of the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.51%) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.51%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Current Discount	1% Increase	
2019	(2.51%)	Rate (3.51%)	(4.51%)	
Authority's proportionate share of the				
total OPEB liability	\$ 169,513	\$ 157,866	\$ 147,197	

Sensitivity of the Authority's proportionate share of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rate: The following presents the Authority's proportionate share of the total OPEB liability calculated using the healthcare cost trend rate of 8.5% decreasing to 5.0%, as well as what the Authority's proportionate share of the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (7.5%) or 1-percentage-point higher (9.5%) than the current rate:

	1%	Decrease	Cu	rrent Rate	1% Increase		
		(7.5%		(8.5%	(9.5%		
	decreasing to			decreasing to		decreasing to	
2019	4.0%)			5.0%)		6.0%)	
Authority's proportionate share of the total OPEB liability	\$	142,971	\$	157,866	\$	175,137	

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 6. Commitments and Contingencies

In the normal course of operations, the Authority receives grant funds from federal agencies. The grant programs are subject to audit by agents of the granting agency, the purpose of which is to ensure compliance with conditions precedent to the granting of funds. Any liability for reimbursement which may arise as the result of these audits is not believed to be material.

The Authority is party to other legal proceedings which arise in the normal course of operations. Any liability resulting from these proceedings is not believed by management to have a material effect on the financial statements.

As of June 30, 2020, the Authority has entered into contracts totaling approximately \$4,190,000 which will be funded by federal grants.

Note 7. Related-Party Transactions

During the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, the Authority received no advances from the City, although \$326,000 of prior advances were outstanding as of June 30, 2020 and 2019.

During the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, the Authority received operating appropriations from the City of \$9,615,175 and \$7,878,686, respectively. During the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, the Authority received capital appropriations from the City of \$3,728,649 and \$1,356,513, respectively.

Note 8. Self-Insurance Liability

The Authority is self-insuring its liability for bodily injury and property damage losses incurred. Losses are limited by the Oklahoma Tort Claims Act. The act limits liability to \$125,000 per claimant bodily injuries and \$25,000 per claimant property damage with a maximum loss per occurrence of \$1,000,000. The Authority also self-insured its liability for workers' compensation losses incurred for the first \$350,000 per claim and any excess over \$5,000,000 per claim. The Authority purchased commercial insurance coverage for workers' compensation claims. Losses estimated to have been incurred and not paid as of the statement of net position date are accrued as a liability. These loss estimates are determined using the history of claims activity from prior years to predict losses which have been incurred but not reported to the Authority.

The following is a summary of the self-insurance activity during the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020, 2019 and 2018:

2020			2019	2018	
\$	96,408	\$	519,059	\$	724,992
	44,711		(36,792)		318,149
	-		-		125,031
	(52,732)		(385,859)		(649,113)
\$	88,387	\$	96,408	\$	519,059
	\$	\$ 96,408 44,711 - (52,732)	\$ 96,408 \$ 44,711 - (52,732)	\$ 96,408 \$ 519,059 44,711 (36,792) (52,732) (385,859)	\$ 96,408 \$ 519,059 \$ 44,711 (36,792) (52,732) (385,859)

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 9. Future Changes in Accounting Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities, effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019, will enhance consistency and comparability by (1) establishing specific criteria for identifying activities that should be reported as fiduciary activities and (2) clarifying whether and how business-type activities should report their fiduciary activities. The objective of this Statement is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. The Statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. The focus of the criteria generally is on (1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. Separate criteria are included to identify fiduciary component units and postemployment benefit arrangements that are fiduciary activities. Management is still evaluating the applicability of Statement No. 84 to the Authority.

GASB Statement No. 87, Leases, issued June 2017, will be effective for the Authority beginning with its fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. Statement No. 87 establishes a single approach to accounting for and reporting leases by state and local governments. Under this statement, a government entity that is a lessee must recognize (1) a lease liability and (2) an intangible asset representing the lessee's right to use the leased asset. In addition, the Authority must report the (1) amortization expense for using the lease asset over the shorter of the term of the lease or the useful life of the underlying asset, (2) interest expense on the lease liability and (3) note disclosures about the lease. The Statement provides exceptions from the single-approach for short-term leases, financial purchases, leases of assets that are investments and certain regulated leases. This statement also addresses accounting for lease terminations and modifications, sale-leaseback transactions, non-lease components embedded in lease contracts (such as service agreements), and leases with related parties. Management is still evaluating the applicability of Statement No. 87 to the Authority.

Note 10. Contingency

The spread of COVID-19, a novel strain of coronavirus, is altering the behavior of businesses and people throughout the United States. Further, financial markets have experienced significant volatility attributed to coronavirus concerns. The continued spread of COVID-19 may adversely impact the local, regional and national economies. The extent to which the coronavirus impacts the Authority's results will depend on future developments, which are highly uncertain and cannot be predicted. The impact is highly dependent on the breadth and duration of the outbreak and could be affected by other factors that cannot currently be predicted. Accordingly, management cannot presently estimate the overall operational and financial impact to the Authority, but such an impact could have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the Authority.

Required Supplementary Information Municipal Employees' Retirement Plan Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Schedule of Contributions

	June 30,						
	2020		2019		2018		
Authority's proportion of the net pension liability	1.9453%)	1.8649%)	1.9302%		
Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability Authority's covered payroll	\$ 4,940,348 2,548,329	\$	4,379,463 2,316,200	\$	3,789,382 2,477,181		
Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	194%		189%		153%		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	65.22%		66.91%		70.61%		
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually	\$ 394,991	\$	359,011	\$	357,324		
required contribution	394,991		359,011		357,324		
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ •	\$	-	\$			
Authority's covered payroll	\$ 2,548,329	\$	2,316,200	\$	2,477,181		
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	15.50%)	15.50%)	15.50%		

No information available for years prior to June 30, 2015.

Changes of assumptions. In 2016, amounts reported as changes of assumptions resulted primarily from changes in the mortality table and discount rate from 7.75% to 7.50%.

In 2019, amounts reported as changes of assumptions resulted primarily from an inflation decrease from 3.0% to 2.5%, salary increases changed from 4.00%–11.75% to 3.5%–11.25% and investment rate of return decreased from 7.50% to 7.00%.

June 30,									
	2017		2016	2016					
	1.7793%	1.7793%		1	1.7895%				
\$	3,515,360	\$	3,892,331	\$	2,241,425				
	2,234,017		2,143,730		2,004,148				
	157%	182%)	112%					
	69.39%	•	65.62%	•	77.13%				
\$	241,312	\$	252,205	\$	230,586				
	241,312		252,205		230,586				
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-				
\$	2,234,017	\$	2,143,730	\$	2,004,148				
	11.50%	•	11.50%	,	11.50%				

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability Union Employees' Pension Plan

	June 30,						
		2020	2019			2018	
Total Pension Liability							
Service cost	\$	1,061,248	\$	1,035,074	\$	995,022	
Interest		822,905		822,281		807,543	
Benefit payments		(981,205)		(947,848)		(913,428)	
Difference between expected and							
actual experience		(412,395)		(833,236)		(667,467)	
Changes in assumptions		-		203,379		(95,085)	
Changes in benefit terms		(21,331)		147,783			
Net change in total							
pension liability		469,222		427,433		126,585	
Total pension liability—beginning of year		17,694,996		17,267,563		17,140,978	
Total pension liability—end of year	<u>\$</u>	18,164,218	\$	17,694,996	\$	17,267,563	
Plan Net Position							
Contributions—employer	\$	523,337	\$	403,824	\$	383,632	
Contributions—employee		312,859		233,037		189,386	
Investment income, net of investment							
expenses		(234,314)		683,110		543,608	
Benefit payments		(981,205)		(947,848)		(913,428)	
Administrative expenses		(65,588)		(92,868)		(64,338)	
Net change in plan net							
position		(444,911)		279,255		138,860	
Total plan net position—beginning of year		10,731,055		10,451,800		10,312,940	
Total plan net position—end of year	\$	10,286,144	\$	10,731,055	\$	10,451,800	
Net pension liability	•	7,878,074	\$	6,963,941	\$	6,815,763	
ייייי ווסטוויין	<u>Ψ</u>	1,010,014	Ψ	0,000,041	Ψ	0,010,700	

No information available for years prior to June 30, 2015.

June 30,									
	2017		2016		2015				
\$	820,290	\$	568,416	\$	532,080				
Ψ	740,466	Ψ	798,109	Ψ	837,382				
	(918,508)		(797,315)		(858,804)				
	(211,294)		45,690		(711,676)				
	(911,983)		2,234,197		809,630				
	67,797		-		, -				
	(413,232)		2,849,097		608,612				
	17,554,210		14,705,113		14,096,501				
\$	17,140,978	\$	17,554,210	\$	14,705,113				
\$	310,926	\$	285,705	\$	285,705				
	125,333		121,365		117,267				
	925,956		70,587		177,578				
	(918,508)		(797,315)		(858,804)				
	(94,714)		(67,884)		(79,342)				
	348,993		(387,542)		(357,596)				
	9,963,947		10,351,489		10,709,085				
\$	10,312,940	\$	9,963,947	\$	10,351,489				
\$	6,828,038	\$	7,590,263	\$	4,353,624				

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Net Pension Liability and Related Ratio Union Employees' Pension Plan

	June 30,						
		2020		2019		2018	
Total pension liability—end of year Plan net position—end of year	\$	18,164,218 10,286,144	\$	17,694,996 10,731,055	\$	17,267,563 10,451,800	
Net pension liability	\$	7,878,074	\$	6,963,941	\$	6,815,763	
Plan net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		56.63%		60.64%		60.53%	
Covered payroll	\$	4,267,182	\$	4,309,219	\$	4,038,237	
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		184.62%		161.61%		168.78%	

No information available for years prior to June 30, 2015.

June 30,										
2017		2016		2015						
\$ 17,140,978	\$	17,554,210	\$	14,705,113						
 10,312,940		9,963,947		10,351,489						
\$ 6,828,038	\$	7,590,263	\$	4,353,624						
60.17%		60.17% 56.76%								
\$ 3,180,653	\$	2,863,557	\$	3,174,496						
214.67%		265.06%		137.14%						

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Money-Weighted Rate of Return Union Employees' Pension Plan

Plan year ended June 30:	
2011	31.72%
2012	1.09
2013	11.07
2014	15.24
2015	1.70
2016	0.70
2017	9.57
2018	5.38
2019	(2.21)
2020	

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Contributions From the Authority Union Employees' Pension Plan

					C	ontribution			Actual Contributions	26
Plan Year Ended	Annı	ual Required		Actual Deficiency					a Percent of	
June 30	C	Contribution		Contribution		(Excess)	Co	vered Payroll	Covered Payr	oll
2011	\$	340,700	\$	273,980	\$	66,720	\$	3,044,226	9.00	0%
2012		330,850		252,465		78,385		2,805,171	9.00	0
2013		408,337		283,904		124,433		3,154,486	9.00	0
2014		417,630		285,450		132,180		3,171,667	9.00	0
2015		486,470		285,705		200,765		3,174,496	9.00	0
2016		436,582		285,705		150,877		2,863,557	9.98	8
2017		499,725		310,926		188,799		3,180,653	9.78	8
2018		694,344		383,632		310,712		4,038,237	9.50	0
2019		704,233		403,824		300,409		4,309,219	9.3	7
2020		698,141		523,337		174,804		4,267,182	12.20	6

^{*} An amendment to the employer contribution rates was executed in August 2019 to retroactively increase employer contribution rates as of January 1, 2019. As the retroactive amendment was not executed until August 2019, the increase is not reflected for the year ended June 30, 2019, but will be in the next fiscal year.

Required Supplementary Information Note to Required Supplementary Information Union Employees' Pension Plan

Actuarial valuation:

Frequency Annual

Cost method Entry Age Normal

Amortization The amortization method used is Level Percentage of Payroll, Open

The weighted average remaining period is 30 years.

Assumptions:

Single discount rate: 4.64%

Long-term expected rate

of return 7.00%

Long-term municipal

bond rate 2.45 Salary increases 3.00%

Retirement age 20% assumed at Rule of 85; 100% retirement assumed at

Normal Retirement Age

Mortality MP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table, fully generational, projected

with the ultimate rates of the MP-2014 for males and females

Disability Not applicable to the MP-2014 projection scale

Changes of assumptions:

The 2019 single discount rate decreased from 4.75% as of June 30, 2018 to 4.64% as of June 30, 2019.

Required Supplementary Information
Postemployment Benefits Other than Pension Plan

Schedule of Proportionate Share—For the Prior Four Years

				Authority's	
				Proportionate	
				Share of Total	
				OPEB	Plan Fiduciary
		Authority's		Liability as a	Net Position as
	Authority's	Proportionate		Percentage of	a Percentage of
	Proportion of	Share of Total	Authority's	its Covered	Total OPEB
Year	OPEB Liability	OPEB Liability	Covered Payroll	Payroll	Liability
2019	2.5741%	157,866	2,753,800	5.7%	0.00%
		· ·	, ,		
2018	2.3626%	149,179	2,445,557	6.1%	0.00%
2017	2.5310%	142,603	2,640,796	5.4%	0.00%
2016	2.5420%	152,963	2,549,383	6.0%	0.00%

No information available for years prior to June 30, 2016.

NOTE: Effective July 30, 2020, the Authority exited the City of Tulsa's Postretirement Medical Plan. Therefore the liability for future payments and all OPEB-related amounts have been written off as of June 30, 2020.

Changes of assumptions. Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate each period. The following are the discount rates used in each period:

2019	3.51%
2018	3.87%
2017	3.56%
2016	4.00%

Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions Plan Schedule of Employer Contributions—For the Prior Four Years

					Actual
					Contributions as
	Contractually		Contribution		a Percentage
	Required	Actual	Deficiency	Covered	of Covered
 Year	Contributions	Contributions	(Excess)	Payroll	Payroll
2019	11,948	11,948	_	2,753,800	0.43%
	•	•			
2018	4,776	4,776	-	2,445,557	0.20%
2017	31,239	31,239	-	2,640,796	1.18%
2016	20,247	20,247	-	2,549,383	0.79%

No information available for years prior to June 30, 2016.

Supplemental Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2020

Federal Grantor/ Program Title	Project Number	CFDA #	Program or Award Amount	Unexpended Balance at une 30, 2019
	·			
U.S Department of Transportation (Direct)				
	OK-2017-025-00	20.526 \$	645,986	\$ 164,651
	OK-2017-026-00	20.526	642,193	306,792
	OK-2018-018-00	20.526	4,202,870	4,202,870
	OK-2018-007-00	20.507	1,092,133	652,238
	OK-2016-X011-00	20.516	35,446	-
	OK-95-X008-00	20.507	250,000	15,449
	OK-2016-005-00	20.507	250,000	143,160
	OK-2019-024-00	20.507	6,804,413	-
	OK-2016-001-00	20.507	6,692,783	104,761
	OK-2017-009-00	20.507	6,614,777	332,016
	OK-2018-011-00	20.507	6,776,061	2,470,564
		\$	34,006,662	\$ 8,392,501

D	ant Amendments/ Juring Awarded Current Year		Other Income and Matching		Current Year Expenditures Federal		Current Year Expenditures ederal and Local		Unexpended Balance at June 30, 2020
•		•	40.400	•	05.044	Φ.	00.004	Φ.	00.040
\$	-	\$	16,460	\$	65,841	\$	82,301	\$	98,810
	-		-		-		-		306,792
	=		1,755,583		4,096,361		5,851,944		106,509
	-		-		-		=		652,238
	35,446		21,334		35,446		56,780		-
	-		3,780		15,119		18,899		330
	-		19,203		76,811		96,014		66,349
	6,804,413		2,398,874		5,311,496		7,710,370		1,492,917
	-		18,528		74,113		92,641		30,648
	-		500		2,000		2,500		330,016
	-		529,998		2,250,121		2,780,119		220,443
\$	6,839,859	\$	4,764,260	\$	11,927,308	\$	16,691,568	\$	3,305,052

Schedule of Operating Expenses, Excluding Depreciation Supplementary Information Year Ended June 30, 2020

Labor:	
Operator salaries and wages	\$ 4,363,589
Transportation administration	327,374
System security	439,703
Servicing of revenue vehicles	214,051
Maintenance administration	275,668
Maintenance and inspection of revenue vehicles	888,129
Service development	615,828
General office administration	704,864
Safety and training administration	 98,771
Total labor	7,927,977
Purchased transportation:	
Lift program, ADA	2,263,981
Fixed route	777,551
Total purchased transportation	3,041,532
Materials and supplies consumed:	
Diesel fuel	295,274
Compressed natural gas	254,087
Gasoline service	71,231
Oil and lubricants	128,197
Tires and tubes	121,772
Shop and garage building repair	480,412
Service and shop equipment	35,429
Other shop and garage expense	97,251
Repair parts for revenue vehicles	956,319
Servicing supplies	769,335
Transportation and safety	47,253
Schedules	44,759
Tickets and transfers	23,883
General office expenses	 118,905
Total materials and supplies consumed	3,444,107

(Continued)

Schedule of Operating Expenses, Excluding Depreciation (Continued) Supplementary Information Year Ended June 30, 2020

Fringes:		
FICA taxes	\$ 664,	
Pension plan and OPEB expenses	1,519,	
Health and dental expense	1,472,	112
Life and disability insurance	98,	245
Sick leave	314,	685
Holiday pay	343,	133
Vacation pay	401,	598
Uniform allowance—drivers	49,	140
Work clothing and tool allowance, mechanics	52,	271
Unemployment tax, state	22,	398
Other	97,	731
Total fringes	5,034,	982
Services:		
Legal fees	59,	650
Audit and other outside services	42,	424
Office equipment maintenance	7,	767
Advertising	293,	739
Professional and technical services	618,	722
Building, vehicle and facility services	217,	553
Security services	11,	288
Total services	1,251,	143
Insurance, property and liability insurance (including self-insurance)	517,	393
Utilities:		
Heat, power and water	331,	523
Communications	184,	
Total utilities	515,	
		_

(Continued)

Schedule of Operating Expenses, Excluding Depreciation (Continued) Supplementary Information Year Ended June 30, 2020

Other:		
Planning expense	\$	307,927
Dues and subscriptions		43,906
Travel and meetings, staff		26,177
Marketing and advertising		128,634
Training		23,943
Other miscellaneous expenses		66,904
Leases and rentals		27,787
Total other		625,278
Total operating expenses, excluding depreciation	_\$	22,357,935

Schedule of Project Costs Supplementary Information Year Ended June 30, 2020

Total operating expenses:	
Labor	\$ 7,927,977
Purchased transportation	3,041,532
Materials and supplies consumed	3,444,107
Fringes	5,034,982
Services	1,251,143
Insurance	517,393
Utilities	515,523
Other	625,278
Total operating expenses, excluding depreciation	22,357,935
Depreciation	3,671,064
Total operating expenses	26,028,999
Less exclusions:	
Ineligible expense, depreciation	3,671,064
Contra-expense, interest earned on working capital	(7,855)
Other exclusions, expenses reimbursable by:	,
Planning assistance, FTA	1,106,606
Revolving transit funds, Oklahoma	1,150,010
CMAQ operating assistance, FTA	91,930
Operating assistance, FTA	1,741,284
Preventative maintenance assistance, FTA	4,282,463
Lift program assistance, FTA	669,000
Lease assistance, FTA	103,547
Total exclusions	12,808,049
Eligible operating expenses	13,220,950
Less:	
Passenger farebox revenues	1,826,039
Contract services and other	24,139
	1,850,178
Net eligible project cost	11,370,772
Less local share of operating assistance:	
City of Tulsa	9,615,175
Advertising revenues	615,027
Other	415,398
	10,645,600
Net revenues before applying FTA operating funds	\$ 725,172

